

MORNING STAR.

Tuesday, March 22, 1870.

THE MORNING STAR is delivered to City Subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week. Subscribers north of the centre of Market Street will be supplied by Mr. WM. L. MARLOW; and those south of that line by Mr. JOHN E. BURCH. Only these Agents are authorized, in their respective Divisions, to collect city subscriptions.

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THE CIRCULATION OF THE MORNING STAR IS LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN NORTH CAROLINA.

GREAT GOLD DISCOVERY.

A dispatch from Washington says: A very late letter from San Diego, California, to Hon. R. C. McCormick, delegate from Arizona, contains the following paragraph: "One of the richest gold mines ever discovered was found last week in the mountains sixty miles west of here. A German named Vickars is the lucky man. The ledge is four feet wide, and, as far as prospected, is estimated to be worth \$25,000 per ton. The greatest excitement that I ever saw prevails here over the discovery. Nearly everybody has left town for the mine."

GOOD FOR THE CATHOLIC WOMEN.

A Catholic woman declares in the New York Tribune that there is not a single member of her denomination connected with the woman suffrage movement. This is one of the very highest compliments that could possibly be paid the Catholic women. May they never cease to deserve it.

A TRUE HERO.

The lofty courage and resignation with which Captain Williams, of the Oneida, clung to his ship, and went down with her, were not the first manifestations of high principle he had made in his nautical career. In 1858, when a Midshipman on board the Decatur, he volunteered to take off the officers and crew of the British ship Cleopatra, which they discovered in a sinking condition. He succeeded in (to use his own words) "saving every soul," at the great peril of his own safety.

EXTENSIVE AQUEDUCT SCHEME.
San Francisco wants a more abundant supply of water, and seriously entertains a project for bringing it in iron pipes, seven feet in diameter, from Lake Bigler. The length of pipe would be one hundred and twelve miles, and the cost ten million dollars; but it would supply water to all the intervening towns, and to the farms requiring irrigation.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

The Richmond Whig contains the following announcement:

MARRIED.

YOUNG—MARTIN AND OTHERS.—In Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 16th ult., in the presence of the Saints, Elder Brigham Young to Mrs. J. R. Martin, Miss L. M. Pendergrast, Mrs. R. M. Jencksom, Miss Susie P. Cleveland and Miss Emily P. Martin, all of the county of Berks, England. No cards.

LOBBYISTS.

The following resolution has been introduced in the Wisconsin Legislature:

Resolved. That all persons acting in the capacity of lobbyists shall, during the remainder of the session, wear a badge on their hats or caps, or in a conspicuous place on the broadest part of the person, with the name of the scheme they represent plainly printed thereon.

How to repress disorder in Ireland is about to receive a vigorous solution. The British Cabinet has decided upon introducing a bill in Parliament giving power to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to "proclaim" districts in which troubles exist. Extraordinary powers of arrest and detention are granted to magistrates. Police and jury trials are in certain cases to be dispensed with, and the police force is to be largely increased. This measure will reduce Ireland almost to the condition of Georgia and Texas, where no law exists save the will of the Radical military patrols.

A man at Lowell, Massachusetts, has made a provision in his will that he must be buried in a burglar proof safe when he dies.

It is said that James Gordon Bennett never made a speech, never voted, never was naturalized, and is still a subject of Queen Victoria."

Legislature of North Carolina.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, March 18.

By Mr. Jones of Columbus: Bill to change the line between the counties of Bladen and Columbus.

On his motion the rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

CALENDAR (RESUMED).

Bill to provide for calling a Convention of the people of North Carolina, was taken up, discussed and rejected by the following vote: Yeas 23.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, March 18.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

On motion of Mr. Long, of Richmond, the bill to authorize the Commissioners of Richmond County to levy a special tax, was passed its second reading, yeas 45, nays 15.

On motion of Mr. Malone, the bill to declare the laws of evidence in certain cases was taken up and passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Moore, the Senate bill to require the Supreme Court of the State to examine all applicants for licenses to practice law, was taken up and passed its third reading.

SPECIAL ORDER.

On motion of Mr. French, the House proceeded to the election of Speaker.

Mr. French nominated Mr. Moore of Chowan.

Mr. Durham nominated Mr. Jarvis.

(Other nominations were made in a spirit of jest, the Reporter omits them.)

Mr. Moore of Chowan received 85 votes.

Mr. Durham 5.

Mr. McDonald 5.

Mr. Proffitt 2.

Mr. Kelly of Davis 1.

Mr. Moore of Chowan was announced as elected Speaker of the House and after the roll call of 12 o'clock by the speaker of the house, at which time he (Speaker of the House) would turn over the Chair to him.

Bill to exempt School Committee men from laboring on public highways.

Blacks, colored, and others advocated the bill.

Mr. Foster moved to lay it on the table.

A vote being taken the motion prevailed by a vote of yeas 35, nays 25.

Mr. Malone: A resolution of thanks to Jos. W. Holden, Esq., late Speaker of the House.

The rules were suspended and the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The Ku-Klux Klan—What it Was, Why Organized, and Why Disbanded.

The WORKINGMEN'S CURRENCY.

A word about the Ku-Klux. There is no such order now in existence. Those who claim its representation are liars. The genuine Ku-Klux never existed outside of Tennessee, and existed there only to a limited extent and for a brief period. The Government had withdrawn its protection from the people. Brownlow had organized a troop of roving militia, composed chiefly of negroes, and encircled by convicts whom he had paroled out of the State prison for the purpose. Women and children were being murdered every day and night in cold blood. No home was secure. No life was safe. The courts were closed against the people. The few laws that were allowed to remain on the statute books were denied them. The middle portion of the State was in complete anarchy, and self-protection was the only security within reach of citizens. The Ku-Klux Klan was a purely defensive organization. It numbered the oldest, best and most peaceable men. Its spirit was judicial, its acts were orderly, and its purpose was self-preservation. Through its brief but benign influence order was restored, legal redress was granted, the official robbers and assassins dispersed, and society settled into its normal state. Then the Ku-Klux Klan vanished mysteriously and noiselessly as it had appeared, and we pray God it may never again become indispensable to the peace of any neighborhood in any part of the Union.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

The Impudent Fisk, Jr., Again.

The Fisk railroad suit, (the latest one,) in New York, involving "five millions in the air," and stock which Mr. Vanderbilt, the "railroad king" agreed to carry, is going on before Judge Barnard, and Gould and Fisk have been on the witness stand. As a matter of course the testimony is rich. Fisk says he was never before on the stand, but once, and that was in the country, in a cow-car. He acknowledges that he is a resident of New York since last spring, before that (when it was convenient for legal purposes) he lived in Boston. Fisk says that he well remembers the day he went into the firm office; it was October 13th, 1867; it was an episode in his life; he had no gray hairs then. He dated his gray hairs from that time. It was enough to make them gray, more robbery being perpetrated than ever he saw before.

If the balance of the evidence of Fisk, Jr., can be credited, the Wall-street magazines hold spicy opinions of each other. Vanderbilt, we are told, thinks Fisk is "better than a better pudding," and Fisk agrees with the Commodore. Next we have certain speculators lined up in an animal hull of vultures. As regards the suit itself, one is so bewildered by the nonchalance with which millions of dollars are referred to, as if they were many brass buttons that it is difficult to arrive at any conclusion as to its merits. A telegram states that the examination of Fisk was concluded yesterday, and the defense moved the dismissal of the case on the ground that it was brought in a spirit of megalomania. Further proceedings were postponed to the 28th inst.

Mississippi Legislature.

Wednesday, March 18.

A special to the *Advertiser*, from Jackson, Miss., yesterday, says, in the State Senate bills were introduced to nominate new counties of Mississ. Union, Prentiss and Hamilton, and guaranteeing all persons irrespective of color, equal rights on railroads and steamboats, and in hotels. Mr. Gibbs said such legislation filled the legislative party in Louisiana and Tennessee.

After a heated discussion the bill was finally referred to the judiciary committee. The resolution which passed the House yesterday in reference to the election of Gen. Ames to the United States Senate was taken up and tabled. The opposition to Ames is daily growing, and it is expected the senatorial contest will be hotly contested. An attempt was made to day to elect a state librarian, but was unsuccessful on account of the number of candidates. It is thought Miss Hightower, colored, will be elected.

"Shoe Fly" is extending to Germany, where a Teutonic version is said to be very popular.

WORKINGMEN'S ADDRESS.

Opening the Campaign Against the National Banks—The Far-Advancing of a New Party Platform—Driving Out the Politicians and Bankers—Nothing but the Nation's Money as a Circulating Medium.

Confederate Bonds—Black List.

A document was received at the Treasury Department to-day from a party in Wadesboro, N. C., containing the names of 836 residents of that place, and showing the amounts subscribed by them for Confederate bonds from March 24th to April 4th, 1864, to be \$306,700, but whether in gold, greenbacks, or Confederate money, the document does not state. This black list is gotten up to mark the subscribers for official vengeance.—*Washington Daily Disposer.*

CALENDAR (RESUMED).

Bill to repeal an act creating the Penitentiary Commission.

Mr. Stephen moved the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Mr. Martindale called the previous question, which was sustained and the bill passed its second reading.

CALENDAR (RESUMED).

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