The Daily Review

JOSH. T. JAMES, Ed. and Prop

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1879.

VIEWS AND REVIEWS.

A French imperialist paper proposed carrying French earth to Chiselhurst for Prince Louis Napoleon to rest in.

The mode in Paris just now is to effect extreme youth in dress, and baby hats, baby *corsages*, &c., are all the rage.

The reason why Prince Jerome would not call on the Empress Eugenie is perhaps that the Emperor once said of him that if he ever got a bullet in him it would be because he had swallowed it.

The sextons of Trinity Parish, New York, including not only Trinity Church but the five chapels, are now uniformed in black gowns. The gowns are of black poplin, reaching below the knee, with broad collars of velvet.

Kossuth has just turned up again, this time in a letter about the rebuilding of Szegedin. He thinks that a modern city ought to be built on the site of the old one destoyed by the flood—a city of homes like those of the English

Both the leading candidates for Governor of Ohio are spending an extraordinary amount of time in New York. It may be all right, says the Philadelphia *Times*, but it creates the impression that there will be lots of money in the Ohio campaign this year.

Since asphalt has been adopted for the streets of London, many young men travel over them on roller skates, and they can move so much faster than ordinary pedestrians that messengers employed by officers in the city are adopting the skates.

Adelina Patti, it appears, has lost some of her upper notes, but but on the other she has gained immensely in dramatic power. Her voice is lowered, but she will become undoubtedly one of the greatest dramatic opera singers that Europe has ever seen.

It is seldom that those arrested for drunkenes have on them enough cash to pay a fine; 6,757 arrested in Providence in 1878 had on them $8,000, and 6,056 arrested in 1878 had $14,000. Providence makes from $6,000 to $7,000 a year out of drunkards.

The *Railroad Gazette*, of New York, reports the laying last week of twenty-nine miles of new railroad, making 731 miles thus far this year, as compared with 696 miles reported for the corresponding period in 1878, 618 in 1877, 673 in 1876, 491 in 1875, 637 in 1874 and 1,408 in 1873.

It is now thought that the new Southern Pacific Railroad may be completed by the beginning of 1881. The line from the other side will probably be extended to Tucson this year, and the line from this side to the Rio Grande. This will leave a gap of only about four hundred and fifty miles, which can be easily covered in a year.

The Lexington (Ky.) *Press* is protesting against the elopements which are so common in Kentucky, and asks if there are no laws to prevent young girls in their teens from running away from home to get married. There is very little romance about many of the Kentucky elopements—they generally are "put up jobs" to do away with the expense of *trousseaux*, wedding presents and receptions.

Gen. Stoneman's figuring is not favorable to the realization of Gen. Fremont's plan to turn the great Colorado desert into a navigable sea. He says: 'It would take a river one thousand feet wide and ten feet deep, running at the rate of five miles an hour, two hundred years to fill the basin; and after it was filled it would require a river two hundred and fifty feet wide, ten feet deep, and running at the rate of five miles an hour to compensate for evaporation.'

The extent to which American cheese is being imported into Ayrshire and retailed at prices greatly under the cost of the home produce is (says the *Scotsman*) beginning to tell in a way that was hardly anticipated by dairy farmers in the county. Many of those farmers, it appears, still find themselves in possession of the bulk of the cheese manufactured last season, with little prospect of getting it disposed of at anything like the figures they have been in the habit of realizing.

On Sunday last a large corps of sanitary inspectors, accompanied by a large number of newspaper reporters, made a reconnoissance of New Orleans in cabs, visiting every locality where fever was suspected and inspecting every case. It was continued from 6 a. m. till after midday, and they report that every rumor was traced to its source without finding a case of illness which could be mistaken for fever. The reconnoissance was made to quiet the apprehension in the convention, a large number of delegates having left on Saturday.

MATTERS IN CALIFORNIA.

A San Francisco correspondent of the Wilmington (Del.) *Evening Evening*, illustrates the desperate condition of California by stating that an advertisement calling for 1,50 hands to work sugar plantations in the Sandwich Islands was filled in two days by able-bodied Americans, on these terms: Engagement for three years, wages $12 a month—hands to furnish their own clothing, pay their own passage ($25), and a fee of $2 50 to the agency with which they contracted. In that State of boundless resources labor is pinched for food. The country is overrun with employment seekers at any price, and you cannot move a block without meeting many applications for work.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS.

Says the Washington *Post*: They lost no time in coming to the point in expressing themselves on the political issues of the day, did those stolid old Pennsylvania Democrats at their convention at Harrisburg, Wednesday. Dismissing all outlying matters of political difference as worthy of no extended consideration they struck immediately at the central issue of the campaign, and proceeded to rest their case before the people upon it. They announce their position in these well chosen words:

"Resolved, First—That we, the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, renew our vows of fidelity to the fundamental principles proclaimed and practiced by the illustrious men who settled our free institutions, and founded the Democratic party to protect and preserve them.

"Second—That the just powers of the Federal Union, the rights of the states and the liberties of the people are vital parts of one harmonious system, and to save each part in its whole constitutional vigor is to save the life of the nation.

"Third—That the Democratic party maintains, as it ever has maintained, that the military are and ought to be in all things subordinate to civil authorities. It denies, as it ever has denied, the right of the Federal administration to keep on foot, at the general expense, a standing army to invade the states for political purposes, without regard to constitutional restrictions, control the people at the polls, to protect and encourage fraudulent counts of the votes, or to inaugurate candidates rejected by the majority.

"Fourth—That the right to a free ballot is the right preservative of all rights, the only means of peacefully redress ng grievances and reforming abuses. The presence at the polls of a regular military force and of a host of hireling officials claiming the power to arrest and imprison citizens without warrant or hearing destroys all freedom of elections and upturns the very foundation of self-government. We call upon all good citizens to aid us in preserving our institutions from destruction by these imperial methods of supervising the right of suffrage and coercing the popular will; in keeping the way to the ballot-box open and free, as it was to our fathers; in removing the army to a safe distance when the people assemble to express their sovereign pleasure at the polls and in securing obedience to their will when legally expressed by their votes.

"Fifth—That Rutherford B. Hayes, having been placed in power against the well-known and legally-expressed will of the people, is the representative of a conspiracy only, and his claim of right to surround the ballot boxes with troops and deputy marshals to intimidate the electors, and his unprecedented use of the veto to maintain this unconstitutional and despotic power, are an insult and a menace to the country."

It will be upon these points, and these alone, that the political battles will be fought this fall and the next. John Sherman may howl about resumption, the Stalwarts may wave the bloody-shirt, but their efforts will be entirely in vain. The people have selected the questions which they propose to pass upon this fall, and they are not to be cheated or evaded.

THE "IRON-CLADS"

Much interest has been manifested in the recent discussion which has arisen in regard to the breastplate worn by some of the Federal officers and soldiers during the late war for the purpose of protecting them from Confederate bullets. Gen. Dick Taylor first made the assertion over twelve months ago in the *North American Review*, and later in his famous book. Since Gen. Taylor's death a valiant Northerner, one Capt. Judson, has come to the front and denounced the statement as false. It has been reiterated and proven in the columns of the Raleigh *Observer* and the *Farmer & Mechanic*, Capts. Ashe, Shotwell and Gorman having borne testimony to the fact. In addition to these, we are able to produce some incontrovertible testimony in the REVIEW by the publication of the following card from Maj. H. H. Foster, who himself wore the blue, participated in numerous battles and is well qualified to speak. At our request he has furnished us with the following letter:

ED REVIEW:

My attention has been called recently to the statement made by one Judson which attempts to disprove the assertion made by General Dick Taylor in his 'Destruction and Reconstruction,' that the soldiers of the Federal army wore breastplates or armor vests during the recent war.

During the first two years of the war I was an officer in the volunteer service, and a large portion of the time a captain in the 40th N. Y. Volunteer Infantry, and I know that quite a number in that regiment wore what were known as 'armor vests.' It has been so many years since that I do not recall the name of but one, and that I remember distinctly from the following circumstances: Corporal Charles M. Atwood, of Newburyport, Mass., of my command (Co. B. 40th N Y.) was struck at the battle of White Oak Swamp in the left breast by a Confederate bullet but having on one of the armor vests, it did not penetrate the flesh, although it made a quite an indentation in the steel plate of the vest.

I never had examined this armor until after the occurrence I have related. It was in shape something like a ladies corset, such as I have seen in the windows of the dry goods stores, and was a thin piece of steel, made in such a shape as to fit the upper portion of the body and chest, coming quite high up towards the neck and coming around under the arm towards the shoulder. Subsequently Atwood became sickly, and upon inquiry, I found that he wore the vest continually. I directed him to dispense with the wear of it only at such times as an engagement was imminent, when he could put it on again. My examination of the vest convinced me that it would be effectual against any oblique rifle shot, and at a long range it would stop a direct shot.

The foregoing is the only instance which at this late day I can personally but I am well aware that there were others in my company and quite a number in the regiment. Those who wore them were jocularly styled the "iron clads," and there were a great many "iron clads" in Kearney's division of the old Third Army Corps. It is but an act of justice to say that the corporal to whom I have alluded was a brave and faithful soldier, a fact which he had established in the battle field in numerous instances before he ever donned the armor vest, and whatever Mr. Judson might think, if there had been a spare vest handy at the battles in front of Richmond and during the seven day's fights, I should not have hesitated to put myself inside of it at the shortest possible notice.

Respectfully Yours.

HENRY H. FOSTER.

Wilmington N. C. July 18th, 1879.

MOONSHINE.

The man who lays by any 'dust' must wade through considerable mud.—Whitehall Times.

A big head is no more an evidence of brains than a paper collar is of a shirt.—Waterloo Observer.

Upon the adjournment of Congress, Alex. Stephens, it is said, crawled into an envelope and franked himself home.—Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald.

A country girl, getting off a train at Cape May, was asked if she might be helped to alight, and she replied that she did not smoke.—New York Herald.

Our friends can go on with their tin weddings. We don't dread them half as much since the five-cent counters were opened.—Keokuk Constitution.

A young lady of New Fairfield, Conn, last year made three-quarters of a ton of butter and disposed of it herself.—Cincinnati Gazette. Thunder, what an eater!—Boston Post.

A man asked Mr Pitt for a certain place. 'I should have thought,' said the minister, 'that a sinecure would have suited you better.' 'True,' said the applicant, 'but if you give me the place I will make it a sinecure.'

Every man is the architect of his own fortune, and it needs but a glance to convince the most skeptical that some men don't know as much about architecture as a hen does about artificial incubation.—Steubenville Herald.

The eyes of a Frenchman who was born blind, and who has remained in darkness for forty-one years, have been opened in Syracuse.—Express. A brief residence in Syracuse ought to open almost anybody's eyes.—Cincinnati Saturday Night.

A Fool Once More.

'For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more. I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars. Such folly pays. H. W., Detroit, Mich.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

I HAVE NOW AND ALWAYS ON hand a very fine lot of both Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos.

The celebrated "HEIRESS OF VIRGINIA," "GRAVELY" and the "ELDORABO," are my principal Chewing Tobaccos.

The Old Reliable, "PRIDE OF DURHAM," Original Genuine "BULL DURHAM," and the "GOLD LEAF," are my principal Smoking Tobaccos, which I can sell at very low prices.

H. BURKHIMER,

No. 6, Market st., Wilmington, N. C.

dec 7w

BOUGHT LOW AND OFFERED ON CLOSE MARGINS.

500 Bbls. FLOUR, all grades,
1200 Bush Water Ground MEAL,
4 000 Bush CORN, White and Mixed,
100 Bales HAY,
100 Boxes D. S. and Smoked SIDES,
1 000 Lbs N. C. HAMS and SIDES,
2,500 Sacks SALT
90 Bags COFFEE,
50 Bbls SUGAR, all grades,
50 Bbls and Hhds MOLASSES.
15 Bbls Fancy SYRUPS,
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Potash, Lye, Soap, &c.

june 23 HALL & PEARSALL.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS.

The wear and tear of business life makes such tremendous drafts upon body and mind that without recourse to some sustaining agent they must give way under the pressure. To those who are breaking down, or wasting away from general debility or affections of the liver, stomach and the kidneys, a systematic course of the Bitters will so reinforce the vital functions as to baffle all the assaults of disease and restore the system to its wonted health.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

july 1 ly daw

THE NEW YORK

WEEKLY HERALD,

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Prop'tor.

The Best and Cheapest Newspaper Published.

Postage Free.

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Per Year,

50 Cents for Six Months,

An Extra Copy to every Club of Ten.

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Published every Day in the Year.

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P-R-I-N-C-I-P-E Cigars,

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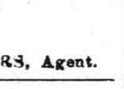
Steamer Passport,

CAPT. J. W. HARPER,

Will resume SUNDAY



TRIPS TO SMITHVILLE, April 27, weather permitting. Daily Trips as usual. Leave Dock at 9.30 A. M.

apl 26 GEO. MYERS, Agent.

$1500 TO $6000 a year or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make it in 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO, Portland, Maine.

june 7-d&w

Rooms and Board.

VERY FINE ROOMS AND BOARD can be furnished to families, couples, or single persons, on favorable terms for the Summer, at the pleasant and convenient dwelling on the corner of Front and Mulberry streets.

Both transient, permanent and day boarders accommodated at moderate prices.

For particulars enquire of

MRS. L. BOUDINOT,

june 14-tf Cor. Front and Mulberry sts

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P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.,

FOR

The Flower of Key West Cigar

The Best 10c Cigar in the World.

Other Merchants quit keeping them on account of the small profits to be made on them

june 30 P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE

$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS

SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS

BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS

NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use for Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength for the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c, and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c, &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide, and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medical preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous system. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet, cleansing and strengthening the fountain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using Root Bitters They have saved many lives of consumtives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and Skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down in constitution? You will be cured if you take Root Bitters. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as Root Bitters.

I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my Root Bitters as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a large profit

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer.

338 Superior St., Cleveland O.

For sale by J. C. Munds and T. S. Burbank, Druggists. march 26th eow-d&w

The New "Sunny South."

THE BEST AND HANDSOMEST PAPER IN AMERICA.

Send for it at Once—See Our Club Rates.

THE "SUNNY SOUTH" is now the model weekly of the age. It comes out in an entire new dress and new make-up generally and is overflowing with the richest and spiciest matter of the day—Poems, Essays, Stories, News of the Week, Wit and Humor, Female Gossip, Domestic Matters, Letters from all Sections, Notes of Travel, Puzzles, Chess, Problems, Marriages, Deaths, Health Notes, Personals, Stage Notes, Movement in Southern Society, Fashion Notes with Plates, Answers to Correspondents, Biographies with Portraits of distinguished men and women, Humorous Engravings, Sensational Clippings, Correspondents' Column, Local Matters, Railroad Guide, and forcible editorials upon all subjects. Is it possible to make a paper more complete? Get a copy and examine it. It now circulates in all the States and Territories, in England, Ireland, Canada, Australia, Brazil, and the Indian Nation

It is really an honor to the South and our people are proud of it, and every one should take it immediately.

The price is only $2.50 a year. We will send the "Sunny South" and the DAILY REVIEW one year for $6, or, we will send the "Sunny South" and the WILMINGTON JOURNAL one year for $3.50

The "Sunny South" and "Boys and Girls of the South" will be furnished one year for $3 50, with a large and magnificent picture thrown in. Address this office, or

J. H. & W. B. SEALS,

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Patterson's Celebrated Springs.

THESE SPRINGS are situated four miles South of Shelby and six miles North of Whitaker's, on the Air-Line R. R. The mineral waters are sulphur and chalybeate. The properties of the sulphur are iron, sulphur and magnesia Properties combined are beneficial to all diseases, and never fail to cure the most obstinate cases, as many will testify, having wrought many almost miraculous cures.

These Celebrated Springs will be open first April, and the prices are in reach of all, having been greatly reduced this season.

Bathing houses, croquet grounds, ten pin alley, and other amusements and attractions free for visitors. Hacks running from this place will meet visitors at Shelby or at Whitaker's on the Air Line R. R., upon short notice to the Proprietor.

RATES OF BOARD.

Per day.....$1 25
Per week.....7 00
Per month.....20 00
Per month for two or more months.....18 00

Children and servants half price.

For further particulars, address

W. G. PATTERSON, Prop'r.

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Furniture! Furniture!

A Large Assortment of

WALNUT CHAMBER SUITS!!

to be sold at the very bottom prices.

Walnut Wardrobes, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Marble Top Tables, &c., &c., as well as common Chamber Sets, Bedsteads, Cribs and Rockers of all sorts. Looking Glasses, Mirrors, Parlor Suits, Lounges, Shades, Bedding and everything belonging to a First-Class Furniture Establishment.

Also, another lot of the celebrated Genuine Stewart Sewing Machines, a real comfort.

For sale at

F. A. SCHUTTE'S,

26 and 28 Front and 11 to 15 Dock sts.

may 29

Schedule B Tax Notice

THE ATTENTION of merchants and traders in Pender county is invited to the following extract from the Revenue Laws for 1879:

Sec 12. Every merchant, jeweler, grocer, druggist, and every other dealer, who shall buy and sell goods, wares or merchandise, of whatever name or description, except such as are specially taxed elsewhere in this act, shall, in addition to his ad valorem tax on his stock, pay as a license tax one tenth of one per centum on the total amount of purchases IN OR OUT OF THE STATE, for cash or on credit, whether such persons herein mentioned shall purchase as principal or through an agent or commission merchant. Every person mentioned in this section shall, within ten days after the first day of January and July in each year, deliver to the Register of Deeds a sworn statement of the total amount of his purchases for the preceding six months, ending on the 31st day of December or the 30th of June. Any agent or commission merchant making such purchases shall, for his principal, make and deliver the statement as herein required. Provided, that the persons mentioned in this section may make out in writing a list of their purchases, and swear to the same before any Justice of the Peace of their county, and return said list to the Register of Deeds; the Register of Deeds shall keep a book in which shall be recorded the list given into him, as herein required, and shall furnish the Sheriff with a copy of said list within ten days after the same are given in. It shall be the duty of the Sheriff to collect from every person on the list furnished him by the Register of Deeds the taxes embraced therein. The Register of Deeds shall have power to require the merchant making his statement to submit his books for examination to him; and every merchant failing to render such list or refusing on demand, to submit his books for such examination, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not more than fifty dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days. It shall further be the duty of the Register of deeds to prosecute every merchant refusing as aforesaid to the end of obtaining such information and compelling payment of the proper tax.

* * * * * * * * *

As will be seen the law allows me no discretion in the matter and I shall be compelled to prosecute to the full extent of the law, all who fail to comply with its provisions.

I. H. BROWN,

june 19 Register of Deeds, Pender Co.

Corn, Bacon, Molasses.

40,000 Bush Prime White Corn,
325 Boxes D. S. and Smoked Sides,
200 Hhds New Crop Cuba Molasses,
350 Bbls Cuba, N. O. and S. H. Molasses
1,250 Bbls Fresh Flour,
175 Bbls Sugars, Crushed, Granulated A, Extra C, and C,
210 Bags Coffee, all grades,
100 Tubs Choice Family Lard,
150 Boxes Tobacco, Tax off.
75 Half Bbls and Boxes Snuff, Tax off.
1600 Kegs Nails,

ALSO,

Potash, Lye, Soda, Soap, Starch, Hoop Iron, Spirit Barrels, Glue, &c.

For sale low by

WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,

june 17 Wholesale Gro. & Com. Mer.