STATE NEWS.

GUILFORD COUNTY.—A correspondent of the Richmond Times, writing from Greensboro', has the following:

"Near by are the classic grounds of old Guilford Court-house, memorable in the history of the revolution of 1776. 'Twas here also that General Johnston, in May, '65, surrendered the last hope of the Confederacy. Many sad stories are told of that gallant old army of the West, after having marched from the banks of the Mississippi, fighting desperate odds inch by inch till it reached Greensboro'. Nearly all the young men from this part of North Carolina were in the army of Northern Virginia, and Greensboro', like all other Southern towns, exhibits the sad spectacle in its streets of many of its best citizens maimed for life. Guilford county, though one of the most unconquerable Union counties in the State, when the tocsin of war sounded was found among the foremost. From Williamsburg to Gettysburg the bones of her sons attest her devotion to principle. Since the close of the war, her people, thoroughly loyal and honest, have accepted the decision of fate, and gone to work with a will that must be crowned with success."

MASONIC.—A correspondent of a New York paper, writing of the graves of Federal soldiers at Salisbury, adds:—"I should here state that those of the prisoners who were Masons are buried in another enclosure, each grave having its head-board bearing the square and compass, as well as the name, company and regiment of the dead.'

GOVERNOR'S AIDS.—We are authorized to announce that Gov. Worth has appointed the following gentlemen his Aids-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel: A. J. Dargan, of Anson, J. T. Morehead, Jr., of Guilford, Walter Clark, of Halifax and Jno. M. Perry, of Carteret.

RESIGNED.—Col. J. T. Kennedy has resigned his seat in the State Convention, as one of the delegates from the county of Wayne. Dr. Thomas Person announces himself as a candidate to fill the vacancy.

RESIGNATION ELECTION ORDERED.—Duncan Kelly, Esq., member of the Convention from Bladen county, has resigned, and the Governor has issued a writ for an election, to fill the vacancy, to be held on Wednesday, the 23d inst.

The *Church Intelligencer* makes this announcement:—We have great pleasure in informing his many friends of the convalescence of the Rev. Mr. Everhart, till recently our associate in the care of the *Intelligencer*. There is now hardly a doubt of his speedy restoration to complete health. The prevalence of the cholera and the consequent annoyances to travellers may prevent his contemplated visit to Europe; yet the healthful airs of our own mountains will, we trust, be no less serviceable.

The camp of the freedmen near Greensboro' was abolished last week. Those of the negroes who were too infirm to rely upon their own exertions for a support were sent to the "camp" at Salisbury.

James Sinclair has been excommunicated from the Presbyterian church by the Fayetteville Presbytery.

We regret to learn that the dwelling house and contents of Prof. J. Hicks, of this county, was entirely destroyed by fire a few nights ago. It is supposed to be the act of an incendiary.

Tarboro' Southerner.

LITTLE WOMAN.—A woman weighing only 17 pounds, is exhibiting in Danville. She is from North Carolina.

Bills of North Carolina Banks.

There is in the possession of the people of North Carolina quite a large amount, in the aggregate, though small in individual cases, of the bills or notes issued by the Banks of the State. We presume that all the Banks are disposed to redeem their notes at their counters for what they esteem them to be actually worth. We learn that the Bank of Cape Fear, at its late meeting, resolved to redeem its outstanding bills in green backs at 25 cents in the dollar. We have good authority for saying that this is their value, or the extent of the ability of the Bank to pay at present. Few who are acquainted with the affairs of the Bank believe that it will ever be able to do more. We judge, therefore, it is advisable that holders of the bills of N. C. Banks would do as well to present the bills at the Banks as soon as possible, or, if they prefer to risk it, they can soon deposit them with the several Commissioners, who may be appointed to settle the affairs, and receive in the end the *pro rata* value of their claims.

Raleigh Sentinel.

CHARLOTTE.—Dr. Deems writing to the *Watchman* under date of New Orleans, April 30th, thus speaks of Charlotte: I wish Charlotte, N. C., lay in the route of my travel back to New York, for several reasons. One is that I like to be in Charlotte *generally*, and love my friends therein, the lady friends and the masculines, factors, editors, cashiers, professional and mercantile men. It's a brave little borough, and so enterprising. A clever fellow can go to Charlotte and make all the best kind of friends a clever fellow needs. But my special regret to-day is, that I am compelled to decline the polite invitation of our accomplished friend and contributor, Mrs. Fanny Downing, to deliver a lecture in behalf of the "Stonewall" Cemetery Association, of which she is President. The object of this association is to obtain funds to collect into a "God's-Acre," at Charlotte, the remains of her brave sons who fell in the late contest. One may well regret being deprived of the privilege of making his contribution to so pious an object. But their tombs will be built and garnished without me, and their memories cherished in all coming ages by the lovers of constitutional liberty.

CROPS IN WESTERN N. C.—THE FREEDMEN, &c.—An intelligent gentleman, who has recently visited several counties in Western North Carolina, states that the crop of wheat is looking rather thin and unpromising, but that the corn is doing well, and with good seasons, will give a good crop to the farmers.

We are pleased to learn from the same source, that the freedmen are working well, and filling their contracts with great fidelity. Money is represented as more abundant there than in the Eastern part of the State, as that section suffered little by the ravages of war. It is to be hoped that they will soon be restored to their wonted happiness and prosperity. So mote it be.

NORTH CAROLINIANS PARDONED.—The following prominent citizens of this State were pardoned on Friday last, under the first and thirteenth exceptions of the proclamation of amnesty: H. K. Burgwyn, J. G. King, W. F. McKessan, Alfred Williams, Gen. Wm. R. Cox, Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, J. G. Cook, A. M. Lewis, Col. Wm. B Rodman, J. W. Hall, G. G. Lynch and G. W. Thompson.

BISHOPS' VISITATION.—Bishop Atkinson preached in St. Stephen's Church, Goldsboro', last Sunday morning to a large and attentive audience.

The Rite of Confirmation was administered to seventeen persons in the morning and evening of the day.

The health of the Bishop being still feeble, the sermon at night was preached by the Rev. Mr. Patterson.

PARDONS.—We are authorized to state that pardons have been granted to the following persons, whose petitions were found in the Executive office by Governor Worth on the 28th of December last.

Most of these pardons, at the request of Gov. Worth, for the convenience of the parties, have been mailed direct from Washington to the address of each of the parties pardoned, or to some person in their vicinity who will distribute them:

ANSON COUNTY.—Henry Morgan, W. A. Morten, H. B. Hammond, Rowland Crump.

CABARRUS COUNTY.—(Sent to Luke Blackner, Esq., Salisbury), Joseph R. Neisler, Jacob Nirewalt, S. G. Scott, W. S. Archibald.

CHATHAM COUNTY.—O. S. Lindley, A. S. Riggsbee, John W. Riggsbee, J. J. Riggsbee.

BURKE COUNTY.—E. J. Irwin, J. H. Pearson.

FORSYTHE COUNTY.—B. S. Bitting.

HALIFAX COUNTY.—C. E. Allen, M. T. Whitaker, N. L. Stith, A. B. Stith.

JOHNSTON COUNTY.—A. J. Heath, F. E. Mitchenor.

LENOIR COUNTY.—Wm. Sutton, S. E. Loftin.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.—J. C. Andrews, Zeb. Russell.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.—W. J. Hays.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY.—Wm. McRae, D. McRae, F. J. Corbett, M. Costin, M. McInnis, S. W. Vick, Alfred Johnson, O. M. Lewis, (Sent to DeBrutz Cutlar, Wilmington.)

ORANGE COUNTY.—D. D. Phillips, Jno. C. McCown, George W. Jones, Merrit Cheek, Thos. B. Hill, W. P. Ward.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY.—Jos. F. Newby.

RICHMOND COUNTY.—D. N. Patterson, B. F. Little, Miall Wall, John W. Leak, R. J. Steele, Jr.

RUTHERFORD COUNTY.—J. Gilkie, A. J. Gilkie, G. M. Webb, Moses Wilkerson, E. Carrier, M. B. Freeman, John A. Robeson, L. A. Mills.

ROWAN COUNTY.—(Sent to Luke Blackmer, Esq., Salisbury) Thomas Barber, A. Henderson, Samuel Reeves.

WARREN COUNTY.—Samuel Bobbitt, John Watson, J. B. Cawthorn.

WAKE COUNTY.—K. Jones, John Chandler.

WAYNE COUNTY.—B. M. Isler.

UNION COUNTY.—A. F. Stephens.

PARDONED.—We learn that John Williams, a freedman, convicted of the crime of burglary at the last term of the Superior Court of Law of Jones county has been pardoned by the Governor. This exercise of executive clemency on the part of his Excellency, was, we learn, based upon the united recommendations of the officers of the Court, and of the Counsel both for and against the prisoner.

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAIL ROAD.—We learn from the Wadesboro' *Argus* that Harvey & Robinson, contractors for building the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad from Sand Hill in this direction, are making preparations to begin work without delay. They are getting the tools together, building shanties and laying in a stock of provisions. They wish to engage without delay the services of several hundred able bodied hands as laborers, and will pay good wages. Provisions will be furnished at reasonable rates.

On Saturday last, says the Wadesboro *Argus*, as per published notice, Messrs. Cole and Steele, of the Board of Directors of the Wil., Char. and Ruth. R. R Co., met in this place to receive proposals for carrying the mails, three times a week, between Sand Hill, the present Western terminus of the Eastern division of the road, and Charlotte. But one bid was made—by J. B. Askew. His offer was accepted, and the articles were drawn and signed on that day by the parties concerned.

We are glad to have it in our power to announce that we will, after the 15th of the current month, by the proposed arrangement on this route, have a daily mail, (Sundays excepted,) at this point—three times a week from Wilmington, and alternate days from Charlotte. From Wilmington the mails and passengers for this point to go through for the West will reach here at 10 o'clock at night of the same day they leave Wilmington, and Charlotte in twenty-four to twenty-seven hours from Sand Hill.

FUNERAL OF JUDGE BADGER.—The immense concourse of our citizens which accompanied the remains of our late illustrious fellow-citizen, the Hon. George E. Badger, to their last resting place on Sunday afternoon, testified to the strong hold which he had upon the veneration and affections of the community. The funeral exercises were of the most solemn and impressive character, and all seemed to realize the irraparable loss that society and the State have sustained in the death of this great and good man.

The burial service of the Episcopal Church was read by the Rev. Dr. R. S. Mason. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers upon the occasion, viz: His Excellency, Gov. Worth, Hons. Thos. Bragg and John H. Bryan, and Geo. W. Mordecai, B. F. Moore, R. W. Lassiter, H. W. Husted and Geo. Little, Esqs.—*Ral. Sentinel.*

DEATH OF AN ESTEEMED CITIZEN.—We regreat to learn from the Wadesboro' *Argus* that Mr. Samuel C. Lindsley, for many years principal of the Anson Academy, died on Friday last. Mr. L. often spoke with pride of two of his former pupils—Maj. Gens. Ramseur and Hoke. Of the cause of his death, the *Argus* thus speaks: His health was always very delicate, and like one whose death we chronicled a few months ago, it was his misfortune to fall into the hands of certain rough characters who accompanied a celebrated Federal chieftain in his march through this section a little better than a year ago, who, in their lust for gold, subjected him to very brutal treatment and great indignities. The shock to his already weak constitution, was too great, and it gradually gave way until he was finally compelled to take his bed only to leave it a corpse.

LITERARY.—The commencement exercises of Concord Female College, situated at Statesville, will take place on the 21st of June. The usual commencement sermon will be preached by Rev. D. A. Penick, and the Literary address for the occasion will be delivered by Hon. Z. B. Vance.

The examination of the pupils of the Franklinton Academy will take place on Friday, June 1st. The address to the students will be delivered by Seaton Gales, Esq., of Raleigh.

THE HON. H. M. SHAW.—The remains of the gallant Col. H. M. Shaw, who fell in the discharge of his duties in the Confederate service, are reposing in Currituck county, in this State. He was an able defender of the rights of the South in the Congress of the United States, and surrendered his life in defence of those rights during the late war. We hope that the time is not far distant when the people of the first Congressional District of North Carolina will feel it to be their duty to erect a suitable monument over the now humble grave of this departed statesman, orator and hero.

Weldon State.

Most of the early planted cotton seed in this county is turning out very bad. This is owing more, it is said, to the rather cool weather we have had since the seed was put in the ground than to the quality of the seed. Many planters are plowing up and replanting.—*Wadesboro' Argus.*

STILL FOR WAR.—The Danville *Times* states that a negro boy who waited on Captain Henderson, of the 13th North Carolina Troops, during the war, is the only person thereabouts whose voice is still for war. This boy wants to fight himself back into slavery,

COMMENCEMENT.—We learn from the Charlotte *Democrat* that Ex-Governor Vance has accepted the invitation to deliver the address at the approaching Commencement at Chapel Hill.

NEWS SUMMARY.

THE PROPOSED TAX ON COTTON.—There was a meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce on Thursday, in relation to the proposed increased tax on cotton by Congress. The report of a special committee remonstrating against any increased tax upon this staple was adopted unanimously.—Ex-Mayor Opdyke, Cyrus W. Field, Judge Marvin and others warmly opposed any increased taxation, and were of opinion that the interests of the entire country, and the Southern States especially, would be injured by the adoption of the proposed measure.

THE GOLD OF THE RICHMOND BANKS.—The Government has finally determined to hold the gold claimed by the Richmond banks as belonging to them, some account of the seizure of which I have given already. The proofs seem to establish clearly that the gold belonged to the Southern Confederacy, and was on deposit with the banks, subject to the drafts of the Confederacy.

Washington Correspondence N. Y. Times.

ROW BETWEEN NEGROES AND WHITES IN BALTIMORE.—The First regiment of colored troops returned to Baltimore on Wednesday, and whilst passing through a section of the city a conflict occurred between some colored people following the soldiers and a number of whites. Blows were exchanged and firearms are reported to have been used, and one or two parties slightly injured.

J. W. Kellogg, a defaulter in the sum of $40-,000, late a Treasury Agent at San Antonio, Texas, along with his accomplice, was arrested at Memphis recently, on his way up the river.

LETTER FROM GENARAL LEE.—The "Stonewall Literary Society" of Petersburg, composed of young gentlemen attendant upon Mr. John E. Christian's High School, elected General Lee an honorary member. This letter is in reply to the communication informing him of the fact:

LEXINGTON, VA., May 5, 1866.

"SIR: I have received your letter of the 1st inst., informing me of my election as an honorary member of the Stonewall Literary Society of Petersburg.

"Please present to the Society my grateful thanks for associating me in their laudable design of self-improvement, in accomplishing which I can commend to them no more worthy example than his whose name they have adopted.

"Very Respectfully,
"R. E. LEE."

"C. R. BISHOP, JR., President."

From the Richmond Examiner.

"INDICTMENT" OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Full History of the Foul and Murderous Plot—Judge Underwood and the Conspiracy against the Life of Jefferson Davis—His Determination to Convict and Hang Him—How the Jury was Packed—The Character of the Men—The Radicals Howling for the Blood of Jefferson Davis—The Secret History of Judge Underwood and His Conspirators in Richmond.

The intended programme of Judge Underwood and his "Court" at Norfolk had been secretly forwarded to us before he made his advent into that city, but, as revealed to us, it was so base and villainous that we doubted its genuineness, and chose not to divulge it until we might wait and see if the real enactment would correspond with the story told us. Underwood has strictly fulfilled his engagement, and the seal of secresy having been removed from our lips, we proceed to give, as briefly as possible, a full history of the murderous plot to take the life of Jefferson Davis;

HOW UNDERWOOD PACKED HIS JURY.

Long before the meeting of his Court, "Judge" Underwood was secretly devising means by which he could muster a jury in this State who would be sure to execute his purposes, and find a bill of indictment against Mr. Davis. This was the first step in the game, and Underwood knew the importance of securing it; if this failed, all failed.—He was in consultation here with the "Ferret Club," and obtained from them a list of names of those who had already committed themselves by their antecedents and speeches (as will be shown hereafter) in favor of the hanging of Mr. Davis. This part of his programme being secured, he goes to Norfolk and sends his Deputy United States Marshal (a Mr. Duncan) to Richmond to summon jurymen, *a list of whom was furnished the Marshal by Underwood himself.* Upon that list were the following names:

HUNNICUTT.
FRANKLIN STEARNS.
JAMES E. LIPSCOMB.
WILLIAM N. TINSLEY.
B. WARDWELL.
B. DAVIS.
T. DUDLEY, JR.
W. FAY.

CHARACTER OF THE MEN FROM RICHMOND WHO SAT ON THE JURY.

The above list, as will be seen, (furnished the Marshal, we repeat, by Underwood himself) is headed by the name of Hunnicutt, editor of a dirty negro sheet published here, called *The New Nation*—an infamous, unscrapulous old villain, who has been anything and everything, from whiskey seller to preacher. Several years since he first made his appearance in Fredericksburg, with the aspiration of passing himself off as a Baptist preacher and journalist. His numerous antics induced the citizens of that town at first to imagine that he was a cracked-brained idiot. But it required not much time to prove to their utter satisfaction that he was cracked all over, and void of of all honesty. Latterly, he removed to Richmond, where he has shown himself to be a low, stupid hypocrite and knave. Here, Hunnicutt took the negroes to his embrace, and harangued them on Capital Square, under the shadow of Washington's statue, and his themes are negro suffrage, equality and miscegenation.

W. N. Tinsley is a Virginian by birth, but a brute by nature, who made a fortune out of the Confederacy by making bread for the soldiers, and then ran off for Europe, but—stopped in New York! This fellow Tinsley is of a good family, and his connections are very respectable, but they are ashamed of him. They feel that he has disgraced them, and they repudiate and disown him with the utmost indignation. A traitor to his kin, his friends, his acquaintances, his fellow-citizens and his State, he was justly considered by Underwood as vile enough for his atrocious purposes.

Next on the list comes Wardwell, the Yankee "cool icy man," whose blood is frozen by the thing he deals in. Wardwell was disqualified to sit on that jury, and Mr. Davis' counsel will have a perfect right to challenge the indictment he helped to frame, for he had formed and expressed an opinion as to his guilt or innocence, in these words, as can be established by the oath of a gentleman of this city: "If I was on the jury, that is to try Jefferson Davis, I would hang him to the first tree that would bear his form." This man holds a position as deputy under Humphreys, Collector of Customs for the port of Richmond, and is one of those double-faced impostors who have deceived Mr. Johnson, and whom, we trust, he will remove as fast as he learns their true characters. Mr. Humphreys is now in Washington, moving heaven and earth to secure his appointment, fearing that the President will not send in his name for confirmation. If President Johnson knew the true character of the man, and what a bitter enemy he is to his Administration and his policy, and how thoroughly he is at heart with the Radicals, Humphreys' head would soon be chopped off and in the basket.

The next of the willing slaves of the District "Judge" is Fay—"the culprit Fay"—an indigo blue Yankee, another deputy of Collector Humphreys; a man who could take the test oath, or any other oath, with equal indifference. He was sent to Virginia to eke out a jury, and he knew his part and performed it.

The fourth one is Davis, a full-blooded Yankee, who ran away from us during the war, and has since returned, without an invitation. He was a notoriously bad character previous to his flight, and his hegira has but added to his disrepute.—This Davis is what is called a jackleg carpenter, and he is eager for the job of building a scaffold for his illustrious namesake.

The next, but not least, of the five worthies from Richmond, who have made themselves accessories before the fact to the murder of Jefferson Davis, is old Dudley, a Yankee, who was too old to run off, being over the conscription age, and who consequently turned his attention to speculation during our great tribulation, and realized, it is said, a large fortune. He is a liquor merchant on Main street, an old resident of the city, and hates Mr. Davis because he is a temperate man, who lent his influence against the sale of ardent spirits during the war.

HOW UNDERWOOD MADE SURE OF HIS GAME.

In order to have in his hands none but pliant tools, Judge Underwood instructed his deputy marshal not to *enforce* the attendance of parties; he wanted none that would not be volunteers in the iniquity. See the cunning villiany in this.—Underwood was determined not to endanger the success of his plans by having any unwilling jurors. He had selected his men, but they would not be trustworthy if they were forced into service. The jury must be perfectly willing to do the job, or the whole plot might miscarry. This makes the conduct of those creatures who went to Norfolk and did Underwood's bidding even more atrocious and despicable, for it was *voluntary* with them, and they could have refused to attend. In fact, two of them did refuse to go—Franklin Stearns and James E. Lipscomb, and for this one good act they deserve much credit. They were the only two out of the whole list who had the manliness and good sense not to participate in this plot of Underwood.

THE JURYMEN SELECTED IN NORFOLK.

The Norfolk papers tell us that the parties raked up from that city to sit upon the jury were no better than those picked from Richmond. Speaking of them, the Norfolk *Virginian* says:

"We make the declaration, the truth of which will be attested by every respectable man in this community, that so far as the Norfolk men are concerned who were on that jury, a more unreliable set could not be found in this or any other community. Three of them are *deserters from the Confederate ranks.* Butler mitigated his infamy in this community, by fixing *perjury* on one of them. And another seeking a 'lower depth,' after he turned Union man, went into the business of running blockade goods into the Confederacy, and yet, as a juryman, took the *oath* that he had never given 'aid and comfort to the South.' This is a *true* bill against some of the men who are attempting to fix treason upon Jefferson Davis."

THE RADICALS PLOTTING FOR THE LIFE OF MR. DAVIS.

From the conspiracy of Judge Underwood it is very plain that he is carrying out, in letter and spirit, the programme arranged with develish ingenuity by the Radicals at Washington, and that Mr. Davis is to be executed, if men base enough for the purpose can be found. It is even whispered that between this and June an act of Congress will limit Executive clemency. Mr. Davis is to die, if Radical malignity, assisted by all the subtlety of demons, can attain that dire result. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* admits as much in the following paragraph of his correspondence:

"The indictment of Jefferson Davis by the Grand Jury at Norfolk, and setting his case for trial at Richmond in June, is *in strict accordance with the programme agreed upon here.* Judge Underwood is expected in the city to-night with the copy of the indictment. The trial of Mr. Davis will now undoubtedly take place at as early a day in the June session as possible, and will, of course, be conducted with all due farmalities, but as *all arrangements necessary to secure a conviction have been made, the result may be easily predicted. It is the settled purpose of certain men in high positions to have Mr. Davis executed, if it is within the range of possibility,* and that they are not slow in asserting that the people of the North will *never allow the interposition of Executive clemency.*

THE TIME OF TRIAL.

The trial of Mr. Davis on this true bill for "treason" is fixed to take place in this city in June. It may be, however, that Chief Justice Chase may adhere to his expressed resolution not to hold a court in Virginia or to aid in the prosecution of Mr. Davis until martial law is entirely revoked.—If he should still adhere to this position, the trial of Mr. Davis will probably be postponed; for, unless he (Chief Justice Chase) becomes a party of his programme, and consents at that time to sit in the case, it is difficult to see how the proceedings will go on, as the presence of the two judges is necessary for the trial of a capital offence.

THE ONLY HOPE FOR MR. DAVIS.

The vengeance of Radicalism is unappeased.—It cries for the blood of Mr. Davis. Nothing else will satisfy it. The only hope is in the incorruptible and fearless Chief Magistrate of the country. Let us hope that he will see that Mr. Davis has a *fair trial.* Neither Mr. Davis nor any of his friends are afraid of a fair investigation and a just decision; the apprehension is that the *sentence is already pronounced,* and that the trial will be a mockery. Andrew Johnson owes it to his fame, to his country, to justice, that he should carefully supervise the proceedings, and prevent a judicial murder—a foul Murder—that will plunge the two sections of the United States into irreconcilable hatred, and make it abhorred by all civilized nations. There is not a true Southerner but will feel that he has been cruelly deceived by an amnesty that yields Jefferson Davis to the scaffold.

WHAT OTHERS THINK OF JUDGE UNDERWOOD'S CONDUCT.

From the Philadelphia Age.

Judge Underwood, of the United States District Court in the Virginia Circuit, has manifestly taken Jeffreys for his model, and is impatient to immortalize himself by re-enacting on the soil of the Old Dominion the cruelties and butcheries of the Bloody Assizes. On last Tuesday he delivered an address to the Grand Jury, the like of which has never been heard of in any court of justice, we verily believe, since the darkest days of oppression of which there is record in English history.

From the Alexandria Gazette.

On the authority of a gentlemen who has lived in Alexandria for fifty years, and has, at various times, held important municipal positions, that of the thirteen members from Alexandria, comprising the greater number of the Grand Jurors of the Circuit Court of Norfolk, he has never heard of but three and from those three, though clever enough in their ways, no sane man would have supposed for an instant that a petit juryman even could be selected.

From the Norfolk Virginian.

We need not again recur to the character of the charge to the Grand Jury delivered by Judge Underwood at the opening of the United States Court in this city on Tuesday last. All who have read that scurrilous production must regret that the Government under which they live should ever have conferred office upon such a miserable creature.

LATEST NEWS BY MAIL.

Matters in Congress—The Constitutional Amendment—General Beauregard in Balt'more—His Reception—Arrival of Santa Anna—Governor Wise in Alexandria.

We clip the following items from our exchanges received last evening:

UNCONFIRMED CIVIL OFFICERS—THE REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION TO THE COSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* writes:

There is believed to be a bare majority of the Senate in favor of the adoption, *in a separate bill,* of the negative amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, inhibiting any payment to civil officers appointed by the President, unless confirmed by the Senate. Such a bill will pass both Houses and be vetoed by the President.

Those of the Republicans in the House who voted against the previous question upon the constitutional amendment represent the Republican opposition to the third section. But a majority of these opposed it because it was too conservative. They would go for a proposition of perpetual exclusion of all who were voluntarily engaged in the Confederate service.

The House will not take up the bill accompanying the amendment till the Senate shall have acted upon the amendment. It is the general belief of the members of the House that the amendment will fail in the Senate for want of a two-thirds vote. New projects for restoration are to be offered in the House by Republican members.

Mr. Morrill expects to get through with the internal revenue bill by the end of this week, and the tariff will come next. The Senate and House will be thinly attended this week. Many members have gone home, and both houses are jaded and wearied of the work. They would close the session without any plan of reconstruction if their constituents would permit them to do it.

Arrival of Santa Anna—Important Mission.

Gen. Santa Anna, of Mexico, arrived at Elizabethport, N. J., on Saturday, by the steamer Georgia, from St. Thomas. He is accompanied by several South Americans. The New York *Post* says:

It is understood that the object of the General in visiting the United States is to unite his efforts with those of the liberal party of Mexico in expelling Maximilian from that country. In a few days he will issue a manifesto to the public, explaining his previous conduct in relation to Mexican affairs, and expressing the objects of his future course. Gen. Santa Anna will once more, it is announced, risk his fortune and person in behalf of Mexico. He declares that he is not seeking for power, but will place himself under the leadership of President Juarez. Gen. Santa Anna will remain at Elizabethport for several days, when he will come to New York. It is understood that a public meeting will soon be held at Cooper Institute, at which he will be present.

Gen. Wise's Address.

Hon. Henry A. Wise delivered a lecture in the Baptist Church on Washington street, Alexandria, last night, for the benefit of the Female Orphan Asylum of that city, to a crowded audience. Mr. Wise indicated his intention to stand by Virginia; that he would not move one step from her soil; that he had taken no test oaths, and no power on earth could make him take any. He had always obeyed the Constitution of the United States, but when the United States called on him to suppress insurrection, and Virginia to repel invasion, it became a conflict of sovereignty, and he was not individually responsible for obeying the call of his State.

"Judge Underwood."

Judge Underwood arrived in the early train yesterday morning, with a copy of the indictment against Jefferson Davis. He was at the office of the Attorney General for a considerable period yesterday, engaged in consultation with the Assistant Attorney General, J. Hubley Ashton, Esq. He urges upon the radical members of the Senate a speedy passage of the House bill to provide for the holding of the Circuit Court at Richmond, in June. It has been decided not to make public the indictment at this time.

Postmasters and the President.

Concerning the action of the President in removing postmasters throughout the country, who are using their positions for purposes antagonistic to his policy, it may be stated that these officers wield an immense deal of power and influence, particularly in the rural districts. In round numbers there are some 25,000 officers of this class, of whom only about 700 have to be sent to the Senate for confirmation.

Another Veto.

The habeas corpus bill, the act to prevent Union officers and soldiers from being prosecuted by rebels for arrests or acts done in the suppression of the rebellion, will probably be vetoed about the middle of the week, on the grounds that it is too sweeping in its character and exempts too many persons.

Reported Decapitation of Postmasters.

It is said that the clerks in the Postoffice Department are busy making out appointments for a large number of new postmasters in all sections of the country. It is believed that there has been a large decapitation of postal office holders who do not sustain the President's policy.

MARRIED.

At Weldon, N. C., on the 9th instant, by the Rev. George Patterson, Hon. GEORGE DAVIS, of this city, late Attorney General of the Confederate States, to Miss MONIMIA, daughter of Dr. Orlando Fairfax, of Richmond, Va.

In Raleigh, on Thursday evening, May 10th, by the Rev. Dr. Mason, DAVID R. NEWSOM, to Miss SALLIE M. THOMPSON, daughter of Wm. Thompson, Esq., all of Raleigh.

In this city, on the 16th inst., Capt. WILEY G. TOOMER, of Mobile, Ala., to Miss M. JANIE SMITH, daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Smith, of Marion, S. C.

Mobile papers please copy.

On Tuesday, the 1st day of May, at the residence of Gen. Lucius D. Polk, in Maury county, Tenn., by the Rev. D. Pise, D. D., Capt. F. D. BLAKE, of Charleston, S. C., and Miss SALLIE H. POLK, daughter of the late Rt. Rev. Leonidas Polk, Bishop of Louisiana.

DIED.

In Lumberton, N. C., after a brief illness, JOHN EDMUND, son of Dr. W. A. and S. N. Dick, aged 16 months.

In this city, on the 12th of May, Mrs. MARIA HANSLEY, wife of Mr. E. Hansley, aged 29 years, 5 months and 11 days.

In this city on the 15th inst., infant and only child of Evan and Maria Hansley, aged about 10 days.

At Leesburg, New Hanover County, on the 8th inst., Mr. JOHN E. JOHNSTON, aged 43 years.

At the residence of her uncle, Mr. C. C. Morse, on Sunday, May 13th, Mrs. MARY E. McINTYRE, in the 30th year of her age.

Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale price. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid.

BEESWAX, ₱ lb	.32 @	35	
BEEF CATTLE, ₱ 100 lbs	10 00 @	15 00	
BRICKS, ₱ M	12 00 @	20 00	
BARRELS, Sp'ts Turp., 2nd hand	2 75 @	4 00	
New	3 50 @	5 00	
CANDLES, ₱ lb., Tallow	20 @	25	
Adamantine	23 @	25	
Sperm	50 @	55	
COFFEE, ₱ lb., Java	40 @	42½	
Laguayra	35 @	38	
Rio	27 @	28	
St. Domingo	26 @	28	
COTTON, ₱ lb., Ord. to Mid'g	28 @	30	
Strict Mid'g	00 @	30	
Good Mid'g	00 @	31	
COTTON BAGGING, Gunny, ₱ yard	30 @	31	
Dundee	28 @	30	
Rope, ₱ lb	20 @	21	
CORN MEAL, ₱ bushel	1 25 @	1 30	
DOMESTICS, Sheeting, ₱ yd	18 @	20	
Yarn, ₱ 5 lb	2 50 @	2 60	
FEATHERS, ₱ lb	00 @	50	
FISH, ₱ bbl., Mullets	0 00 @	00 00	
Mac'l, No. 1	00 00 @	20 00	
Mac'l, No. 2	17 00 @	18 00	
Mac'l, No. 3	14 00 @	15 00	
Her'gs, East.	5 00 @	8 50	
Dry Cod, ₱ lb	.8 @	9	
FLOUR, ₱ bbl., Family	10 50 @	14 00	
Superfine	9 00 @	9 50	
Fine	8 00 @	8 50	
GLUE, ₱ lb	.15 @	20	
GUNNY BAGS	.35 @	40	
GUANO, Peruvian, Per ton	00 00 @	115 00	
LAND PLASTER, ₱ ton		18 00	
GRAIN, ₱ bushel, Corn	1 00 @	1 10	
Oats	.52½ @	70	
Peas, Cow	1 05 @	1 15	
Rice, rough	0 00 @	2 00	
Rice, E. I., ₱ lb	10 @	11	
Carolina	.14 @	16	
HIDES, ₱ lb., Green	4½ @	5	
Dry	.10 @	15	
HAY, ₱ 100 lbs., Eastern	1 20 @	1 25	
North River	1 05 @	1 15	
IRON, ₱ lb., English, ass'd.	9 @	11	
American, ref	.0 @	10	
American, sheer	0 @	00	
Swede	.11 @	12	
LIME, ₱ bbl	0 00 @	0 00	
from store	2 00 @	2 25	
LUMBER, ₱ M., (River,) Fl'r Boards	00 00 @	25 00	
Wide do	.00 00 @	21 00	
Scantling	20 00 @	21 00	
LIQUORS, ₱ gal., (domestic,) Whiskey, Bourbon	2 50 @	5 00	
N. E. Rum	3 00 @	4 00	
Gin	4 00 @	7 00	
Brandy	4 00 @	9 00	
MOLASSES, ₱ gallon, Cuba	.48 @	55	
Sugar house	.45 @	47½	
Syrup	.65 @	1 00	
NAVAL STORES, Turpentine ₱ 280 lbs., New Virgin	3 50 @	4 35	
Yellow dip	0 00 @	3 00	
Hard	0 00 @	1 50	
Tar, ₱ bbl	0 00 @	1 15	
Tar, in order	1 75 @	0 00	
Pitch, do	3 50 @	4 00	
Rosin, pale	7 00 @	8 00	
do No. 1	5 00 @	7 25	
do No. 2	2 50 @	4 00	
do No. 3	2 15 @	2 25	
Spirits Turpentine, ₱ gal	.00 @	62	
NAILS, ₱ lb., Cut	.8 @	8¼	
Wrought	.00 @	00	
OILS, ₱ gallon, Sperm	0 00 @	3 00	
Linseed	1 25 @	1 50	
Machinery	2 00 @	2 50	
PEA NUTS, ₱ bushel	1 50 @	2 25	
POTATOES, ₱ bush., Sweet	1 50 @	1 75	
Irish, ₱ bbl	3 25 @	3 75	
PROVISIONS, ₱ lb., N. C. Bacon, Hams	20 @	21	
Middlings	00 @	19	
Shoulders	00 @	18	
Hog round	19 @	20	
Western Bacon, Middlings	17½ @	18	
Shoulders	15 @	16	
Lard	19 @	20	
Butter	50 @	65	
Cheese	23 @	24	
PORK, Northern, ₱ lb., City Mess	33 00 @	35 00	
Thin "	31 00 @	32 00	
Prime "	00 00 @	30 00	
Prime,	25 00 @	26 00	
Rump	25 00 @	26 00	
SALT, Alum, ₱ bush	0 50 @	60	
Liverpool, ₱ sack, ground, cargo	1 50 @	1 75	
from store	2 00 @	2 50	
SUGAR, ₱ lb., Cuba	.14 @	00	
Porto Rico	15 @	16	
C	.16 @	16½	
B	.17 @	00	
A	.18 @	00	
Crushed	.19 @	20	
SOAP, ₱ lb	10 @	15	
SHINGLES, ₱ M., Contract	4 50 @	5 50	
Common	2 25 @	3 00	
STAVES, ₱ M., W. O. bbl	30 00 @	35 00	
R. O. hhd	40 00 @	50 00	
TIMBER, ₱ M., Shipping	18 00 @	00 00	
Mill, prime	12 00 @	14 00	
Mill Fair	10 00 @	12 00	
Mill, inferior to ordinary	5 00 @	7 00	
TALLOW, ₱ lb	12 @	13	
TOBACCO, ₱ lb., Navy	25 @	35	
Medium	30 @	40	

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKETS

For the week ending Wednesday, May 16, 1866.

TURPENTINE—Since our review of Thursday last there has been an active demand for this article from both shippers and distillers, and as may be seen from our table of sales below the price of new virgin has advanced fully 85 cents, the sales since Friday having been at $4 35 for new virgin, $3 for yellow dip, and $1 50