NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE DAILY JOURNAL.]

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 8. The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M. Praver by the Rev. Dr. Mason, of the Episcopal Church. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. Wiggins from the committee on Finance to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of transferring the fund known as the Literary or Common School Fund to the State Treasury, reported back by bill to abolish the office of Superintendent of Common Schools, also that of Treasurer of the Literary fund, and that said fund shall be kept as a 'separate and distinct matter in the Treasury of the State, payable by requisitions from the President of the board of directors of the Literary Fund.

CAPE FEAR NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Mr. Howard from the Judiciary committee, to whom was referred an engrossed resolution, authorizing certain proceedings against the Cape Fear Navigation Company, eported back the same, recommending the passage of a ibstitute accompanying the report.

Mr. Morehead from the same committee to whom was referred the bill entitled an act to legalize certain proceedings of the Provisional Justices for Randolph County, recommending the adoption of the substitute reported. On motion of Mr. Howard, the committee on the Judi-

ciary was enlarged to nine members. Messrs. Carter and McKoy, were designated as the additional members 10 thereof.

A message from the House concurring in the proposisition from the Senate to raise a joint select committee to inquire into the expediency of having the State printing done at the office of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute, and to take into consideration the propriety of transferring certain books, papers, &c., from the office of the Secretary of State to the room lately occupied by the State Geologist ; also transmitting the following resolutions :

A resolution proposing that a joint select committee of Rev. Dr. Curtis, sent to the House by his Excellency, the Governor, in relation to a catalogue of plants of North Carolina, Mc., and report such measures as may be deemed necessary and proper, which was concurred in.

Messrs, Boyd and Williams presented additional names for Justices of the Peace for the counties of Moore and Nash, respectively, which were recommended and sent to the House.

Bills, &c., of the titles following, were introduced, passed their first reading, referred or otherwise disposed of as follows:

RANDOLPH COUNTY.

By Mr. Black, a resolution instructing the Public Treasuper to pay over to the Trustees of the county of Randolph This resolution provides for payment in part of expenses caused by the holding of a court of Over and Terminer in said county.] The resolution was referred to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

A House bill giving further security to widows, for their year's provisions, came up and was referred to the committee on the Judiciary. Mr. Wilson, a bill to incorporate the Rock Island Manu-

facturing Company, in the county of Mecklenburg, which was referred to the committee on Corporations. A House bill to authorize the formation of the English

and American Wool and Vine growing, Manufacturing and Agricultural Association in the United States, was referred to the committee on Corporations; also, a bill to incorporate the Trustees of the General Assembly of the

States have accorded to the negro the right to testify, and had this consequence ensued? Why, he right to testify, and be called upon to bow the knee and submit to the yoke, when like abasement on the part of the Southern States had been attended by no beneficial. Before the BY Mr. Ferebee introduced a bill referring certain resolu-

Mechanic's lien law.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Smedes, of the Episcopal Church.

Sundry reports were made from standing committees.

Mr. Dun introduced a resolution instructing an inquiry

y the Judiciary committee, as to the propriety of enacting

Mr. Smith of Hertford, from the select committee on

Resolved, That the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

The resolution was adopted and the report was ordered

A bill to alter the county line between the counties

Mr. Marler opposed the passage of the bill. The coun

y seat of Mitchell had been removed to the western end

of the county, and the object of this bill was to render that

county seat central by adding to the county of Mitchell ;

portion of Yaneey. The region proposed to be thus added

gned by over two hundred citizens of Mitchell county.

against a bill passed at the last session altering the loca

have the object alleged by the gentleman from Burk. He

did not interfere in the internal affairs of other counties

THE FREEDMEN.

At 11 o'clock A. M., the house resolved itself into com

littee of the whole, on the bill in relation to Negroes

In section 17, Which proposes to rapeal certain laws an

arts of laws in relation to slaves and free negroes, Mr.

ameron proposed to amend by inserting in the 5th line

fter the words "free negroes," the words "except see

107th chapter of the Revised Code, which prohibits slaves

ndians and persons of color, or of mixed blood.

Mr. McAden was called to the chair.

Mitchell and Yancey, was put on its 2d reading.

it after the passage of the bill.

The bill passed its 2d reading.

SINKING FUND.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

FRIDAY Feb. 9, 1866.

had been attended by no beneficial result? Before the tions in favor of the Old Dominion Trading Company, alteration of the constitution by the convention of 1835, free negroes enjoyed the elective franchise, but were not admitted to testify against white persons. That conven-tion disfranchised them of the right of sufface, but did not confer upon them the right to bear witness in courts of instice. If it were interest to which, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, was referred to the Judiciary committee. Messrs, Williams, Bullock, Wilson and McEachern were

granted leave of absence until next Tuesday. On motion of Mr. Jones of Wake, the Senate adjourne courts of justice. If it were impolitic and dany erous to

give them the right to testify then, how much more so until to-morrow at 10 o'clock. depraved and ignorant, violently freed in car midst? If on the score of humanity and natural right they should be allowed to testify, why not also the right to vote and sit on juries? Are gentlemen prepared to grant ither of these boons? The gentleman from Orange had s id, that one verdict in ten thousand would not be changed by their testimony. How then, if their testimony be so worthless, will the negroes be benefitted? Would not per nitting them to testify encourage perjury among both whites and blacks, witnesses and jurors?

If the negroes behaved well during the war-which he would not deny-if when the bug 5-notes of those who were heralded to them as their deliverers sounded in their the Sinking Fund, submitted a detailed report in relation ears, they made no effort to break their fetters, what reato said fund and its management, accompanied by the son was there to fear, as some had argued, that a refusal following resolution. to allow them to testify, would lead them to the commission of wholesale rapine and murder. As to the domand for the ability, faithfulness and integrity with which they for justice. justice and ample protection is already accord-ed to them by our courts. He would not deny the right tain the undiminished confidence of the General Assem-

of victors to dictate terms, but the victors had dems nded no such concession, and to grant it now world be premature and highly impolitic. The gentleman from Orange had elequently alluded to

the dark cloud that had passed over our country, it was to be hoped that we who stand in the track it has desolated, may not witness its return, overshadowing a star once oright, with the sabler hues of negro testimony.

Mr. Luke addressed the committee in favor of the motion to strike out, and cited the journal of the convention of 1835 to show that the free negro, who had never had the right to testify, was disfranchised by that body of the right of suffrage by a vote of 66 yeas to 61 mays. He also noted the remark of Mr. Wilson, of Perquimens, that fifty years experience had established the fact that the newas offered. two on the part of the Senate, and three on the part of gro had not sufficient integrity or intelligence to testify he House, to take into consideration the communication to against white men. In the face of this opinion that no one then essayed to controvert, we were now called upon with swords at our throats and bayonets at our backs, in the name of justice and homenity, to accord to the negro the right to lestify, He demanded that the supporters of the bill should predicate the support they gave it, on the ground of policy alone, and acknowledge their fear that they could not therwise ged rid of the Freedmen's Bureau. He opposed the bill upon principle, and if the citizens of Camden to Mitchell county, was a scope of rough mountain country sparsely inhabited. He had at his room a petition should instruct him to support it, he would at once resign

his seat.

Mr. McDonald said that, after mature reflection, he had determined to vote for the measure, believing it to be tion of the county site of said county. He had received morally right as well as politic. The House had just heard the first chapter of Luke, and he would suggest the propriety of "calling up the mourners," and that a front seat be cleared for that purpose. (Laughter.) Mr. Hyman withdrew his amendment.

and did not recognize the right of others to interfere in Mr. Moore of Martin, moved to amend by adding a promatters which they were uninterested. viso "that in all such cases, the testimony of such witnesses shall be given riva roce in open court, and not in he form of deposition, and that the parties may be admitted to their own oaths.

This amendment was also withdrawn after discussion, with the understanding that it will be hereafter presented in the House.

Mr. Manly addressed the committee. He had, at first thought it were better to say to the negro, "stay where you are at present," "await the development of circurastances." The question had greatly emborrassed him, but tions 54, 55, 56, 57, 58 and 66." [These are sections of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, referred to same a number of considerations had led him to the conclusion committee; also, a resolution for the relief of the Univer- that it is best for us in view of all the circumstances, to and free negroes from bearing arms, and the immigration sity of North Carolina, which was filed; also, a resolution | enact the section into a law. The States South of us, he | of free negroes to this state. The bill proposes their repeal in favor of A. W. Fraps, filed; also, a bill to incorporate said, with the exception, perhaps of South Carolina, had among others, and Mr. Cameron's object was their reten-Received and the second state of the second st to vote to separate our State in policy from those States to which we were bound alike by the ties of affection, misfortune and interest. Besides, if we do not accord protecof his affairs. A bill had already passed one branch of June, A. D., 1865, they shall be deemed to have been lav to render the Freedmen's Bureau a permanent institution and to enlarge its powers. If we refuse to allow such testimony it would be forced upon us. Mr. Allison moved to amend the section by striking out the words "against a white person," and inserting the wood " all," -- thus giving the right to testify "in all controversies." Not agreed to. The question recurring on the motion to strike out the section, a vote was had by tellers, and the House refused the first day of April, A. D., 1866, shall be deemed to be to strike out. Ayes 47, navs 56. Th economittee rose, reported progress, and obtained eave to sit at eleven o'clock A. M., to-morrow. The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., tomorrow.

THE LATEST NEWS TELEGRAPH

Texas State Convention.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Feb. 14. Resolutions were offered in the convention declaring

the secession ordinance of that state null and void, and denying that any state has the right to secede. A mo-

Kentucky Legislature.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 14. The Kentucky legislature has rejected the constitutional

amendment, and passed resolutions asking the removal of the federal troops, the restoration of habeas corpus,

and condeming the freedmen's bureau.

Capt. Semmes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14th, 1866.

Capt. Semmes has been allowed the privilege of exercise

in the yard of the marine barracks. He appears in excel-

have discharged their onerous and responsible duties, re- lent health.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.

o be printed. Mr. Allison rose to a personal explanation. In the re In the senate, Mr. Wilson from the military committee. ort of legislative proceedings in the morning papers, it reported the bill fixing the peace establishment of the negroes, Indians, and persons of color, proposed to allow serve corps of eighteen regiments, which were provided negroes to testity in all controversies. Such was not the purport of the amendment. It only proposed to admit was stated that the amendment he offered, in committee

March 3d.

surport of the amendment. It only proposed to admit The discussion was resumed on the constitutional amendnegro testimony in controversies to which they are parties

ment in regard to representation. The section without such amendment, permitted the negro In the house, Mr. Bingham, from the committe on re

construction, reported an amendment to the constitution to be submitted to the State Legislatures for ratification Mr. Cox introduced a bill for the relief of the sureties of R. White, late sheriff of Perquimans county.

that congress shall have power to make all laws which shall be deemed necessary to secure to the citizens of each State all privileges and immunities properly belonging to

citizens in the several States.

From Texas.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Feb. 13. The market is overstocked, and good are being re shipped to New York. It is reported that three officers of the 9th U.S. colored

regiment have been assassinated in Brownsville recently. Mr. Garland urged the passage of the bill. It did no

Guerrilla to be Hung.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 13.

committed eleven separate murders, has been fixed for per bbl. for family, as in quality.

New York Markets. NEW YORK, Feb. 13. Flour steady. Southern \$8 75 @ \$15 7 bbl. Wheat advanced 1 @ 2 cents. Corn advanced 1 cent. Selling at 77 @ 81 cents. Beef quiet. Pork steady. Mess 283 cents. Lard dull at 154 @ 181 cents. Whiskey dull at 22 cents.

Cotton firm at 45 cents. Sugar and Coffee quiet.

tions as have taken place, but would remark that at the time of closing our report the market is still in rather a drooping condition :

TURPENTINE-During the week just ended the market for this article has ruled exceedingly quiet, and notwithstanding the meagre arrivals the price has declined 30 cts.

on former quotations. At the time of closing our report there seems to be a better enquiry for shipment, and par-cels are taken on arrival at \$4 for yellow dip. The week's transactions reach only 384 bbls. at \$4 for yellow dip, # A. L. PRICE, Surviving Partner

280 fbs. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The unfavorable news from other markets has materially affected this article, and the martion to lay on the table was defeated by a vote of 45 to 38. ket for the past week has been entirely neglected. The quantity offering sale is very light, still buyers show no disposition whatever to operate unless at a material con-cession in price, which sellers are unwilling to submit to.

At the time of making up our report there is a little better feeling among buyers, and 42 bbls, changed hands at 45 cents & gallon for white. Rosin-In this article but very little has been done in the

way of sales during the week just ended. The bulk on mar-ket is of inferior quality, and difficult of sale even at low figures; the supply, however, has been somewhat diminished by shipments. In Common we quote sales of 1683 bbls., as follows43 : bbls. at \$3 25; 157 do. at \$3 75 for mixed; 161 do. at \$3 for strained, and 1317 do. at \$2 50, \$2 60, \$2 75@\$2 80, according to size of bbls .- the market closing dull. In No. 2 we quote sales of only 188 bbls. inferior at \$3 25 to \$3 75 2 bbl. No transactions reported in No. 1, and quotations in table are merely nominal. TAR-Has been in steady demand for shipping purposes throughout the week, and has been readily taken on arrival at former quotation. The receipts and sales foot up 1042 bbls. at \$2 15 % bbl. BEESWAX-Is in moderate demand at 35@37 cents # B. BEEF CATTLE-None has come to market for the past BARRELS-No change in prices, and the market rules quiet. We quote empty spirits turpentine barrels at \$3 25 to \$4 for second hand, and \$4 50 to \$4 75 each for new, as in quantity and quality.

Corron-The market for this article has been materially is earnestly desired. affected by the unfavorable news from abroad since our last review, and has been in a drooping condition throughout the entire week. One or two small lots changed hands

on Friday and Saturday at 40@41 cents for middling, but buyers generally seem to have withdrawn from the market, and on Monday no sales took place. On Tuesday, however, a small lot (9 bales) found sale at 37 cents for middling-being a decline for the week of 3@4 cents .-

There is rather a better feeling in the market to-day (Wednesday) and 38 cents is offered, but holders are asking higher figures.

CORN MEAL-Is scarce, and in demand. Retails at \$1 50 per bushel EGGS-Sell from carts at 25 to 30 cents per dozen.

FEATHERS-Scarce, and in demand. We quote at 70 to 75 cents per lb.

FLOUR-We have nothing new to report in this article. The supply in dealers hands is fully adequate to supply the demand, which is chiefly from consumers, and the sales for the week have been principally in the small way from The execution of Berry, the one-armed guerrilla, who store at \$10.50 to \$11.25 for superfine, and \$11.50 to \$15

GRAIN.-For CORN there has been an active demand since our last review and the stock in dealers' hands is barely sufficient to supply present wants. The receipts comprise only 3000 bushels on Wednesday by a dealer, which has gone into store, and is retailing at \$1 25 @ \$1 30 B bushel, in lots to suit. The market rules firm, and a few car-

LIME-Only a retail demand existing, and the stock i

fully adequate. We quote from store at \$2 25@\$2 50 per

MOLASSES-The market is well supplied with Cuba, and

PEA NUTS-Are in demand, and very few coming to mar-

from store at \$3 25 to \$3 50 per bbl. Sweet sell at \$1 50

POULTRY-Chickens, 30 to 45 cents for live, and 45 to 60

PROVISIONS-N. C. cured BACON is in moderate supply

week, and for inferior quality prices are lower. Prime mill is in request, and sells readily at former quotations. The

sales comprise some 15 @ 18 rafts at extremes ranging

from \$8 to \$15 @ M. for inferior to prime quality. See ta-

Wood-Is in fair supply, and dull of sale. We quote by the boat load at \$2 50 to \$3 50 for pine and ash, and \$3 50

FREIGHTS-Coastwise have ruled dull since our last, but

we have no change to report in prices. We refer to our

table for rates both by steamer and sailing vessel. We

Pine Steam Sawed Lumber-Cargorates-per thou-

sand feet.

EXPORTS

February 14, 1866.

COASTWISE.

pentine, 2,225 do.; rosin, 4,814 do.; tar, 1,449 do.; cotton,

TO PHILADELPHIA-Spirits turpentine, 99 bbls.; rosin,

To Boston,-Spirits turpentine, 22 bbls.; rosin 2,220

do.; tar, 1468 do.; pitch, 100 do.; cotton, 84 bales; pea

FOREIGN.

-Tar. 10 bbls.; rosin, 10 do.; lumber, 40,000

1,152 bales; peanuts, 666 bushels; rough rice, 615 do.

1.038 do.; cotton, 37 bales; peanuts, 18 bushels.

nuts, 158 bush.; lumber, 12,000 feet.

dressed, t & g,

ble for classified figures.

to \$4 \$ cord for oak.

Scantling, assorted

inch Edged Boards,

1] inch Flooring, rough,

do.

selected

11 to 4 inch Boards and Planks,

Ship stuff of sizes and lengths,

Do.

Do.

Deals, 3

phate of Lime, \$65 % ton.

cask

its-the balance has gone into store.

goes would find ready sale at a fair price-say \$1 05 @ \$1 10 @ bushel. ---- OATS-The market is very well suppli-Penelope Dail, ed, and there is only a retail business doing. We quote store price at 80 @ 85 cents, and cargo at 65 cents Pbushel. — FEAS Are in rather better inquiry, and the market rules firmer; there is, however, a fair stock in dealers' hands. We quote Cow at \$1 @ \$1 10 P bushel, by the Court, that the infant child of Buckney Dail, deceased, Heirs at Law of Curtis Dail, dec'd. quantity .---- RICE-Clean is scarce, and sells from store name unknown, one of the defendants in this court, reby the cask at 141 @ 15 cents for Carolina, and 10 @ 11 sides beyond the limits of this state, it is therefore, on mo-cents # 15 for East India. tion, ordered by the court that advertisement be made for s from store as follows: Peruvian Gu- six weeks successively, at the court house, in Kenan GRANO &c -Sell

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF FULTON & PRICE was dissolved on the 15th inst., by the death of Mr. Jas. Fulton, the senior

partner. All debts due by the above late firm, will be liquidated by the surviving partner. All persons indebted to said firm, are requested to make immediate payment,

Dec. 19

of the late firm of Fulton & Price. 69___

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscribers having purchased the entire es-

tablishment of the Wilmington Journal, have asso-

ciated themselves in the publication of said paper,

and in the printing business generally, under the

name and style of ENGELHARD & PRICE.

J. A. ENGELHARD,

A. L. PRICE.

Jan. 15th, 1866.

Appointments-Wilmington District.

	1ST ROUND IN PART.	
	Topsail Circuit, at Union, Januar	y 20 and 21.
"	Wilmington, Front street.	27 and 28.
3	Onslow, at Tabernacle, Feb'y	3 and 4.
	Duplin at Magnolia.	10 and 11.
	Sampson, at Bethel.	17 and 18.
	Bladen and South River Mission, at Beth-	
1	lehem. "	24 and 25.
	Elizabeth, at Elizabethtown, March	
	Wilmington, Fifth st., "	10 and 11.
	The Steward's District meeting will be he	ld January
1	30th, at the Parsonage in Wilmington. A ful	l attendance
	is compathy desired	

L. S. BURKHEAD, P. E.

A Situation Wanted.

A NATIVE OF NORTH CAROLINA, who has formerly been a pupil of W. J. Bingham's, and who has had ten year's experience in teaching a Classical School, desires a situation as Teacher. He can furnish ample testimonials of his competency to instruct. Address

TEACHER, at Nichols' Depot, Marion District, S. C. 109-1aw8t*.

BENNETT, VANPELT & CO.,

23 WHITEHALL STREET, NEW YORK.

SHIPMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, PRO-visions, &c., will be forwarded to us by Messre. Wallace & Southerland, of Wilmington, who will pay revenue tax and other charges. All goods covered by insurance, with or without advices. 2-tf Feb. 15

North Carolina, Duplin County.

Court of Pleas and Quaater Session, January

Term, 1866.

Petition for dower.

2-w6t.

DISTILLATION OF GRAIN.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the Senate resumed the consideration of the unlinished business, to-wit The bill to prohibit for a limited time the distillation of spirituous liquors from grain. Messrs. Pitchford, Harriss of Rutherford, Bogle and Jones of Wake, introduced amendments adverse to the main features of the bill, and several unimportant amendments were made to it, and the question recurring upon the passage of the bill, on motion of Mr. Cowles the yeas and nays were called. Those who voted in the affirmative were :

Aves-Messrs, Aycock, Berry, Black, Blount, Boner, Bullock, Bynum, Covington, Garner, Hall, Harris of Franklin, Keener, Latham, Leitch of Robeson, McEachen, McKoy, McLean, Morehead, Stanford, Williams and Wilson-21.

Those who voted in the negative were : NAVS-Messrs. Arendell, Bogle, Boyd, Carter, Coward, Cowles, Cowper, Eure, Ferebee, Gash, Gorrell, Harris of Rutherford, Isbell Jones of Columbus, Jones of Wake, Leach of Davidson, McCleese, Morgan, Pitchford, Sho-ber, Snead, Tayloe, Whitford, Wiggins and Winstead-25. Mr. Howard asked to be excused from voting. He though the principle of the bill to be unjust, and its friends had not convinced him of the existence of an overruling

necessity for its passage. Leave of absence was granted to Messrs, Hall, Coward

and Avcock until Tuesday next. The resolution introduced by Mr. Wiggns, on yesterday, designating the hour for the meeting of the Senate at 10 o'clock A. M., during the remainder of the session, unless otherwise ordered, was under consideration. When Mr. Morehead moved to adjourn until to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Mr. Howard moved to amend by inserting 10 o'clock .-After much discussion the Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Morehead, until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Feb. 8th. The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M. The journal of yesterday was read and approved. Mr. Gains, from the committee that superintended, on yesterday, the election for one trustee of the University, reported there had been no election.

EHLLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Chandler introduced a bill for the relief of landlords. Mr. Garland, a bill to prevent obstructions to the free passage of fish in Cancy river, in the county of Yancey.

ON CALENDAR.

A bill to establish a ferry on Hiwassee river, was laid on the table on its second reading A resolution in favor of Jacob Siler, agent of the State

for the collection of Cherokee bonds, passed second and third readings.

A bill concerning the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf, and Dumb and the Blind, passed second and third readings. [Appropriates the sum of \$20,000 for the support of the Asylum.]

A bill further suspending the operation of the statute of limitations. Passed third reading.

Mr. Murphy (by leave) introduced a resolution to refer so much of the Governor's message as relates to the Attorney General, to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Waugh introduced the following : Resolved, That the Governor be requested to inform this manufacturers of artificial limbs, or otherwise, he has satisfactory information whether an artificial arm is of any utility, or merely ornamental; also what the artificial arm will cost, and the probable number to be supplied, under the resolution of this General Assembly ratified on the 23rd of January last. The resolution were adopted.

The Speaker presented the resignation of Neill McKay, Esq., Commoner from Harnett, to take effect on Monday next, the 10th inst.

THE EEGRO AND THE JURY BOX.

At twelve o'clock M., the House resolved itself into committee of the whole, to consider the bill concerning Negroes, Indians and persons of color or of mixed blood. Mr. Rayner was called to the chair.

The question recurring on the motion to strike out the eleventh section of the bill, Mr. Dargan addressed the committee. He said this was a question on which the people of North Carolina would hold their representatives o a strict individual responsibility. We had been too prone heretofore to yield to outside pressure and follow the lead of prominent men who were not representatives. The rushing of this bill through the House, in such hot haste was fraught with danger to the rights, liberties and lives of our people. The bill proposed to allow negroes to testify in their own cases. Suppose an unfortunate white

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 9. The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M. Praver by the Rev. Dr. Smedes of the Episcopal Church. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Gash introduced a memorial praying the General Assembly not to levy the usual tax, signed by more than 60 citizens of the county of Buncombe; referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. Wiggins from the committee on Finance to whorn vas referred a communication from the Governor relative o property claimed by the State, particularly Rosin, which s also claimed by individuals; reported they had considered the same and ask to be discharged from its further consideration, and that it be referred to the Judiciary com-

mittee. The reference was made. Mr. Bogle from the committee on the Judiciary to whom vas referred the bill to prevent obstructions being placed in Catawba river to interfere with the passage of fish, reported back the same with a recommendation that it do not pass.

SUPREME COURT BENCH.

vas referred the bill to amend chapter 33d of the Revised lode, reported back the same recommending its passage. [This bill provides for five Judges for the Supreme Court.] By the same, the bill giving further security to widows for a year's provisions, recommending its rejection. Also, a resolution instructing said committee to enquire

nto the expediency of amending the law as to grand jurors, had considered the same and ask to be discharged from its further consideration.

THE HOUR OF MEETING.

The unfinished business being in order, the resolution ntroduced by Mr. Wiggins, providing for the meeting of the Senate at 10 A. M., unless otherwise ordered, was read and adopted.

CHEROKEE INDIANS.

Mr. Keener from the joint select committee to whom was eferred a communication from the Governor relating to the Cherokee Indians, reported back the same by bill auhorizing said Indians to remain in the State ; recommening its passage.

Mr. Carter introduced a resolution authorizing the Sheriff of Beaufort county to collect all arrears of taxes General Assembly, whether from his correspondence with for the year of '59-60 and 61, referred to the Judiciary committee.

INTEREST ON STATE BONDS

On motion of Mr. Howard, the bill introduced by Mr. Berry, providing for the issue of treasury notes to be taken in payment of interest on state bonds now due, was taken Mr. Berry urged strongly the passage of the bill. He egarded it of the first importance to maintain the credit of the state, and believed the bill proposed was the most effective method now presented. No idea was more repuisive to him than repudiation. He regarded the repudiation of the state debt by the convention the most fatal stab

ver given to the credit of the state, and only less fatal in ts consequences than the act of secession. Mr. Howard was opposed to the section by which these

notes were to be exchanged for coupons. They were mainly in the hands of northern capitalists, who would be principally benefitted by the bill. He was utterly opposed o every species of repudiation. He had, in the late conention, with all the ability he possessed, opposed the reoudiation of the war debt-no power on earth could comel him to cast a vote that would tarnish the honor and eputation of the state.

Mr. Carter considered it a most important measure, and begged that it should not be hastily disposed of. He sub- Senate, proposing to raise a committee to examine into mitted various suggestions upon the provisions of the bill, which our space will not allow us to notice particularly. He hoped a vote on the bill would be postponed, as he not fully prepared to act upon it. Mr. Morehead was strongly in favor of the bill; if any one however could submit a better method of meeting the case, he was ready to consider it. Objections had been urged that the notes could not be circulated. He thought lifferently. The people must have a circulation, and he knew nothing better that the legislature could do. The qestion recurring on the second reading of the bill, it was rejected by a vote of 32 to 9.

Mr. Smith of Hertford, moved to amend by substituti the following for the 6th, 7th and 8th sections: Gold 138.

Where persons of color have undertaken to intermarry under any form or ceremony whatever, and shall actuall tion and justice to the negro, Congress would take charge have lived together as man and wife until the first day of Congress and would doubtless soon be passed by the other, fully married: Provided, nevertheless, that where a marrige between either of the parties and another person o olor shall have taken place subsequent to the 26th day of April, A. D., 1865, according to the forms prescribed the Revised Code, chapter sixty-eight, such subsequen marriage shall be deemed the lawful marriage; And pro ided further, that all persons of color who shall have peretofore lived together as man and wife, and shall con tinue to so live together after the passage of this act, unti

wfully married. Where persons of color have heretofore lived together a

man and wife and are desirous of being married accord ing to the provisions of the revised code, chapter sixty ight, the clerk for any county upon demand, shall issue a license, and no tax shall be due, or fee shall be allowed therefor.

my. On motion of Mr. Phillips, this last paragraph wa stricken out.

The question recurring on the amendment as amended Mr. Wilson moved to amend the amendment by substituting the following :

Be it further enacted, That all persons of color who have voluntarily cohabited together in the relation of husband and wife, and still cohabit together in that relation, up to the ratification of this act, shall be deemed to have been lawfully married, although they may not have been mar ried in due form of law. Rejected.

The question recurring on Mr. Smith's amendment. Mr. Faircloth of Wayne, moved to amend it by substitu-

ting as follows : SEC. 6. That all men and women who are persons o color, now voluntarily cohabiting together in the relation of husband and wife, shall be deemed lawfully married as

man and wife, although they may not have been married n due form of law, and their former issue shall be deemed egitimate for all purposes. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall affect the rights or relations of free per-

sons of color heretofore legally married. And all persons Mr. Howard, from the Judiciary committee, to whom whose cohabitation is hereby ratified into a state of marriage, shall go before the clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the county in which they reside, and running for his life. acknowledge the fact of such cohabitation, and the time of ts commencement, and the clerk shall enter the same in a ook kept for that purpose.

SEC. 7. That if any of such persons shall fail to go be fore the Clerk of the County Court and have their marriages recorded before the first of May, 1866, they shall b leemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished at the dis retion of the court, and their failure for each month thereafter shall constitute a separate and distinct offence This amendment was amended on motion of Mr. Phil ips, by striking out in the section numbered 6 from its immencement to the word deemed inclusive, and insert-"That in all cases where men and women, both o one of whom were lately slaves, and are now emancipated, ow cohabit together in the relation of husand and wife, BARRELS, Sp'ts Turp., each, 2nd hand 3 00 @ 4 00 ie parties shall be deemed, etc." The proviso in the same section was also stricken on on motion of Mr. Phillips, and the following was added at the close of the section, "and such entries shall be deem-ANDLES, H 15., ed prima facie evidence of the allegations therein con ained. Sperm. Mr. Faircloth's amendment was further amended, or otion of Mr. Phillips, by adding at its close the following words: "Excepting, however, from the operation of this provision all cases where a marriage shall have taken

place subsequently to the 26th day of April, A. D., 1865 ccording to the forms of law; and provided further, that Il such persons shall have heretofore lived together. Thus adopted, Mr. Faircloth's amendment was amende as a substitute for the one offered by Mr. Smith of Hertford, and then was substituted for the 6th and 7th see ions of the bill. On motion of Mr. Cameron, the 5th section of the bil was amended by providing that when the former masters are suitable persons, the courts in binding out colored ap-

prentices, shall give them the preference over others. The committee then rose, and reported progress. On motion of Mr. Waugh, the bill and amendments were

eferred to the committee on the judiciary, and ordered to be printed. Mr. Hoke introduced by leave "a bill to authorize th

banks of the state to close their business." Mr. Russell, "a bill to secure creditors in certain

On motion of Mr. Faison, a message was sent to the the condition of the public business, with a view to sug-FLOUR. # bbl.. gesting a time for adjournment.

Mr. Caldwell from a select committee

Naval Stores dull.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 13. Flour quiet. Grades firm. Wheat firm. Pennsylvania dull at \$1.35. Corn dull and lower. White 80 cents, yellow 72 cents. Provisions dull but active.

Whiskey dull.

there is only a light demand at present. We quote from wharf at 53@55 cents in hhds., 57 cents in tierces, and 60 Secretary Trenholm has testified that at the downfall of Richmond, the Confederacy had but three hundred and twenty thousand dollars in speis selling at above figures. cie ; that neither Ex-President Davis nor any memket. We quote sales from carts at \$2 to \$2 25 per bushel. of the Cabinet took any of this, but that it was POTATOES-Irish are in fair enquiry for planting pur-poses, and the stock has been nearly worked off. We quote paid out to the soldiers of General Johnston's ar-

to \$2 per bushel, as in quality WANTS A GOOD ONE. - An odd bit of dialogue occents each for dressed. curs in a novel now publishing in a French paper. 'Where is your husband ?" asks a gentlemen. and is rather difficult of sale at present, as there is merely "He went out to buy a cigar," replies the lady. a retail demand. We quote small sales during the week "Has he been gone long ?" "Eighteen years." at 19 @ 20 cents # 15. for hog round. Nothing doing in "He is quite right," remarks the gentlemen, philshoulders, and 18 to 181 cents 21th. for sides .---osophically ; 'the wants to choose a good one.' The market is well supplied and rules dull for both North-

ern and North Carolina. We quote the former at 18 cents. A WISE BURGLAR.—"You bet," is a slang phrase and the latter at 20 conts in bbls. and 22 cents # 15. in in California, signifying strong affirmation. The kegs. — POBK The supply of Northern is small, though lands. Terms made easy. For further particular fully sufficient for the demand, and we hear of only small dress the subscriber, box 139 Wilmington, N. C. ROBERT M

sales from store at prices quoted in our table. A burglar, at midnight, climbed up to a cham-SALT--Nothing of consequence doing, and market very well supplied. We quote from store at \$2 50 @ \$2 75 # ber window, and cautiously opened it. The occupant, chancing to be awake, crept softly to the win- sack for Liverpool ground, and 60 @ 65 cents # bushel for ROBT. M. COX, dow, and, just as the robber's face appeared, pres- Alum. SHINGLES-Are in some enquiry, and only small lots comsed against it the cold, smooth muzzle of a revolving in. We quote common at \$3 to \$4, and contract at \$6 er, with the injunction, "You git." "You bet !" to \$7 79 M., as in quality.

replied the robber, dropping to the ground, and TIMBER-The market has ruled rather quiet for the past

COMMERCIAL. Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current. so It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale price. In filling smal orders, higher rates have to be paid. BEESWAX, 78 15. . . 35 @ 37 [MOLASSES, 78 gallon, BEEF CATTLE, 60 8 00 @12 50 Svrup. 75 # 100 tbs... BRICKS, EM. 18 00 (25 00 NAVAL STORES, Turpentine

Tar, 2 bbl. .. 0 00 @ 2 15 25 Adamantine...25 @ Tar, in order.0 00 @ 2 40 3255 Fitch, do .0 00 @ 6 00 Rosin, pale. 0 00 @ 9 00 OFFEE, 2 1b., do No. 1..7 00 @ 8 50 45 do No. 2..3 73 @ 5 00 Laguayra.... 37 (4) 38 do No. 3. 2 50 @ 3 00 32 St. Domingo...26 @ $\mathbf{28}$ Spirits Turpentine, OTTON, E 15. Ord. to Mid'g. 36 @ 38 NAILS, B B., Strict Mid'g...00 @ 39 Cut Good Mid'g 00 @ 40 Wrought.....00 @ OILS, & gallon, OTTON BAGGING, P yard...... 30 @ Sperm...... 0 00 @ 3 00 32 30 Linseed. 2 00 @ 2 25 Machinery...2 00 @ 2 50 Rope, #16....20 @ 21ORN MEAL, PEA NUTS, B bushel... 1 30 @ 1 35 ...2 00 @ 2 25 H bushel. DOMESTICS, POTATOES, & bush., Sheeting, Fyd. 30 @ 32 Sweet 1 50 @ 2 00 Yarn, # 5 15.3 25 @ 3 50 Irish, # bbl. .3 25 @ 3 50 PROVISIONS, # 15., FEATHERS, # 15..70 @ 75 Fish, ₽ bbl.,

Mullets . .

280 fbs..

Hard.

New Virgin. .0 00 @ 0 00

Yellow dip. . . 0 00 @ 4 00

..... 0 00 @ 0 00

To New ORLEANS .- Tar 760 bbls.; tobacco, 50 boxes. also-coastwise-100 boxes, 10 cases, 37 drums tobacco; 9 bbls. dried fruit; 375 tons old iron; 32 bales sheeting; 25 N. C. Bacon, do. yarn; 285 bales reeds; 103 cases wine; 31 empty kegs; . 0 00 @12 00 Hams......20 @ 2155 do. bbls.; 139 bales rags; 112 bush. flaxseed; 22 packa-Middlings....18 @ Shoulders....18 @ Mac'l, No. 1.00 00 @00 00 19 Mac'l, No. 2.17 00 @00 00 ges merchandise. 19 Hog round. .19 @ Mac'l, No. 3. .0 00 @16 50 20 Her'gs, East.8 00 @10 00 Western Bacon, Dry Cod, 2 15 . . 4 @ 5 Middlings 18 @

To HAVANA-Tar, 40 bbls.; pitch, 20 do.; lumber. 108,-050 feet. Shoulders 16 @ 17 ZAS-Tar, 25 bbls.; pitch, 10 do.; lumber, 260-,

the second s

ana, \$110 @ \$115; Pacific do., \$85; E. F. Coe's Superphos- and at three other places in Dupiin county, and also in the Wilmington Journal, notifying the said defendant of HAY-The receipts for the past two or three weeks have the filing of this petition, and that unless he appear at the been confined to small lots, and in consequence the supply | next term of this court, and answer the petition, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to him. J. D. SOUTHERLAND, Clerk. on market has become rather light. There is a fair enquiry from dealers, and parcels find ready sale on arrival at fair prices. About 200 bales Northern received for the Feb. 15. week, of which 100 bales sold from wharf at \$1 20 per 100

Feb 15

Jan. 31

articles

Feb. 10.

-LARD-

\$35 00 @

45 00 @

45 00 @

40 00 @

38 00 @ 40 00

50 00 @ 70 00

40 00 @ 45 00

35 00 @ 40 00

Jan. 5.

FOR SALE.

OFFER FOR SALE A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, in the county of Wilson, on the waters of Black creek, twelve miles from the county site, (Wilson,) and four miles from Black Creek Station, Wilmingtou & Weldon railroad containing about 800 acres, heavily timbered with oak and cents per gallon in bbls. A cargo of 321 hhds., 25 tierces, and 12 bbls. was received from Cardenas on Monday, and is selling at above figures as any in that section of country, there being a great quantity of marl convenient to the farm, with about 200 acres of ridge land to clear, which would produce corn, peas, cotton and potatoes, finely. There is eight thousand urpentine boxes, from 8 to 10 feeet high, seven thousand eighteen inches high, and in a good neighborhood for a urpentine still, or store. Also, upon the premises, one of the best mill sites in the eastern part of the state, on the run of Black creek, sufficient to run two corn, one wheat and saw mill, where-it is said, by the old men of the neighborhood-there has been a mill for fifty years or

more, till during the war it was burnt. The improvements are ordinary; three or four plank houses, with brick chim-Western, and quotations are nominal at 16 to 17 cents for neys, at different places on the farm; and other houses sufficient for 18 or 20 hands.

It is a rare chance for an investment. If any person should wish to view the premises, please call on Mr. Silas Lucas, who will take pleasure in showing them over the lands. Terms made easy. For further particulars, ad-

ROBERT M. COX. 2-w1m

A. R. DAVIS.

105-1m*

COX & DAVIS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 2 North Water Street,

Wilmington, N. O.

Consignments of every description promptly attended

NOTICE. A T THE COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SES-SIONS of New Hanover County, December term, 1500. I qualified as Executor to the last will and tes-

learn that a schooner was taken up a few days since to load for Wilmington, Del., at \$12 \$M. on timber. ment of John W. Taylor, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to his estate, to make imnediate payment. All those who have claims against the leceased, to present them duly authenticated for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be

pleaded in bar of their recovery. OWEN FENNELL, Ex'r. Feb. 10. 114-w4td6t*

Received at J. D. Love'S Book Store,

No. 22 MARKET STREET,

(SOUTH SIDE OF THE MARKET,)

From the Port of Wilmington, N. C., for the Week ending THE FOLLOWING SCHOOL BOOKS-

Andrew's and Stoddart's Latin Grammar, Bullion's 10., Andrew's Latin Lexicon, Lessons, Reader, Exercises, Caesar, Sallust, Bullion's Reader, &c., Bullion's English To NEW YORK-Spirits turpentine, 596 bbls.; crude tur- Grammar, Toner's do., Saunders Series of Readers, National do., Webster's Spelling Book, Academic and School Dictionaries, Emerson, Greenleaf, Davies and Pike's Arithmetics, Monteith's 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Geography, Youth's History, Wilson's United States, Scholars Companion, &c. &c.

SCHOOL & OFFICE STATIONERY.

Religious-Bibles, English, German and French; Testanents and Psalms, Prayer Books, Psalms and Hymns, and selections, Psalmist, Methodist Hymns.,

MISCELLANEOUS AND STANDARD WORKS.

Shakspeare, Milton, Bunyan, Moore, Burns, Scott, Byon, Cariyle, Tennyson, Braddon, Annuals, Novels, Noveetts and a variety of fancy articles usually found in Book stores. On the arrival of the steamer Fairbanks, will be received, a number of New Publications and an assortment of Blank Books, Portfolios, writing Desks and other

114-2-d1w-w2t

in sudden conflict with a party of negores, happen to kill one, who could doubt that the bias of the negro witnesses-their sympathy for their fellows would rejudice the white man and lead to judicial murder .--There had been no expression of popular opinion upon the subject, and the action proposed was premature. He should never assent to the grant of such franchise until the negro is educated and christianized, although no one had kindlier feelings towards that unfortunate race than he. He had owned many, had never punished one; on the contrary, he had been only too indulgent. It was now proposed that the negro-a creature swayed by impulse and passion-who was influenced more by stomach than intellect -to whom the proffer of a hog-jowl was an irre-sistable argument, should be licensed to swear against the lives and property of white men. We had no reason to believe that the concession of this franchise would lead to the removal of the freedmen's bureau, and argued at length, to show that the passage of the bill would lead to a demand for negro suffrage, and might ultimately result in negro equality. Mr. D. adverted to the worthlessness of negro testimony-and his proneness to perjury. The negroe's sole idea of freedom, was, that it meant every right and immunity that white men enjoy. Thriftless, improvident, depraved and illiterate; the sounds of their fiddles might be heard at night in the various chebangs of the city. Such were the creatures it was proposed to admit to the witness-box.

Mr. Hyman moved to amend the bill by adding to the until the military are withdrawn from the State.

and should now be given the protection of the courts. They had acted well during the war, and proven true gen-

erally to their owners, and in the name of common humanity-in the name of justice, they were entitled now to this boon

He had, with a clear conscience, enlisted heartily in the southern cause. He had been present when the last gun trbute to the patriotic bearing of President Johnson, whom he characterized as the great breakwater between us ad the sweeping agrarianism of the Red Republicans of the North-a party that found its most fitting prototype in the Jacobins of France. He appealed to the committee to give to the president all the moral support in this contest which the passage of this bill would give him. Mr. Everett said that the subject should be met calmly and dispassionately. We should ask the question whether the concession of this franchise will ultimately benefit either the negro or the white man? It has been argued that the concession would lead to a removal of the Freedmen's

USURY LAWS.

Mr. Bynum introduced a bill to establish the rates of in terest, allowing 8 per cent. interest on money loaned, which was referred to the committee on the judiciary. A message from the house transmitting the following at least damages to the value thereof, but by a rule engrossed bill, resolution, &c., which were read and re- in law, before he could proceed to attempt to re ferred as follows, viz:

A bill for the further suspension of the operation of the statute of limitation, which was referred to the judiciary sale, which he attempted to do, intending in the committee.

Additional names for justices of the peace for the counies of Harnett and Alexander concurred in. A resolution in favor of Jacob Siler ; read and passed.

COMPTROLLER.

A communication from the state comptroller, giving informatinn in regard to the duties of said office, showing to "consider himself under arrest." Of course the that the amount of labor has increased immensely, and that governor said no more, and the sale went on the salary of said officer is much smaller than formerly eleventh section a proviso, that it shall not go into effect allowed, also that every state in the United States except North Carolina fixed the salary of comptroller at a sum Mr. Hyman said he was opposed to striking out the sec- equal to that of treasurer or greater. The duties of the people declining to bid on the others. Late in tion. It was time for North Carolina to act. Other States office demand the services of a clerk, who should be paid evening the governor was notified that in consesouth had acted already. The negro was entitled to our a salary at least of \$1000. On motion of Mr. Ferebee it sympathy. They no longer had the protection of masters was sent to the House, with a proposition to refer to the joint committee of conference on this subject.

bill to amend an act, entitled An Act to incorporate the This he did.-Greensboro' Patriot. Western North Carolina railroad company. [The bill provides that the state shall pay to the road its subscription whenever, under the terms of the charter it becomes intas fired, but the cause had failed, and victors had the debted to it, \$20,000, instead of \$50,000, as is now pro-tight to prescribe their terms. Mr. H. here paid a high vided.] Messre. Morehead and Pitchford opposed, and Bynum and Jones of Columbus, favored its passage. Mr. Jones of Columbus, offered the following amend-

ment, which was adopted, viz : ment of one instalment of \$20,000, and shall be appropria- generous ; and wish you to understand that I deted to the repair of the road."

The question recurring on its passage, was put and de-cided in the negative-yeas 16, nays 23. The yeas and nays were ordered on motion of Mr. Cowper.

TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

SING W 19942. HARMEN A. BERNIN AND AND

Message from the House, proposing to raise a joint se-Bureau-was in fact a prerequisite to its removal. Other lect committee to examine into the business necessary to to use the franking privilege.

tute for the bill to authorize the establishment of courts of arbitration in the several counties of the State. Passed 1st reading.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to morrow.

THE "ARREST" OF GOV. MOREHEAD. - Many erroneous statements having been in circulation in regard to the arrest of Gov. Morehead, at the late government sale in this town, it may not be amiss to give a true account of the matter, as we understand it. The governor claimed the property, or cover damage it was his duty to protest against the

same connection to make a proposition to which no one could take exceptions, and which would not interfere in the least with the sale. But he was not allowed to proceed far with his proposition until he was told by the officer conducting the sale though we believe that but one or two of the buildings on Governor Morehead's land were sold, the

quence of his age and the inclemency of the weather he would not be required to go to Raleigh that night, if he would give his sacred word of WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA R. R. The Speaker announced the special order, to-wit: The honor to be in readiness to go there when required

NOBODY MUST GIVE WHO CAN'T PAY HIS DEBTS -A shrewd preacher, after an eloquent charity sermon, said to his hearers : "I am afraid, from the sympathy displayed in your countenances, that some of you may give too much. I caution you, "Provided, That this act shall extend only to the pay- therefore, that you should be just before you are produce has been materially affected by

> advices from both home and foreign mar sire no one who cannot pay his debts to put anything in the plate." The collection was a rare of nearly all kinds have declined somewhat tations. The stringency in money matte one. the effect to prevent buyers from operatin

> > - W.R. WERNELL, M. D. MARK

MRS. LINCOLN has been authorized by congress ing the decline in prices, and the transaction have been unusually light. Below we giv

FLOUR, # bbl.,	Shoulders16 @ 17	To MATANZAS-Tar, 25
Family11 25 @15 00	Lard	550 feet.
Superfine. 10 00 @11 00	Butter 40 @ 45	To HAYTI-Tar, 10 bh
Fine	Cheese	To HAIII-IAF, TO DE
Cross0 00 @ 8 00	PORK, Northern, B B.,	feet ; shingles, 200,000.
GLUE, P B 18 @ 25	City Mess32 00 @34 00	
GUNNY BAGS00 @ 40	Clear Mess.00 00 @00 00	Rate
GUANO, Peruvian,	Bptt00 00 @00 00	Rate
Per ton110 00 @115 00	Beef, Mess00 00 @00 00	
LAND PLASTER,	SALT,	10 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
🔁 ton	Alum, 2 bush.0 60 @ 65	and the second
GRAIN, B bushel,	Liverpool, # sack, ground,	TO NEW YORK.
Corn 0 00 @ 1 15	cargo 2 00 @ 2 25	Crude Turpentine and Tar
Oats	from store.2 50 @ 2 75	Spirits Turpentine,
Peas, Cow1 00 @ 1 10	SUGAR, P 1b.,	Rosin,
Rice, rough 2 50 @ 3 00	Porto Rico 15 @ 16	Cotton,
Rice, E. I., #10 @ 11	Muscovado161@ 18	Cotton Goods and Yarns,
HIDES, & D.,	L'fand crush'd.22 @ 23	Flaxseed,] Pea Nuts,
Green	C. Yellow17 @ 171	TO PHILADELPHIA
Dry 10 @ 15	Granulated00 @ 22	Crude Turpentine and Tar,
HAY, # 100 Bs.,	SOAP, # 15 12 @ 15	Spirits Turpentine,
Eastern 1 25 @ 1 30	SHINGLES, P M.,	Rosin,
North River 1 15 @ 1 20	Contract 5 00 @ 7 00	Cotton,
IRON, # 15.,	Common 3 00 @ 4 00	Cotton Goods and Yarns
English, ass'd. 0 @ 00	STAVES, & M.,	Flaxseed,
American, ref 0 @ 00	W.O. bbl00 00 @00 00	Pea Nuts,
American, sheer.0 @ 00	R. O. hhd 00 00 @20 00	Crude Turpentine and Tar,
Swede0 @ 00	Ash head'g. 0 00 @00 00	Spirits Turpentine,
LIME, @ bbl0 00 @ 0 00	Тімвев, 🤁 М.,	Rosin,
from store2 25 @ 2 50	Shipping18 00 @19 00	Cotton,
LUMBER, & M., (River,)	Mill, prime.13 00 @15 00	Pea Nuts,]
Fl'r Boards . 30 00 @35 00	Mill Fair10 00 @12 00	To Boston.
Wide do .20 00 @25 00	Mill, inferior to	Crude Turpentine and Tar,
Scantling20 00 @25 00	ordinary . 8 00 @10 00	Spirits Turpentine,
LIQUORS, & gal., (domestic,)	TALLOW, # 1 8 @ 10	Cotton,
Whiskey,	Товассо, 🗃 в.,	Pea Nuts,I
Bourbon 2 25 @ 5 00	Navy 25 @ 35	
N. E. Rum. 3 00 @ 4 00	Medium	
Gin 4 00 @ 7 00	Fine00 @ 60	WILMINGTO
Brandy4 00 @ 9 00	Wool, # 100 @ 0 00	CORRECTED FOR THE JOI
	the second se	B
REVIEW OF THE WILM	INGTON MARKETS FOR	Gold
ICEVIEW OF THE WILLS	AND A DA MARKETSFUR	Silver
THE WEEK ENDING	THURSDAY, FEBRUA-	U. S. 7-30
		Exchange on New York,
RY 14, 1866.		Coupons of N. C. Old Si
		N. C. niv non cont Bond

Cross0 00 @ 8 00 PORK, Northern, # 1b., feet; shingles, 200,000.			N THE STOCK	
GLUE, P 1518 25 City Mess32 00 @34 00 GUNNY BAGS00 40 Clear Mess.00 00 @00 00 GUANO, Peruvian, Bptt00 00 @00 00	Rates of Freight.			Whiskey Still.
Per ton110 00 @115 00 LAND PLASTER, # ton00 00 Beef, Mess00 00 @00 00 SALT, Alum, Pbush.0 60 @ 65	n" 	Per Steamer.	Per Sailing Vessel,	V 125 gallons capacity. For sale by SHACKELFORD, HAAS & CO. 113-d&w2w
GRAIN, @ bushel, Liverpool, @ sack, ground, Corn000 @ 1 15 cargo200 @ 2 25 Oats65 @ 70 from store.2 50 @ 2 75 Peas, Cow100 @ 1 10 SUGAB, @ lb., Rice, rough.2 50 @ 3 00 Porto Rico15 @ 16 Muscovado162@ 18 L'fand crush'd.22 @ 23	TO NEW YORK. Crude Turpentine and Tar, per bbl. Spirits Turpentine,	0 00 @ 1 50 0 70 @ 75 % @ 0	\$ 00 @ \$0 60 0 00 @ 90 00 @ 55 00 @ 34 00 @ 00 00 @ 15 10 @ 00	Tobacco. 50 BOXES AND 100 CADDIES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO. For sale by SHACKELFORD, HAAS & CO. 113-d&w2w
Green $4\frac{1}{2}$ 5Dry1015Hay, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 bs.,15Eastern125130North River15120IRon, $\frac{1}{2}$ b.,120IRon, $\frac{1}{2}$ b.,0American, ref.00000Swede000	To PHILADELPHIA. Crude Turpentine and Tar, per bbl. Spirits Turpentine,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 00 @ 1 25 75 @ 1 00 00 @ 00	I. B. SOUTHERLAND, WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, OFFICE NO. 24 NORTH WATER STREET, (Wharves and Warehouses foot of Walnut St.,) WILMINGTON, N. C. So Will give prompt personal attention to all consign- ments of Naval Stores, Cotton, Spririts Turpentine, Rosin, Tar, Provisions, &c., &c., either for sale or shipment. Also, to forwarding Merchandize, &c. Feb 8 w-1-tf SHACKELFORD, HAAS & CO.,
N. E. Rum. 3 00 @ 4 00 Gin	Silver 1.30 U. S. 7-30 1.30 Exchange on New York,		SON, BROKEB. 1.35 1.30 	BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION, NAVAL STORES, COTTON, LUMBER, COTTON YARNS, & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &