

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY JOURNAL.]

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 1.

A. M. Praver church

the memorialists, which was referred to the com- character.] mittee on Propositions and Grievances.

ered, and on motion of Mr. Jones of Columbus, passage of the bill, the nays and yeas were called, of America, was ordered to be printed and and the bill was rejected by nays 23, yeas 13.

A message from the House proposing to go agreed to.

to whom was referred the communication from certificates, with an allowance of certain fees to suspension of the rules. the Clerk, reported back the same, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Morehead, from the Committee on the Jurecommendation that it do pass.

Mr. Harris of Ratherford, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to whom was referred McNair to strike out the 11th section, Mr. Jenthat part of the Governor's message referring to kins of Warren, addressed the committee in supprivileges in elections, reported back the same, port of the motion. and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

from the joint select committee, relative to the of the Commission, that the Supreme Court of this special order for to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

nance ral land tax, for the year 1861, was laid on the are as follows:

from the committee on Finance The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock Mr. Manly, (by leave.) introduced a bill concerning Attorneys at Law. Referred to the com-

by Rev. Dr. Mason of the Episcopal mittee on Federal relations. [Authorizes the Clerks of the Supreme Coarts to issue Attorney's 2. Resolved, That the sitting of this General Assembly. The journal of yesterday was read and approved. Mr. McLean presented a memorial from Har-nett county, praying for relief from the State, on to practice law in the higher courts of their re-nett county of rasin being taken by the proclamation of the Governor on the 18th 3 anuary. 1866, constitutes and is hereby declare to be one session of the Governor of the General 3. Resolved, That the present session of the General account of rosin being taken by State agents from spective States, and that they are of good moral Assembly be brought to a close on the third day of Feb-

A message was received from the Senate refusing On motion of Mr. Gash, the vote to amend the to concur in the proposition to elect forthwith two the two Houses of the General Assembly on the adjourn-charter of the town of Fayetteville was reconsid-A bill to incorporate the English and American the rules were suspended and the bill was put on Wool and Vine growing, Manufacturing, Mining its third reading. The question ensuing on the and Agricultural Association in the United States

> postponed until 11 o'clock to-morrow. "A bill to protect the culture of the grape and

tees of the University of North Carolina. Not making the stealing of watermelons a larceny, at agreed to. the instance of Mr. Teague. The bill as amended the joint select committee on Railroads. Mr. Wiggins, from the Committee on Finance, passed its 2d reading.

A bill to amend the charter of the Macon Connthe State Treasurer, asking for the right to issue ty Turnpike, passed 2d and 3d readings under a SPECIAL ORDER.

At noon, the House, pursuant to order, resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Rayner diciary, to whom was referred the bill for the re- in the Chair, and proceeded with the consideration lief of landlords, reported back the same with a of the bill concerning Negroes, Indians and persons of color, or of mixed blood.

> The question recurring on the motion of Mr. A. M.

Mr. Jenkins took the position that this was a white man's government, and characterized as er-Mr. Bynum introduced the minority report roncous the intimation thrown out in the report

status of the present session of the General Assem- State had decided that free negroes are citizens. bly, which was ordered to be printed, and made a He undertook to say that no such decision had ever been made. Mr. Howard, from the Judiciary Committee, to Mr. Phillips replied at length. At the close of

whom was referred the bill to prohibit for a limi- his remarks, on motion of Mr. Hoke, the Committed time the distillation of spirituous liquors from tee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to grain, reported that they had considered the same, sit again at noon to-morrow.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE, sold for taxes. Referred to the committee on Fi- an amendment to the first resolution of Mr. Howard, inserting after the word "declared" the A bill to provide for the payment of the Fede- words "and was so intended." The resolutions

table, on second reading, under an adverse report 1. Resolved by this General Assembly, the House of Commons concurring, That the sitting of this General Assembly, which began on the 27th day of November, 1865, and terminated by adjournment on the 18th December, 1865. cons itutes, and is hereby declared andwas so intended to

ruary, 1866 by adjournment, to meet again on the 5th day of February, 1866.

4. Resolved, That the unfinished business depending in ment at the close of the present session, shall be continu-ed over and resumed at the next session, which is to meet at the stock of Expresent tives yesterday is regarded with great out the 5th day of Expresent 1866 as if there had been no the 5th day of Expresent 1866 as if there had been no the 5th day of Expresent tives yesterday is regarded with great out more outified to freedom." adjournment.

NORTH CAROLINA AND ATLANTIC RAILROADS.

A message from the House proposing to go A bin to protect the caused subparas to be issued for a num-forthwith into the election of two additional Tras- other fruits," was amended on its 2d reading by North Carolina and the Atlantic and North Caroli- business classes. They are the practical men of States in an indiscoluble. Union From the construction of witnesses to appear before them in Greens-

Mr. Arendell moved to lay the matter on the table, and gave notice that he would at an early day introduce a bill to consolidate these two Rail- importance as that which elicited Mr. Raymond's structed. roads. The motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Leach, of Davidson, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 2, 1866. The House was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Praver by Rev. Aldert Smedes, D. D., of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The Journal of yesterday was read and ap-

proved Mr. Paschall introduced the following resolution.

which was adopted : Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be in-

tructed to inquire whether any, and what relief, can be rovided by legislative action for guardians and others acting in a fiduciary capacity. from liabilities for lesses arising out of investments in the bonds and other securities of the Confederate States, and of this State, issued Constitutional amendment in the lower House toaring the late war, and that they report by bill or other-

ON CALENDAR.

gration company, passed second and third read-

A bill to enlarge the jurisdiction of Justices of

A bill to punish breaking into a house in the

vised Code, was laid on the table on second read-

Mr. Hoke said he had no interest in the bill,

Mr. McDonald, a resolution, that the committee

to the expediency of amending the existing law.

the Peace, was laid on the table on second read-

ings under a suspension of the rules.

day time, was rejected on second reading.

on the Judiciary.

A bill to incorporate the North Carolina Emi-

OUR NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE. The Moderate Republicans and the President-Oppo-

sition to Rudical Legislation-What the People think of Negro Suffrage-The Mexican Question-Abatement of the Monroe Doctrine Fever-Rumored Early Recognition of the Empire-Amusements of the Colored Population-Concerts and estly confessed his inability to do justice to it, and Lectures-Furious Attack on the President by Fred.

Douglass-State of the Markets, etc.

From Our Own Correspondent.

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New YORK, Jan'y 30, 1866. Henry J. Raymond's speech in the House of insulted in Washington as they were by Andrew mond's Republican friends are not the half-crazed inal, but Andrew Johnson is a greater. Davis fanatics of the Sumner school. They are mostly never deserted his friends, but the same could not they sympathize and work with the opposite fac- President, I should think that a considerable numtion of theorists, yet on questions of such great ber of Brooklynists are in need of being recon-

views yesterday, they may be relied on to support markets. The stocks on hand are unusually heavy the moderate side. It is because the Radicals who and buyers still hold back in anticipation of a dewant to revolutionize the government are such a cline. Cotton is in fair demand, but prices have noisy set that they manage to keep the affairs of declined to 48 (a 50 cents for middling. . The rethe country disturbed. They are constantly making intemperate speeches, proposing mischief. The following quotations for domestic dry goodworking resolutions, or offering descructive amend- may be useful to your mercantile readers : Brown

ments to the constitution, and by these means they succeed in keeping public attention rivited on their conceedings. But they do not represent even | Merrimack, 26; Richmond, 23; Amoskeag, 211 a residual minority of the Republicans of this Arnold, 201; Wamsutta, 181. DeLaines, 25 (a. city, and their course in Congress and elsewhere

is condemned by at least two-thirds of the sound- 54; Stripes, best, 42. There is no change to re 36; Canton Flannels, 471; Ticks, 55 (a. 65: Denims, thinking, intelligent men of the party which they port in the financial market. Stocks of all kindclaim to represent. continue dull and heavy.

Whatever may be the result of the vote on the INPORTANT LETTER FROM GOV. ORR TO THE

cial point of view they are not equal to green- will occupy the places of those, who cannot, will, backs. by energy, soon recover these places, and the coun-There was a large gathering of fanatics at the try will reap the benefits.

Brooklyn Academy of Music last night to hear of This letter of Gov. Orr was carried to Washing-Fred. Douglass's lecture on "Assassination and its ton by a special messenger, who was too late, Lessons." The black orator was introduced by however, to influence the action of the Senate on Tilton, of the Independent, and spoke for two the action of the Freedmen's Bureau bill relating hours on the wrongs and rights of his race. When to the Sea Islands. he came to the first word of his subject, he hon-

The Piedmont Railroad.

then, by way of appeasing the audience he pitched We publish below the report of the Joint Cominto President Johnson a little heavier than Sumner has yet dared to. He went in for universal mittee appointed by the Legislature to inquire insuffrage, and said if Lincoln were alive, he would to the ownership, property, &c., of the above be in favor of it. "But," said Fred., "there is a road : change in Washington now. Had that great, good

The Joint Committee to whom was referred the resolution requiring them to enquire "into the pro Representatives yesterday is regarded with great Johnson, when he told them to go none and no go in said company, which belonged to the Confeder-The House refused to raise a joint select com-mittee to inquire into the necessity of uniting the to be found among the commercial and general be said of Johnson. He deserted the noble, lion-the to be found among the commercial and general be said of Johnson. He deserted the noble, lion-That they caused subport to be issued for a numboro', on the 31st of annihity, 1865.

In consequence of the Legislature being called ogether in the City of Raleigh before the appointed day, they caused the witnesses to be re-sommoned to appear before them in the Schate Cramber on the 25th of the same month, when and where a human of withesses were examined before them: tocumentary cylience was laid before them, apon which they submit the following statements :

The committee find that the Piedmont railroad was chartered by an ordinance of the Convention it this State, ratified the 8th day of February, 862, which ordinance was salichoned by an act of the General Assentbly of the State of Virginia, assed the 27th day of Mar 7, 1862, and authority y said act, given to said Predmont rathroad Company to extend and construct res road according o the provisions of said cuarter, within the limits of Virginia to the tewn of Danville in that State. In regard to the proper owners of said Pi dmont ran bad, your committee fund that the Richanond and Danville ranroad company are the ownrs of 14,840 shares, and individual citizens of North Caronna and Virginia are the owners of 160 scares, in all 15,000 scares, of \$100 each, mak-

ag the sum of \$1,500.000, the capital stock of said leamont company. Pernicious effects of the Freedmen's Bureau-its As to the funds with which the road was built, Officers refuse to Co-operate with the Government. our committee report that it appears from the Governor Orr, of South Carolina, under date of avidence that the road was built exclusively with ands from subscriptions to the capital stock, paid in by the stockholders, and from the current increase and resources of the Richmond and Danville road, and of the Piedmont milroad as soon as it was put to work. That the Richmond and Danville railroad company, to raise the means of which are now out standing against that company

and recommend the following amendments, in sec. 1 and 6 : strike out 15th day of February, and inafter "fined," and insert "or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court." Strike out sec. 4th, and recommend that it do pass.

Mr. Leach, from the Committee to whom was morrow. referred the bill relating to the collection of taxes on distillation of spirituons liquor, reported back the same, and on motion it was laid on the table.

Mr. Arendell offered a resolution requesting that E message be sent to the House, proposing to raise n joint select committee of three on the part of the Senate, and four on the part of the House, whose duty it shall be to prepare and report a bill to consolidate the N. C. Railroad and the Atlantic Railroad, should they deem such consolidation advantageous to the State.

County Court Clerk with a copy of the Revised that it do not pass. Code, (those that have not been heretofore furnished, also those who have had them destroyed by fire,) and on his motion the rules were suspended, and the resolution was adopted with an amendment including all the acts of the General Assembly since the publication of the Revised Code.

Mr. McKay introduced a bill to amend the act of incorporation of the town of Clinton, Sampson lar is to be paid. county. The bill provides for the taxation of certificates granted to dealers in spiritous liquors. Passed its first reading.

the committee on Finance.

names for the appointment of Magistrates of Edge- lished in full.] combe county, which was concurred in.

Also, a bill authorizing certain proceedings against the Cape Fear Navigation Company, which was read first time and referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Cowles, from the committee on Claims, to whom was referred the reslution in behalf of Mr. Drury King, reported back the same with a recommendation that it do pass, and on motion of Mr. Jones of Wake, the rules were suspended, and it passed its final reading.

The bill making provisions for the payment of interest on State bonds, now due, came up, and, on motion, was laid on the table, and made the special order for Saturday at 12 o'clock.

of the Capitol Square, was taken up and passed its of indebtedness, in order to pass the other secseveral readings.

Mr. Leitch offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to consider the provisions of an act concerning the statute of limitations ratified the 10th day of February, 1863, with a view to ascertain whether the same ever had any force or effect, and, if so, whether or not the provisions of the act are yet in force, and if not, to indicate the day when if ceased to operate, and report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

Mr. Gash introduced a bill to prevent persons carrying pistols without a license, which was referred to the committee on finance.

The Senate bill authorizing coupons to be taken in payment for State taxes came up on its second reading, and, on motion of Mr. Berry, was laid on diction to the Supreme Court in certain cases. the table

On motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, transmitting a memorial from the sert ist day of March. In sec. 1st. strike out all Trustees of the University, which was sent to the Senate, with a proposition to print and refer to the Judiciary. the Committee on Finance.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock to-

SENATE. FRIDAY, Feb. 2d, 1866.

Praver by the Rev. A. Smedes, D.D., of the Episcopal Church. Reports from standing committees were submit ted and received as follows:

PENITENTIARY

sitions and Grievances, a bill to establish a Peni- another bill of like nature heretofore refe red and ordered to be printed. Mr. Gash introduced a resolution to furnish each | tentiary and Work Houses, with a recommendation A bill to amend 30th section, 54th Chapter Re-

TAX ON PISTOLS.

By Mr. Bynum from the committee on Finance A bill to incorporate the "English and Ameribill to preven the carrying of Pistols in this State can Wool, and Vine-growing, Manufacturing, without license, asking to be discharged from its Mining and Agricultural Association of the United further consideration, as the bill involves a ques-States of America," was put on its second reading. tion of public policy rather than of finance. The Mr. Henry, of Bertie, moved that the bill be bill proposes to require a licence from the County amended by providing that a majority of the di-Court Clerk to carry a pistol, for which one dol rectors of this corporation shall be resident citizens of North Carolina. Not agreed to, aeys 37;

STATE AND NATIONAL BANKS.

nays 41. By Mr. Leach, of Davidson, from the commit-Mr. Henry, moved to amend by requiring the A message from the House transmitting a mes- tee on Banks and Currency, bill for the relief of Hocation of all of the offices of this corporation, in sage from the Governor, which was referred to the people by authorizing the Banks of the State the State of North Carolina. Not agreed to. to subscribe for stock in the National Banks, re-Mr. Wilson, opposed the passage of the bill Also, a message transmitting three additional commending its passage. [This bill has been pub- He was unwilling to encourage wholesale emigration. He thought such an influx of foreigners would be detrimental to the best interest of the

TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

State. On motion of Mr. Wiggins, a message was sent to the House, proposing to go forthwith into an outher than the desire that all should feel to inelection for two Trustees of the University. The trod ce a strong, reliable laboring element into House subsequently concurred, and an unsucessthe State. There was a general conviction of the ful ballot was had.

FAYETTEVILLE.

be placed upon negroes as a laboring class. The bill, on motion of Mr. Baxter, was referred Mr. Howard moved that the vote by which the Senate, on vesterday, rejected the bill to authorto the committee on the Judiciary. "A bill to repeal an act authorizing the Presiize the Mayor and Commissioners of Fayetteville

dent and Directors of the Literary Fund to elect a to issue certificates of indebtedness and appoint ssessors of taxables, be reconsidered. Treasurer and prescribe his duties," passed its 2d Mr. Howard stated that the friends of the bill

and 3d readings under a suspension of the rules. had made this request of him, not with any in-Mr. Yellowly, (by leave,) introduced "a bill to On motion of Mr. Garner, the rales were sus- tention of again pressing the objectional section amend the charter of the town of Greenville." pended, and the resolution making an appropria- upon the Senate, but in order to strike out that Mr. Russell, "a bill to regulate the pleadings in tion of one hundred dollars for the improvement section which autiorizes the issuing of certificates the courts of law in this State." Referred to the committee on the stay law.

tions to which there is probably no objection. The motion prevailed.

THE UNIVERSITY.

granting time to persons whose land has been sold A message was received from the House trans for taxes in which to redeem the same, as to exmitting a message from the Governor concerning memorial from the Trustees of the University, vears. Adopted. with a proposition to print and refer to the com-A message was received from the Senate, propo mittee on Finance. The Senate concurred. [This sing to raise a joint select committee, to conside interesting paper will be farmshed for publication he expediency of consolidating the North Carolio-morrow. na and the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroads

Bills and resolutions of the following titles were The House refused concurrence, and, on motion introduced and disposed of as follows: of Mr. Manly, a message was sent to the Senate.

proposing to refer the matter to the joint standing SUPREME COURT AND TAX-PAYERS. ommittee on Railroads. By Mr. Morehead: A bill giving original juris Senate, proposing to elect forthwith two Trnstees Referred to the Judiciary.

of the University. [The bill provides 1st: When tax-payers have paid the The names of Hon. D. G. Fowle, Dr. E. Bentax imposed by ordinance of the Convention, or who have refused to answer on oath as prescribed therein, and bow, Col. Yellowley and P. Horton, Esq., were where there is controversies between the Public Treasurer | withdrawn from nomination. and citizens as to property, and also for damages where Mr. Nicks nominated H. M. Waugh, Esq

day, it is morally certain that if that amendment were submitted to the Northern people, it would Mr. Blythe introduced a bill to perpetuate liens be promptly defeated. I make a distinction beupon real estate. Referred to the committee on tween the people and their State Legislators; for

the latter are mostly of that noisy class who secure preferment by stilted declamation. They can make what are called good speeches, and that questionable qualification is usually sufficient to secure them success at the polls on election day-

country.

January 19th, 1866, addressed a long letter to the President, in relation to the Sea Island lands, from which the following extratcts are made:

PRESIDENT.

man lived, loyal black men would not have been

Dullness is still the prevailing feature, of the

ceipts at this port since Sept. 1 are 519,886 bales,

of which 76,478 bales arrived since the 1st inst.-

Sheeting Stock-A, 311; M, 27; O. 25; Pepperell-

E, 28; K, 27; O, 25. Bleached Shirtings: Wann

sutta, 47; Langdon, 40; Redbank, 27, Prints

29; Ginghams, 30; Brown Drills, 32; Gorset Jeans,

In the lower part of the State, scarcely a contract has been or can be made. The delay in carparticularly in the rural districts, where oratory rying out your instructions of last October posi- paying its subscription, issued and sold its bonds, and statesmanship are too often confounded. But | tively, whic 1 has continued from Gen'l Howard's ing, under an adverse report from the committee let the negro franchise question be submitted visit to Captain Ketchum's return, within the past to the amount of \$826,000. The iron superstrucdirectly to the people; give each man a fair oppor- few days, renders the freedmen, as a body, incred- ture was obtained chiefly from several other roads, tunity to examine it for himself, and its defeat ulous of any restoration. They have in many then deemed of less importance-some in Virwould be as certain as its submission. The con- places quietly but firmly refused to accept any ginia and some in this State. The roads A bill to amend Chapter 114 Revised Code [in servative Republicans, and they form an over- terms; but, I regret to say, that within the last in this State, whose iron was thus ob-By Mr. Winstead from the committee on Propo- relation to usury.] Laid on the table, there being whelming majority of that party in this city, are few days they have in some instances resorted to tained are the Atlantic, Tennessee and becoming tired of this interminable talk about the violence-burning down dwellings, destroying Ohio road, running from Charlotte to Statesnegro. They want the political affairs of the coun- bridges, intrenching themselves in their quarters ville, and the Roanoke Valley road running from try settled just as soon as possible, and they stand and refusing either to contract or to give way to Clarksville, Va., to the Raleigh and Gaston road. on the same platform with the President on all those who will. And in these cases, it is proper to The claims of these companies for such iron are questions affecting the interests of the whole say, that the contracts offered them have been ap- secured by a bond for \$100,000 with security

proved by the Unised States authorities as liberal given by the Richmond and Danville railroad In the present unsettled condition of Southern and just. This is not unnatural, for as long as the company, and the Piedmont railroad company, industry, all right-thinking men see the positive freedman has reason to believe that the Govern- to the United States government, upon the recent effect of the exclusion of Southern representatives ment will give him a homestead of forty acres, he return of the Piedmont road by that government, from Congress, and of the agitation of the negro will not voluntarily work for wages. It cannot, I to the Piedmont company. This security is in suffrage question by the Sumner Radicals. The think, be denied that the action of the Freedmen's addition to the recognized liability of the Pied-President has frequently declared in unofficial con- Burean in this State has largely contributed to mont company to any just demands by the ordiversations that the South should be admitted to this unfortuate result. Without entering into the nary remedies in like manner as other individual full representations in Congress at once, and that minute detail of its administration, lam constrained debtors. It furthermore appears to your commither exclusion therefrom by the infernal spirits to say that there is, to my mind, sufficient evi- tee that these claims are in progress of adjustment who engineered the select committee of fifteen, dence of an unwillingness to co-operate cordially by private negotiations between the Richmond and amounts to a positive crime, when viewed in its with the policy of the Government. Certificates Danville railroad company, and the Piedmont political aspect. He would have every Southern of title have been in some cases granted to per- railroad company, and the parties claiming.

representative admitted to-morrow, if he could; sons filling none of the conditions even of Gen. Your committee further reports that by the conbut as he cannot do that, he is determined to do Sherman's order, and have been given to chance curring evidence, personal and documentary, the the next best thing he can for the South. He will visitors to the Islands for lands, not only for them- late Confederate States never held any proprietory give no countenance to any measure designed to selves, but for their friends who had never been ight or interest, to the extent of one cent, nor over place the South in a disadvantageous position as away from their homes in the interior. Great de- claimed any such right or interest in the Piece regards its rightful power and influence. He will lay has been interposed in the execution of the mont road. That in the year 1862 or 1864, the Con-stand between the South and its Radical enemies forms necessary to restoration, and the bureau has, federate States government loaned to the Richmond -not because he loves the South better than any indeed, gone far to defeat the very object of your and Danville railroad company, one million of dolexistence of such necessity, as no reliance could other portion of the country, but because he will orders, for it has decided that where a freedman lars in bonds to aid in paying off its subse ription not sanction what is wrong-and when the time refuses to contract on any terms, however just, aforesaid. That sometime in the latter part of the comes for him to move in that direction, he will that in such case there can be no mutually sat- year 1863, the Richmond and Danville railroad comisfactory arrangement, and his refusal acts as a pany received for interest on these bonds about do it by vetoing such measures as have been framed for the degradation and virtual enslavement of bar to restoration. the sum of \$82,000, which that company

In addition to this, the whole of the Parish of credited to the Confederate States, on account for the Southern people. Let those who complain that Mr. Johnson has been too exacting in his St. Helena, and a great portion of St. Lukes, transportation due said company. That further comprising the body of the estates which, in in- than this no use whatever was made by the said conditions of reconstruction reflect that he is the trinsic value, in their former amount of product, company of the bonds so loaned, the arrangements best friend they have in authority, and rest assurcannot be surpassed by an equal extent of country for said loan having been in fact, some time in ed that he will do what he believes to be right, regardless of the slurs and insults which the Radi- in any State of the Union, have been appropria- the year 1801, cancelled by agreement between the ted by the government under the provisions of parties. The said Confederate bonds are supposed cals have already begun to put upon him.

The people of this city seem to be recovering the direct tax act. These lands are occupied by to have been [lost] in the fire that occurred in Rich-from the lunacy into which they were lately pre freedmen; some under the pretence of allotment; mond on the 3d of April, 1865.

on Finance be instructed to enquire and report as | cipitated by the agitation of the Monroe doctrine, some under pretence of purchase; some under and there is good ground for hope that their re- pretence of General Sherman's order, and most covery will soon be complete. Their convales- under no pretence at all. The Tax Commissioncence is due to a compound of second-sober ers charged with the execution of these acts have tend the term of redemption from one to three thought and Mexican dispatches. The first of manifested these sympathies as the agents of the these ingredients has enabled them to work off the Freadmen's Bureau, and this whole section of preposterous idea that it is the duty of the Gov- country is held out as not a home of the refugees, ernment to supervise the political affairs of the but is a land of promise for every indolent freed- to sundry witnesses examined before the commitwhole American continent, and the second is man in the State.

just beginning to clear their brains of the notion Finally, a bill has been reported to Congress, that Republicanism is the only form of gover a- and is now under discussion, by which the titles ther consideration of the subject ment worth living under. The four leading pa- granted under General Sherman's field orders are pers of this city-the World, Tribune, Times and t, be confirmed for three years. I do not think, Herald-have capable and efficient correspondents therefore, that I am risking either an extreme of in different parts of Mexico, and these writers doubtful opinion when I say that the chief cause keep us well informed on the military and political of all our difficulty, in finding a solution of this ituation in that country. No one can read their question of labor, proceeds from the action of the letters without becoming convinced that the Lib- government encouraging the belief that the sea eral cause is hopeless; and furthermore, that Re- coast region of South Carolina is to be confiscated

publicanism, in its American sense, is not the for the purpose of establishing a system of indeproper form of government for the Mexican peo- pendent colonization for the freedmen. If this is ple. They want a strong hand to control them, to not so, then the interests of this State require that protect their rights, compel obedience to the laws. this impression, so generally prevailing, should be encourage enterprise, foster industry and promote authoritatively denied, and that those who, for the material interests of the whole country. Most purposes of personal interests or of political agitato furnish the Revised Code to Clerks who have of the Northern correspondents now in Mexico tion, are endeavoring to prolong and to exaggerate not been heretofore supplied, and a resolution in went there imbued with all the popular prejudices our present embarrastment, should be deprived of against Maximilian; but notwithstanding, they so effective a means of mischief. Can any reason now admit that Republicanism is a failure there. be found why the planter on the coast, who was They represent the people as being in constant Griven from his home in 1861 or 1862, should now dread of the marauding forces which still carry have his lands appropriated for distribution, while the banner of Juarez, and say that the intelligent his fellow-citizens of the middle or upper districts. and industrial classes are loyal to Maximilian and whose estates have been untouched, whose indusanxious for his recognition by the United States. | try has been undisturbed, but has participated as And indications are not wanting that the Empire | fully and heartily in the war, shall be confirmed will be recognized in Washington. The Havana in possession of his? The policy of which, as a correspondent of the World, writing on the 23d Representative of the State, I complain is the par-

Your committee submit herewith a copy of the order for the restoration of the Piedmont Road, from the Treasury Department of the United States, to the proper officers of the company, made by the Secretary of the Tre sury and approved by the President of the United States, ou the 18th lay of October, 1865, together with the statements ce, as exhibited. With this report your commitee therefore ask to be discharged from the fur-

> Respectfully submitted. A. J. JONES, Charman, JAS. T. MOREHEAD, R. W. ALLISON, R. MURPHY, T. M. SMITH, . Committee.

A NOVEL QUESTION .- Is the proprietor of a pub

THURSDAY, Feb. 1st, 1866. The House was called to order at 10 o'clock. A. M

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Mason, of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved. the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company, passed its several readings under a suspension of further time, until the first day of August, 1866, be allowed Relations. the rules.

Mr. Moore of Chatham, introduced the following resolution :

. Resolved, That this Legislature appoint a special comtug that body that North Carolina has done all demanded at her hands, and she is not admitted yet, and if there is yet more demanded of us for our restoration, to let us know what it is, &c.'

Referred, on motion of Mr. Russell, to the committee on Federal Relations.

ON CALENDER.

Academy, passed its second and third readings under a suspension of the rules.

"A bill to authorize the establishing a Court of arbitration in each county in this State, by the make examination of the condition and manage-Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, in each coun- ment of the A. and C. C. Company.

ty." The committee on the Judiciary had reported adversely to the passage of this bill. After some discussion, in which Messers. Caldwell, Blythe and Crawford urged the adoption of a similar measure, and Mr. Smith of Hertford, supported the views of the committee, the bill was referred, on motion of Mr. Caldwell, to a select committee.

A resolution appropriating \$44,417 00 for the support of the Asylum for the Insane, passed its second and third readings under a suspension of the rules. In the rules.

the University.

the property has been converted, that in all such cases Public Treasurer and the tax-payer or party who claims such property or damages, or from whom such property or damages may be claimed, may make up a case agreed and transfer the same to the Supreme Court, and I the decision shall be against any citizen, the court shall award execution as in other cases. Provided, however,

that an appeal or writ of error to the Supreme Court of The resolution authorizing the Governor o ap- the United States shall be allowed. 2d. In all indictments point commissioners to investigate the affairs of for non-compliance with the twenty-first section of said ordinance, the solicitor for the State, at the suggestion of the Public Treasurer, enter a nolle prosequi. 3d. That

o any tax-payer who may have refused to comply with the provisions of said sections; and such tax-payer may, on or before that day, pay his taxes to such person, who, at the time of payment may be the sheriff, and such

sheriff shall pay the taxes thus collected on or before the mittee to confer with the Governor, and the Governor with ar-t day of October, 1866. 4th. Provides for the payment the President, and the President with Congress, inform- loack by the State of any taxes wrongfully collected, or where the decree is in favor of the citizen.]

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Engrossed resolution from the House making an appropriation for the Lunatic Asylum. Filed. ALBEMARLE AND CHESAPEAKE CANAL COMPANY. From the House engrossed resolution to appoint An engrossed bill to incorporate Salem Female commissioners on the condition of the Albemarle to strike out. and Chesapeake Canal Company. Filed. [Provides for the appointment by the Governor of two, three if he deems necessary, commissioners to

PROTECTION TO THE GROWTH OF FRUIT.

From the House engrossed bill to protect the culture of the grape and other fruits, Filed .--ny, and the injury of any tree, shrub, vine, &c., which has been planted for use or profit, a misdemeanor, punishable with fine or imprisonment, or tended the election of Trustees of the University,

both ; the fine not to exceed \$100, and the im- reported that there had been no election. prisonment three months, and the injury of each

to extend the time for the redemption of lands the status of the present session was adopted, with federates in favor of Jack Ketch.

The House then proceeded to vote viva voce. The following engrossed resolutions had their first reading and were referred, viz:

The House concurred in a message from the

A resolution in favor of Drury King; a resolution relation to the Public Square.

Mr. Hoke introduced a bill to create a State Agent. Referred to the committee on Federal

SPECIAL ORDER.

Pursuant to order, the House, at 12 o'clock M. resolved in the committee of the whole, and resumed consideration of the bill concerning negroes, Indians and persons of color or of mixed blood.

Mr. Ravner was again called to the chair, and the question recurring on the motion of Mr. McNair to strike out the 11th section of the bill. Mr. Jenkins, of Warren, replied at length to the remarks made by Mr. Phillips on yesterday. Mr. McNair followed in support of the motion

Mr. Barnett opposed the motion.

Mr. McKay thought the admission of negro evidence in courts of justice followed, as a necessary consequence to the abolition of slavery.

Mr. Hutchison also opposed the motion. Mr. Phillips again addressed the committee in

reply to Messrs. Jenkins and McNair, and at the close of his remarks the committee rose, reported [Makes the stealing of any fruit in the field larce- progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Monday next.

Mr. Gaines, from the committee that superin-

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock, A.

inst., says that during Secretary Seward's brief tial and unjust confiscation of the property of sojourn there he had a private interview with an small portion of citizens, including a large number a.d-de-camp of the Emperor Maximilian. This of unoffending widows and orphans, to be given in statement has given rise to the surmise that Mr. the same spirit of injustice in which it is taken, to southern rebels, or from lands in the South own-

Seward is paving the way to a recognition of the persons having no claim for special consideration ed by the Government. Empire, and I can assure you that such a course at your hands. The mere introduction of the bill on the part of the Washington Government would for confirming these titles has had an immediate

not be at all distasteful to a very respectable por- and injurious effect. It has checked the energy the United States. tion of our population.

call "a high old time" last night. About three spirit with which the planters were preparing to thousand vari-colored dandies and damsels assem- go to work hopefully and heartily, and stopped at the next fall elections. bled at the Cooper Institute to hear some musical once the investment of all Northern capital which

field, and they were as proud and gay as any col- Southern fields. Now, if the occupation of these men's Bureau. But these men's Bureau. lection of pea-cocks ever seen strutting about a lands in the hands in which Gen. Snerman's order it will cost too much to pay the volunteers of 1861 farm yard. The Black Swan has been starring in placed them is confirmed also, and every day will and '62, equal bouncies with those of a later date. Europe for some time past, and her return to the mike it worse, one of two things will follow-eithland of the contraband was hailed with exaberant er this section of State will nearly be abandoned

delight by the entire winter-colored population .-- to its fate, and its miserable population, dwindling THE FREEDWER'S BIT .. This hell which has pas-She has a very good double voice, and some away from disease, and want and crime, will, after sed the Schate and is now in the House, is meetof the critics were so enchanted by it last a few years of mischievous vagabondage, disappear ing with strong opposition from the press. The night that they immediately wrote long articles in from the land, or by force or fraud they will be New York Sun some to the bill as follows !!

the rules. On motion of Mr. Holderby, a message was sent to the Senate proposing that the two Houses pro-ceed forth with to the election of two Trustees for the University. a thorough discussion by Messrs. Wilson, Howard ingenuity, that he is now anxious to atome for his this city, and the only difficulty in the way at employer, will secure to such freedmen successful and to perpend the is now anxious to atome for his this city. Mr. MeDonald, (by leave,) introduced a bill and Bynum, the minority report in reference to onduct by making drafts upon the late Connotes are very good in their way, but in a finan. ers who can return, and the loreign capital which tional huis nee."

lic house compelled to receive negroes at his table? That is the question. We are informed by a gentleman who came down on the Chattanooga train, Bursday, that the post commandant closed the cating house of Joiner & Co., at Stevenson, Ala., because two negro soldiers were refused admission to dinner at the regular table. Upon their com-Maint, Captain Wartman sent a guard of negro oldiers, stating that if they were not allowned to eat at the regular table, the house would be closed. The landlord refused on the grounds that his customers would leave him; whereapon an order was issued closing the house at once. The proprietors have appealed to higher a duorities .- Nashville Union, 2ith ult.

ALL FOR THE NEGRO. - Mr. Stevens has given notice of a bill to give every emancipated negro a homestead, either from the confiscated estates of

The Committee on Freedmen intend to introduce a bill establishing universal 'suffrage throughout

which was beginning to manifest itself; suspended The Rump Congress has not discovered that The colored element had what the vulgar would the contracts which were in process; arrested the there are any white mer in the United States yet. Perhaps some of them will ascertain that fact at

Twelve millions of dollars is asked for the nenotes from the "Black Swan," alias Miss Green- was beginning to find profitable employment in gro boarding hou e, generally termed the Freed-Richmond Enguirer.