

Miscellaneous

WAIT NO LONGER!

BUT COME EARLY

Exchange Corner!

You should come at once and select your Japanese Goods before all are sold.

A nice lot of these beautiful Waters, only \$1.25 for set; they are going fast.

The nice present you can give is a Handkerchief Box with half dozen nice Handkerchiefs.

Or a Glass Box with one or more pairs of Glasses.

You should remember the Kid Glove Department. The 4 Digit Kid Glove you should buy at once as they can not be duplicated in price.

Only \$1 per Pair!

We can give you Kid Gloves from 50c up.

Come and get your presents at

Exchange Corner

for a little money!

You can find a Present for any one, from the darling babe to the robust man.

We will call your attention to the

Flexible Hip Corset

For sale only at

Exchange Corner!

It is a Beauty!

We invite all to come as we are prepared to see them on

MONDAY, TUE DAY AND WEDNESDAY

As we know it will not only be to their interest but to their amusement also.

N. H. SPRUNT,

Exchange Corner.

dec 21.

The Daily Review

JOSH. T. JAMES, Ed. and Prop

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1879.

FOREIGN TRADE.

A comparison of the favorable balance of trade for the first three-quarters of the current year, with that of the same period for 1877, shows a result which is equally surprising and gratifying. The exports of merchandise show an increase over imports of \$209,326,735, or an excess of \$254,866,404 over the excess for the same period last year. This result comes from a reduction of over \$48,000,000 on imports, and an increase of over \$106,000,000 on exports.

RESUMPTION.

Yesterday being the day set apart by a law of Congress for the resumption of specie payments. The Washington Post, in an able article, under the above caption, thus refers to it:

To-day John Sherman, as Secretary of the Treasury, will formally begin the work of specie resumption. We hope he will succeed.

In no spirit of good will toward John Sherman or his methods, do we say this, however, for we have words of commendation or encouragement for neither. The interests of the country simply demand that the experiment, now that it has been entered upon, shall be brought to a successful conclusion. A suspension or failure at any stage of the proceedings would result most disastrously.

Speedy, but naturally accomplished resumption we have always advocated. Forced resumption we have uniformly opposed. It was because John Sherman chose the latter and not the former means of accomplishing his purpose, that we have condemned the plan and upheld the purpose.

The effects of this change in our financial system will undoubtedly be great, but it will not be perceptible on the surface, nor suddenly felt. No great commotion need be expected to occur, for the result will be worked out gradually. In the first place, it will take the country some time to restore its equilibrium, after the long period of business depression into which it has been thrown by the cruel contraction policy pursued by Sherman and his predecessors in the Treasury Department.

To the extent that this resumption of specie payments is orderly and natural the people of the country are to be sincerely congratulated, for to them the credit belongs. By their patient economy and labor they have contributed much toward the result. The abundant crops of the last two years were the prime

causes of the present gratifying business activity, which had the effect of sending gold to par in New York some weeks in advance of the day set for resumption.

But for economic appropriations set on foot and carried into effect by the Democrats against strong Radical opposition; but for numerous wise and beneficial measures set on foot by Democrats; but for Democratic prostration of Radical schemes to drain the Treasury John Sherman could not now make even an effort at resumption. In spite of this however, the Radical party may be expected to look upon the whole affair as a party measure and to claim it success as a legitimate bit of party capital. This will not do. The Radical party being in complete possession of the executive branch of the Government has been enabled to direct the processes, but the work has been done, as the burden has been borne by the people.

But will resumption succeed? It cannot be the trial period it will, if once the idea takes root, permanence is assured. With careful management the experiment should be conducted to a successful conclusion. All outside conditions are favorable. The balance of trade is largely in our favor; business is looking up in all sections of the country; there is renewed confidence; capital is throwing off its timidity. In short, we enter upon the new year under circumstances auspicious for the completion of our financial redemption. But there are dangers and difficulties to be met and overcome, and possibilities much to be dreaded and guarded against. Should we be compelled to suspend specie payments after once having resumed, the effect would be fearful to contemplate. Chaos for a time would reign. It may well be doubted after such a proceeding if confidence would be restored again for years.

Therefore resumption must not be allowed to fail. The work once commenced must be carried through.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 30, 1878.

The Senatorial fox of Vermont, who last year prepared a provision of law which he thought provided \$20,000 for any investigation the Senate might order into Southern affairs, finds that he gets, fairly construed, does not authorize the use of the money by Senator Blaine's Committee. The First Comptroller of the Treasury so decided. Afterwards, at the personal solicitation of Senator Edmunds, the Comptroller re-opened the case, and the Attorney-General was requested to decide the question. One of his Assistants has now written an opinion under which the money can be used by the Blaine Committee. The same perversion of written law that thus disposes of the amount would enable the Administration to take money appropriated for the Agricultural Bureau and use it for carrying on a war against France. But I am not sorry that the committee is enabled to go on with its work. I hope its investigation will be thorough, North and South, East and West.

A lively interest is awakening in the question of sustaining by Government aid, in the shape of a mail contract in the usual form, to the American line of steamships, giving our merchants and manufacturers a direct and profitable connection with Brazil. By means of liberal government subsidies the European nations have robbed us of nearly all our trade in the trade which naturally belongs to us from countries to the South of the United States, and the moment this question of helping American interests in a similar way comes before Congress, the European ship owners put on a lot of inferior steamers to run against the American line, saying to Congress: "you see we ask no aid for this service." But the moment Congress adjourns these vessels are taken off and our line is left to do the business that belongs to it. This is the way they started vessels from New York when the subject was before Congress at the last session: Glenisauux, Jan. 10, Casini Feb. 12; Glenlogan, Feb. 28; Casini, Feb. 25; Glenisauux, April 25; Glenlogan, June 7. Then Congress adjourned and the vessels ceased running; and but for the new American line our merchants would once more have had to send their goods and their mails via England at a ruinous loss. Now that Congress has come again and the subject is brought up in an official form by the recommendation of the President and the known favor of many members of Congress of all parties who believe in sustaining the American line, the se vessels are running again to create a diversion and to urge Congress to reject all proposition for an ocean postal service. The practical question is whether this country will suffer its only South American line of steamers to be run off the course by the European monopolists, and our remaining trade with these countries, and our hope of future advancement to be sacrificed? This country can build up an enormous trade for nearly all our productions if we have anything like equal facilities with other countries.

It has been suggested, and the idea seems to meet with favor, that each of the States should erect or purchase here a residence for its Senators. These Senators are the direct representatives of the State, rather than of the people. Their number is fixed so that the expense might be counted in advance. The project would give to the people of the States a more direct and immediate interest in the Capital City. The British Government erected here a few years since, for the occupation of its minister, a fine residence, the expense being, I believe, only some \$85,000. The houses for the Senators need cost no more, if as much and would, of course, be exempted from taxation.

Let the State of Kentucky, or Iowa, or some other, nearly or quite out of debt, set the example and the others will follow. Washington will of course present the necessary ground and also rename its grand avenues, if that shall be thought necessary, as to

WASHINGTON POST SPLINTERS

The prediction of 'immediate prosperity' as the result of resumption, reminds one of 'forty acres and a mule.'

The true way to invade Mexico is to send battalions of 'drummers' with samples of American manufactures.

Now if John Sherman should have to let go to expectation on his hands, what an Awful Calamity would ensue.

John Sherman makes his bid for the Presidential nomination in 1880 to-day in the shape of a small, round piece of Government money.

There is a cheering prospect that, through wise legislation by Congress, our commercial, marine and our foreign trade may be fairly started on a long term of prosperity during 1879.

The picture of John Sherman re-appearing, with which some of our 'journals of civilization' will be likely to regale us, should have in the background several thousand ruined merchants who are unable to assume Resumption is to be called 'John Sherman's March to the Sea.' The tories should wait till they find out whether or not he marches into a sea of troubles. John may imitate Pharaoh in his great march.

The first of January is here, and John Sherman has probably resumed, but the American people have paid the price of it in close economy and actual suffering. They will, therefore, take the credit to themselves.

After many years of strenuous effort we have succeeded in almost driving English manufactures out of our home markets. Perseverance will enable us in a short time, to compete with England in all the markets of the world.

Thousands of People are Martyrs

To sick headache, that infallible symptom of a disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Many suffer from it as many as three or four times a week. They do so needlessly, for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by toning the digestive organs and regulating the bowels and liver, removes the cause, and dispels the painful symptom. The intimate sympathy between the brain and the abdominal region causes the slightest disorder affecting the latter to be reflected, as it were, in the organ of thought. The reform instituted by the Bitters when the digestive, secretive and evacuating functions are in a state of chaos, has other and more beneficial results, viz, the complete nutrition of the whole physical economy, the restoration of appetite and repose, and an increase in the power of the system to resist disease of a malarial type.

CHAS. KLEIN,

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker,

No. 24 South Front Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

A fine assortment of Coffins and Cases constantly on hand. Furniture Repaired, Cleaned and Varnished. Orders by telegraph or mail promptly filled. dec 14

300 Bunches of Bananas.

I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED 300 Bunches of very choice Bananas, which will be sold very low. Those calling early will have the advantage of selecting a nice bunch at S. G. NORTROP'S, dec 29 Fruit and Confectionery Stores

S. W. Vick,

Commission Merchant,

North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Notice.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the next session of the General Assembly for an Act incorporating the Historical and Scientific Society, of Wilmington, N. C. dec 6-30

Bookbinding.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of Bookbinding. Old books made as good as new. Prices very reasonable. Orders for work may be left at S. G. Hall's Job Printing office Princess Street. nov 11 R. GRANT, Jr.

Tonsorial.

HAVING AGAIN located in the basement of the Parcell House, I have thoroughly renovated and improved the old stand and am now prepared to shave, shampoo, and cut hair for everybody. The best of workmen, clean towels, sharp razors and low prices. ELWIN ARTIS, July 27 Parcell House Barber Shop.

Stamping and Pinking Emporium.

MRS. SPERTNESS desires to inform the Ladies of Wilmington and the surrounding country that her New Stock of Embroidery and Braiding Patterns surpasses any in the State. Ladies need wait but a few moments for their work and if not convenient to call for the same it will be sent to their residences without extra charge. Don't forget to call at Second Street, next door to Cassman's Bakery. dec 13 if

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL, is one of the very best advertising mediums. Try it

Miscellaneous.

THE SUN FOR 1879.

THE SUN will be printed every day during the year to come. Its party spirit and the old will be the same in the past. It will present all the news in a readable shape, and tell the truth though the heavens fall.

Tax Sux has been, is, and will continue to be independent of every body and every thing save the Truth and its own convictions of duty. That is the only policy which an honest newspaper need have. That is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any other American Journal.

Tax Sux is the newspaper for the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but it seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not the organ of any person, class, sect or party. There need be no mystery about its loves and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogue every time. It is for the honest Democrat as against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican as against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly to the man or measure in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this Republic was founded for the people. Whenever the Constitution and constitutional principles are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected was placed in the President's office, where he still remains—steps out for the right. That is Tax Sux's idea of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its programme for 1879.

Tax Sux has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It has tried to do what it had not done in the year 1879, that in 1878, 1877, or any year gone by. Tax Sux will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people, Tax Sux does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly with the affairs of to-day. It has both the disposition and the ability to afford its readers the promptest, fullest, and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well-established press privilege will be liberally employed.

The present disjunct condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the contents of the country's weekly articles, the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American whatever political ideas or allegiances. To these elements of interest may be added the probabilities that the Democrats will control both houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration, and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthy abhorrence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth, will be an important part of Tax Sux's work for 1879.

We have the means of making Tax Sux, as a political, a literary and a general newspaper, more entertaining and more useful than ever before; and we mean to apply them freely.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged for the Daily Sun, four page sheet of twenty eight columns, the price by mail, postpaid, is 55 cents a month, or \$6.50 a year; or including the Sunday paper, an eight page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or \$7.70 a year, postage paid.

The price of the Weekly Sun, eight pages, fifty six columns, the price by mail, postpaid, is 55 cents a month, or \$6.50 a year. For clubs of ten sending \$10 we will send an extra copy free. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher of Tax Sux, New York City. oct 25

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given to all whom it may concern, that application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, which convenes in January next, for a charter to incorporate the "Wilmington, Charlotte & Western Railway Company." dec 2-30

Now Opening

THE LARGEST AND BEST Selected Stock of Fancy Goods in our line ever offered in this market, and at prices lower than ever heard of before. Come and look whether you buy or not. We always feel safe in showing our Goods and quoting prices. GILES & MURCHISON, Crockery Department, dec 16 38 & 40 Murchison Block.

NEW PIANOS \$125

Each, and all styles, including Grand Square and Upright, strictly first-class, sold at the lowest NET CASH WHOLESALE FACTORY prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 13,000 in use. Regularly incorporated manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 36 years. The Square Grand contains Mathews's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free. MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., sept 6-ly 21 East 15th street, N. Y.

Annual Export Table for 1878.

THIS TABLE, WITH NOTES of Values and List of Shipping, will be printed provided a sufficient number of subscribers are specified. Parties desiring copies are respectfully asked to hand in their orders as soon as possible. JOHN L. CANTWELL, Compiler. dec 13

Reduced Prices!

FOR

COFFEE AND SUGAR!

HALL & PEARSALL. dec 21

New Advertisements.

1878. Christmas 1878.

is over

NEW YEAR

IS NEAR AT HAND

Boatwright & McKoy

MAKE THEIR BOW

To their Customers and the Public

And beg to assure them that in the future, as in the Past, they will furnish

The Necessaries!

AS WELL AS

The Luxuries of Life!

EVEN

LOWER

THAN USUALLY!

WITH THE NEW YEAR

START AFRESH.

For the Best Goods, Most Liberal Bargains, and Lowest Prices!

We will assure you for the past year

"We Have taken the Pain"

And we intend

To do Even Better

During the next year.

Save Your Money

By buying what you need in the

GROCERY LINE!

Whether

Wholesale or Retail,

FROM

Boatwright & McKoy,

5, 7 & 2 North Front St. dec 30

WANTED

A Good Agent to canvass in Wilmington and the adjoining towns for the best selling household articles in the world. Tip-top profits, write at once to N. Y. Manufacturing Co., 2 Clinton Place, New York. jan 1-4w

HOUSEKEEPERS!

A Postal Card sent us with your address will insure free in return, our Illustrated Circulars of nice House-keeping Specialties—ALMAS & SLYTON, Manufacturers, 2-1 Pearl Street, New York. jan 1-4w

AGENTS, READ THIS.

We will pay Agents a Salary of \$100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Address, without delay, SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. jan 1-4w

DIPHTHERIA!

Johnson's Anodyne Linctum will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. No d everwhere. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine. jan 1

A NEW EXCITING BOOK

Bristling with the WILD ADVENTURES OF

STANLEY IN AFRICA

The only authentic and copyrighted cheap edition. By the brilliant descriptive author, Eon J. T. Headley. Gives a full history of his wonderful discoveries in Africa and marvelous journey down the Congo. More fascinating than romance. Profusely illustrated, and highly endorsed by the clergy and press. Over 15,000 sold. More AGENTS WANTED. For particulars about the book, success of agents and best terms address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. jan 1-4w

BEN-ON'S CAPSINE

PORUS PLASTER

Celebrated the World Over!

The manufacturers were awarded the highest and only medal given rubber plasters, at both the Centennial and Paris Expositions.

Far superior to common porous plasters, liniments, the so-called electrical appliances, &c. It is the best known remedy for Lame and Weak Back, rheumatism, Female Weakness, Sciatica, Lumbago, Diseased Kidneys, Spinal Complaints and all ills for which porous plasters are used. Ask your Druggist for Ben-on's Capsine Plaster and see that you get nothing else. Sold by all Druggists, P. Ice 25 cents. Mailed on receipt of price by SEABURY & JOHNSON, 21 Platt Street, New York. jan 1-4w

WHOLESALE PRICES

The following quotations represent the wholesale prices generally in making up small orders. Higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—Gunny	13 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Double Anchor	13 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Double Anchor "A"	13 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Standard Domestic	12 @ 12
SACON—North Carolina	15 @ 15
Hams, 7 @ D	8 @ 8
Shoulders, 7 @ D	8 @ 8
Sides, 7 @ D	9 @ 10
Western Smoked	10 @ 13
Hams, 7 @ D	6 @ 6
Shoulders, 7 @ D	5 @ 5 1/2
Sides, 7 @ D	5 @ 5 1/2
Dry Salted	5 @ 5 1/2
Shoulders, 7 @ D	4 1/2 @ 4 3/4
Sides, 7 @ D	2 1/2 @ 3 1/2
BEEF—Live weight	10 @ 10
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine	1.05 @ 1.75
Second Hand, each	1.05 @ 1.85
NEW YORK—W. D.	24 @ 20
BRICKS—Wilmington, W. M.	00 @ 10 00
Northern	00 @ 14 00
BUTTER—North Carolina D	15 @ 20
Northern, 7 @ D	25 @ 25
CANDLES—Sperm 7 @ D	25 @ 25
Tallow, 7 @ D	14 @ 14
Adamantine, 7 @ D	12 @ 12
OHESSE—	10 @ 11
Northern Factory, 7 @ D	10 @ 11
Dairy cream, 7 @ D	11 1/2 @ 12
State, 7 @ D	9 @ 10
COFFEE—Java, 7 @ D	11 1/2 @ 30
Laguay, 7 @ D	14 1/2 @ 17
Rio, 7 @ D	18 @ 20
CORN MEAL—7 @ bushel	70 @ 72
COTTON-TIES 7 @ D	2 1/2 @ 4 1/2
DOMESTIC	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Sheeting, 4-4 yard	95 @ 95
York, 7 @ bunch	95 @ 95
Mackerel, No. 1, 7 @ bbl	15 00 @ 20 00
No. 1, 7 @ bbl	8 75 @ 9 00
Mackerel, No. 2, 7 @ bbl	12 50 @ 10 00
No. 2, 7 @ bbl	6 00 @ 6 50
Mackerel, No. 3, 7 @ bbl	00 @ 8 50
Mullet, 7 @ bbl	00 @ 8 00
N. C. Herring, 7 @ bbl	8 00 @ 8 00
Dry Cod, 7 @ D	7 1/2 @ 8 0
FLOUR—Fine, 7 @ bbl	0 00 @ 4 00
Super, Northern, 7 @ bbl	4 50 @ 5 00
Extra do	5 25 @ 6 50
Family	6 00 @ 7 00
City Mills, Super, 7 @ bbl	7 50 @ 7 75
" " Family, 7 @ bbl	8 00 @ 8 25
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano, 2000 lbs. 54.00	@ 55 00
Baugh's Phosphate	" " 00 00 @ 60 00
Carolina Fertilizer	" " 00 00 @ 51 00
Wood's Bone	" " 00 00 @ 40 00
Bone M	" " 00 00 @ 45 00
" Flour	" " 00 00 @ 47 00
Navassa Guano	" " 50 00 @ 55 00
Complete Manure	" " 00 00 @ 67 00
Whann's Phosphate	" " 00 00 @ 70 00
Wando Phosphate	" " 00 00 @ 70 00
Bongor & Co's Guano	" " 00 00 @ 60 00
Wilmington & Co., manufactured Guano	48 00 @ 60 00
GLUE—7 @ D	8 25 @ 8 25
GRAIN—Corn, store, 7 @ 56 lbs	65 @ 67
Corn, carry, 7 @ 56 lbs	55 @ 57
Corn, yell, 7 @ bushel	None
Oats, 7 @ bushel	50 @ 50
Pens. cov, 7 @ bushel	7 50 @ 7 50
HIDES—Green, 7 @ D	4 @ 4
Dry, 7 @ D	3 @ 3
HAY—Eastern, 7 @ 100 lbs	1 00 @ 1 10
North River, 7 @ 100 lbs	1 00 @ 1 10
HOOP IRON—7 @ ton	80 00 @ 80 00
LAND—Northern, 7 @ D	1 1 @ 1 1
North Carolina, 7 @ D	1 25 @ 1 25
LIME—7 @ bbl	1 25 @ 1 25
LUMBER—City steams saw	18 00 @ 18 00
Ship stuff, resawed, 7 @ M ft. 18 00	
Tough edge plank, 7 @ M ft. 16 00	
West India cargo, according to quality, 7 @ M ft.	12 00 @ 12 00
Dressed flooring, season, 7 @ M ft.	15 00 @ 15 00
Scantling and boards, common, 7 @ M ft.	12 00 @ 12 00
MOLASSES—Cuba, hhd 7 @ gal.	33 @ 33
Cuba, bbls, 7 @ gal.	25 @ 25
Sugar house, hhd, 7 @ gal.	24 @ 24
" bbls, 7 @ gal.	23 @ 23
Orleans Choice Molasses, 7 @ gal.	37 @ 37
NAILES—Cut, 2000 lbs. 7 @ 25	1 10 @ 1 10
OLDS—Kerosene, 7 @ gal.	15 @ 15
Lard, 7 @ gal.	1 10 @ 1 10
Linseed, 7 @ gal.	1 00 @ 1 00
Rosin, 7 @ gal.	30 @ 30
PEANUTS—7 @ bushel	65 @ 110
POTATOES—Sweet, 7 @ bus.	04 @ 10
Irish, Northern, 7 @ bus.	04 @ 10
PORK—Northern, city, mess, 12 @ 00	00 @ 00
Thin, 7 @ bbl (extra)	10 00 @ 10 00
Knump, 7 @ bbl	00 @ 00
RICE—Carolina, 7 @ D	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
East India, 7 @ D	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Rough, 7 @ bushel	00 @ 1 00
BAGS—Country, 7 @ D	2 @ 2
City, 7 @ D	2 @ 2
COPE	2 @ 2
HAIT—Alum, 7 @ sack	00 @ 00
Liverpool, 7 @ sack	00 @ 00
American, 7 @ sack	00 @ 00
Marshall's line, 7 @ sack	11 @ 13
Cadiz, 7 @ sack	11 @ 11
SUGARS—Cuba, 7 @ D	9 1/2 @ 10
Porto Rico, 7 @ D	10 1/2 @ 10
A—Coffee, 7 @ D	10 @ 10
C— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
E— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
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V— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
W— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
X— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
Y— " " " " " "	10 @ 10
Z— " " " " " "	10 @ 10

A GOOD PLAN!

Anybody can learn to make money rapidly operating in Stocks, by the "Two-Weeks' Rules for Success," in "The Law of Success," Co.'s new circular. This combination method, which this firm has made so successful, enables people with the least amount of capital to reap all the benefits of the largest capital and best skill. The "Two-Weeks' Rules" are pooled together in one whole, thus securing to each shareholder all the advantages of the largest capital. Immense profits are divided monthly, by amount, from \$5 to \$5,000, or more, by using the "Two-Weeks' Rules for Success," in "The Law of Success," Co.'s new circular. September 26th, 1878, says, "By the use of the 'Two-Weeks' Rules for Success,' in 'The Law of Success,' Co.'s new circular, I have made a profit of \$100,000 in 100 days, or 10 per cent. on the stock, during the month, according to the market." Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, August 1878, says, "The combination method of operating in stocks is the most successful ever devised." New York Independent Sept. 12, 1878, says, "The combination system is founded upon correct business principles, and no person need be without an income while it is kept working by Messrs. Lawrence & Co. in New York." New circular (mailed free) explains everything. Stocks and bonds wanted. Government bonds supplied. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, N. Y. nov 20-6t

RECEIVE THIS MORNING

A line of fine colored and gold Bristol boards. Can give a nice job and the best job in the city.

DAVID REVIEW JOB OFFICE. oct 2