THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

VILMINGTON, N. C., FEBRUARY 22, 1866

OUR EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE. -

The State of Business before the Legislature-The Freedmen's Code-Revenue and Militia Bills-The Public Debt and the Banks-The Negro and the ges received last might, that mass meetings are already Jury Box-Railroad Passengers to be Tured-" City of Wilmington "-Outlines of the Bill introduced in the Legislature to incorporate Wilmington in progress, as we learn from the papers of that city, to as a City, de., de.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 15th, 1866.

Although all the important matters are yet to restless and already express desire to end the sesdid not concur.

None of the bills reported by the commission on ciary committee, and is now on the calendar, with a favorable report also from that committee.

good.

or the first of next week. The bill will propose February? to tax railroad passengers one-tenth of one cent per mile, as a new source of revenue.

of Wilmington, provides for a city government, press in this state, and out of it, about the formato be divided into four wards, as follows : The tion of a "new political party in North Carolina," first to include that part of the city which is all growing out of the fact that Gen. T. L. Clingwhich is north of the middle of Market street and Holden.

street. There shall be a Mayor and eight Alder- intercourse has had any such object as the formamen, one-half of the Aldermen to be elected every tion of a new political party, we regard as simply year-the elections to be held on the Thursday nonsense and utterly untrue.

las, Montana and Virginia delegations, receives six per cent. interest payable in gold, is considered a gold the approbation and will command the cordial basis or coual to it. By the way, the more we reflect upon it, the more we are convinced of the fradibility and success of the plan : B Y support of all patriots in the impending struggle and as the whole state is deeply interested in this matter we chall be gled it our cotemporaries would give our riews ventillation, that the matter may be discussed. which must very shocing bestorced upon the country by the radicals. In evidence of the earnestness of this sentiment Spicy.

we copy the subjoined extract from the National We have been gluncing over a reply of senstor Cow an of Penn., to Wilson of Massachusetts, delivered Intelligencer of the 14th. We observe with great pleasure, in our country exchan- in the United States senate, on the 20th January last. The subject under discussion was the freed-

ing and the bayonet thrusting, and the work going on,

distinction of party, to endorse the position of the Presi- man's bureau bill. Mr. Cowan, in the course of his remarks, said; is fully justified in maintaining the suspension of the writ dent upon the proposed revolutionary measures of the radical faction in congress. In New York, a movement is 'I am not very much in the habit of relating inthe same end, and a great demonstration is expected. In cidents, but I will state one for the benefit of the Washington, the dissatisfaction of moderate republicans, including large numbers of influential visitors, will un-tsenator. Somebody was talking about him and has been published in one of the evening papers for a mass his society the other day, and stated they had the ground that it is unconstitutional, and the appoint-'negro on the brain." Some one standing by

meeting, regardless of all previous party names or assobe acted upon, members are beginning to get ciations, simply to enderse Andrew Johnson. This movesaid, "well, that may be, but they have not much ment, we understand though participated in by democrats, was first suggested by a distinguished republican memrain on the nearo. sion. A proposition has already been adopted in ber of the house. We hope no inopportune prominence of party names will be suffered to frustrate the obvious In continuation Mr. Cowan said the house, proposing to raise a joint committee desire of the conservative, but advanced adherents of And a word now as to his course and mine upon this upon the question of adjournment, but the senate the President's exalted policy in our midst from a public floor. I tell him to-day that he and his set were really-I expression. We commend the following timely and sendo not say they intended it-the allies of the rebelliou they were its main support and strength ; and when Jefsible remarks of a New York paper :

There is one point to which the attention of sensible, ferson Davis comes to make his dying confession, if I thinking, patriotic men should be directed just now with should chance to be at his elbow, I should want him, in freedmen have, yet been acted upon. The revenue great seriousness. It is summed up in a single sentence. that last moment, when the truth comes to be told, to tell and militia bills are unreported, and nothing has It makes no difference now to which party the President who it was that gathered the whole south to a man around the standard of rebellion; who it was that down yet been done in reference to the public debt, and his course is such as to be called democratic or what .--there infused the bitterness into that fight which characgreat danger is, that republicans will fail to support terized it from oud to end ; who it was that enabled that coupons now due, or in regard to the banks of the him for fear of being called democrats, and democrats for state. The bill giving the negro the right to testhe world never saw the like of it, and I will tell you who should at once be abandoned. The policy of the Presihe will say it was. He will tell you that when he started state. The bill giving the negro do have negro to have have a solution, which was adopted, in-tify, after having been debated in the committee tify, after having been debated in the committee of the whole house for nearly two weeks, and fa-vorably reported upon, was referred to the judi-vorably reported upon, was referred to the judithat, when we had the cannon roaring and the sabre clash-

Citizens of Wilmington, let us follow the example and meet on the 22d of February, in mass

could not keep its tongue, and must be making the people Notwithstanding this, many members regard it meeting, and pledge ourselves to stand by him of the south believe that the war, instead of being for the doubtful as to its fate in that body. The general who has so emphatically pledged himself to up- What then? If we had friends at the outstart of the struggle, we lost them then. impression, however, is that it will pass the com- hold the best interests of the country, against all Now, M1. President, I ask again, who fought the bat mons, while the chances in the senate are not so comers. In sectiment we are all with him, let us the? I tell him that it was the army of the United States be so in action Will you anthorize us to call that killed the Percy. It was the army of the United States that met this Rotspur of the rebellion, while the

The revenue bill will be reported the last of this a meeting, for the objects set forth, for the 22d of anti-slavery society was down upon the field of battle look-ing out from under its shield and claiming the constitu-

Formation of Parties.

Col. Cowan's bill to incorporate the inhabitants There is some speculation among the newspaper spur on his back, carrying him out and pretending that he killed him. [Laughter.] And almost every one of them is saying, " If your father will do me any honor so : if not, let him kill the next Percy himself. I look to be either earl or duke." That is the language of this party after the battle is over and the victory won. By the by, they do not give us the same assurance that fat John did, north of the middle of Market street and east of man has recently spent some time in Raleigh, and for said he, "If I do grow great, I'll grow less; for I'll day, to inquire into the condition of Tennessee, and whethnorth of the middle of Market street and east of man has recently spent source time in through, and have sack, and live cleanly as a nobleman the middle of Third street : The second, that part it is alledged has been frequently closeted with Mr. purge, and leave sack, and live cleanly as a nobleman should do." But, Mr. President, instead of when growing great, growing less, they are swollen to such enormous

The Veto.

The telegraph in yesterday's paper brings to us

fugees exist ; and the expenses of these agents, of

course, were to be defrayed by the general govern-

dollars yearly to the national debt, and would have

been obliged to be met by an additional increase

of taxes to be levied upon the people. We of the

south find difficulty enough now, in paying the

taxes which are absolutely required to carry on the

governmen |. without any addition thereto, for the

purposes of aiding false philanthrophy. If con-

are not.

west of the middle of Third street : The third, that Now, Mr. Clingman and Mr. Holden are both suppose they have acchieved that they are now well night the rights of this body to the usurpation of another powerpart which is south of the middle of Market street ambitious and aspiring men, neither "disposed to to bursting. The honorable senator says they are going Much excitement prevailed during the proceedings. He part which is south of the middle of Market street amountous and aspiring men, neither disposed to on; yes, and let everybody get out of the road. That may and west of the middle of Third street, and the lie in cold obstruction, and to rot," (although we do for people who can be frightened; but that party has demanded the vote on the previous question. Motions to and west of the initial of initial street, and the have heard it profanely suggested that the ex-Market street and east of the middle of Third provisional was "too dead to skin,") but that their undertakes to meet a man's argument except by ridicule weak man always uses against a stronger.



WASRINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19. The House of Representatives, to-day, by a large ma-jority, passed resolutions declaring that the rebellion where no sheriffs or other officer was qualified under the had deprived the people of the South of all civil govern- revenue ordinance of the convention. [Provides that the present sheriffs shall collect, and make return thereof at ment : that it becomes the duty of Congress to enable such time as may be prescribed for at the next regular rethem to organize State governments; that the President [turn of taxes.]

of hubeas corpus and in keeping troops in the South for

the protection of Union citizens and freedmen. SENATE .- The president sent in his veto message to-day. ment of agents in every county where freedman and refugees exist, would impose too much patronage in the hands of the executive, and enable him to use it for the at-

tainment of political ends if he so felt disposed. The president expresses the earnest hope that a question so important to the country will not become a law. unless upon deliberate consideration by the people, it

should receive the sanction of an enlightened judgment. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.

SENATE. - Mr. Wall offered a resolution to amend the constitution by rendering the president inelligible to an weak people to make such a tremendous struggle as that to the president, who, he said, had developed a policy agreeable to every enemy of the country.

Mr. Wilson offered a resolution, which was adopted, in-Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, read a long argument in oppoof the president.

Mr. Trumbull followed in opposition to the veto.

passage of the bill over the veto. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES .- Mr. Stevens, from the com-

tution and the laws. But now, sir, now after the victory ing that no senator or representative shall be admitted to is achieved, after the battle is won, you will never meet a either branch of congress, from the late rebellious states, until congress shall have declared such states entitled to member of the anti-slavery society who has not this Hot-

port from the restoration committee, declaring the state

er the state was entitled to representation, but since then there has been a change, and it is wholly out of the power

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Mr. Jones of Columbus, introduced the following resoution, which was adopted

Resolved, That a message be sent to the house of com-SENATE .- The president sent in his veto message to-day, mons, proposing to raise a joint select committee of two to the amendments of the freedmen's bureau bill. He takes on the part of the senate, and three on the part of the nonse, to inquire whether any modification or additional legislation is necessary, as to a supply of limbs to soldiere, who lost their limbs in the military service of the state, and that the committee report by bill or otherwise. [The object of the resolution is to apply the act passed at the present session to all soldiers, and not merely to such as

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

obunteered.] Messrs, Jones of Columbus, and McKov, were appointed the senate branch of the committee,

HIGH SHOAL RAILROAD.

On motion of Mr: Bynam, the vote by which the senate passed on yesterday the bill to charter "The High Shoal Railroad Company" was reconsidered, as well as the vote by which they adopted the amendment requiring the gauge passed its third reading and was ordered to be enrolled. to be the same as the Wilmington, Charlotte and Ruther ford Railroad, as with the amendment stricken out, the bill election for the second term, and supported the meas- was again passed, and transmitted to the house for conure in a speech, alluding to the same in caustic terms amendment, and the bill was ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Gash's bill to prevent the carrying of pistols without license was rejected.

OLD DOMINION TRADING COMPANY. Mr. Ferebee's bill confirming certain resolutions in favor of the old Dominion Trading Company (authorizing the re-issue of certain state bonds burnt to prevent falling into the hands of the federal forces) was decided by a vote sition to the freedmen's bureau bill, sustaining the veto of 24 to 15, to be a private bill requiring notice, and was nal improvements to inquire into the proceedings and dropped from the calendar.

DEATH OF MR. SHARPE.

A communication from the governor was transmitted from the house, informing the general assembly of the Leitch of Robeson, uged the passage of the substitute. death of Mr. L. Q. Sharpe, solicitor for the 6th judicial [The final action on this matter will be reported in full.]

Bills of more or less importance passed their second mittee on reconstruction, reported a joint resolution declar- reading, or were referred, which will be noted upon the tinal action.

Senate adjourned

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Peb. 15. The house was called to order at 10 o'clock, A. M. Prayer by Key. Dr. Mason.

The journal of Saturday was read and approved. Mr. Blythe, introduced a resolution instructing an inouiry by the judiciary committee as to whether the attach- | filed ment law of 1861 is still in force, and if not, what further Leave of absence, until Tuesday, was granted to Messre legislation is necessary for the protection of creditors. Wilson, Boner and Harriss of Franklin. Adopted.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCTOR.

Mr. Baxter, a resolution in regard to Swamp Lands. Proposes to constitute the literary board, sole manager of these lands, power to sell and transfer the same in the name of the state.] The resolution also exempts these lands from taxation. Referred.

Mr. Hamilton, a bill to assist owners of real estate in se-

SOLICITOR FOR 6TH DISTRICT.

On motion of Mr. McAden, a message was sent to the sepate proposing that the two houses proceed forthwith to an election for solicitor of the 6th judicaly circuit to fill the vacanty of decide ioned by the death of A. IQ. Sharp.

McAden nominated Gen. A. J. Daves Mr. Jones nominated D. M. Europea. Mr. Rosebro nominated W. P. Caldwell. The senate by message refused to concur in the propo

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Mr. Harper (by leave) introduced a to amend the charter of the town of Lenois in Caldwell county. Leave of absence was granted Mr. Rayner for an indefi-nite period, important business demanding his attention for a few days.

The house then adjourned until '10 o'clock. A. M. t.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 16.

Praver by Rev. A. Smades, D.D., of the Episcopal church. STATE DEB'

Mr. Wiggins from the committee on Finance submitted a minority report in response to certain resolutions in reference to the public debt. [We shall publish both the reports of the majority and minority in full.]

FELONS FLEEING FROM JUSTICE.

Mr. Morchead's bill outlawing felons fleeing from jus-tice, passed to its engrossment. [The bill applies the old law, on the subject to whites.]

PRESEVTERIAN CHURCH.

Encrossed bill to incorporate the trustees of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States,

TAN ON PRIVATE ACTS OF INCORPORATIONS.

Mr. Fitchford's bill concerning private acts of incorporation, passed to its engrossment. [The bill taxes all such acta \$100

SOLICITOR FOR STR DISTRICT.

The senate declined to go into an election for solicitor of the 6th judicial district.

CAPE FEAR NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Engrossed resolutions anthorizing certain proceedings operation of this company was voted down upon a call of the yeas and nays-yeas 17; nays 24.

Messrs. Hall, and Jones of Columbus, warmly advocated the adoption of the original, and Messrs. McLean and RATES OF INTERUST.

Mr. Bynum's bill to establish the rate of interest and

repeal chapter 114 of the revised code, was, after most able speeches in its favor by Messrs. Bynum, McKoy and Carter, laid on the table at the request of Mr. Morehead. who was too unwell to discuss the question to-day. He desired to oppose the passage of the bill. [It provides for eight per cent, interest, by special contract, for the loan of money-the excess not to be recoverable at law or in equity.]

SALARIES AND FRES.

The house bill to regulate salaries and fees was read and

The Senate adjourned

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 16th, 1866. Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Smedes.

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Hartford for the con

to which was referred Mr. Holderby's resolution relative

dimensions under the pressure of this thing which they; of the committee to proceed further without surrendering

The vote was taken on the vetoed bill, and resulted, ayes 30, nays 18. The vote was insufficient to secure the ing that no senator or representative shall be admitted to

representation.

Mr. Winder obtained leave to have read the minority reof Tennessee entitled to representation.

Mr. Stevens said it was his earnest disposition, until yester-

CARRYING PISTOLS.

We hope that they are better patriots, and men after the third Monday in December. The Mayor to hold office for one year. The salary of the of too much sagacity to desire or design, to "build publish in consequence of the suggestions it their greatness on their country's ruin." Party ! throws out to our merchants, hoping it may inspire Mayor not to exceed \$2,000.

This is no time to be dabbling in the dirty pool of a stronger disposition upon their part to extend The chief executive officer shall be the Marshal. who shall be Chief of Police, head of the Fire De- party politics. The state is prostrate and bleed- the business they already enjoy, and to enlarge the from Liverpool [we think the 3rd inst.] partment, and collector of the city taxes, with ing at every pore, she loudly demands the curative area of country connected with us by ties of mupower to appoint a deputy to assist in collecting skill of her purest and ablest sons to restore her tual interest. We entirely agree with the writer, 1d. on other descriptions. The sales for the week reached striking therefrom the word "indians. taxes. The salary of the Marshal shall not exceed to health and happiness. Out! then, upon the in- when he declares. "I have long thought you Wil- 50,000 bales. Middling Orleans 18id. Sales on Friday of \$2,000, to be fixed by the board. The board may human wretches who would distract her councils mington people ought to have more intercourse appoint one or more assistant marshals and such and retard her restoration by this miserable gabble with northwestern Carolina." Merchants of Wilmington, meet this disposition to cultivate more other police force as they may deem necessary .- of party.

Perhaps, we might more charitably account for intimate relations with you in the proper spirit. The marshal to give bond. The board to appoint a clerk and treasurer, with a salary not to exceed the intercourse, recently had between these gentle- Increase your efforts to build up your town and \$1,500. That as soon as practicable after the rati- men. May it not be true, that Mr. Holden desires state, and be no longer "hewers of wood and to get rid of the Standard, and establish another drawers of water." But to the letter fication of this act, and the giving of ten days no-

tice, the sheriff of New Hanover shall hold an elec- paper in Washington City? If this be true, is it tion for Mayor and two Alderman for each of the not natural that General Clingman might desire four wards of the city; the sheriff to decide, by to control a leading press, situated at the capital

lot, which one of two persons elected from each of the state? of the wards shall hold office for the long and who for the short term. At this first election, the sheriff shall provide a box in which each voter the gratifying intelligence that President Johnson may vote for "acceptance" or "refusal," and has vetoed the bill for enlarging the powers of should there be a majority of votes with the word the freedmen's bureau, upon the ground of its un-"refusal" thereon, then the act to be null and constitutionality. This bill proposed to establish void. an agent in every county where freedmen and re-

This bill is now before the committee on corporations, and will doubtless be reported favorably upon in a day or two, and the bill of course will pass both branches without opposition. As the bill ment. This would have added several millions of refers itself to the voters of the citizens of Wilmington for ratification, they will be called upon at an early day to decide the important question in reference to their corporation government. The bill has been drawn with great care, and provides fully for all contingencies likely to arise.

Sustain the Executive.

gress will let the negro alone, and confine itself to The more we reflect upon the opinion expresits legitimate duties, there will be great hope that sed by the President upon the subject of reconour lands will once more be worked under a profitstructing the union, the more anxious we are that able system of cultivation, and our people be rehe should receive the cordial and unwavering supstored to their former state of happiness. Too port of the entire country. much legislation is a curse to a country. Presi-

Are we doing it? Professions unaccompanied dent Johnson has once more given the south reby action are worthless. We know that he is donewed assurances of his protecting care. He is ing all that he can to defeat the indefensible and continually proving, by his manly course, that the rights of the states of the south were not entirely in fact until the period of his death, was the leader of unpatriotic designs of an unscrupulous faction, to bring disorder and disgrace upon the country. overthrown in the downfall of their late confeder- the democratic party in North Carolina. He was the Will we not co-operate with him? Are we doing acy. He is determined to be the president of the it? Would it not be well to call a public meeting whole country, not president of a part alone, rulin this community, to embody the opinion we ening with the power of a supreme dictator over the tertain of the President's conduct of public affairs? conquered territories of the south. Freedom isnot Would it not be well for the General Assembly of altogether dead unto us ; it lives as long as he North Carolina to assure Mr. Johnson that they holds the reins in his firm unyielding grasp. Let ked to us, while speaking of the prominent men of approve his reconstruction policy, and that they us stay his hands, and do all in our means to aid will render all the support they can, to enable him him in his struggle for constitutional rights against G-d d-n of Wilie Jones had more influence in the actions of the mad radicals, who would gladly the convention than the combined eloquence of to carry it to a successful conclusion?

Maryland has already done this. On the seventh see the bright "southern stars submerged in the Johnson, Iredell and Davie. of this month resolutions to sustain the President waves of bloodshed and ruin. Already they call

prevailing all day. The honse is still in session to-night, curing the titles therefor. and by sneers, and all that kind of machinery which a and no prospect of adjournment.

[SECOND DISPATCH.] Mr. Stevens' resolution to deprive the Southern States A Voice from the West.

The subjoined letter, which explains itself. we the House to-night, by 109 to 40.

NEAR MOUNT AIRY, N. C., /

pleased, and if you will send me a few extra numbers I

think I can get you some subscribers. I have long thought

ourse with northwestern Carolina. This is an opportune

time for you to extend the circulation of your paper, and

yon make the effort ? Let's try to build up our state, and

Sumner, Stevens, Satan & Co. We are very poor now,

but if all true sons of the Old North State will extend a

helping hand to each other, we will not always remain so.

A Reminicence.

We were pained to learn from the Raleigh Pro

gress, that a large frame dwelling, belonging to

Mrs. Frank Haprood, situated a mile east of Ral-

eigh, was burned down a few nights since. It is

prominence, and political distinction, and none

more so than Wilie Jones, who for many years,

not be mere "hewers of wood and drawers of water" for

for your merchants to enlarge their trade with us.

Respectfully,

that you Wilmington people ought to have more inter

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, February 19. The steamship Europa has arrived at Halifax [no date]

Cotton had declined 3d. 7 16 for American, and 1d. to 10,000 bales-the market closing firm, particularly for bales, the market closing quiet and steady.

Five-twenties 661. Consols 863@87 for money. France is said to have sent a note of inquiry to Wash-

ington, asking if the intended occupation of Mexico is intended to be regarded as a casus helli.

Additional Foreign News per Europa.

Feb. 14th, 1866. The Spanish government of Cadiz has been notified by MESSRS. ENGELHARD & PRICE-Gentlemen-Enclosed telegraph from the Spanish Minister at London, of vessels please find \$1, for which send the Wilmington Joural, weekly, to my address. I will try to remit you the balance of the year's subscription before the time for which | to be designed to prey upon Spanish commerce. I have paid expires. About Wilmington greenbacks may In the Spanish Chamber of Deputies, a response to the be abundant, but in the rural districts. I assure you, they

With the specimen number you sent me I am well financial difficulties, and stating the necessity of balancing the expenditures with the revenue as impossible, unless they raise the taxes.

tertained with a banquet by the merchants and corporation of Moscow. The speeches on both sides were most fraternal, and wishes were entertained for an increased commerce between the two countries.

nst., has arrived Cotton was buoyant and had advanced id. pt 1b. for the custodian of all the treasure of the state. He gives American; other descriptions are 1d.@3d. lower. The sales of the week reached 70,000 bales. On Friday the sales were 15,000 bales, holders demanding an advance. Five-Twenties, 67 [@ 67].

urer. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 19th. 4866. vote by which on yesterday "\$4,000" was stricken from the bill and "\$3,000" inserted as the salary of the governor. nays were ordered, on motion of Mr. Ravner, five hundred thousand dollars. Bryson, Burgess, Caldwell, Carson, Coates, Craige, Craw-

Markets.

Martin, Nicks, Page, Palmer, Paschall, Kayner, Smith of Guilford, Stilley, Scoggin, Wangh-42. NEW YORK, Feb. 20.-Flour has declined 10c. Wheat hull. Corn unchanged. Beef quict. Pork heavy-Mess leader of his party in the convention which assem-\$28 50 @ \$29. Whiskey is dull. Cotton is firm at 45c. @ ton, Campbell, Cameron, Candler, Chadwick, Cowsa, Co bled to deliberate upon the federal constitution in 46c. Sugar, Coffee and Naval Stores dull. Gold 374 idet. Dargan, Davis of Halifax, Donnell, Dunu, Faircloth, Fai-1788, and which was at that time rejected. He was no premium

orator but rather a political strategist. We recollect BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.-Flour heavy. Wheat dull. Corn heavy-White 75c. 66 76c. Oats steady. Seeds very dull. Judge Daniel, late of the supreme court, once remar-Coffee quict. Provisions neglected. Whiskey \$2 20. that convention, "one stamp of the foot, and one

Newbern

Wilson, Yellowley, York-65. Our neighbors of Newbern have been relieved of Mr. Horton moved a reconsideration of the vote by the late war. the provisional governmentrule, so far as relates to which \$1,000 had been stricken from the bill and \$500 in-

serted as the salary of the Governor's Private Secretary. hat city, as will be seen from the following order Not agreed to.

Thigpen,

THE NEGRO AND THE JURY DON

to paying the traveling expenses, to and from Raleigh, o Mr. Manly, from the judiciary committee, reported back maimed soldiers applying for artificial limbs, reported the bill in relation to negroes, Indians and persons of asking to be discharged from its further consideration, as color, or of mixed blood, recommending its passage with the several railroad companies, would doubtless give fre Mr. Manly, for the judiciary committee, reported a sub-

STAY LAW

Mr. Waugh, for the joint select committee on the stay law, reported "a bill to change the jurisdiction of the court the words " and these sections shall be so amended as to and the rules of pleading therein. Ordered to be printed read 'persons of color' instead of free negroes, in all cases and made the special order for 12 o'clock, M., on Tuesday

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Moore of Alamance, introduced a bill to incorpor ate the North Carolina mining company,

Mr. Smith of Cumberland, a bill to authorize the count court of Cumberland to appoint inspectors of naval

On motion of Mr. Jenkins of Warren, a message was sent to the senate proposing that the two houses proceed ircuit. The senate by message refused to concur.

Mr. Yellowly presented the credentials of Lewis Hill liard, Esq., commoner elect from Pitt county to fill the vacancy occasioned by the demise of W. S. Hanrahan Mr. Hilliard appeared and was qualified.

Yellowly introduced a resolution in favor of Mrs Sarah Hanrahan, relict of the late W. S. Hanrahan, which passed its several readings under a suspension of the rule-Pays her the mileage and per diem due the deceased. I Leave of absence was granted Messrs. McEachen, Mur-

Paschall, Moore of Chatham, and Smith of Guil

ON CALENDAR.

The following bills passed their second reading, viz : A bill to renew the charter of the Hiwasse Turnpike Company: a bill to punish vagrancy; a bill to prevent persons enticing servants from fulfilling their contracts or harboring them; a bill to secure to agricultural laborertheir pay in kind.

A bill to secure more effectually the maintenance of MR. SPEAKER :- While, as a member of this house, I am | bastard children, and the payment of fines and costs on one among the youngest, yet, I have had probably more conviction in criminal cases.

BANKS.

At 11 o'clock A. M., the house proceeded to consider the special order, viz : a bill to authorize the banks of the state to subscribe for stock in the national banks, on second reading.

Mr. Smith, of Hertford, addressed the honse in support of the bill. Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, and Mr. Thom in opposition to the bill. Mr. Smith rejoined in defence of the same.

The question recurring, the bill was rejected by the no security, but his principal gives a bond in the sum of following vote, the yeas and mays having been ordered on the safe keeping of the funds, and for the motion of Mr. McDonald.

being the case, the treasurer must not only have a man in Blair, Blythe, Boumer, Burton, Cowan, Cox, Craige, Dalby Dargan, Garland, Gidne, Hamilton, Harper, Hawe have one whose integrity is like Creser's wife. "above sus-Hoke, Holmes, Hyman, Kenan, Lee of Gates, Lucas, picson." Such is, I venture to assert, the character Luke, Manly, Marler, McAden, McIntosh, Moore of Alaof the gentleman now employed as clerk by our treasmance, Moore of Martin, Mott, Murphy, Niven, Newsum, Palmer, Shaw, Smith of Cumberland, Smith of Hertford On motion of Mr. Marler, the house reconsidered the Teague, Wheeler, Williams .- YEAS, 44.

Mesers. Beasley, Black, Bryson, Burgess, Caldwell The question now being upon striking out, the yeas and Cartaret, Davis of Halifax, Dickery, Dunn, Everrett, Fair Cameron, Chandler, Carson, Coates, Crawford, Davis o cloth of Wayne, Flythe, Foster, Furr, Gaines, Henry, Hod nett, Holderby, Horton, Houston, Hutchison, Jenkins of Gaston, Jenkins of Granville, Jenkins of Bryson, Burgess, Caldwell, Carson, Coates, Craige, Craw-ford, Dalby, Davis of Carteret, Dickerey, Farrow, Flythe, Matthews, McDonald, McGuire, McNair, Melson, Murrill Garland, Hamilton, Hodnett, Hoke, Honston, Hutchison, Nicks, Page, Potter, Ravner, Cosebro, Smith of Columbus Smith of Guilford, Stilley, Scoggin, Thigpen, Thompson,

Trull, Wangh, Wilson, Yellowley, York .--- NAYS, 58. A bill to incorporate Union Mining Company passed it: second reading.

CITY OF WILMINGTON.

A bill to incorporate the inhabitants of the town of son, Foster, Furr, Gaines, Gidney, Harper, Hawes, Henry, Witnington, passed second and third readings under Holderby, Holmes, Horton, Hyman, Jonkins of Granville. Enspension of the rules.

Jenkins of Warren, Joyner, Judkins, Kenan, Lee of Gates, A bill authorizing the appointment of a Tax Collector Logan, Lucas, Luke, Lyon, Marler, McAden, McDonald, for the county of Jackson, and a bill to prevent obstruc-McEachern, McIntosh, Moore of Alamanee, Murphy, Murrill, Niven, Newsum, Potter, Rosebro, Shaw, Smith of Co-lumbus, Smith of Cumberland, Smith of Hertford, Teague, ed on second reading.

Mr. Nicks, (by leave) introduced a [bill to re-enact the Thompson, Trull, Webb, Wheeler, Williams, 4th section of the 104th Chapter Revised Code. Mr. Wilson, a bill concerning debts contracted during

REVENUE BILL. Mr. Smith, of Hertford, from the Finance Com reported a Revenue bill. Ordered to be printed. The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to

supposed to be the work of an incendiary. When Consols closed at 86366871. we say we are pained to see the destruction of this mansion, it is not so much on account of the ma-From New Orleans. terial loss, although at this, or perhaps at any time, that may be a considerable item. But we Gen. Crawford, the Rio Grande filibuster, has escaped were thinking of the historical associations confrom Fort Jackson, his whereabonts is unknown. nected with the original proprietor, Wilie Jones; of Dexter, the treasury agent at Mobile, has entrered snit against several military gentlemen, laying his damages at revolutionary fame. The Jones family of Halifax, were characterised by wealth, refinement, social

Petroleum oil has been discovered in southwestern Lou-

faithful discharge of his other duties as treasurer. This

35th section.

experience in the business of life than many who are here, and I say to you, sir, and the other members of this body. Later from Europe. PORTLAND, ME., Feb. 20th, 1866.

that the cheupest employees I have ever had, were those whom I paid the highest wages. You may give the clerk of the treasury \$1,500 per annum. nd then, sir, I have no hesitation in saying, that if his luties are faithfully performed, he is, all things considered,

The steamship Moravian from Liverpool on the 8th he cheapest officer in the state. He is, sir the confidential clerk of the treasurer. He is, therefore, necessarily

Mr. Clay, the American Minister to Russia, has been en-

of representation until declared fit, by congress, passed amendments, as follows : 1st. Strike out in 9th section the transportation in such cases. Committee discharged. words "against a while person" and insert the word "all" so that this part of the section will read "that persons of stitute for sondry homestead fills referred to said com color shall be capable of bearing evidence in all contro- mittee. versies, &c." 2nd. To the amendment of the 15th section,

5th line, excepting from the general repeal of the 107th chapter revised code, sections 54, 55, 56, 57, 58 and 66, add where the latter words occur. 3rd. Amend the caption by nexi.

Mr. Jenknis, of Warren, presented a minority report from some committee, adverse to the passage of the bill, the 11th section (allowing negroes to testify) being re-American descriptions. The sales on Saturday were 8,000 tained. This report was signed by Messra, Jenkins of

Warren, Dargan and Gidney. On motion of Mr. Manly the bill and reports were ordered to be printed. SALARIES AND FEES.

The house resumed the untinished bu iness of yester- forthwith to an election for a solicitor of the 6th judica day viz: the bill regulating salaries and fees. The question recurred on the amendment pending a the time of adjournment, proposed by Mr. Smith of Hertford, to allow the Attorney General and Solicitors half the usual tax fees, in cases of acquittal. This amondment af- Esq.

ter discussion was rejected. Mr. Hoke offered the following amendment which was adopted as an additional section. "Be it further enacted. that this act shall be in force from its passage, and the leaving the Mersey under the Peruvian flag, but supposed legal effect and operation shall not be controlled by the

The bill was amended, on motion of Mr. Smith of Hertford, by inserting the provision fixing the salary of State Queen's speech was offered, setting forth the increased Librarian at \$500 per annun.

On motion of Mr. McNair, the house reconsidered the amendment adopted on his motion of yesterday, striking out "\$1,500" as the salary of the chief clerk of the treasurer, and inserting "1,000."

The question recurring on the motion to strike out. leaving the salary as first reported, \$1,500. Mr. Holderby said

passed the lower house. The next day "they were him an usurper from a territory, not a free indeacted upon in the Senate, and passed that bodypendent state of these United States. It is they only four members voting in the negative. who would be usurpers in seizing upon the gov-Let us then follow this example. Meetings are ernment, and running a mad career, until civil federal constitution: being called all over the country, says the National liberty perished, never more to rise. Let us call Intelligencer, to strengthen the President's hands. One has been called, or rather suggested to be endorsing his conservative course, will add anheld in Richmond on the 22d of this month. It other laurel to his imperishable crown of honor.

strikes us a most fitting dedication of the day .--A day already sacred in the history of this country could not be more appropriately spent.

Sentinel.

Daily Journal, 21st inst.

We submitted the other day, a few remarks in What say the citizens of Wilmington? What say the embodyment of the dignity and wisdom of reply to an article which appeared in the Raleigh North Carolina ? Are you not willing to strength- Sentinel, upon the subject of banking. These en the arm of the "Executive authority for the seem to have been distasteful to our neighbor, maintenance of constitutional right ?" If you are, and he complains that we did not do him justice Davie, and others. Such however, was the tact of Mr. Jones, that the learning of Iredell, the eloquence of Davie, why procrastinate ? Why lose in supineness the in the premises. We sincerely regret this, and precious moments ? Let us rather be up and do- would gladly repair the evil by complying with ing, lest we lose by delay. Remember, citizens of the Sentinel's request, to publish the entire article the South, we "are debarred representation in the commented upon, but this is out of the question, national congress-denied the opportunity for re- as it has been lost. We will, however, do the next best thing and publish the article before us: REAL ESTATE BANK.—The Wilmington Journal seems to object to our proposition to raise a North Carolina Land Lead Commons. He married a daughter of Colonel Montford, and died near Baleigh, where he now lies buri-ed, at the seat now owned by Matthew Shaw, Esq., leaving cuperation from the prostrating effects of civil next best thing and publish the article before us strife-subjected to anxiety and suspense as regards the taunts and menaces of the dominant party, Loan Company, for the purpose of establishing a large five children.

and made to realize the humiliation, the degradation of a vassalage dependent upon the whims and caprices of an arrogant, exacting and unserupulous faction." specie.

We turn to Wheeler and find upon page 188, he thus speaks of Mr. Jones while a member of the convention, which met in the old borough of Hillsborough, to deliberate upon the adoption of the

In politics as in war, strategy is often used. Wilie Jones mass meetings all over our land, and the people, by Judge Spencer, Rev. David Caldwell, General Joseph Mc-Dowell, and others, were leaders of the opposition, and conscious of their numerical strength, as well as of the intellectual powers of its eloquent and talented advocates, Johnson, Iredell, Davie and others, they maintained a sullen and portentous silence. They forced its friends to the unenviable position of imagining the grounds of opposition, and then defending the constitution. The advanover to the proper officers. tages of this position were great.

On the third day of the session, the president (Samuel Johnson, then governor of the state,) laid before the convention an official copy of the constitution, with accom-panying documents. Mr. Wilie Jones moved that the ques, tion upon the constitution be taken without debate, and be put immediately. This was opposed by Mr. Iredell, Mr the intellectual power of Johnson, availed but little. The convention, by a vote of 184 to 84, rejected the in-strument. North Carolina, placed upon her sovereign rights, remained out of the Union. On the third Monday in November, 1789, another convention assembled at Favetteville, to consider the constitution; and by this conven tion it was adopted.

The Pickett Murder Case.

to give oracular advice, but it does seem to us, that all The trial of four of the negroes charged with banks should be based upon a specie basis. Specie is the barometer, it is the standard of exchange of the world. the murder of Thomas S. Pickett, Esq., on the There is no blinking that fact. All other standards are fictitious, whether national or state. The world recognises 10th of January last, commenced here on Thurs-Meeting to Sustain the President. The country is beginning to exhibit a determin-ation to give a more substantial support to the President's reconstruction policy. Opinion is beday last, under the direction of a military com-

which we copy from the Times. We congratulate our sister city on once more having matters in her own hands-apparently "so-called ":"

HEADQUARTERS POST OF NEWBERN, (NEWBERN, N. C., Feb. 13th, 1866. GENEBAL OBDER,

Official notice having been received from the sheriff of craven county, N. C., that an election had been held in the city of Newbern, N. C., and that the elected municipal of-Senate ficers have been duly qualified, the provisional government of the city is hereby discontinued.

The property of the city, and all books, papers, funds, and everything pertaining thereto, will be at once turned

By command of Col. W. W. WHEELER, H. R. ELLIS, Post Adjutant.

The "Southern Cultivator."

A practical and scientific newpaper, for the plantation, the garden and the family circle. The February number of this paper is before us. We have only time to run over the table of con-

tents, which is extensive and varied. The "Cultivator" is published monthly at Ath-

ens, Ga., by Wm. N. White, for D. Redmond and

W. N. White, proprietors, for \$2 a year.

EFFECTS OF DRAINAGE ON HUMAN LIFE.-The Rev. Prof. Buckland, at a public meeting lately erate treasury notes. held in Oxford, said that in the parish of St. Margaret, Leicester, containing 22,000 inhabitants, it appeared that one portion of it was effectually the request of Mr. Caldwell. drained, some parts but partially so, and others not at all. In the latter, the average duration of life is thirteen years and a half, while in the same parish, where the drainage is only partial, the average is twenty-two years and a half, thereby showing the frightful effects of a bad atmosphere.

A little girl was lately reproved for playing out in tearing down but a pigmy in building up." That the bill before us was intended to lessen, and he believed in ing embodied in action. Public meetings are be-ing called, for the 22d of February, to give Mr. Johnson the comforting assurance that his course, **as forshadowed** in his interviews with the Douggrandma, the bigger we grow the better we like The amendment was withdrawn and the bill passed its

The bill as amended passed second reading. The rules The H were suspended and the bill was put on its third reading. Mr. McAden moved to amend the bill by restoring the provision stricken out on yesterday, allowing the Governor messenger with a salary of \$500. Rejected. The bill then passed its third reading, and was ordered to be engrossed

The house voted as follows, refusing to strike out

Messrs. Allison, Ashworth, Beasley, Blythe, Bouner,

Jenkins of Gaston, Jones, Kinney, Leigh of Tyrrell, Manly,

McGuire, McNair, Melson, Moore of Chatham, Moore o

Messys. Barnett, Baxter, Black, Blackmer, Blair, Bur-

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, announcing the death of L. Q. Sharpe, Fsq., Solicitor of the Sixth Judicial Circuit. Transmitted to the

The following engrossed bill had its first reading and was referred, viz : a bill to extend the time allowed to

widows to enter their dissent to the last wills and testament of their husbands.

COURTS OF ARBITRATION.

The House proceeded to consider the special order, viz bill to authorize the reference of disputes, by consent of parties, to arbitrators.

Mr. Caldwell urged the passage of the bill. Mr. Blythe moved to amend the bill by striking out of the first section of the bill, all after the words it shall be the duty of, and insert as follows : the courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, (a majority of the magistrates being be about 1000. present,) to appoint three discreet persons for each county a this State, who shall constitute a court to consider and deternine all matters of controversy which shall arise have full power to try all causes which may arise from contracts or debts made during the war, and award to the

parties the just and equitable amount in current funds. Mr. Marler opposed the bill in toto. He regards it as

utterly useless. Mr. McDonald, hoped that the bill, should it pass, would be first amended by providing that the awards of the courts of arbitration should be settled in state or confed-

Mr. Cameron thought the bill should be entitled "a bill to encourage litigation." He moved that the amendment lie on the table, but subsequently withdrew the motion at lie on the table, but subsequently withdrew the motion at

Mr. Caldwell thought the amendment was calculated to' embarrass the bill and suggested the propriety of its with-drawal. The gentleman from Henderson (Mr. Blythe) could introduce it as an independent proposition. Messrs. Dalby and Holderby were in favor of the pend-

ing bill in the absence of a better one. Mr. Holderby said that it had been remarked of the celebrated John Randolph, of Roanoke, that he was "a giant

second reading-yeas 63, nays 30.

Balling & from the second and the States of

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb 17.

Mr. Arendell submitted reports from the committee on corporations.

SECRET SESSION FOR 1864_65

Mr. Morchead from the Judiciary committee, reported back the resolution instructing the secretary of state, to print the acts of the secret session of 1864-65, recommending its passage.

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Mr. Jones of Columbus, from the joint select committee in reference to supplying disabled soldiers, with artificial limbs, submitted the following report and resolutions.

The committee to whom was referred the resolution of inquiry in relation to artificial limbs, report, that the governor has had a report as to the number required from only one county, to wit : Alexander, in which six arms and five legs are to be supplied. If this county be taken as an average, the whole number required for the state would

It is believed that the cost of supplying this number must be about \$60,000. If this estimate as to number and cost, be correct, the expenditure required would be greater from the depreciation of Confederate currency, and shall than the treasury could meet out of the means now provided.

From all the information we can obtain, we believe the artificial arm is rather ornamental than useful, and we therefore, recommend that legs only be supplied at the expense of the state, to those states and confederate soldiers, citizens of the state, who lost their limbs while un service, -and that arms and legs be furnished to any other citizen of the state, whether they lost their limbs in mili

buy a patent, and have them made in the state, as he may deem best, after full enquiry in reference to the most use ful limb and the least expensive mode of furnishing it. To carry out these views we recommend the adoption of

the accompanying resolution : Resolved, That the general assembly doth concur in the report submitted by the joint select committee appointed to inquire into the expediency of modifying or amending the resolution for supplying maimed soldiers with artificial limbs, ratified on the 23d day of January last-and doth hereby direct the governor to act in conformity with said report, in executing said resolution. Under a suspension of the rules, the resolution passed

to its engrossment; and was transmitted to the house.

FUGITIVES FROM JUSTICE.

Mr. Carter introduced a bill to amend the 4th section, 35th chapter, revised code, relative to fugitives from justice

"We reported the election of Mr. R. P. Sinon- sont to merine with