

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLERGYMEN Endorse

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Clergymen are very exacting in their scrutiny of the merits of an article before giving it their endorsement.

REV. W. H. CHAPMAN, Presiding Elder Methodist Episcopal Church, 262 Harford Avenue, Baltimore, Md., says: "I deem Brown's Iron Bitters a most valuable tonic for general ill health."

The Daily Review.

JOSH. T. JAMES, Editor & Prop. WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1884.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as second-class matter.

The message of President Arthur is, as the News and Courier says, a most mild, equable, good natured sort of document, full of reasonably good advice on all public topics and without sharp points to cause irritation or invite criticism.

The President concurs pretty much in all the recommendations of the Secretary of the treasury, which are mentioned elsewhere; urges that the coinage of silver dollars be discontinued, and that all the excise taxes be removed, except the tax on spirits; expresses his approval of the treaty looking to the construction of the Nicaraguan canal; speaks flatteringly of the Spanish treaty, recommends a revision of the naturalization laws, and legislation that will make it more difficult for the dynamiters to perform their villainous work; advises that National banks be allowed to issue currency to the par value of the bonds deposited by them as security; advises the fortification of the principal cities of the sea coast, and the early construction of heavy rifled guns; concurs in the recommendation of the Naval Advisory Board for the building of additional vessels of war; commends the conduct of all concerned in the Greely relief expedition; earnestly urges Congress, as a duty, to restore the American navy to its former high efficiency, as true economy and demanded for the peace, honor and prosperity of the country; recommends that the postage on drop letters be reduced to one cent, and that one ounce of first-class matter be carried for the price now charged for a half-ounce; renews the recommendation that United States district attorneys and marshals receive stated salaries instead of being paid by fees; reiterates the opinion that the only way to repress polygamy is by Congress abolishing the Territorial Government and putting Utah in charge of commissioners; sets forth the means by which American manufactures can command the markets of the American Continent and adjacent islands, laying much stress upon the advantages to be derived from commercial treaties. The President explains fully the plan for a commercial union of all the American States, with uniform currency and the interchange of products. It is his belief, also, that our markets can be extended to the rest of the world by reducing the tariff burdens on commodities which neither we nor other American States are fitted to produce.

He speaks highly of the success of the Civil Service law, recommends stringent measures for the prevention or repression of cholera, and asks that a suitable pension be conferred on Gen. Grant.

In conclusion, the President thanks Congress and the public for the support given him. As our cotemporary says, it was well-deserved. A more decorous President, or one more mindful official proprieties, the Republic has never had. When he leaves the White House he will have the pleasant consciousness that he has, by unassuming conduct and fidelity to duty, converted distrust into confidence, and won the esteem of a people who, in the early days of his administration, regarded him with suspicion and perhaps dislike. It was the accident of a crime that made him President; but his record, as a pure and conscientious Chief Magistrate, is all his own.

Stephen B. Elkins was before Referee Cole in New York last Friday to tell what he knew about Senator Chaffee's relations with the firm of Grant & Ward. He said that the Sunday before the failure of the firm Ward called on him (Elkins) and wanted to borrow \$150,000, saying that his firm was in trouble and would fail unless it got help. "I was at first inclined to assist him," said Mr. Elkins, "and suggested that I should go and see Gen. Grant; but he begged me not to say anything to the General. The next day Buck Grant (young Ulysses) came to see me and asked me to raise \$500,000. He was greatly alarmed. I said I would try. I asked him if his father-in-law, Senator Chaffee, was secured. He said he wasn't, and I resolved to do all I could to secure him. I went to Ward and told him that Chaffee must be secured. He had put \$500,000 into the business. Ward said there were others whose claims were as meritorious, and that there would be no preferences. I insisted that he should deliver enough securities to Mr. Chaffee to protect him, and he seemingly consented to do so. He said he would be at the office of the Safe Deposit Company next morning with the key to the box containing the securities. He didn't come. I told Buck the only thing for him to do was to get the vault containing the securities open. This was done, and I took such securities as I thought good. Buck turned them over to Mr. Chaffee. I believe Mr. Davis, receiver for Grant & Ward, afterward got them."

The recent report of the Secretary of the Treasury is interesting as showing the reduction of the National debt during the last nineteen years. By this report it is shown that the public debt of the United States, not including bonds issued to Pacific Railroad companies, was \$2,756,431,571. On November 1st, 1884, the public debt was \$1,408,482,948; a reduction during the intervening nineteen years and two months amounting to \$1,347,948,623. In 1865 the annual interest on the public debt amounted to \$150,977,697; in 1884 the annual interest charge is \$47,323,831, a reduction of the annual interest charge amounting to \$103,653,866. This is indeed a good showing as by the figures it is demonstrated that the amount of the public debt has been reduced nearly one-half while the annual interest charge is more than two-thirds less than it was in 1865.

The suit of Harrison vs. Harrison and Page, now on trial in the English Divorce Court, excites unusual interest on account of the professional relations existing between the respondent and co-respondent. The petitioner is a millionaire merchant, aged 60. He first became acquainted with his wife when she was a poor girl, aged 11, in whom he took an interest, and whose schooling he paid for, as alleged, merely through motives of benevolence. At the conclusion of her education, and when she had attained the age of 18, he married her. The marriage turned out unhappily, and the unhappy wife, having been prescribed chloral by her physician as a medicine, resorted to the drug habitually until she became a perfect slave to it. During the state of demoralization so produced, she made a serious accusation against Dr. Page, and declared that he was the father of her child. Mr. Harrison at once accused the co-respondent of having abused his liberty as a medical man. Dr. Page, in order to clear his character, brought an action for libel against the husband and recovered a verdict with £150 damages. Thereupon the defendant moved the High Court of Appeal to set aside the verdict, as against the evidence. The Judges granted a stay of execution, to abide the result of the proceedings in the divorce case. The case has excited great interest among members of the medical profession, as it is believed that Page is the victim of the hallucinations of a half frenzied and hysterical woman, a risk to which any physician may be exposed. A committee of doctors has been formed to delay Dr. Page's expenses in the trial. In the course of the evidence today, the plaintiff swore that he was wholly unaware of his wife's habit of drug drinking until, his suspicion being aroused, he searched the house and found 450 empty chloral bottles.

The most eminent physicians of the age recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for all bronchial troubles.

A Fair Offer. THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt and Electric Appliances on trial, for thirty days, to men, old and young, afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality, and many other diseases.

See advertisement in this paper. t s eow&w

A Card. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. e o d&w ly

Appointments by the Bishop of East Carolina. FALL VISITATION 1884.

- Dec. 1, Monday, M. P., S. Andrew's, Columbia.
Dec. 4, Thursday, M. P., Grace, Woodville, Bertie Co.
Dec. 5, Friday, M. P., S. Mark's, Roxobel.
Dec. 7, Sunday, S. Thomas', Windsor.
Dec. 9, Tuesday, M. P., Zion Church, Beaufort Co.
Dec. 10, Wednesday, M. P., S. James', Beaufort Co.
Dec. 10, Wednesday, E. P., Pantego, Beaufort Co.
Dec. 11, Thursday, M. P., S. John's, Makelyville.
Dec. 12, Friday, Swan Quarter.
Dec. 13, Saturday, M. P., Juniper Bay.
Dec. 14, Sunday, S. George's, Hyde Co.
Dec. 15, Monday, Fairfield.
Dec. 19, Friday, M. P., Aurora.
Dec. 20, Saturday, M. P., S. John's, Durham's Creek.
Dec. 21, Sunday, Trinity, Chocowinity.
Dec. 21, Sunday, E. P., Haw Branch.
Dec. 22, Monday, S. Paul's, Greenboro.
Dec. 24, Wednesday, M. P., Vanceboro.
Dec. 25, Thursday, (Christmas) S. Peter's, Washington.
Dec. 28, Sunday M. P., S. Thomas', Bath.
Dec. 30, Tuesday, M. P., Jamesville.
Dec. 31, Wednesday, M. P., Advent, Williamston.
Jan. 1, 1885, Thursday, M. P., S. Martin's, Hamilton.
Holy Communion at all Morning Services. Collections for Diocesan Missions. An opportunity may offer the children will be catechized. The Bishop requests that in accordance with the Resolution of the Diocesan Convention, arrangements be made in each parish for a meeting of the Vestry with the Bishop.

A BALTIMORE SENSATION.

A Lady whose Life was in Imminent Peril Rescued By Her Husband.

Among the many pleasantly located and cozily comfortable homes in the eastern section of the city of Baltimore, that of Mr. William A. Thompson, at No. 208 North Bond street, would strike a visitor as possessing more than ordinary advantages for home life. Mr. Thompson is highly esteemed among a large circle of friends, is a prominent member of Marley Lodge No. 107, I. O. F., and is generally well known in that section of the city. In order to confirm certain statements which had come to him directly, and thereby secure data for an interesting article, a reporter called at Mr. Thompson's residence. Mrs. Thompson, being asked for, soon made her appearance and greeted her visitor with that degree of kindness and civility which is always an evidence of intelligence and refinement. She readily consented to tell the story of her peril and her timely rescue from death. We give her statement in her own words:

"I have been a sufferer for fully seventeen years, during which time I have endured the most awful misery of mind and body. My illness became most alarming about five years ago. I was attended by Professor Yates and Doctor Stephenson, of this city, both of whom stated that I had the most aggravated case of nervous dyspepsia and indigestion they had ever attended or heard of. I am now nearly 60 years of age and was told by my physicians that owing to my advanced life the process of cure would be slow and difficult. I waited patiently for the expected relief, but seemed to grow worse, until finally I concluded I had to die. I could not eat the smallest morsel without suffering the most terrible agony. My whole body was racked with pain and misery. Frequently I had night sweats, and believing that I was dying, would send for my friends and neighbors. My limbs would become rigid and cold, and I have often thought I was paralyzed, for I completely lost all power of action, and would lie in bed gasping for breath. During all this long period of suffering the doctors afforded me no relief. I grew emaciated, could not sleep, entirely lost my appetite, and was truly the most miserable woman imaginable. My whole nervous system was shattered. I never expected to get well, and my friends have since told me that they expected to learn of my death at any time. One day my husband purchased a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters and begged me to try it. I had no confidence in medicine of any kind. I believed my case hopeless, and expected to die suddenly in one of the sinking spells, which I experienced about three times each week. I, however, took Brown's Iron Bitters to gratify my husband. After using three bottles I began to feel better. When I had finished the fourth bottle my husband and friends were able to notice a great improvement in my general appearance. My appetite returned, and I could eat anything without the least bad effects. I rapidly grew stronger and more fleshy. When I had taken six bottles I knew that I was a well woman, and at the present time I never feel better in my life, and have gained forty-five pounds in flesh. I firmly believe that Brown's Iron Bitters saved my life, for I had stopped taking all other medicines and only used Brown's Iron Bitters, and if I had not used that I am satisfied I would not be alive today."

"I most cheerfully recommend that medicine to every body. There are hundreds of my friends who daily congratulate me upon my complete restoration to health and vigor, and gladly give any desired information to those who feel interested in my remarkable cure." Mrs. Thompson is now a hale, hearty and vigorous lady, and judging from her present appearance one would not suppose she had ever been seriously ill.

Mrs. A. W. Watson, Wilmington, N. C., says: I have taken Brown's Iron Bitters for indigestion and experienced greatest relief; can recommend it to all sufferers, believe if they will take it they can be cured. Mr. J. Ryne Whitehead, Halifax, N. C., says: I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for indigestion, loss of appetite and nervousness; am satisfied that it is a good medicine and take pleasure in recommending it. Mr. Jno. B. Whitehead, Halifax, N. C., says: I have used Brown's Iron Bitters and think it is a fine tonic—can conscientiously say that I am greatly benefited by its use. Mr. Jas. O. Fitzgerald, Pelham, N. C., says: I suffered from weakness and indigestion, followed by an attack of typhoid fever. Brown's Iron Bitters restored my health and vigor. Mr. W. B. Cheek, Warrenton, N. C., says: I consider Brown's Iron Bitters a most excellent tonic. Mrs. Annie E. Jones, Forestville, N. C., says: I consider Brown's Iron Bitters the best tonic I ever used.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you FREE, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few hours than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 90 cents to \$5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immediate pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. e o d&w ly

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\$20,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and you will get free a package of goods of large value, which will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the \$20,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes to be made absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. dec 2 d&w ly

MISCELLANEOUS.

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BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, RHADAMES, ARMOURS, BROCADES, SATINS AND SILK VELVETS. FRENCH DRESS GOODS OTTOMANS, TRICOTS, SHUDDAS, CASHMERES, FANCY PLAIDS & COMBINATIONS, In all Qualities and Shades.

Ladies' Cloth and Flannel Suitings.

A SUPERB STOCK OF 64 INCH GOODS, comprising every Grade and Shade. LADIES' DOLMANS, NEW MARKET, CLOTH AND JERSEY, WALKING JACKETS.

Shawls, Skirts, Corsets.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR AND FURNISHING GOODS. Table and Piano Covers, Smyrna Rugs, Crotonnes, 1 linen Damaaks, Towels, Napkins, White Goods, every variety, Embroideries, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Staple and Domestic Goods, Notions, &c., &c.

All of the above have been bought during the present panic in prices, cheaper than ever before known in the history of Dry Goods, and if my kind patrons will call, GOOD MATERIALS and LOW PRICES will do the selling.

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RAILROADS, &c.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company. OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 31, 1884.

Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER NOV. 2nd, 1884, AT 9.00 A. M. Passenger Trains on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad will run as follows: DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY. No. 47 NORTH AND 48 SOUTH. Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 8.55 A. M. Arrive at Weldon, 12.10 P. M. Leave Weldon, 1.10 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 7.35 P. M. FAST THROUGH MAIL & PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY—No. 40 SOUTH. Leave Weldon, 5.35 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 10.00 P. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN DAILY. No. 43 NORTH. Leave Wilmington, 8.50 P. M. Arrive at Weldon, 12.10 P. M. No. 42 South, daily except Mondays. Leave Weldon, 1.10 A. M. Arrive Wilmington, 7.10 A. M. No. 43 North, daily except Sunday. Leave Wilmington, 1.35 A. M. Arrive Weldon, 7.00 A. M. Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia. Trains on Tarboro Branch Road Leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 12 M. and 3.35 P. M. Daily, (Sundays excepted). Returning Leave Tarboro at 1.50 P. M. and 4.34 Daily. Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road Leave Halifax for Scotland Neck at 2.40 P. M. Returning Leave Scotland Neck at 8.30 A. M. daily except Sunday. Train No. 45 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North Daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line. Train No. 48 runs daily and makes close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington. All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached. For accommodation of local travel a passenger coach will be attached to local freight leaving Wilmington at 5.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Superintendent, T. M. EMERSON, General Passenger Agent, Oct 20

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C. Oct. 31, 1884.

Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER NOV. 2nd, 1884, at 9.00 A. M. the following Passenger Schedules will be run on this road: NIGHT EXPRESS TRAINS, DAILY—No. 48 West and 47 East. Leave Wilmington, 8.50 P. M. Leave Florence, 2.40 A. M. Arrive at C. & A. Junction, 6.30 A. M. Arrive at Columbia, 6.40 A. M. Leave Columbia, 8.55 P. M. Leave C. & A. Junction, 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence, 4.50 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 8.55 A. M. NIGHT MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN, DAILY. No. 45 WEST. Leave Wilmington, 10.20 P. M. Arrive at Florence, 1.30 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN DAILY. No. 43 East. Leave Florence at 4.05 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 8.05 P. M. No. 42 West, daily except Mondays. Leave Wilmington, 7.10 A. M. Arrive at Florence, 11.5 A. M. No. 43 East, daily except Sundays. Leave Florence, 9.10 P. M. Arrive Wilmington, 1.15 A. M. Train 43 and 42 stop at all Stations. No. 48 stops only at Flemington, and Marion. Passengers for Columbia and all points on C. & A. R. R., & A. R. R. Stations, Alton Junction, and all points beyond, should take the 48 Night Express. Separate Pullman Sleepers for Augusta on Train 48. All trains run solid between Charleston and Wilmington. Local freight leaves Wilmington daily except Sunday at 5.00 A. M. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Superintendent, T. M. EMERSON, General Passenger Agent, Oct 20

Carolina Central R. R. Company.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 20, 1884.

Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 21st, 1884, THE following Schedules will be operated on this Railroad: PASSENGER MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY except Sundays. No. 1. Leave Wilmington at 7.00 P. M. Leave Raleigh at 7.25 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte at 1.30 P. M. Leave Charlotte at 8.15 P. M. No. 2. Arrive Raleigh at 9.00 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington at 8.25 A. M. Passenger Trains stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table. SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT. Daily except Sundays. No. 3. Leave Charlotte at 8.15 A. M. Arrive at Shelby, 12.15 P. M. No. 4. Arrive Shelby, 1.40 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte, 5.40 P. M. Trains No. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh. Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte. Take Train No. 1 for Statesville, Stations Western N. C. R. R., Asheville and points West. Leo, for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points Southwest. L. C. JONES, Superintendent, F. W. CLARK, General Passenger Agent, sept 20

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Whose debility, exhausted powers, protracted decay and inability to perform their duties properly are caused by excessive sexual excitement, or by any other cause, and who desire to be restored to robust health and vigor, should use the GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN. It is the only medicine that will cure them. It is sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages. The Charles A. Vogel Co. Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

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Groceries, &c. 150 HDS. PRIME CUBA MOLASSES, 100 Hds. Prime Porto RI MOLASSES, 500 Half Rolls Standard BAGGING, 1,000 Bbls. New Arrow TIES, 500 Bbls. FLEECED TIES, 500 Bbls. FLOUR, 100 Bbls. SUGAR, 200 Bbls. COFFEE, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, &c. All at lowest prices. WORTH & WORTH, aug 25 W. & E. S. LATIMER, Attorneys-at-Law. Office—S. E. Cor. of Front and Water Streets, Jan 7