and Scientific Society of Wilming on Wednesday Evening, Not. 22nd, 1879

BY DAVID CASHWELL

Presilent, Ladies and Gentlemen: a lew suggestions as to what I conrive to be the proper and only effect-

opose to direct attention:

ple, t rough long years of disaster gested? d suffering, to require other or ronger forms-of proof.

enled tramp -in quest of work, or to criminal indulgences. escape the torturing cries of starving

and brave to endure all. political economy, who has failed to do, are generally done by none.

throughout the length their natural rights, of hindering and honor and their al.! preventing their pursuit of happiness. and of placing in imminent peril the government itself.

tereste in this country.

and if it be true, as I claim it to be ments. that the foregoing recital of facts That the pay of all members of Con s quences to the government, as I also claim that they are; and if "eter

paper Read Before the Historical this government, whose foundations other just ratio, and all such officials tions submitted, I need only state were intended, by its master builder made subject to the same conditions the fundamental and philosophical and architects, to be securely laid in in respect to absence from duty; that truth, which no intelligent right thinkthe unyielding rock of justice and it should be made a crime punishable ing person can deny, that all incorhumanity; and having so learned and by law, with fine and imprisonment, porated monopolies, acting under known such relations and responsibili- and forfeiture of citizenship and all chartered privileges and powers to ties, to follow the dictates and guid its political privileges for life, for any exact and enforce the collection of and of his knowledge, in his best efforts member of Congress, or any member excessive rates and usurious interests to avert the evils which now threaten of the General Assembly of any State thereby extorting unjust contributions wite attention to some facts re- the complete and final destruction of to advecate or vote for any bill, or from the necessitiest of the laboring g to the psuic as a result of the such liberty and its blessings, as have measure, or resolution, for reward or people, and concentrating large accubeen the proud boast of the freemen the hope of reward, or for any member mul tons of capital, with its corresponin this, and the inspiring hope of the officer of any department, State or ding power, in the hands and control down-trodden in other countries for Federal, or any appointe, or any of the few, to the injury and oppresa century past. Has patriotism grown deputy, or any subordinate of lower son of the many, are contrary to the Of all the attempts to account for old and feeble with the many years of degree, holding or exercising any spirit and genius of our republican inpanie of 1873, its cause, extent, its service and benefactions to the gen- official position or power, or exercising and effect upon the interests of this eration that have come and gone? and any duty under any authority, Feder and other countries. I have seen has it become powerless to help the al, State, or Municipal, to attempt, by couraged or tolerated by any free peocabing which to my mind presents generation that now suffers for want speach, or writing, or by any contrithe only reasonable and natural solu- of its once potent energy? and are bution of money, or other value, imand it is to such solution I here there no skillful physicians and faith. mediate or prospective, or by any act, ful nurses to attend and restore the with or without motive to influence. That the panie had its origin, and declining patient to the health and direct, or in anywise control any citiits terrible proportions and vigor and power of its young manhood zen of the United States, in his vote, their justice and the practicability of wer for evil, here, in the United that it may successfully remove the in any election, Federal, State or their easy accomplishment. vates, is a fact too well attested by evilsin question, and iff ctually pro Municipal; that the same law and the reinfamous history of its paternity, vide against their recurrecne in some same penalties should be applied to and the dire experiences of the toiling such manner as shall be hereafter sug- all such gentry as lobyists, so as not

in detail as to the remedy I propose, from that most insiduous and permi-In the authentic history of the suc- I will state that I am not insensible clous element of danger. schemes of fraud and swindle nor ind ff rent to specious objections That the President of the United States and pleudor, participated in, and pe - which may, and probably will, be urged should receive \$30,000 per annum, petrated with the boldest effrontery to any and all really remedial suggesand impunity, by officials and agents tions, coming from whatever source and that he and all State Governors and pimps of government, federal, they may, for the obvious reason that should be so restricted in the exer state, and municipal-from head-cen- any measures which could afford re cise of the veto and pardoning powers the farthest limit where the lief, and result in the greatest good to as that no one man occupying the tread of official corruption has he greatest number, would, of neces- position of servant of the people soluted the American soil-stimula- sity, conflict with the personal pros- stoud capriciously load it over the and encouraged by the elemency pects of such political aspirants as people's heritage, and de y or set aside grace of authority-Executive, have no higher or better interests to their mandates. and Legislative, and thence subserve than that of all important That the most rigid economy, conwe the descending grade of subor- self. F r with such men, particularly sistent with justice, should be required thate powers to the lowest subsidized if they be legislators devoid of seru- in the civil and all government but give the keys to Betsy, Sarah Ann e wer of political patronage to the ples, the very acme of their ambition service, to the extent, even, of putting or Jim. They leave the front door and garding of suborned witnesses and seems to be, as a rule, the diversion a final end to all sinecures; that windows open to Tramps and Sneak per used Returning Boards, for the from all proper uses, to their own ra- the army should be reduced to the Thieves and then go gadding about among busest of all frauds upon the rights of pacious coffers, or to the baser pur. minimum actually necessary to the the neighbors. Those are they who make e people, with place and trust and poses of villainy and oppression, of safe and efficient custody of the forts even Saints mad .- St. Paul to Timothy ay in millions of the people's money, all moneys controllable under appro- and all military appliances of the gov- ii, chap. 2, v 13. v be traced with absolute precis- priation laws, in many instances of ernment, and the commissioned offithe greatly impaired confidence their own devising and enacting, and cers reduced in number, and limited chapter, next verse. They are young the integrity of the Executors of to more securely bind the hewers of to the smallest ratio required for in- and teachable, stay at home and econoaw and hence in the power of law to wood and the drawers of water, and dolent service; that the government mize They are a crown unto their mentation of taxes, paralyzed indus- interminable issue of bonds, to supply and driving them from their lawful v 15. thes, conflict between capital and labor | deficiencies continually being increas- | reservations and robbing them of their the roaming of thousands of artisans - ed by their insatiable cupidity and little substance in the interest of thiev- does, Good Housekeepers are always of

wives and children, the subjugation ests of one man, or a small number of of repentance for past sins, and of their Husbands, except as to housekeeptall public and private interests, and men, are affected adversely, the in- better behavior towards them in the very nearly all sentiment of religion tuitions of self preservation will gen future. and humanity, to the power of money eraily suggest the means of protecand the love of illicit gain, the entail- tion and redress; but when the like ing upon the people and society all the interests of the entire peoples, of States, for the benefit of politicians and po- his own pantry keys, opens a door to the demoralization and degradation which or confederations, or nations, are so litical marplots, should be repealed devil, L. P. B. says. He is fit only for such baneful influences have the affected, the same intuitions and the and abolished; taxation should be shavings and whitewash, L. P. B. says. power to produce, the arrogant indiff same vigilance in suggesting and ap- equalized to the extent, at least, of He needs no dealer but the undertaker, creace with which the bloated holders plying the me as of profection and re redeeming at maturity, and issuing no L. P. B. says, and deserves no board but of large properties, in real estate and dress are seldom if ever exercised, for more all not-axable interest-bearing a coffin. He ought to trade at P. L. the reasons first, that in proportion as bonds of the government, with such Bridger & Co.'s, where are pested the folg bonds, regard the hungry million, the number aff cted is smaller or non-interest-bearing issue as shall upon whose muscle and sweat they greater the injury is more or less hereinafter be more particularly remust at least rely for the payment, personal; and second, that whether ferred to—that the bonds which are and aggregation, and compounding, the unorthordox hypothesis, that "mis- now so great a source of oppression of their enormous rents, and dividends ery loves company" be true or false, it could be paid as they become due, and and intereste! And all this and much is none the less a physical, if not a phil- the money employed in productive enmore, in this boasted "land of the free osophical fact, that men, and women, terprises, the volume of circulation inand home of the brave," when, in too, bear their own ills easiest when creased, taxes less and less burdensome truth the people are free to the op- they know the same ills are about and the people more and more relieve pression of worse than regal tyrants, equally shared by all others; and there- ed and encouraged. fore it is, that many things which re-The man has given very little late equally to the good of all, and roads in the United States should be thoughtful attention to the science of which it is equally the duty of all to owned and conducted by the general

understand, in some practical sense, That immortal sentiment, "give me for the benefit of the general public, he relations of dependence which libesty or give me death," which fired as virtually and effectively as the mail subsist between capital and labor, and the hearts and nerved the arms of our service is now intended by law to be by day; and L. P. B. says the smaller commerce, and the results which fathers over a hundred years ago, conducted; that the government should the lot the longer it keeps and must necessarily follow the viola- was not evolved from the natural law pay therefor in issue of equal value the farther it goes (proportionately), and tion of the natural laws which of organic sensibility, as manifested with gold, at prices for which their govern such dependence, whether in the contortions of the worm, or in stocks can be purchased, or at which in respect to the internal interests of the writhings and bite of the viper the same may be quoted, say on the distinct communities, or whether in when crushed by the heel of destruc- first day of January, 1880; that such respect to the interchange of interests tion, nor yet from the other sensuous issue should be made a legal tender between different and seperate com- selfish law, which impels us to do unto of the United States in all communities or peoples respectively, the others'as we would not that they should mercial or other business transactions. success of whose interchange of do unto us; but it was rather the ex- and in payment of all internal or ess interests depends upon the pression of that higher and better law domestic claims of the government, ability and fidelity of such peoples to of love, whose divine spirit would wherein residents of the United States discharge their respective obligations protect and defend, and bind to- are parties. That freights and fares to each other in such manner as not to gether all humanity in ties of sympa- should be so equalized on all raileopardize or impair mutual confi. thy and good will that are strong road lines, and for all distances, as to according as they are tender, sweet- avoid all unjust discriminations; that And the man has used his observa- er than life, and mightier than death. net incomes should be employed in tion to little purpose, who has failed And who can doubt that our glorious building other roads, or branch roads to see that the policy, and rule, sires who pledged their lives and for- wherever required for purposes of and practice of government tunes and sacred honor for the commerce, or for developing the reand achievement of American liberty, are sources of the country and for enbreadth of this vast country, for even now regarding, with intensified couraging healthy enterprise; that the last fourteen years at least, have interest, the momentous issue so soon any surplus of such net incomes, not been destructive of all interests, except to be joined for the vindication of their so employed, should go into the l'reathe personal interests of politicians, wisdom and motives, and for the per- sury of the general government, for says an open cupboard is a rat's delight Capitalists, rings, and monopolies; and petuation of the benefits of that pledge government purposes. The govern- and the devil's hiding; it is, he says, the that class legislation and unconstitu | redeemed! And who among their sons | ment would then have, and own, full | parlor of the roaches and a constant temptional tenactments have been the of this generation can so dishonor pa- value in property, for all issues made means resorted to by the law-making ternal patriotism as not to caim that in that behalf; States and persons L. P. B. says, like a ship at sea; it is powers, for enforcing such policy, to pledge as a priceless leg ey, and if need now owning such stocks, by receive like pumps for bilge water and gutters the extent of robbing the people of be, defend it with their lives, their ing pay for the same would be benefit. for cisierns. A small bucket costs but a

To make the remedy and removal of State legislation would be relieved of a fire engine in the garden. the evils referred to, complete and all the perplexing questions relating 3. Don't buy your coal or wood in Au-And the man whose intelligent permanent, requires that the organic to that branch of internal improve gust, or your ice in December. L. P. B. comprehension has noted all these and statutory laws of the States and ment; the embarrasing problems of says, fuel put away gets seasoned, but it verities, can hardly fail to understand Federal Governments should as near- finance debt in State legislation would must be kept from the Sons of Osiris. how naturally and inevitably the ly as practicable in human wisdom and so far be happily solved, and the This heathenish divinity was the brother Wicked, persistent, long continued patriotism, be founded in and con- public interest and convenience greatly of Isis and the father of Horus, and L. P. Violation and disregard of the condi formed to the eternal principles of promoted and under the restriction and B says has a host of relations among us, tions upon which alone can securely equal justice and the broadest human- penalties hereinbefore suggested, the with cold shins, who are fire worshiprest the liberty, prosperity and happi- it; that such laws should be effective government and the people would be pers. hess of the people, and the stability in their provisions and powers in re amply pretected from the political 4. Lastly, watch closly, and leve fried of the government, have resulted in straining public vice, and on protect evils which might otherwise accrue chicken; live well and throw nothing the irregularities by and through ing public virtue; that all needed gov. from the railroad system proposed. away; eat what you now have, and then which the panic was produced and ernment reform of every name and The adoption, and establishment by go to precipitated upon the country, and character should be acrupulously pro- law of the foregoing suggestions, was transported and extended hence vided for and enforced with absolute as to other countries, in exact proper, inflexibility; that such reform should creation of a railroad departtion as their industrial and commer first be applied to the makers and adcial interests were dependent upon ministrators of law, including all offithe s'ability and success of like in- cial and clerical departments and persons in all State and Federal Govern

Presen's the only reasonable and gress should be fixed at \$3,000 per antatural accounting for the panie; and num and one mileage going to and rethe wanto sensualities and irregulation from each session; that such form all telegraph service, and carry hites referred to, are tending to a members of Congress for each day's all express freight, of such class as culmination in the werst of con- absence from duty, except on account would be convenient to that branch of personal sickness or other equally of the public service; and all such exunavoidable cause, should receive five press freight as would be impracticas then lead they are; and if 'eter unavoidable date, and they be of carriage and delivery by the then I claim it to be the duty of every whole number of days included in such Postal Department should be carried American cities and delivered by the Railroad Department. American citizen, who loves liberty session, that the pay of all Cabinet offi and delivered by the Railroad Departand loves his species, to strive, with cers and heads of departments and all ment under proper and convenient his relations, to learn and know appointes of such departments, regulations.

to abridge the rights of p. t t:on-to the Before entering upon my suggestions | end that legislature may be rescued

without perquisites or appropriations,

ing settlers and agents, and make such the feminine gender, singular number and When the material or social inter- restitution as to guarantee an earnest

All sectional and class legislation, and all acts passed in the interest and is a fool, L. P. B. says. He who carrie

I suggest, further, that all the railgovernment, in the interest and ed to that extent; enterprise and quarter, but if kept full on the spot it labor would have a new stimulus; will save more money, L. P. B. says, than a whole, would require the ment by the government; and I sug- and buy a fresh supply, and L. P. B. says, gest that then all telegraph and ex- if you promise not to give it away he will press interests and service should be inform you that both quality and prices | The Ross Conchs Havana Segars, 5 cents, owned and performed by the general will suit, as he himself hath tried it. government, in some such order as

the following. The Poetal Department of the government should conduct and per-

his relations and responsibilities to should be reduced in the same or And now, in support of the suggestions and responsibilities to should be reduced in the same or

stitutions, tending to their subver ion and overthrow and ought not to be en- renovated this flouse and furnished it entire-

In conclusion, I will say that, if this were the proper time and occasion, I might anticipate objections to the measures suggested by indicating

New Advertisements

Model Lectures.

L. BRIDGERS & CO.

Grocers.

Drawn from the actual experience of P. L. B. in keeping house.

No 1, TO HOUSEKEEPERS Housekeepers as a class are either active or passive. The lattertake charge,

The active are described in the same

Speaking etymologically as P L. B second person, agreeing in all things with ing, and making him attend to his own business when he dares offer advice about that. A man who is his own housekeepes owine standing rules:

Sunday reading and Grocery information for the Customers of

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO. The first rule for good bousekeeping, L. P. B. says, is Never keep on hand more than three days' supply; L. P. B. says, Groceries will melt and wither away like smiles and flowers. Meat and Sugar. Whiskey and Cigars, Butter, Lard and Sausages, Irish and Sweet Potatoes bought

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.S

MAMMOTH GROCERY STORE. last longer when brought home fresh day servants, L. P. B. says, have their friends. The hospitality of the kitchen, L. P. B. says, is like that of the Bedonins, who lavish on strangers what they pillage in the Desert. Your alley and back window boarders, L. P B. says, eat more than the houses. What is "Hav and Neigh' in the stable, is "Here and Near in the Kitchen; and L P. B. says, Waste is a short spelling of more than enough, like the tallow candle, whose drip is bigger than the stem. An unsnuffed lamp, L. P. B. says, has more flame but gives less light, and had better be acquainted with, although cut by the scissors. Nevertheless, L. P. B. says, it is wise to have and a plate on the table for the stranger.

who may come unawares. 2. Keep everything under lock and that its being kept up seeling for key, and the key at the girdle. L. P. tation to your weak brother. It leaks,

nov. 24th.

CHAS, KLEIN,

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker. Princess Street, in Basement of the

Journal Building. WILMINGTON, N. C.

A fine assertment of Coffins and Caskets constantly on hand. Furniture Repaired, Cleaned and Varnished. Orders by tele Miscellaneous

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Large Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers:

THE PROPRIETOR having theroughly ly new, is pre; ared to give to the traveling public all the conveniencies of a FIBST-CLASS HOTEL. It is located in the very centre of the business part of the city, being convenient to the p incipal bosices houses, Postoffice, Custom House City Lati and Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. 2 13 A M Court House

A First-Class Bar and Billiard Salcon and Tuesday, Thursday and Satur connected with this Hotel.

RATES \$2 PER DA oct 24

Everybody

A ND BIS UNCLES AND HIS Cousins and his Sisters and his Aunts is invited to wit

Grand Dress Parade

Every day and every evening at the Boston 5 and 16 Cent

Store,

of the kind in the State, and embraces a very great variety of use'ul and pretty things, which are sold t'ere for less than half the money usually demanded for them. The selections were made in person and they are all reliable goods.

Visitors from the country are particularly invited to call and see how far a little money

Remember the place, the

Boston 5 and 10 Cent

Stere.

North Front Street, between Princess and Chestnut.

THE NEW MARKET

Awakens Considerable

Interest!

BUT NOT MORE SO! THAN THE POPULAR WHOLESALE!

AND RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT OF

GEO. MYERS,

something over in the locker for the poor 11, 13 and 16 South Front Street Pecause of the lively interest

Groceries:

And Filling Orders.

Brands of Flour. We are selling at Low Prices

without regard to the advance. Eupply your selves at once and save \$1 per barrel. Cream Ale and Sweet Cider by the Gallon. Fruits and Fancy Goods.

The Largest Stock in the State to select from at popular prices.

hold the supremacy.

CEO MYERS.

Baby Syrup.

DAKKER'S GINGER TONIC, Indian Chologogue, Bull's Cough Syrup, Klutz', Chill Cure, Ayers' Ague Cure and a com-plete stock of pure Drugs and Medicines. F. C. MILLER, Corner 4th and Aun Streets.

Open day and night.

nov 24-tf

DAILY REVIEW OFFICE

Rail Road Lines, &c.

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFICE OF GER'L SUPERINTENDENT

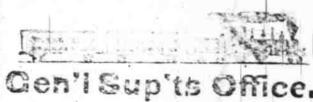
Wilmington, N. C., Nov 22d, 1879. CHANGE OF SCHEDULF. On and after Sunday, Nov. 23d, 1879, Passenger trains on the Wilmington & Woldon Railroad will run as follows: DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, days Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot at..... Arrive at Wilmington, Front St.

Depot at NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS THAIN, DALLY.

Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot at..... s \pu 1 Arrive at Weldon at 3 50 A M Depot st Trains on Tarboro Branch Rosa leav Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5 10 P v c

A.M. Returning, leave Technology, M. A.M. daily, and Monday, Woorregies Friday at 8:30 P M. The Day Train makes old Weldon for all points Nor daily, (except Sunday) and mond and all rail route . Night train makes close connections has

Weldon for all points north via Bichmont. Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trans. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Surv. o.



WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AU

S. C., Nov 22, 1879. Chaluse of SCHEDULE; Cn and after Sunday, Nov. 23, the following schedule will be run on this road; DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN, daily.

Leave Florence..... 3 56 P Arrive at Wilmington 8 10 P k NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily).

Leave Wilmington 9 40 A M

Leave Wilmington 10 13 P M Arrive at Columbia 9 00 A M Leave Columbia..... 5 00 P M Leave Camden Junction 12 00 M

Passengers for Columbia, and all points on G. & C. R. R. and in Western North Caroli n', via Columbia and Spartanburg, should sake Night Express Train from Wilmington. Passengers for Appusts should take Night tpress Train, which connects closely via Florence, Charleston Janetion and Camden

And The agh Fleeping Cars on all night as a far Charleston, Augusta and Colum-Trains to vind Wilmington Saturday nights do not make any connection for s'el JOHN F. DIVINE, General Supt.

CAROLIN : CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Wilmington, N. C., May 18, 1879.

CHARGE OF SCHIDDLE, O'ng Schedule will be operated on this

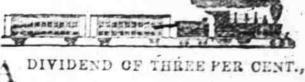
Passenger, Mail and Express Train. Leave Wilmington at 7:00 P M Arrive at-Hamlet at 2:27 A M

** ** ** Charlotte at :20 A M i i.eave Charlotte at 8:25 P M Arrive at Handetat 1:31 A M at Wilmington at 2:50 A M Close connection made at Hamlet with trains of Baleigh & Augusta Air Line Rail-Shelby Division Mail, Preight & Parsenge

y y Leave Charles Arrive at Shelber 12:30 P b A. 17. | Leave Shelby 1:15 P M | Arrive at Charlotte 5:05 P M V. Q. JOHNSON, General Superintendent.

Secretary's Office,

Wilmington & Weldon R. P. Co. Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 1st, 1879.



on the Capital Stock of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, has been declared, payable to the Etockholders on and after the 22d inst.

The Tr nafer Books will be closed from the 17th instant until after the 22d. J. W. THOMPSON.

now 1-tf Secretary.

NEW MILLINERY AND FANCY STORE.

MES. R. J. BAKER has just received a large assortment of Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons and everything pertaining to the Millinery line, which will be said at prices to suit the times. Old Ladies' Caps a specialty. Hair goods always on hand for sale, also making and repairing of the same. Combiings made up with roots all one way. Princess, Honiton and Point Lace Braids. Also. Tracing Linen and Nun's Linen Thread at low figures. The only place they can be found in the city. Lessons given in Lace Making.

Old Newspapers.

A QUANTITY OF OLD NEWSPAPERS or wrapping, offered for sale cheapat the