#### BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPAIETORS, To whom all letters on business must be addressed. JAS. FULTON, Editor ... A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor

Terms of Subscription. weekly, one year, invariably in advance, ........\$2 50 gar Apy person sending us five NEW subscrib ers, accomwith the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive

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### Professional and Business Cards.

WILLIAM BOGART, RCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, Goldsbero'. will furnish Designs and Specifications for Public and vivate Building, with full practical working Drawings, which shall combine constructional solidity, convenience of arrangement, and beauty of form and color, with economy, and turnish those intending to build, with a knowledge of the appearance, arrangement, and cost of all improvements that may wish to make. Office third door South of Griswold's Hetel.

Dec 20 1860. CLERK & TURLINGTON. COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, & dealers in Lime, Plaster, Cement and Hair, NORTH WATER STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C. By Solicits consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour, Corn. Bacon, Timber, &c. BEFER TO

H. E. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. John Dawson, Pres't Wil. Branch Bank of N C., do. do. W. H. Jones, Cashier Branch Bank Cape Fear, Raleigh, do. C. H. ROBINSON & CO.,

TOMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. WILMINGTON, N. C. Office over J. A. Willard's Store. Entrance corner of vincess and Water Streets. March 9, 1860,-158&29.

STORLEY & OLDHAM, TEALERS IN GRAIN, AND COMMISSION MER-WILMINGTON, N. C. Pount attention given to the sale of Cotton, Flour, Baad other Country Produce.

WALKER MEAKES. TARREGIST AND APOTHECARY. NO. 45 MARKET STREET. stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, ushes, Paint Brusees, Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, is Garden Seeds, &c., &c., constantly on hand. attention of Physicians is especially called to the of Medicines, which are warranted as being pure.

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WILMINGTON, N. C. C. POLVOGT,

TPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER. CORNER PRINCESS AND FRONT STREETS, afactures to order any are UPHOLSTERING LINE; also, a large assortof PAPER HANGINGS, which are put up at short

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES. cits the patronage of his country friends, and all othis encored in the Turpentine business. as thee opposite No. 47. North Water street.

WILLIAM J. PRICE,

EDWIN A. KEITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Hers his services to Planters as Factor or Agent for the als of Cotton; will give his personal attention to the sale His Commission for selling Cotton will be 50 cents per tie, no additional charge will be made. Cotton forwarded lo New York for 10 cents per bale.

SHITH & McLAURIN, TOMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. JOHN DAWSON, Esq., Mayor. E. P. HALL, Esq., President Branch Bank State N. C.

THOMAS W. PLAYER, INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, September 20, 1860-4-1v

JAMES O. BOWDEN. INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. ALFRED ALDERMAN,

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,

HOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, and Dealer in Faints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Ty. Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and et sta., immediately opposite Shaw's old stand Wilming-

(MONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the he that he is prepared to take contracts in his line ess. He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CEMENT,

. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put W. H. MCRARY & CO., a TOMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner Princess and Water

street, Wilmington, N. C. REFERENCES R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. ohn McRae, Pres't Bank Wilmington, do. Davis, Cashier Branch B'k Cape Fear, Salisbury, do. Elittregg, President of Bank Cheraw, S. C. [Oct 17] GEO. W. ROSE, ARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,

HMINGTON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, RONT STREET, (BELOW MARKET STREET,) Wilmington, N. C. BASS AND IRON CASTINGS, finished or unfinished haw Machinery made and put up; old Machinery overall kinds of Patterns, Ornamental and Architectu-

supply Drafts of all kinds of Machinery and Mill work warranted to be as represented. Orders rearpentine Stills and Copper Work in all its branches.

# Educational.

GROVE AC DEMY, KENANSVILLE, N. C. LEVENT,......PRINCIPAL. e 2nd of September, 1861. Terms same as heretoif desirable, half of the tuition may be paid in add and a credit will be given on the remainder during

THIRD ANNUAL SESTION of this chool will ommence on Menday, September 16th, 1861. in ion \$12, \$15 and \$20 per session. Board \$8 per month.

# General Notices.

SUPPLY MILL, Brunswick Co., N. C., is now in ation, at which can be obtained any of the follower, viz: Pine, Cypress, Juniper, Oak, Ash and Orders for any of the above can be filled and sent point desired, from Florida to Baltimore, or else JNO. MERCER. 22, 1859.

HOOD having moved to Goldsboro', and located e. respectfully informs the citizens of wayne and g Counties, that he expects to manufackeep constantly on hand the most complete ble selection of the latest and most approved entirely new ImPROVED PLOUGHS. teel or iron, suitable to different soils and the difanges of ploughing that may be required. These sest of sweeps, hollow and soud; also various cels, double or single turning MOULD BOARDS; TOTATOE SCHAPERS. Also, new ground PLUUGHS. All of these plough hoes are used estocks, which may be changed by means of bolts very farmer's convenience. I will also sell State or this, or District or Farm Rights. Orders thankved and promptly attended to. All letters ad-BOLD R. HOOD, at Goldsboro', N. C.

U,000 LBS. Pure White Lead; 5,000 lbs. Pure White Zinc; 00 lbs. Pure White Zinc, in Varnish; 500 lbs. Silver Paint in Oil; 50 bbls. " dry assorted: Spanish Brown: Venetian Red: Yellow Ochre: Linseed Oil; Lard Oil; Best Sperm Oil; 300 lbs. Chrome Green, in oil and dry;

" Yellow, in Oil and dry. For sale

# Wilmington Journal.

VOL. 18. \ CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA-WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 12, 1861. \ NO. 3.

## For Sale and to Let.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers his residence in the town Magnolia for sale. The lot fronts the W. & Weldon Railroad, and contains a large, commodious and Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy : comfortable dwelling, having seven large rooms, passage above and below-double piazza in front and single piazza in rear—four fire places, &c. Also an excellent office with barn and carriage house -everything in perfect repair. The plished. location posseses many advantages for a physician or lawyer. Terms made easy. For further information apply to the subscriber in Magnolia, or P. Murphy, M. London, or Eli 161-11t&30-tf

VALUABLE SWAMP LANDS FOR SALE. Hanover county, 30 miles from Wilmington, and one mile from the Cape Fear River, in Caintuck District, there being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained and cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation-there being about 200 acres more to clear, all heavy growth Swamp Land, being a portion of the well-known JUNIPER AND BEAR SWAMPS, and the balance UPLAND. The Swamp is well adapted to the production of Corn, Peas. Potatoes and Rice. On the Plantation is a very good DWELLING HOUSE nearly new, and all necessary out-houses, and a good Well of Water. The place is pleasantly located, and as healthy as any in the State. Also, another tract immediately on the Cape Fear River, containing 152 acres, about 2 miles from the above plantation, all tenced for the purpose of a Pasture. There is about 40 acres cleared and well the Inlet of Hatteras, North Carolina. If the departadapted to Corn. Peas, Pumkins, &c. Also, there is any ment has any orders, I should be pleased to receive the 27th inst. The injuries were caused by fragments line on the beach, when it was found that there were 319 a plentiful supply of ammunition, we went alongside the control of the local supply of ammunition, we went alongside the local supply of ammunition, we went alongside the local supply of ammunition and the local supply of the local supply of ammunition and the local supply of ammunities a person wishing to settle himself on as valuable and pleasantly located a place as any in this country-in a good neighborf.cod-would do well to call soon, as I am sure the place is too well known to remain on hand long. Apply to the subscriber on the premises, or address Arthur Bourdeaux, Caintuck P. O., New Hanover county, N. C.
April 19, 1860.—34-tf ARTHUR BOURDEAUX.

### Legal Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. BLADEN COUNTY .- Court of Equity-Spring Term, 1 61. James Evans, Benjamin Evans and William Evans,

Geo. Cromartie, John Cromartie, Sr., John Cromartie, Jr. 15 Circlers from our friends will receive prompt attention. | Sarah Cromartie, Margaret Cromartie, Hope W. Purnell and wife Margaret Ann, William B. White, Benjamin F. Rinaldi and wite Amelia, James F. Gillespie and wife Mary C., Sarah E. Cromartie, Amanda Cromartie, Miriam ron, Martin and Andrews, and all munitions of war, E. Cromartie, Emeline Cromartie, George H. Cromartie, arms, men and property under the command of said kichard B. Cromartie, Alice Cr martie.

ORI INAL BILL. T T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Cromartie, Sr., John Cromartie, Jr., Sarah Cromartie, terms of full capitulation. And it is stipulated and Margaret Cromartie, H. W. Purnell and wife Margaret Ann, agreed by the contracting parties, on the part of the Officer Stringham against the rebel force at Hatteras Lieut. Creigel the following propositions, which be imare non-residents of this State. It is therefore ordered that said United States Government, that the officers and Inlet. publication he made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal a paper published in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said non-residents that they be and appear before the Judge of our next 'ourt of Equity, at a term to be held for | ler, on behalf of the United States, and the said Barron, the County of Bladen, at the Court House in Elizabethtown, Martin and Andrews, representing the forces at Haton the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, then and there to answer, plead or demur, or the case will be heard exparte as to them, and judgment pro confesso | twenty-ninth day of August, A. D., 1861, and of the in-

Witness, Heman H. Robinson, Clerk and Master in Equiy, at office in Elizabethtown, Bladen County, the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March, A. D., 1861. H. H. ROBINSON, C. & M. E. August 15th, 1861. [Pr. adv. \$8 43.] 51-6w

### Rewards.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY. WHEREAS, intelligence under oath of G. W. Moore, hath this day reached the undersigned, that JIM, a s lave, the property of G. W. Moore, hath run away and lies out hid and lurking in swamps, woods, and other obscure places, committing depredations on the peaceful inhabitants of the State These are in the name of the State of North Carolina, to require him, the said slave, forthwith to surrender himself to his master or the lawful authority ;-and we do hereby order this proclamation to be published at the Cou t House door, and in some public newspaper, and warn said master, and answer the charges aforesaid, it is lawful thousand stand of arms, seven hundred and fifteen pris for any person to capture him, by slaying him or otherwise, without accusation or impeachment of any crime. Given under our hands and seals, this 24th day of June, JAS. GARRASON, J. P. [SEAL.] WM. J. CORNWALL, J. P. [SEAL.]

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD. THE ABOVE REVARD will be given for the said JIM dead or slive, or for his confinement in any jail in the state so that I can get him again. The said JIM is about away. Lieut. Murdough, late of the United States quick spoken and with smooth black skin. The said negro was purchased from the estate of T. H. Williams, deceased. G. W. MOORE.

A REWARD OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each, will be given for the apprehension and delivery of my two boys. eleven inches ESEC is about five feet, five or seven inches high—yellow skin, has a scar between the right eye and eye brow, caused by the bite of a dog, very heavy set.

J. J. D. LUCAS.

SOLOMON and ESSEC. SOLOMON is dark, full PAINTS\_PAINTS.

DURE WHITE LEAD ; " Snow White Zinc ; " White Gloss Zinc Linseed Oil, Varnish, Patent Dryers, &c. For sale whole W. H. LIPPITT, sale and retail, by Druggist & Chemist.

NEW SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MANUFACTORY. LOCATED AT ARGYLE, ROBESON CO., N. C., est notice, SASH, BLINDS, DOORS and MOULDINGS

The best quality of GLASS is always kept on hand .-BLINDS painted and trimmed ready for hanging. Our lumtrust by our endeavors to please that we shall receive a lib-

& Co.; or by addressing SILAS SHEETZ & CO., Gillopolis P. O., Robeson county, N. C. S. SHEETZ, G. M. MCLEAN. J. A. McKOY. April 18, 1861.

public, that, after many years of experience, he has succeeded in inventing a WATER WHEEL which he can confidently recommend as being simpler in construction, more powerful in performance with a given amount or head of water, and more durable and less liable to get out of order than any Wheel now in use or heretofore offered to This Wheel was patented on the 29th January, 1861. It being a packed Wheel, no water can escape between the

top of the Wheel and the bottom of the case, and conse quently all loss of power from such escape of water is This Wheel is a reaction Wheel. It is of cast iron and is water, grind from 12 to 40 bushels of Corn per hour, and is suited to any head of water from 2 feet upwards. It has only six buckets and turns out 84 square inches of water,

As above stated, this Wheel is patented, and I take pleasder a Wheel attached to any person's mill for \$75, or I will day of the evacuation of their work.
sell the right to use one for \$25. I will also sell County and
I understand from Surgeon W vet

Any person wis'ling to purchase Wheels, individual, Counbinsville, Sampson county, N. C., their Agents, Messrs.
Hart & Bailey, Wilmington, N. C., or the subscriber,
GEORGE W. ARMSTRONG, Patentee.

The patentee refers to the following Certificate from competent persons who have seen the operation of his This is to certify, that we, the undersigned, have seen the performance of the new Water Wheel, invented by George W. Armstrong, of Sampson county, N. C. It grinds a bushel of good meal in 3 minutes and 48 seconds, with 7 feet 5 inches of water, and saves half the water with comparison of ther wheels.

JOHN BARDEN! JAS. H. LAMB. DANIEL JOHNSON.

R. W. TATOM. G. W. SMITH. March 28th, 1361.

other wheels.

ROCKINGHAM, N. C. and other Fruit Trees for loozing of blood. Serious. PPLE, PEACH, CHERRY A sale. The stock of PEAR TREES is the finest in the State Address L. H. WEBB, Agent. L. H. WEBB, Agent.

OFF HATTERAS INLET, United Status Flag Ship Minnesota, August 30th, 1861.

Sir-I have the honor to inform you that we have been eminently successful in our expedition. All that two rooms and chimney,-kitchen, smoke-house, stables, could be wished by the most hopeful has been accom- of upper third of thigh, posterior surface.

This morning we are taking on board the Minnesota, officers and men-numbering six bundred and fifteen-Hall, Esqrs. The subscriber also has an excellent riding which surrendered yesterday after the bombardment from the fleet of parts of two days. from the fleet of parts of two days.

I shall forward a full account immediately on my arrival at New York, whitier I have concluded to land THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go South, them, as requested in your communication in reference offers for sale his entire possession of LANDS in New to prisoners coming into possession of the navy. After landing them I shall return to Campton Roads.

Respectfully your obedient servant, [Signed] S. H. STRINGHAM, Flag Officer Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

OFF HATTERAS INLET, United States Flug Ship Minnesota, August 30th, 1861.

Sir-I have the honor to enclose the articles of ca- mortal. pitulation agreed upon at the surrender of the forts at

Respectfully, your obedient servant, S. H. STRINGHAM, Flag Officer Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

OFF HATTERAS INLET,

United States Flog Ship Minnesota, August 29, 1861. Articles of capitulation between Flag Officer stringham Commanding the Atlantic Blockading Squadron, and Benjamin F Butler, United States Army, Commanding on be half of the United States Government, and Samuel Barron. Commanding the Naval Force for the defences of North Carolina and Virginia, and Col. Martin, Command-

ing the Forces, and Major Andrews, Commanding the same Forces, at Fort Batteras. It is stipulated and agreed between the contracting parties that the forces under command of the said Bar-Barron, Martin and Andrews, be unconditionally sur-

men shall receive the treatment due to prisoners of war. In witness whereof, we, the said Stringham and Butteras Inlet, hereunto interchangeably set our hands this dependence of the United States the eighty-fifth year. S. H. STRINGHAM, [Signed]

BENJ. F. BUTLER, Major General U. S. Army Commanding. S. BARRON Naval Forces Virginia and North Carolina. WM. F. MARTIN Colonel Seventh Regiment Infantry N. C. Vols. W. L. G. ANDREWS, Major Commanding Forts Hatteras and Clark.

Flug Officer Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

Unried States Chartered Steamer Adelaide, August 31, 1861.

To Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy: Sir: I have to report that the expedition to Cape Hatteras Inlet has resulted in a signal victory over the the said slave that if he do not immediately return to his rebels. The capture of two forts 25 cannon and one oners, amongst whom are Captain Samuel Barron Lieutenant Sharpe and Dr. Wyatt M. Browne, all late of the United States Navy, and Major Andrews and other officers, late of the United States Army. The amount of loss on their side is not exactly known.

Five are ascertained to have been buried, and eleven

5 feet 10 inches high, is well-set, and weighs about 180 lbs.. Navy, is among the number, with the loss of an arm. We met with no casualty of any consequence whatever. The surrender was unconditional. For all particulars I beg to refer to the report of Flag Officer Silas H Stringham, and Major General Benjamin F. Butler. Although the Adelaide and George Peabody were chartered for other especial service, yet, to further important operations, I consented to take the troops on head of hair, thick lips, has a scar on his left hand between | board from Newport News and Fortress Monroe-nine STER. PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press Brick, Fire his thumb and finger-his height about five feet, ten or hundred men, with arms, provisions and munitions of war-and landed part of them, about three hundred amidst a heavy surf, until the boats filled and become unmanageable. The men-of-war bauled in, and commenced a heavy cannonade, at a quarter past 10 A. M., on the 28th, and kept it up at intervals all day, and recommencing on the 29th, at quarter past eight, with increased effect. The enemy's reinforcements endeavoring to land-a thousand or fifteen hundred men-they were driven back, and at 11:30 they displayed a flag of

truce, and were forced to surrender at discretion. On the appearance of the white flag I steamed into the inlet, and laid behind the fort, ready to throw the MMEDIATELY on the Wilmington, Charlotte & Ruther- remaining troops ashore, either in case of a commenceford Rail Road, 84 miles from Wilmington, N. C., where ment or cossation of hostilities. The George Peabody, the subscribers are prepared to manufacture, at the short | Lieut. Lowry, did the same. At the surrender we officiated in the ceremonies, after which the prisoners were brought to this vessel, and next day, the 30th inst. placed them on board the Minnesota, which vessel sailed at 2.30 P. M. for New York, and we left for Anarmy, and the wounded prisoners. I hope my endeav-Any person wishing to leave orders or obtain a list of ours in the case may meet your full approbation, and prices, can do so by calling in Wilmington, N. C., on H. M. beg to recommend to your consideration the conduct of Bishop, at the Farmer's House, or Messrs. J. T. Petteway Lieutenant Commanding R. B. Lowry, associated with Peabody; of Dr. Wm. M. King, United States Navy, who volunteered for the expedition. I have also received valuable assistance from my corps of pilots, and from NEW WATER WHEEL. GREAT INVENTION. Dr. C. Shellwagen and James Forsyth, who acted in

I am, very respectfully, Your obedient servant, H. C. SHELLWAGEN, Comm'dr.

U. S. CHARTERED STEAMER ADELAIDE, August 31, 1861. Sir: In obedience to your order I have the honor herewith to turnish you a complete list of the wounded prisoners taken at the surrender of Fort Hatteras.

The whole number is thirteen, and eleven of these so simple in construction that any mechanic can put it in were transferred to this steamer by the order of Flag after having once seen it done. It will, with a 73 feet of Officer Silas H. Stringham. The two remaining men were found to be too seriously injured to permit of their being moved, and were consequently left in the fort in being all that it requires for the performance of any amount | the charge of a medical officer. From the information which I have received from a she proved to be out of range.

as above stated, this wheel is patented, and I take pleas, or take pleas, and it take pleas, or take pleas, or the proved to be out of lange.

I then sent Lieut. Crosby on shore to demand the and durable Water Wheel, adapted to grist mills, upright of the wounned, and, perhaps, all the killed, were sent meaning of the white flag. The boat soon returned, that the coming morrow had brought no change upon Surely those who were that morning so buoyant and or circular saw mills, cotton gins, factories, or any other on board the rebel steamers in the Sound prior to the furnishing sizes of Wheels from two feet upwards, adapted capitulation. Only two killed were found, and these to any head of water. I will furnish and put in running or-I understand from Surgeon Wyatt and Mr. Brown, as given below.]

formerly of the United States navy, at present holding ty or State rights, or desiring any information will receive a commission in the army of the Confederate States, immediate attention by applying to or addressing James Armstrong, John O. Armstrong, John United States navy, was very badly injured, a fragment | blood. To both the written and verbal communications of a shell striking his forearm and making a compound I made the reply which follows, and sent it by Lieut. fracture of both bones.

This gentleman escaped from Hatteras prior to the surrender, in the privateer Winslow. Willoughby Davis, aged 22, native of North Carolina, Jonesborough Guards, lacerated flesh wound of in step, not serious. William E. Clark, aged 17, native of North Carolina

thigh. Doing well. James A. Cooney, aged 23, native of North Carolina, Tar River Boys, deeply lacerated wound, involving de-thoid muscle of left shoulder; quite serious although the joint is not believed to be implicated. W. G. Andrews, of the Hamilton Guards-lacerated

Tar River Boys, lacerated wound an inch and a half deep,

wound, inflicting tursus and metatarsus-left-just Matthias Tannager, aged 23, of th North Carolina Defenders—contused wound of upper part of left breast | the disposal of the Department, active preparations were | miles.]—ED. Dis.

Logan Mills, aged 18, native of North Carolina-Lenoir Brayes, slight flesh wound, of middle third of

left leg, external surface. Wilson J. Forbes, aged 27, native of North Carolina, Jonesborough Guards-lacerated wound, about two and one-half inches long and three inches deep, upon part

Henry Hines, aged 25, native of North Carolina-Lenoîr Braves, seriously lacerated wound in the left side. Ashley Keele, sged 25, a native of North Carolina, Hamilton Guards, lacerated wound in the left side. John Mills, aged 18, native of North Carolina, Tar

Mr. Gilbert Rogerson, native of North Carolina,

Francis Moering, aged 51, a native of North Caroli- tolerably good quality. na, Lenoir Braves, right half of frontis, with a portion of auterior lobe of brain, carried away by a piece of shell; wound mortal. John Mooring, aged 18, a native of North Carolina,

Tar River Boys, composed and complicated fracture of left arm, and compound fracture of left thigh; wounds The above named men were placed under my care af-

only lacerated, but in many, if not all the cases, burned the soft parts. I am very respectfully, your obedient servant, WM. M. KING. Assistant Surgeon.

To commander H. S. Steelwagen, United States Navy, commanding steamer Adelaide, on special service. Report of Major-General Butler to Major-General Wool.

The following is the report made by Gen. Butler:

U.S. FLAG SHIP MINNESOTA, Aug. 30. GENERAL: Agreeable to your orders I embarked on rendered to the Government of the United States, in of the U. S. Artillery, Lieut Larned commanding, as a federate forces. After some preparatory and common

We left Fortress Monroe on Monday, the 26th inst. at 1 o'clock P. M. The last ship of our fleet arrived made in the evening, and at daylight next morning dis- side arms, and the men without arms to retire. positions were made for an attack on the forts by the fleet, and for the landing of the troops.

Owing to the previous prevalence of Southwest gales | Carolina. a heavy surf was breaking on the beach. Every effort was made to laid the troops, and after about 315 were landed, including marines from the fleet and regulars, both of the gunboats on which we depended, were Flag Officer Confederate States Navy, Commanding swamped in the surf, and both the flatboats stove, and brave attempt being made by Lieut. Crosby, U. S. the steam-tug Fanny, belonging to the army, to land | terms offered are these: in a boat from the war steamer Pawnee, resulted in the beaching of the boat, so that she could not be got off. It was impracticable to land more troops because of the rising wind and sea. Fortunately a twelve pound to arrange details. rifl d boatgun loaned us by the flag-ship, and a twelve pound howitzer were landed, the last slightly damaged. Our landing was completely covered by the shells of

be Monticello and the Harriet Lane. I was on board the Harriet Lane, directing the disin the meantime the fleet had opened fire on the nearest possession of the enemy. fort, which was finally silenced and its flag struck. No firing had been opened upon our troops from the other

fort, and its flag was also struck. Supposing this to be a signal of surrender, Colonel Weber advanced his troops, already landed upon the causing any injury, as I am informed.

In the meantime a few men from the Coast Guard

had advanced up the beach with Lieut. Creigel, who was acting as volunteer aid, (and whose gallantry and smaller fort, which was found to have been abandoned themselves for future and greater achievements. by the enemy, and raised the American flag thereon. It had become necessary, owing to the threatening appearance of the weather, that all the ships should

make an offing, which was done with reluctance, from necessity, thus leaving the troops on the shore, part of them in possession of the small fort, about 700 yards from the large one, and the rest bivouacked on the beach, near the place of landing, about two miles north Early the next morning the Harriet Lane ran in shore for the purpose of covering any attack upon the troops.

At the same time a large steamer was observed coming down the sound inside the land with reinforcements for the enemy, but she was prevented from landing them by Capt. Johnson, of the Coast Guard, who had placed the two guns from the ships and the 6 pounder taken from me in this work, and placed in charge of the George the enemy in a small sand battery and opened fire upon

An increased length of fire was telegraphed, and firing was commenced with shells of fifteen seconds' fuse. I had sent Mr. Fist, acting aid-de-camp, for the purpose of gaining intelligence of the movements of the troops and of the enemy. I then went with the Fanny for the purpose of effecting a landing of the remainder of the troops, when a white flag was run up from the fort. I then went with the Fanny over the bar into the inlet. At the same time the troops, under Colonel

Weber, marched up the beach, and a signal was made from the flag ship to cease firing. As the steamer Fanny rounded in over the bar the rebel steamer Winslow went up the channel, having a large number of secession troops on board which she had not landed. We threw a shot from the Fanny, but

bringing Lieut. Creigel with the following communication from Samuel Barron, late captain in the United Things had otherwise ordered.

Here follows the memorandum from Capt. Barron Mr. Creigel also brought a verbal communication from Commodore Barron, stating that he had in the

Here follows the memorandum of Gen. Butler, also given below.] After waiting three quarters of an hour, Lieut. Crosby returned, bringing with him Commodore Barron, Major Andrews and Col. Martin, of the rebel forces .-Upon being received on board the tug Fanny, they informed me that they had accepted the terms proposed external surface of upper joint of lower third of right in the memorandum, and had come to surrender themselves and their command as prisoners of war.

> ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE EXPEDITION. Washington, Sept. 1.-The Navy Department, by able and experienced officers, have carefully studied the

every anticipation of the Department is realized.

letter from the late American Consul at Rio, Robert G. vals with shot, our shell having been expended. The Scott, giving a list of all the vessels leaving or to leave shot and shell dropped thick and fast upon the Fort and their cargoes and destination. By this information the killed and Lieut. Knight wounded, while retreating from rebel privateers knew just when and where to look for Fort Clark. In the face of this dreadful storm of iron, the vessels, and six named in the list were captured.

occupying posterior aspect of forearm; joint perhaps the amount of fuses.

Some hand-made percussion caps were found, and it Roanoke Guards, contusion of right foot, considerable one of the prizes (the bark Linwood) to furnish materism, but no fracture.

and fast by us, we remained unburt. One thing I can all for the manufacture of these caps. They were of vouch for is, that there is not a man upon this little

lumbiad, from the Tredegar Works, Richmond, which flight through the air. Several rifle cannon bails passed had not been mounted. Our vessels took three prizes-one brig, the Henry C.

Confederates, with miscellaneous cargoes.

regiment. At this time the wind raised a little, and it ed everything at the Fort. Our escare was truly miwere immediately posted, under command of Lieut. Led- this terrible encounter, and it is due to her that her der, of the regulars.

A scouting party, under Lieut. Col. Weiss and Lieut. | cannot be given to her commander and crew. Creigel, proceeded up the beach, capturing one brass field piece and a horse. The force then advanced to having sounded all about, and planted buoys ready for Fort Clark, which had been evacuated, but they were the dreadful work of to morrow, retired for the night, compelled to retire again, owing to the shells fired from and no doubt employed themselves for the coming strugthe fleet falling therein, and they marched back to the gle. Nearly all night we were employed in making the place of landing, where they bivouacked for the night. Fort impregnable, as we then thought. Much of the fleet commenced bombarding the second fort, called Fort the steamer Adelaide and George Peabody 500 of the Hatteras, which soon after displayed the white flag, and 20th Regiment New York Volunteers, Col. Weber the fort was entered by Capt. Nixon, of the Union beads than mine thought otherwise. Certain it is, in commanding; 220 of the 9th Regiment New York | Coast Guard; Lieut. Creigel, of General Butler's staff, my opinion, it was one of the causes, second only to the Volunteers, Col. Hawkins commanding; 100 of the and Sergeant Daivoge. They were conducted to the shameful neglect of the authorities in not properly for-Union Coast Guard, Capt. Nixon commanding, and 60 tent of Commodore Barron, the commander of the Conforce to operate in conjunction with the fleet under Flag place remarks, the commodore placed in the hands of of Hatteras, the key of the Sound—the almost entire mediately carried to Gen. Butler :

MEMORANDUM. Flag Officer Samuel Barron, C. S. Navy, offers to Kangaroos, besides prolonging, in my opinion, the war off Hatteras Inlet about 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. surrender Fort Hatteras, with all the arms and muni-Such preparations as were possible for the landing were | tions of war. The officers be allowed to go out with | [Signed]

> GEN. BUTLER'S REPLY. The following reply of Gen. Butler was dispatched by Captain Crosby, U. S. N., and Lieut. Creigel:

FORT HATTERAS, Aug. 29, 1861. Memorandum: Benjamin F. Butler, Major General commanding United States Army, in reply to the comarmy, serving with the army as post captain at For- munication of Samuel Barron, commanding forces at tress Monroe, who had volunteered to come down with Fort Hatteras, cannot admit the terms proposed. The

> as prisoners of war. No other terms admissible. Commanding officers to meet on board flag ship Minnesota they had not many in the Fort who knew much about On the reception of this, the Commodore called council of war of his field officers, and accepted the terms offered, when they proceeded to the flag ship to

Full capitulation, the officers and men to be treated

arrange the details. The prisoners were then put on board the flag ship embarkation of the troops by means of signals, and was | Minnesota and the fort taken possession of. The stars about landing with them at the time the boats were and stripes were hoisted from the fort by Capt Crosby, stove. We were induced to desist from further attempts of the U.S. N., and Lieut. Creigel, amid the cheers of at landing troops by the rising of the wind, and because in the meantime the fleet had opened fire on the nearest possession of the enemy.

GEN WOOL CONGRATULATES THE TROOPS. Gen. Wool on Saturday issued the following: HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA.

The Commanding General has the great satisfaction beach. The Harriet Lane, Captain Faunce, by my di- of announcing a glorious victory, achieved by the comrection, tried to cross the bar, to get into the smooth | bined operations of the army and navy at Cape Hatterwater of the inlet, when a fire was opened upon the as Inlet, North Carolina, under the command of Com-Monticello, which had proceeded in advance of us, from modore Stringham and Major-General Butler. The the other fort. Several shots struck her, but without result of the gallant enterprise is the capture of 730 men under the command of Commodore Barron, and So well convinced were both the officers of the navy one of the North Carolina cabinet, one thousand stand and of the army that the forts had surrendered at this of arms, seventy-five kegs of powder, five stand of coltime, that the frigate Susquehannah had towed the fri- ours, thirty-one pieces of cannon, including one ten inch | ring the engagement, her place being supplied by the gate Cumberland to an offing. The fire was then re- Columbiad, a brig loaded with cotton, and a brig loaded opened, as there was no signal from either, upon both with provisions and stores, and one hundred and fifty bags of coffee. All of which exploits were achieved by the army and navy, 800 volunteers and 60 regulars of

the command. The gallant affair will not fail to stimulate the reguservices I wish to commend,) and took possession of the lars and the volunteers to greater exertions to prepare Obedience, order and discipline are indispensable to maintain the interests, the honor and humane institutions of the Union.

> From the Washington, N. C., Dispatch. Hatteras --- By an Eye-Witness

that we might publish it: C. S. STEAMER "ELLIS,"

HATTERAS INLET, Aug. 29, 1861. son, were embarked soon as possible. After weighing Surgeon, where he was properly cared for. anchor, we moved cheerily ahead under the control of The bombardment of Fort Hatteras by the flower of our scientific engineer, Whomsley, and all seemed happy | the Federal Navy, was a scene which will ever be pres-

at this time we saw the seamer 'Winslow' ap- on that day suffered. proaching with a plenty of ammunition, and The fight lasted for a day and a half, out of which

use of such force as it could secure. The expedition to he knew not the waters and shoals, being emphatically a land-lubber. Besides, the enemy could have landed any gress, and when that body placed the necessary funds at when that body placed the necessary funds at when the beach, in a calm time as it was, for scores of the prisoners, and shall proceed to Washington, N. C.

as No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under ANY CIECUMSTANCES, be admitted. Official Federal Report of the Capture of the Sand and neck-expectorating blood; not much constitutional made. As the co-operation of the War Department was | uel Barron, Lieuts. Sharp and Murdoch, and Surgeon necessary, other preliminaries requiring time were indis- Greenhow. She came to anchor about 21/2 or 3 miles pensable, so that it was not until Monday, the 26th ult., from the Fort. This was indeed cheering, and our exthat the expedition sailed. The success is perfect, and pectations knew no bounds. All this time a severe and constant cannonade was being kept up, the Fleet firing Among the papers captured was a press copy of a continual broadsides of shell, while we replied at interthat port during a month, with a full description of Island, but so far no one was burt, except two men our captain, with that firmness and tranquility which The report of the engineer-in-chief of the Confederate ever characterizes the true officer and gentleman, can States was also among the papers found. It stated the C. S. steamer "Ellis" near the Fort, which River Boys, wound produced by a fragment of shell, that all the good guns at Norfolk are expended; also now of course became the prominent mark for the Yankees, as we were not only a gunboat, but our decks were crowed with men. Protected by was ascertained that the copper had been stripped from our Heavenly Father, though the balls whistled close steamer but who has grown familiar with that reculiar Among the guns captured was a large ten-inch Co- whizzing sound, which always accompanies a ball in its in close proximity to us; and though perhaps it was the first time that some of them had ever heard a cannon Rodgers, of New York, and two light-boats, belonging fired, yet the crew and officers stood it with the most to the United States, but in the employment of the perfect nonchalence, exhibiting throughout the whole action perfect confidence in their officers, and a reliance A gentleman connected with the expedition reports upon the Almighty hand After safely landing the that the Federal forces were landed and drawing up in troops, we again returned to the 'Winslow,' and taking men under Col. Max Webber, of the New York 20th Schrs. and took all the troops on board, and safely landwas found impossible to land more troops. Pickets raculous. Nobly has the 'Ellis' performed her duty in services should be acknowledged. Too much praise

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The enemy, after an incessant fire of about 6 hours, Early next morning they again returned, and the disaster which occurred on Thursday may be attributed to the fact that we did not possess ourselves of Ft. Clark by the bayonet that night; but wiser and older two causes we have the following result: the possession moment-Capt. Barron, Lieut. Sharp and about 700 or 800 gallant men prisoners, taken by the Abolition

I must not here forget to mention a trivial circumstance, it may seem, but one which exhibits the brave man and patriot. On going to the Fort about two Commanding Naval defences of Virginia and North o'clock at night, Lieut. Murdoch might be seen standing, in the clear moonlight, upon the well-defended ramparts of Hatteras. He was calmly superintending the work about the guns, having one fixed so as better to bear on the enemy wi h which he himself intended to fight. No one who saw him could doubt but that he would do good service. The next morning, August 29th, a day ever memorable to those who witnessed or participated in this sublime but terrible contest, rose calm and beautiful. This was just what the Yankees wished. All the morning I was busily engaged in going to and fro, on duty to capt. Barron, who was very anxious for me to go ashore and help about the guns, as gunnery; but as we had not the officers to spare, capt. Muse would not consent for me to go. I will here mention a fact to show how close the Yankees were to the Fort. While ashore standing on the ramparts, in company with captain Barron, Lieut. Sharp and Lieut. Barron, all of us being in uniform, were of course a good mark, and the Yankees thought so too, for whiz went a ball in close proximity to the captain's head, while several struck in the parapet immediately under us. It will performed his duty and rendered valuable service, conducting bimself with manly coolness, surpassing his years. At 81/2 A. M., the frigate 'Wabash' steamed up,

and as she passed Fort Clark the "Stars and Stripes"

were waved three times to her from the parapet of the

Fort, which she acknowledged by dipping her colors.

She then rounded to, dropped anchors, and opened fire upon the Fort. She was immediately joined by the 'Susquehanna,' 'Cumberland' and 'Minnesota' in an incessant fire of shell, which dropped thick and fast around and in the Fort. The Fort replied at intervals, and the 'Susquehanna' was evidently damaged, as she withdrew from the range of the Fort, and only fired two more shots du-Roanoke.' Fort Clark now also opened on Ft. Hatteras, together with several other land batteries, which they had erected on shore, one of these, consisting of rifle cannon, seemed to pay particular attention to us, and as they gradually got our range, they came near hitting us several times, so that we changed our position, and the guns were turned on the Fort. All eyes were now turned to that gallant little Fort fighting against such desperate odds. One continual stream of shell fell upon it, but still it does not fire! What can be the matter? Look, there goes the Fort ! again ! again ! but alas ! all fall far short. The reason is now evident, they cannot reach the vessels, while every shot almost from them tells upon the Fort. Bombardment and Capture of Forts Clark and Amid a perfect hail-storm of iron a boat leaves the Fort! What can it want! My God! they are bringing the The following communication was written by a young | wounded to the Steamer! What a terrible scene!officer on board of the C. S. Steamer Ellis to send to a Never shall I forget it. They approach. Surely that near relative, and not for the public eye. In seeking blackened face, that body almost covered with blood information to give to the public, he kindly consented cannot be the noble and chivalrous Lieut. Murdoch !-Alas! it is. He had fallen, manfully battling against them by the side of his gun, with words of encouragement upon his lips. After firing three or four very effective shots, which crippled the 'Susquehanna,' and Editor of the Dispatch-Dear Sir :- On Tuesday the | finding they were out of range of our guns, he remarked 27th instant, information reached us that a large fleet to his men,-" Well, boys, we will wait till they come of some 13 war vessels were anchored off Fort Hatteras | up, when we will give it to them again." But he had This was also officially communicated to Lieut. Colorel hardly uttered these words ere an eleven inch shell ex-At 8 o'clock the fleet opened, fire again, the flag ship being anchored as near as the water permitted, and the dispatch to bring up all his available men immediately.

This was also emenany communicated to Lieut. Control ploding close by, sent two or three fragments of shell through his left arm, completely shattering it to pieces, and the dispatch to bring up all his available men immediately. other ships coming gallantly into action. It was evihis command, requested our gallant Captain, W. T. supplied with lint by Mr. Tredwell, one of our officers, Muse, to convey a portion of them up for him, which | who had very thoughtfully provided some for his own our kind captain immediately and courteously granted. use, should he be wounded, and who, during the whole Accordingly the troops, consisting of the " Washington action, behaved, as did all the officers, with the utmost Grays," capt. Sparrow, the " Hertford Light Infantry," | coolness and firmness. He was taken on board the capt. Sharp, the " Morris Guards," capt. Gilliam, and ' Winslow,' and placed under the care of Surgeon Greenthe "Tar River Boys," capt., or rather now, col. John- how of the C. S. Navy, an intelligent and successful

> as a marriage belle. The day which was to realize our ent to the minds of those who witnessed it. On that hopes of a battle had now arrived, and we were all more day many a fireside was made desolate; many a mother than anxious to reach Hatteras, and participate in the and wite made to weep over the sad fate of those who action, and to relieve the devoted band who must, by were nearest and dearest to them, and whose bloody and this time, be bearing the rude shock of war. Who mangled corpses perhaps now lay stark and stiff upon could look upon the brave and determined set of men the blood-stained beach of Hatteras! But such scenes with us and doubt the issue? Everywhere was seen as these are the necessary attendants of war! But those bronzed and manly cheeks; but the Ruler of All full of joy and hope at the prospects of beating the Yankees, cannot now be sueing for peace! Yet it is Proceeding up the Sound, we came up with the little so! Such a continual stream of shell was more than dispatch boat 'M. C. Downing,' just from Hatterss, the gallant little Fort could stand; the Bomb Proof had bringing up the intelligence that the patriotic little band | given away, and every shell now played sad havoc among of 100 men who were at Fort Clark, a little above Fort them; so laying aside their pride they yielded to necessi-Hatteras, after making a desperate resistance, firing ty, and to prevent any more sacrifice of life, had resigntheir last shot, had evacuated the Fort, having previous- ed themselves to months' imprisonment, perhaps in ly rendered the guns useless by spiking and dismounting the loathsome dens of the Toombs! It was truly a huthem, and that the Vandal Horde of the North, led on miliating sight, and one long to be remembered by both by a traiterous Methodist Minister,\* had landed and ta- parties. Every man within that little Fort that day ken possession of the Fort, and now the "Stars and rendered himself a hero. It was, without doubt, one of Stripes" were floating over the time-honored soil of the the greatest fights of the age. To us it was indeed sad Old North State; that Fort Hatteras was still gallant- to see men like Barron and Sharp of the Navy, and like ly fighting, but was in need of men and munitions of Martin, Johnson, Gilliam, Sparrow and Sharp, of the war. The men we could easily supply, but the ammu- Army, obliged to lay down their arms to a set of Northnition we had not. The little steamer then passed ern hirelings. I sincerely hope that every village and ahead after ammunition, and we with beating and anx- hamlet throughout the South, will be fully aroused to a ious hearts eagerly waited the time when we should stern sense of their duty, and immediately put forth cheer our noble companions by our presence. Just their whole efforts to retrieve the sad reverses which we

the following officers on board :- Capt. Sam- time there were 14 hours of incessant firing, curing able and experienced officers, have carefully studied the whole line of our coast with a view to making the best only trace it to rumor. It may be so; and the vilc traitor After finding the Fort had surrendered, and that we