MORNING STAR

Saturday, July 11th, 1868.

hocal Circulation LARGER than that of any Daily Newspaper in the State, with a fair, and daily increasing, circulation in the country.

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WM. H. BERNARD Editor and Proprietor.

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F. H. MULLINS	Magnolia, Rockingham. Mullins' Depot, S.C.
The second secon	

Organize Clubs.

Wilmington should have not less than two Democratic clubs. One should be composed of the old men; and the other, of the young men. These clubs are productive of much good in a political campaign. They keep up the enthusiasm, and they do the work so essential to success. Clubs of young men are especially important. They are composed of the strong, the vigorous and the energetic. The young men shrink from no labor-no performance of duty-however onerous. They are brimful of life, fire and enthusiasm. We call on them to fall into line. The great struggle for Southern freedom is about to columns. The young men of the South have fought Grant's legions before, but then we fought against learful odds. Now, we have not only principle but numbers on our side, and we have only to bring up our reserves, and the day is ours.

one. If successful in November, the Dem- Conservatives and he had better follow it." ocrats will soon have entire control of the and then indeed will "mercy," hope, liberty, even life, "sigh farewell."

Gen. Blair's Letter.

We publish to-day a letter of Gen. Frank P. Blair, written before his nomination for the Vice-Presidency by the Democratic party. It will be read with deep interest now that he occupies such a prominent position before the country.

The Court costume, which etiquette inexorably demands shall be worn at Royal receptions, will in all probability soon be modified. The London Standard says it suspects the present style will not be endured much longer. In a claret-col- suit." We thought it generally gave both parored coat, flowered waistcoat, and black breeches and white stockings, it is difficult for a man to look like a gentleman at all, or like anything but a footman in an plate inferior suit of livery. The point to be considered is, if the present fashion be abandoned, what is to be the nature of the change? The Standard thinks that there spectable costume for Court occasions free from the objections to the present rig. As it is, large numbers of gentlemen never go into the presence of the sovereign because they have not the courage to appear in the masquerade prescribed for them, which is condemned on every side as ugly, inconvenient, and full of ignoble associations,

are going over to Paris with the intention But we like his style-we do. of submitting to a surgical operation for the severance of the ligament that unites them. The twins have lived to the age of 59 and have raised large families of children. In the course of nature one of this singular pair may die and his decease would immediately prove fatal to the survivor. To prevent this catastrophe the operation is suggested. Many years ago. it is reported, the subject of the effect of an operation was discussed in Paris, and the opinions of the surgeons were by no means conclusive as to the feasibility of severing the ligament, which is situated near the vital organs, and has now developed into a hardened structure. So many questions as to the responsibility of the operator, in case the result should be fatal, may be started, that it will be difficult to find a surgeon who would run the risk of a criminal prosecution.

It is stated that the export of manufactured goods from Great Britain to the United States for the year ending with April, 1868, was 45 per cent., less than for the year ending with April, 1866. April, 1867, it was 27 per cent. less.

The General Assembly.

The proceedings of Tuesday afternoon in the House (the Senate not being in session) were devoid of interest.

In the Senate, on Wednesday, a bill by Mr. Jones, of Wake, to extend the Chatham Railroad, was referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

The following bills and resolutions were taken up and acted upon:

Bill providing for the relief of Sheriffs and their sureties. Referred to the com-

mittee on the Judiciary. Resolution providing for the appoint ment of a committee to take into consider

ation arrangements for establishing a Penitentiary. Adopted. Resolution proposing to raise a committee to define the duties of a Board of Pub-

lic Charity. Adopted. The subject of pay for members was referred to a Select Committee.

A resolution of Mr. Robbins, amended by Galloway, allotting the galleries to the two races so as to avoid their mingling,

was adopted. The Chair appointed the various Stand

ing Committees.

In the House, the Speaker gave notice of his intention to exclude all reporters who used the word "negro" to designate the colored members, as they considered such an appellation a personal insult.

Mr. Abbott, from the Select Committee on Disabilitses, having asked instructions whether their functions are restricted to the mere question of admitting to seats persons banned by the 14th Article, or whether their powers extend to the investigation of the special cases, Mr. Seymour moved to instruct the committee to confine their report to the general question "whether members elect, banned by the Howard amendment, are disqualified from taking their seats," which was agreed to.

Mr. Pou offered a esolution requesting the Congress of the United States, now, to political disabilities imposed by the 14th Article of the Federal Constitution, and that properly authenticated copies of the resolution be immediately forwarded to commence. Gen. Grant heads the enemy's the presting officer of the United States Senate and to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives.

> Messrs. Pou and Sinclair addressed the House in support of the resolution.

in the course of debate declared that Mr. The pending canvass is an important Sinclair "had sent his baggage over to the

After some remarks from Mr. S., Mr. Ab-Government, and peace and plenty will bott resumed, saying that until he saw once more smile upon our now stricken some signs of repentance and good fruits land. But, if Radicalism shall triumph ; of loyalty, he would suffer his right arm to if Gen. H. U. Grant be elected, he becomes drop off, and his tongue to cleave to his a tool in the hands of a Jacobin Congress mouth, before he would flinch from his position in this matter. The resolution was a step towards debauching the politics of the State and taking the power from the hands of the Republicans.

Twinklings.

Grant's life has been dram-atized. When is a dog's tail a vehicle? When it is a waggin.

Grant is very fond of tales-especially cocktails.

Cincinnati is "done up Brown" by 266 families of that unusual name.

"A suit that rarely fits-a law

Ben Butler goes to church because he likes to see the deacons hand around the

"An unfortunate infant in Cincinnati came to his death from soothing syrup." Poor Mrs. Winslow!

"The Indians are troublesome on would be no-difficulty in devising some re- the Upper Missouri." We should judge so, if a dozen or two pale-face scalps a day mean

anything. writing a comedy on American Society, about which he knows nothing." So much the bet-

ter for American Society! A recent graduate writes us as follows: "I want to right for your paper at 2 sents a line. I dots all my eyes and crosses all my teas." As we are opposed to dotting."eyes" The Siamese Twins, it is stated, and crossing "teas", we have no use for him.

> Grant made a big speech the other night. Waking from a dream in which he imagined himself just closing a fast of forty days, he rushed into his kitchen, roused the cook, and exclaimed, with characteristic animation: "Let us have peas!"

North Carolina in a Nutshell.

- Newbern is again serene.

- Watermelons in Raleigh.

- Thos. Robbins, the able Senator from Rowan and Davie, is making a splen-did reputation in the Legislature.

bern have been guilty of the supreme folly of discontinuing the lighting of the city gas lamps. - Our summary of the Legislative proceedings is written out, in a convenient form, from the elaborate reports of the Ra-leigh Sentinel. We learn our readers generally prefer the abstract to the full report.

- From a partial failure of our Newbern mail, we have just received the par-

Company C, 40th U. S. C. Infantry, which is under the temporary command of Capt. W. S. Long in the absence of Capt. French, crossed the Trent bridge and proceeded to a house, where a private party was in its height, and being intoxicated, were refused admittance, upon which they fired a volley upon the in-mates of the dwelling. At the same time Mr. strument, when he was relieved from his perilous position by some of the colored citizens. By this time the fighting had become a serious matter. The colored veterans of the army of the rebellion, about thirty in number, formed in line, driving the raw recruits of Co. C, 40th U. S. C. L., on the bridge, where the contest Seven soldiers were brought across the bridge badly wounded, and conveyed to the office of Dr. Walter Duffy, on Middle street, who was assisted in his Surgical operations by Post Surgeon White. Two of the soldiers were brought to the Station-house by some of the veterans, and there lodged, from whence they &c. The whole platform may profitably be were given up to their officers by order of his reread by all, as follows: Honor, Mayor Palmer. Neither one of the soldiers or citizens have died.

Palmetto Leaves.

.. State debt, \$8,278,255,64.

... Democratic club at Marion

has over one hundred members. .. The STAR reaches Suinter about twenty-four hours in advance of the Charles-

.. The Star records the death of fine dog, killed by a wild cat, in Marion, last

Col. Wm. P. Alston, of Fairfield, fell dead, while walking across his room, a few days since. .. It affords us infinite pleasure

to announce that the "town pump" of Marion .. Friend Gilbert, of the Watch-

nan, has been presented with some North Carolina Scuppernong and says it's very good. - The reported marriage of Little, of the Bennettsville Journal, is, alas! too true. The bride was Miss Martha McBride, of

The Winnsboro' News says: Our district was visited Sunday evening with a heavy and most greatful rain, in consequence of which the prospects of a good crop have been greatly increased.

... The colored Democrats of Columbia had a grand parade and barbecue on army and navy; the abolition of the freedmen's remove from all citizens of this State the feeling prevailed. Three whites and three col- signed to secure negro supremacy; simplificaored men spoke. One of the banners bore the tion of the system and discontinuance of ininscription : "We trust the men of the South."

.. We are glad to see that the farmers of Marion have organized an agricul- of the government and the currency made tural society, elected officers and gone vigor- good; the repeal of all enactments for enrollously to work. In this connection we hope that our friend McKerail will bring the Carolina time of peace, and a tariff for revenue upon Farmer to the attention of the society at its next meeting. We need a live agent at Ma-

.. The Sumter Watchman says: The business of cow-stealing is so much practiced in this region that a number of citizens Mr. Abbott opposed the resolution, and are employing a cow-minder, who drives the cattle off to graze every morning, watches them all day, and returns with them in the afternoon. A very good plan, no doubt, under the circumstances, but a shocking exhibition of the condition of things to which we have been brought.

Letter from "Dryasdust."

The Codfish Ring-The Situation-Logan, Pool and Dockery-An Effort to beat Abbott and Sloan, &c., &c.

IN A BALLOON, RALEIGH, 9th July, 1868.

Dear Star :- Your correspondent has failed to send you his usual budget from Wake Court House solely on account of absence. I have this morning returned from a flying trip through the Western portion of our State, where I have been on " official business," but now that I have returned I hope to be able to give you an "occasional" in the way of stirring up the dry bones of Radicalism and carpet-baggery. I've not yet gotten my hands on the army which carried our flag to victory. wires, but hope to give you some more light on the inside workings of the ring in a few days.

Raleigh is crowded with office-holders and office-seekers. Political cesspool considerably muddled on the Senatorship. Holden, though not a candidate, is the strongest man for U. S. Senator. He can get the vote of the entire conservative wing | tered the post and telegraph offices, and even of the Legislature, who would much prefer him in Washington to bis continuance in Raleigh. The Abbott and Sloan league has hung fire so long that there are some doubts of its success, although, as I before stated, it was agreed that Sloan and "Victorein Sardou is thinking of Abbott should have the Senate and young Joseph William the Speakership. A strong feeling has set in for Pool or Dockery from the East and General Judge Logan, of Rutherfordton, from the West. There is a growing disposition among the more decent Radicals to abandon the Codfish ring gance have exceeded anything known in hisof carpet-baggers, hence the latter ticket is decidedly popular, and would be more acceptable to the State at large, and to an his constitutional power of appointment even extent, would have the sanction of the of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated as-Conservatives, with whom talent, interest and nativity are preferred to itinerant carpet-bag adventurers, whose only interest is self. Abbott, however, in the event of Dockery Sr.'s election, threatens death to Dockery, Jr., in the Fall campaign for Congress, but as the Dockery like the Holden family, take to office like a young duck and trust of suffrage have belonged to the sev-

The County Commissioners of Johnston county are in a muddle and don't ber of every family an "orifice," and as many joined the party for the spoils alone, they now find that the fat is for a few only they now find that the fat is for a few only it is a fact that ere many days will be known to all. Some of their best men are gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees shaky, and some are already outspoken in given in their favor must be faithfully carried their denunciation of the slavery to which their colleagues, black and white, are be-ing subjected under the whip of Abbott, Heaton and Sweet, who they now see have emption of homestead lands, and sold in rea-

The Democratic Platform.

In transmitting the platform of the Democratic National Convention by telegraph from New York, on Tuesday, says the Baltimore Sun, some important omissions occurred, and some few errors; we therefore again insert it here, Frank Menninger, hearing the discharge of fire arms, opened his door and was rushed upon and struck down, and a deep wound inflicted upon him by a knile or some sharp pointed in cial question was among the omissions, that is, the sections relative to equalizing taxation on every species of property, including government securities, and declaring in favor of one currency for all. Out of the eight demands, indeed, made by the platform in the outset, waged fiercely, ending in the total repulse of the latter and their capture by the veterans, cluding declarations as to a reduction of the army and navy, abolishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, and of inquisitorial taxation, reform of abuses in office, and equal rights and protection to naturalized and native-born citizens.

THE PLATFORM.

The Democratic Party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intel-ligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizens, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war, or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated, do, with the return of peace demand:

First. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the constitution, and of civil government to the Ameri-

Second. Amnesty for all past political offences and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third. Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied for such pay-ment; and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including bands and other public securities. Fifth. One currency for the government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder,

the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder. Sixth, Economy in the administration of the

government; the reduction of the standing quisitorial modes of assessing and collectinginternal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit ing the State militia into national forces in foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh. Reform of abuses in the administration, expulsion of corrupt men from office : abrogation of useless offices; the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of, the executive and judicial departments of the Government; the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of

the sword may cease. Eighth. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad, the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and in-dividual rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their juris-

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career.

After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both-Houses of Congress to prose cute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer

Instead of restoring the Union, it has so far as in its power dissolved it, and subjected ten States in time of profound peace to military despotism and negro supremacy. It has nulli-fied there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests and military trials and secret star chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has enthe private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American Capitol into a Bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunals, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution; while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most

den family, take to office like a young duck to water, there is not much danger to be apprehended from Abbott's wrath. The Dockerys are entitled to their "shear" of office.

The Radieals are not the happy family th: world outside of the "loial legue" might suppose. There are strong indications of a split in the camp. There were many offices created for the benefit of the faithful, but not enough to give each member of every family an "orifice," and as many joined the party for the spoils alone, they now find that the fat is for a few only who are pre-eminently the "treoly loyal." This split is not a mere matter of report—it is a fact that ere many days will be the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe must ever be

into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed ticulars of a recent bloody affair near New-bern. We copy from the Republican:—"On Monday night, a little after ten o'clock, the rattle of musketry was heard on the opposite side of the river, in James City. A squad of soldiers, about fifteen in number, belonging to DRYASDUST.

Internal Sweet, who they how see have all along been intent upon their own gain.

The mails are about closing—you will hear from me soon again from inside the government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed neccessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands. the government. When grants of the public A petition to Congre lands may be allowed neccessary for the endisabilities was tabled. Couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of important public improved Notices of various billing the couragement of the couragement of the couragement of the course of the couragement of the course of the couragement of ments, the proceeds of the sale of such lands,

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Con-gress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the grati-tude of the whole American people, and in be-helf of the Democratic party, we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard. Upon this platform the Democratic ven party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people; and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship and hail all such co-operatng with us as friends and brethren.

Resolved, That in the future, as in the past, we will adhere, with unswerving fidelity, to the Union, under the Constitution, as the foundation of our strength, security and happiness as people, and as a frame-work of government equally conducive to the welfare and prosper-ity of all the States, both Northern and South-

Resolved. That the Union established by the Constitution is a Union of States, federal in its character, composed of States thereby united, and is capable of existing without the States as its continuing integral parts, and therefore the perpetuation of the Union in its integrity depends upon the preservation of the States in their integrity, the Government of the United States being a Federal Republic, and not a consolidation of the whole people into a nation.

Resolved, That the perpetuity of the Union and the maintenance of the government, as

both were established by the Constitution, and as both, under the Contitution, have beens expounded in the foregoing resolutions, in con-formity with the venerable teachings of Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, have ever been held as cardinal doctrines of the Democratic party, and they are now reiterated with increased earnestness, under the solemn conviction that only by bringing back the administration of the government to the time-honored principles (on which, for sixty years, there was such unparalled happiness and prosperity), and in rescuing it from those who have ever held the Constitution itself to be no better than a covenant with death and an agreement with hell," whose revolutionary policy and measures have brought such general discord, strife and war, with the attendant ills, upon a large portion of the country, and such wide-spread demoralization throughout the whole of it.

Resolved, That the Democratic party in sustaining the Federal administration in the late unhappy conflict of arms, did so in good faith, with the hope and earnest wish to maintain the principles above set forth, and with no view of waging war on the part of the North-ern States in any spirit of oppression against their brethren of the South, nor for any puroose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of the States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the conthe dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired. The subjugation of these lower. Oats cent lower. Mess Pork \$3 004 States, or the holding of them as conquered territory, would be, in the judgment of this convention, the destruction of the Union it-

Resolved, That the highest meed of patriotsm is due and should ever be rendered to all those who in the recent war periled life or fortune for the mainenance of the Union and the beneficent system of American government thereby established upon the fundamental principles set forth in the foregoing resolutions; but we have neither thanks nor sympathy for those who entered or carried on the contest for the subjugation of States or for the subjugation by Federal authority of the white race in any of the States to the dominion of the blacks. The right of suffrage, or who shall exercise political power, is a matter that rests under the constitution exclusively with the several States; there it properly belongs, and there it should continue ever to remain.

THE VERY LATEST.

TELEGRAPH

THE MORNING STAR.

NOON REPORTS.

From Washington. WASHINGTON, July 10.

The House has passed, without division, a oill ordering the Virginia election on 13th, 14th and 15th August, and the meeting of the Legislature in Richmond, the first Tuesday in that

A treaty has been concluded with the Sioux Indians, which ends trouble on the Plains and closes the labors of the peace commissioners

Bailroad Accident.

ERIE, Pa., July 10. Tidings from the scene of the railroad accilent, reported yesterday, represent that the passengers were robbed and baggage rifled.-There were no Southerners among those kill-

From Ohio.

CINCINNATI, July 10. Pendleton has telegraphed Seymour his conratulations, and assurances of active, zealous

> Foreign Markets. LONDON, July 10-Noon.

Consols 94%@95. Bonds 78%. FRANKFORT, July 9.

Bonds easier.

LIVERPOOL, July 10-Noon. Cotton market quiet-sales 9,000 bales. LIVERPOOL, July 10-P. M. Cotton dull-prices unchanged. Sales of

people accepted the reconstruction acts; and that if the new Constitution is obnoxious it is the fault of the intelligent white men who took no part in the Convention elections. He again avows himself in favor of qualified ne-gro suffrage. He says it is idle to expect any gro sufirage. He says it is idle to expect any relief in regard to universal suffrage from the Democratic party. If the Southern governments in 1871 are declared void, the States will be in a condition of anarchy. If the Supreme Court declares them unconstitutional, he asked what constitutions would be in force, and what officers reinstated. He says that we should depend on curselves only, and speaks of the harmony that existed between himself and the District Commander. In conclusion he says the principles and the purpose avowed by his successor, Gov. Scott, with reference to the interests of the State are wise and patriotic, and invites the people to give his adminisic, and invites the people to give his adminis-tration a full and fair trial before condemna-

South Carolina Legislature. COLUMBIA, July 10.

Legislature business unimportant. The House is engaged in completing the organization of the Senate. A perition to Congress for the removal Notices of various bills were given.

Adjourned to Monday.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 10 Adjournment of Congress by the 20th is now probable. To accomplish this, both house holding night sessions. The New York nominations are well recei ed here by all parties except the Republican Democrats are confident of success at the N

From Europe

LONDON, July 10

FORTIETH CONGRESS. SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 10 SENATE. - A bill authorizing construction, a bridge over the Mississippi, at Rock Island and limiting cost to a million of dollars, wa

Bills authorizing sale of ten millions of gold per month until the amount in Treasury is to duced to forty millions, and regarding the Electoral Cellege, were discussed. Recess.
House.—The Deficiency bill, involving two and a half millions, was passed.

Additional compensation to Department

clerks was defeated. The South has no interest in the bill beyon the Reconstruction deficiencies heretofore Balance session devoted to private bills

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10. Kellogg, Senator for long term, is from li

Harris, Senator for short term, is last for Wisconsin. The Senate yesterday passed House resolution ratifying 14th amendment. Of the supposed fillibusters arrested at Port Livingston last week, several were bonded

answer, and the balance discharged by Com missioner Weller. An Austin special says the question of the division of the State has been indef

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 10. General markets dull and unchanged. North Carolina's, ex coupon, 74 bid. Vi inia's, new, 57 bid : 58 asked.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 10. Cotton heavy—sales of 1400 bales at 21% some at 32 cents. Flour, State and Western dull and drooping; Southern heavy, comme ern \$2 42(0\$2 50. Corn less active and en \$28 25. Lard, kettle 18@18½ ets. Groceris duil. Turpentine 48@44 cents. Rosin \$2 3 @57 50. Freights quiet. Governments closed firm; '62 Coupous 134, Tefinessee 6's. 7114; new 70. North Carolina's 7534; new 74. Virginia's, new 7314. Georgi

Charleston Market.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 10. Cotton dull and nominal-no sales. Mic llings 31 cents. Receipts 81 bales,

7's. 94. Gold 140%. Sterling 10%. Southern bonds strong and nigher.

Foreign Markets. LIVERPOOL, July 10 -Evening.

Cotton is quiet and steady. Sales of 10,000

LONDON, July 10-Evening. Finances unchanged.

COMMISSICIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET STAR OFFICE, July 10. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market opened firm and advanced 14 cent during the

day. Sales of 19 casks at 3814 cents, 132 casks at 34 cents, and 28 New York casks at 39% ROSIN-Was firm. Sales of 537 bbls. at \$1 9 for Strained, \$2 00 for No. 2, \$2 25@\$2 30 for

very Low No. 1, \$3 00 for No. 1, and \$3 % CRUDE TURPENTINE—Was steady. Sales of 81 bbls. at \$2 60 for Virgin; \$2 60 for 800,

and \$1 50 for Hard. TAR-Was steady. Sales of 40 barrels at

RECEIPTS.

Per River Steamers. Str North Carolina-10 bbls. turpentine, bbl tar, 176 casks spts, 161 bbls rosin, A Aiderman, Williams & Murchison.

Receipts as Per Manifest by Freight Train, W. & W. R. Road, July 10. Rdberts, S& Co 7 bbls spts; Rev J McDaniel
1 keg tish; N Hunt 1 box: Williams & M 4 bbls
turp, 5 do spts, 1 do rosin; Dollner, P & Co.,
care Worth & Daniel, 19 do spts; Finlayson &
Bro 17 do tarp, 1 bbl apples, 44 do rosin, 8 do
spts; J R Hinson 1 empty keg, 1 do corn, 1
bdl bags; Jas Bowden 10 bbls tar; Sprunt &
Hinson 2 bbls spts; Birdsey & R 10 bbls rosin,
Cannon & Stokely 2 bbls apples, 1 do potatoes,
Weather by & Knowles 7 bbls peanuts; Edwards & Smith 8 bbls turp, 5 do tar; Smith &
Bate 1 bucket butter: J M Henderson 2 bbls
turp; E Peschau 1 bbl beeswax; J O Bowden 6
bbls turp, 15 do tar; A Alderman 2 bbls turp;
Willard Bros 6 bags onions.

Willard Bros 6 bags onions. Receipts per Wilmington and Mas-

chester Railroad, July 10. T C Lewis 22 boxes peaches; Lewis Jones & Co 10 do do; Griffin, Bro & Co 10 de do; B I Manning 1 bdle bags; Willard & B 5 tieres rice; Williams & M 252 bbls rosin; Wallace & S 10 boxes peaches, 50 bbls rosin, 5 bbls sple Solution, presenting reasons which influenced his public conduct, and advising a future policy. He says it would have been wise had the white people accepted the reconstruction acts; and

MARINE.

Stmr North Carolina, Green, Fayetteville, Williams & Murchison. Stmr A P. Hurt, Skinner, Fayetteville, World Brig Guiding Star, Freethey, New York,

CLEARED. Steamship Mary Sanford, Moore, NewYork, Worth & Daniel. Stmr A P Hurt, Skinner, Fayetteville, Worth

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