The Daily Review.

JOSH. T. JAMES, Editor & Prop.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as second-class matter.

EVENING.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1882.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Election November 7th.

REPRESENTATIVE-AT-LARGE:
RISDEN T. BENNETT,
OF ANSON COUNTY.

SUPREME COURT JUDGE:
THOMAS RUFFIN,
OF ORANGE CO.

SOLICITOR THIRD DISTRICT:
SWIFT GALLOWAY,
OF GREENE CO.

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES:
First District—JAMES E. SHEPHERD.
Second District—FRED. PHILIPS.
Third District—ALLMAND A. McKOY.
Fourth District—JAMES C. MacRAE.
Fifth District—JOHN A. GILMER.
Sixth District—WILLIAM M. SHIPP.

We have not the pleasure of the acquaintance of the young man who runs the Laurinburg *Enterprise* at this time, who pretends to be a "Liberal Democrat," but who conducts a newspaper in the interests of the Republican party, which was purchased with Republican money. We are not acquainted, we say, with the young man, but we did have the honor of an acquaintance, at one time, with the young man's father, a gentleman whom we esteemed very highly, and we would never have thought that a son of his could have been found in the position he now occupies. We can remember, too, very well, when Mr. W. C. Troy was brutally maligned by the very men whom Mr. Troy, Jr., is now serving. But *tempora muntantum*. Our young neighbor knows what that means.

But let us whisper one word in your ear, friend Troy. When you want to make a charge against us you must find something more solid to stand upon than the charge of "office-seeking." Naturally this may occur to your mind, but your position is badly taken. For more than fifteen years the Editor of this paper has cast his vote at every election for the straight Democratic ticket and during all of that time hasn't asked for an office, hasn't had an office and wouldn't have had an office if it had been offered him—unless it had been a very fat one with but little work and still less responsibility attached to it and then, in that instance, after much persuasion, he might "have been induced to accept."

Thanks, also, Bro. Troy, for your estimate of our intellectual ability. We agree there and it is pleasant to know that there is point of accord between us. But we fear that we would not have harmonized so well if our opinion of your ability had been in question.

Mr. Geo. M Robeson, of New Jersey, the leader of the Republicans in the House of Representatives, may be an honest man in his own opinion, but he is not that in the eyes of the people of this country at large, nor, indeed, we doubt, in those of his own political allies. We showed yesterday the estimate in which he is held by two of the most prominent newspapers of the country, and we publish to-day a scathing article which we find in the *World*. Says that paper:

"When a man has been charged on the floor of the House by a member responsible for what he says, with being a thief, a liar and a perjurer, and when he takes no action to have that struck from the record, and does not seek to hold the author of that language to an account, then it seems to me that anything which he may say after that in the face of gentlemen and in the face of this country, is simply the object of utter contempt." [Applause from the Democratic benches and contemptuous exclamations from the Republican benches.] These were the strong words used by Mr. Hewitt of Mr. George M. Robeson in the House of Representatives yesterday, in referring to the still stronger words applied by Mr. Whitthorne to Mr. George M. Robeson in the House of Representatives week before last. The reception of Mr Hewitt's words is given in the passage in brackets that we have quoted.

Now what is there in these words to evoke "contemptuous exclamations" from the Republican benches? Is it not true that when a member of Congress takes no steps to vindicate himself from charges of theft, lying, and perjury, deliberately made against him by another, whatever charges the man so accused may thereafter make against anybody, may properly be passed over with silent contempt? Is it not true either that Mr Robeson is a thief, a liar, and a perjurer, or else that Mr. Whitthorne is a reckless slanderer, and that one or the other of them should be expelled from the House? Is the case thus raised properly to be met with "contemptuous exclamations"?

It is quite conceivable that such charges as those which were brought by Mr. Whitthorne against Robeson might be brought in the House by a man of no character against a man whose character has stood so high as to make the charges obviously and transparently ridiculous. In that case, the man against whom the charges were directed might afford to pass them with disdain, but in that case the House would owe it to its own dignity to expel the scoundrel who had insulted the House in his vain attempt to injure the character of one of its members. Even in that case the majority of the House could not afford to dismiss such charges with "contempuous exclamations."

But will anybody dare to say that this is a case of that kind? Will anybody dare to say that Mr. George M. Robeson's public reputation is such that the charges against him of theft, lying and perjury become too ridiculous for belief, and need no reply beyond "contemptuous exclamations"? Mr. Geo. M. Robeson's public reputation has been brought about by the fact that he took the Secretaryship of the Navy a poor man and left it a rich one; by the fact that the intermediary through whose influence contracts with the Navy Department were obtained confessed to having received commissions of over $200,000 for his influence in procuring such contracts; by the fact that Robeson's cottage at Long Branch and Robeson's lots in Washington were paid for out of the commissions of this intermediary; by the fact that Robeson made contracts to the amount of millions so improvident and so extravagant that his successor in office at once annulled them when they were brought to his notice; by the fact that a naval officer of high rank declared that at the very least sixty millions of dollars were wasted under Robeson's administration. Is a man against whom these facts stand recorded the man to stand on his dignity when he is called a thief to his face? Is this a case to be met with "contemptuous exclamations from the Republican benches?"

The people of this country are so far from believing that these charges are ridiculous that they believe these charges are true. They believe that the circumstantial evidence against Mr. Robeson is overwhelming. There is not a Republican paper which has the slightest trace of independence that has not denounced Keifer's appointment of Robeson to take charge of the naval expenditures of the House. There is not a respectable paper of either party that does not treat Robeson as a notorious public plunderer who is serving in Congress simply for the opportunity of securing more public plunder, and which does not denounce or deprecate the acceptance by the Republicans in the House of Robeson's leadership. When a Democratic member gives expression to the universal belief of the country touching Robeson's character, and another Democratic member cites Robeson's acquiescence in that expression as a reason why nobody should take any notice of any charges emanating from Robeson, where does the opportunity for "contemptuous exclamations" come in?

It is not quite exact to say that Robeson has made no reply to these charges. When Mr. Whitthorne charged him with being a thief, a liar and a perjurer, he replied that the evidence on which Mr. Whitthorne's charges were founded had been obtained by a "most brutal" investigation, invading the sanctities of his private life and his personal bank account, and that Mr. Whitthorne himself had been suspected of the embezzlement of some school funds in Tennessee and of ingratitude in Washington. To Mr. Hewitt's repetition of Mr. Whitthorne's charges Robeson's defense was that Mr. Hewitt was the son-in-law of Peter Cooper, who was a rich man, thus exhibiting Robeson's superior respect for the sanctities of private life. Now, if Mr. Whitthorne's connection with the school fund of Tennessee had been before the House, or if Mr. Hewitt had asserted that he married a pauper's daughter, and the question whether he did or not had been an issue, these "charges" of Robeson's would have been at least relevant. But neither of these questions has been before the House, while Robeson's management of the Navy and the question whether "in that connection" Robeson plundered the Treasury are issues of the most practical kind before the House when it is Robeson who asks for the appropriation of other large sums to be expended ostensibly upon the Navy. But upon the merits of this case Robeson has not had a word to say.

Robeson's failure to make any defense whatever, except abuse of the plaintiff's attorney, to the charges against him will strengthen the belief of the country that the charges are true. In fact, Robeson's treatment of the charges is equivalent to a confession that they are true. The 'contemptuous exclamations' of the Republicans mean not that the Republicans disbelieve the charges against Robeson, but that they do not care whether the charges are true or not. They mean that the Republicans of the House have accepted Robeson's leadership, although they believe him to be what Mr Whitthorne charged him with being. Robeson and his Republican followers ask the people of the country, as Tweed asked the people of this city, "What are you going to do about it?" It is natural that long immunity from punishment should embolden Robeson as it emboldened Tweed, but the audacity of a successful plunderer may be carried too far. What was the end of Tweed?

Just now the Mecca of the oil regions is the mushroom town of Garfield. When the first of last month came in it contained only three inhabited houses. It now contains one hundred and thirty. A hotel of nearly one hundred rooms has risen "like an exhalation," and board at private houses is two dollars a day, with the privilege of sleeping outdoors. For the past fortnight operators who live like princes at home have been glad to repose their wearied virtues beneath the precarious shelter of a boiler or a pile of boards. The telephone and the telegraph are already there, and the railroad is expected soon.

The celebrated Vegetable Compound for females, which, within a few years, has made the name of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham known in every part of the civilized world, relieves suffering by the safe and sure method of equalizing the vital forces and thus regulating the organic functions. It is only by such a method that disease is ever arrested and removed.

Those are the most honorable who are the most useful.

Remarkable for overcoming diseases caused by impure water, decaying vegetation, etc., is Brown's Iron Bitters.

PERSONAL.

Joseph A. Hansom, who invented the Hansom cab, died in London recently.

Married, at Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. Means, three feet and a half high, to Miss Harrison, three feet high.

Miss Nellie Botts, of Savannah, is visiting the President's daughter at the White House. Her father is a nephew of John Minor Botts.

Mrs. Tyler, widow of President Tyler, is a pleasant-looking, well-preserved lady, with a smooth and placid countenance, mild blue eyes and silvery hair.

The wife and daughter of Judah P. Benjamin now live in Paris, the latter having married a French army officer. Mr. Benjamin's law practice at London is equal to that of the foremost counselor in the realm.

Capt. John H. Hoe, of Boston, spent $10,000 in preparing the skeleton of a great whale for exhibition; but, just as the work was completed, spontaneous combustion destroyed everything except a few of the larger bones.

The principal character in Gilbert and Sullivan's latest operetta, "The Princess Pearl," is a lord chancellor who falls in love with his own ward, and who is, consequently, compelled to obtain his own consent to his union with her.

The reported interview with Judge Black at Chicago—in which he is said to have predicted the nominations of Hancock and Blaine in 1883—is pronounced a fabrication by the Lancaster (Pa.) *Intelligencer*. It says it has it from the best authority that no such interview took place, and that no such opinion has been expressed.

SHORTS.

Ohio colored men are restive. They say that the Republican party does nothing forthem.

Minnesota and Wisconsin have more foreigners that natives who are twenty-one years of age and over.

The trustees of the University of Mississippi have decided to admit women to all departments of the institution.

The total of the appropriations proposed by Congress for the current fiscal year is $261,369.000, against $217,462,000 last year.

The bouquet Mrs. Scoville sent Guiteau just before he was hung is said to have contained enough arsenic to kill half a dozen men.

The *Arkansaw Traveler's* aged colored person says: "My idea of de better worl is whar dar is a 'lection goin' on all de time, 'case den de white folks is allers perlite."

Prof. H. A. Rowland, of Johns Hopkins University, says that "the mechanics of all countries have been trying for the last century to produce a perfect screw, but in vain."

Somebody having spoken of Gladstone enthusiastically as "the grand old man," and the phrase having been taken up and ridiculed, Sir Stafford Northcote, the leader of the Conservatives in the House of Commons, has been dubbed "the grand old woman," because of his general "tea party aspect."

Boston *Globe*: Republican organs are still claiming a vote for every man of twenty-one years and upward in the South who has the taint of negro blood in his skin. It is difficult to break up evil habits, and the Republican party has held ownership in the negro so long that it cannot realize his right to think and act for himself.

NOON TELEGRAMS.

MEXICO.

Earthquakes Felt in the City of Mexico.

[By Telegraph to Daily Review.]

GALVESTON, July 20—Noon.—A dispatch from the City of Mexico reports that a severe earthquake, lasting ten minutes, was felt in that city and over a large portion of the country. The people were greatly frightened, but no serious damage was done and no lives lost.

LOUISIANA.

Death of a Grandson of Gen. Morgan.

[By Telegraph to Daily Review.]

NEW YORK, July 20—Noon—A New Orleans special to the *Times* announces the death of Hon. Julian Neville, grandson of the Revolutionary general, Daniel Morgan, and himself for fifty years prominent in Louisiana political and social life. He died in poverty, attended only by his blind and crippled wife.

GEORGIA.

Alex. H. Stephens Nominated for Governor.

[By Telegraph to Daily Review.]

ATLANTA, July 20—Noon.—In the Democratic Convention this morning Alex. H. Stephens was nominated for Governor. The vote stood, Stephens 325; scattering 8; not voting 37. The following State officers were nominated by acclamation: N. C. Barnett, for Secretary of State; W. A. Wright, for Comptroller; Gen. D. N. Speer, for Treasurer; Clifford Anderson, for Attorney General. Thomas Hardemon, on a call of counties, was nominated for Congressman at Large, and the nomination was made unanimous.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, July 20.—Noon.—The correspondent of the *Times* at Alexandria, telegraphs that he understands that M. DeLesseps has informed Admiral Seymour that the passage of men through the Suez Canal constitutes the breach of its neutrality. The correspondent says he learns from the camp of Arabi Pasha that his force is increasing and that he is regaining his influence because of the delay of the British troops. His scouts have been seen at Ramleh, seven miles from Alexandria.

A dispatch from Constantinople to Reuters says the Porte has replied to the identical note of the powers regarding the dispatch of Turkish troops to Egypt. The Porte proposed the assembling of a fresh conference.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 20—Noon—It is stated that the Spanish Ambassador has informed his colleagues that Spain intended to station three gunboats at each end of the Suez Canal in order to escort the Spanish Manilla mail steamers through the canal and that she will also send ironclads to Alexandria.

LONDON, July 20—Noon—The *Times*, in its leading article this morning, says the hesitation of the Porte at the moment when hesitation was fatal, has forced the British Government to the conclusion that the invitation to the Conference has been virtually declined, and that nothing remains for it but to carry out its own efforts and measures to restore order in Egypt. There will be accordingly no further delay in carrying out the preparations for military action in Egypt. Definite orders will be issued to-day for the dispatch of a force for the purpose of doing the work which the Porte is held to have declined to undertake.

The *Daily News* learns that if the Government considers it necessary to bring troops from India to Egypt, they will ask the sanction of Parliament therefor. A dispatch from Paris states that De Freycinet has placed the resignation of himself and his colleagues in the hands of President Grevy. The latter urgently begged them to withdraw their resignations. There is not the slightest possibility that Gambetta will be summoned to form a Ministry.

The *Daily Telegraph* has the following dispatch:

Alexandria, July 19.—Arabi Pasha proposes to kill all Turks (?) in Egypt. He says as there are not many threats to cut it is better to cut them now. A few American and German sailors are still at their respective consulates, but with this exception the city is held solely by the English. Gen'l Allison has made a reconnoisance in the direction of Arabi's camp in order to see what better grounds might be chosen for our front, as we were unable to see more than two yards from the present line. Arabi has steam launches on Mahmoudich Canal, bringing him provisions, and this probably explains why he has not cut the Canal. Arabi has shot the Egyptians sent out by the English to get horses.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

JULY 20.—4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Quoted firm at 43½ cents. Sales of 300 casks at these figures.

ROSIN—Quoted steady at $1.50 for Strained and $1.60 for Good Strained. Sales of 1,000 barrels at quotations.

TAR—Quoted firm at $2.05 bid per bbl. of 280 lbs. Sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—No official quotations. Sales of receipts at $1.75 for Hard and $3 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON — Quoted firm. No sales reported. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary	9 9-16	cts.
Good Ordinary	10 15-16	"
Low Middling	11 13-16	"
Middling	12¼	"
Good Middling	12⅝	"

DAILY RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	696	casks
Rosin	1823	bbls
Tar	55	bbls
Crude Turpentine	494	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to Daily Review.]

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 20—Noon.—Stocks weak and lower; money 2@3 per cent; sterling exchange, long, 485; short, 488¼. State bonds dull. Governments irregular.

COMMERCIAL.

Cotton quiet; sales 180 bales; Uplands 12¾; Orleans 13. Futures steady; July 12.63; August 12.64; September 12.42; October 11.86; November 11.69; December 11.70. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat fairly active and ½@1½ better. Corn firm and ¼@¾ higher. Pork dull at $21@$22.25. Lard steady at 12.82½. spirits turpentine 47@48. Rosin $1.90@$2.05. Freights firm and quiet.

BALTIMORE, July 20—Noon.—Flour unchanged and quiet. Wheat, Southern easier; Western spot a shade better; options steady; Southern red $1.15@$1.18; amber 1.20@1.22; No 2. Western winter red spot $1.19@1.19¼; Corn, Southern firmer; Western lower; Southern white $1.10; yellow, nominall at 90@91.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[By Cable to Daily Review]

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Noon.—Cotton, moderate inquiry and freely supplied; Uplands 6 15-16; Orleans 7¼; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and exchange 1,000; receipts 2,450; American 1,950; July 58-64; July-August 6 58-64; August-September 6 59-64; September-October 6 51-64; October-November 6 38-64. Futures dull.

A beautiful woman is a queen before whose sceptre men bow.

"Bless the Babies"!

BABY CARRIAGES AND PERAMBULATORS in full stock; large variety and low prices.

ALSO,

FURNITURE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, of all styles and at all prices.

D. A. SMITH & CO.,
june 18. North Front street.

Lunch!

MERCHANTS AND CLERKS WHO WILL close business thereafter at 5 o'clock will find a

SPLENDID LUNCH

Every day at SCHUTTE'S. Best the market affords and prices very reasonable.

june 15-tf F. A. SCHUTTE, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Failing!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found is BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, malaria, intermittent fevers, &c.

203 S. Paca St., Baltimore.
Nov. 28, 1881.
I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing and was growing weaker every day. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite, and am getting stronger.
JOS. MCCAWLEY.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is *not* a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Don't be imposed on with imitations.

50 Fifty Boxes 50

REPACKED LEMONS, IN PERFECT order just received and for sale cy

july 9 JNO. L. BOATWBIGHT

Remember

THAT I KEEP FULL AND COMPLETE Stocks of Drugs and have ingredients to fill ANY PRESCRIPTION. Full stocks of Patent Medicines. Prescriptions compounded any hour of the night. F. C. MILLER.
Stores: Fourth and Nun Sts., Fourth and Han over Sts. july 9 tf

First National Bank of Wilmington.

CAPITAL STOCK $250,000
SURPLUS FUND 66,000

Deposits received and collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

DIRECTORS:

E. E. BURRUSS, D. G. WORTH,
A. MARTIN, JAS. SPRUNT,
JAS. DAWSON.

OFFICERS:

E. E. BURRUSS ..... President.
JAMES DAWSON ..... Vice President.
A. K. WALKER ..... Cashier
W. LARKINS ..... A'sst Cashier
apl 23

Commercial Hotel
Wilmington, N. C.
M. SCHLOSS, Prop.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.
First-class Bar and BILLIARD SALOON ATTACHED. apl 21

MISCELLANEOUS.

Butter.

A FEW PACKAGES (Large and Small) of the very finest.
100 PACKAGES—ALL GRADES.
Consigned and must be sold.
june 18-tf DEROSSET & CO.

CHEESE—50 BOXES,
STARCH—200 BOXES,
TOMATOES—50 CASES,
CANNED CORN, PEACHES, &c., &c.
Prices very low.
june 18.tf DEROSSET & CO.

Salt. Salt.

50 TONS AGRICULTURAL SALT.
15,000 SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT.
1,200 SACKS FINE TABLE SALT.
500 SACKS COARSE ALUM SALT,
Fine Table Salt in small packets,
New Crop Cuba Molases,
120 Hhds, Tierces and Barrels New Crop Cuba, Porto Rico, Old Crop Cuba and Nectar Syrup for sale at low prices.
june 18 "WILLARDS."

Clarets and Light Wines,

LEMONS

And Good Whiskeys!!!

AND OTHER REFRESHING ARTICLES for this sultry weather.

Choice Fresh Groceries

Received by every Steamer.

Give us a call and ask to see our latest.

GEO. MYERS,
july 11 11 and 13 South Front

A New Lot

OF HARNESS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR sale low. I have full lines of Trunks and Valises at prices to suit the times.

Repairing executed neatly and with dispatch.

J. H. MALLARD,
Successor to Mallard & Bowden,
june 18-tf No. 8 Front Street.

R. R. BRIDGERS, ESQ.,
President Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.
SIR:—Please take notice, that we require you to construct such a draw in your bridge across the Northeast branch of the Cape Fear as will permit steamers to navigate that stream without obstruction.
Respectfully,
july 11-3m BAGLEY & LOVE.

PURCELL HOUSE.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C
B. L. PERRY, Proprietor.
Late Proprietor Atlantic Hotel. First in all its appointments. Terms $2.50 to $3 day.
feb 8 tf

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many of the best medicines known are combined in Parker's Ginger Tonic, into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and the Best Health & Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, & diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver & Kidneys, & is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y.

Parker's Hair Balsam, The Best, Cleanest, and Most Economical Hair Dressing. Never fails to restore youthful color to gray hair.
50c. and $1 sizes. Large Saving Buying Dollar Size.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS.

Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. It is only necessary to have the right remedy, and HALL'S BALSAM is that remedy. DON'T DESPAIR of RELIEF, for this benign specific will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE,
the Most Powerful Healing Ointment and Disinfectant ever Discovered
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals burns.
Henry's Carbolic Salve cures sores.
Henry's Carbolic Salve allays pain.
Henry's Carbolic Salve cures eruptions.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals pimples.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals bruises.
Ask for Henry's and use no other.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.