The Morning Star.

WM. H. BERNARD, CICERO W. HARRIS, } Editors.

WILMINGTON, N. C.:

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 19, 1873.

EMPEROR WILLIAM.

A Berlin correspondent says Emperor William's health is very infirm, though he will persist in changing his residence from place to place. He represents the monarch as petulent and undecided in policy, fearing Liberalism and yet dreading to check it. The King has not dared entirely to emancipate the Ministers from the sway of Prince Bismarck, and he has not dared to recognize that sway by rendering it regular and rational. So he kept in the Cabinet half a dozen insignificant junkers, relics of an extinct political system, too narrow-minded frankly to accept the Prince's policy, and too timid successfully to resist it. It is not so much the King's trust in Bismarck that has worked out the great events of the past decade as the tremendous personality of the latter. He has fairly terrified the poor monarch into a compliance, in which there have been only rare intervals of confidence, and which relapses during the dull season into the deepest depression of spirits.

SOUTHERN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION.

We regard the permanent organization of the Southern Historical Society and the action of that body last week at Montgomery White Sulphur Springs as important in a marked degree.

The true purpose of the organization was forcibly expressed in the able address of Admiral Semmes. We are pleased with its catholic spirit. As he said, the history of the country is one history, and we must see to it that our part of it is written faithfully *now*.

We are printing a careful synopsis of the proceedings, which are of deded interest.

It would seem that such men as Gen. Early, Admiral Semmes and Gov. Letcher don't class Beauregard with Longstreet and other renegades, whatever the opinion of the average newspaper blatherskite. In the Historical Convention they called upon him to preside in the absence of the President, and afterward made him one of the Vice-Presidents of the Southern Historical Association. "Is thy servant a dog?"

Salmeron, the new and vigorous President of Spain, appears to be getting the better of the Radical insurgents. If not hampered by the factious and weak Cortes, he will soon restore quiet throughout the peninsula, for with the irreconcilable malcontents subdued he can with the whole military power of the country soon overpower the Carlists.

Back hair is a nobler thing than back pay. The other day a heroine on the Mississippi swam into the river like a man and gave her four feet of hair to a drowning man. When they are married if that man doesn't use that back hair more roughly than that it will be because that young woman is a better man than he is.

The *North German Gazette*, of Berlin, says Bismarck never used such language as was ascribed to him by a New York *World* correspondent. He is not fool enough to talk of extirpating the idea of God and substituting for it that of the State. Thus ends a miserable canard.

"A newly arrested Indianapolis criminal who had "reporterphobia," placarded his cell door with 'Don't know anything.'" Well, if he didn't know anything before he wouldn't have known anything after the reporters got through with him.

A feasible plan for procuring immigrants is unfolded by a contributor in to-day's MORNING STAR. State aid will have to be rendered before any immigration scheme is put into execution.

PROMINENT PERSONALS.

— James F. Meline, a prolific and able writer for the press, and a noted champion of Mary Queen of Scots, died in Brooklyn last Friday.

— Mme. Lucca, late Baroness Von Rhaden, is now Mme. Von Wallhofen, and Mlle. Grossi is about to become Baroness Von Rhaden.

— Late intelligence from the other side of the Atlantic contradicts the rumor that Joseph Jefferson, the great American actor, has been stricken with paralysis.—Mr. Jefferson, though still suffering from debility, is slowly gaining his accustomed good health.

— Richard Salter Storrs, D. D., the venerable pastor of the First Congregational Church of Braintree, Mass., died on Monday, at the advanced age of eighty-six years, having continued pastor of one church until the day of his death, his pastorate lasting sixty-two years. He was father of the eminent Richard Storrs, Jr., D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y.

For the Morning Star.

IMMIGRATION.

NO. 1.

Previous to the breaking out of the late civil war, the Congress of the United States adopted the policy of granting to the new States of the Northwest the alternate sections of public lands lying along the route of contemplated railroads. These lands were regranted by the States to railroad companies to aid them in building the proposed roads. The lands so donated were sold by the railroad companies to actual settlers on long credits and at moderate prices. Under the influence of this policy the Northwestern States have been rapidly settled up by an industrious and thrifty population, a large portion of which are foreigners. Meantime, no effort was made to direct the tide of immigration southward, from a belief that the introduction of a large foreign element into this section would operate injuriously on the institution of slavery. That institution being swept away, the question of immigration is presented to us on its naked merits, unembarrassed by any connection with dead issues.

Perhaps it may not be necessary to go into an argument to prove that the introduction of immigrants into North Carolina would benefit our State.—Most readers will be ready to concede the point, and especially those who are conversant with the wonderful development of the Northwest from this cause. I lay down the proposition that the State as an organized political community, the railroad companies, and the people individually, are directly interested in this question and ought to work together in harmonious co-operation for the furtherance of this great object of filling up our State with an industrious and thrifty population. The prosperity of North Carolina bears no just proportion to the extent of her physical resources. Look at her rich deposits of iron, coal and copper, unworked or worked only to a limited extent! her excellent water-powers running to waste! her rich swamp lands, equal in productiveness to any soil in the world, lying in their primeval condition! By the introduction of immigrants all this would be changed. Our waste farming lands would be cultivated. Our mining resources would be developed. Railroads laid with iron manufactured within our borders out of our own ores would be multiplied. Along these roads towns would spring up, supported by traffic with a denser male population. With the increase of population and of capital and the development of our iron and coal interest manufactures would flourish. Our surplus productions of every kind would be increased and the value of the taxable property of the State greatly enhanced. With the increased density of population the facilities of education would greatly improve. Men in debt would be enabled to free themselves from embarrassment by selling their surplus lands to settlers who, though foreigners by birth, would cling with devotion to the country which had given them homes and a property in the soil. Thus would every material and moral interest of the State be advanced. Thus would the business of all the railroads be increased. Thus would the interests of agriculture and of commerce be promoted.

I will now briefly sketch a plan by which this object may be accomplished. Let a charter be granted by the General Assembly authorizing the formation of a company, whose object shall be the introduction and settlement of immigrants in North Carolina. Let individuals and railroad companies be authorized to subscribe for the capital stock of the company, and let the State of North Carolina take one-third of the original capital stock necessary to put the company in operation. After a sufficient cash subscription has been secured, let the company be organized, and let it be authorized by its charter to increase its capital stock by receiving lands in payment for stock in the company at such valuation as may be agreed upon between the landowner and the company. The latter would proceed to collect information of a minute and practical character concerning the soils, climate, products, water-powers, mines, minerals, facilities of transportation, health, prices, &c., to cause the same to be translated into foreign languages, printed and distributed among the people whom it will be desirable to enlighten on the points, with a view to inviting immigration. The company would proceed to acquire title to lands in bodies of sufficient extent for the settlement of colonies and to divide these lands into tracts of convenient size, to be sold to actual settlers on such terms as would repay the company all expenses and return a moderate dividend on the capital invested. I say *moderate* dividend, because the plan I propose does not contemplate the making of large profits for the stockholders by speculation on lands. The benefits they would receive would not be confined to these moderate dividends of which I speak, but would embrace the vast *indirect* advantages accruing to them from the great increase in the general prosperity.

The lands thus acquired by the company should be sold to actual settlers on long credits. The settler's capital consists mainly in his muscles. If allowed time, he can by his labor on the land accumulate enough to make the payments if they be adjusted to the circumstances of his case. Let him have the first year to put his farm in order. At the end of the second year require the first payment of one-fifth the purchase money, and thereafter one-fith at the end of each subsequent year. When payment in full shall have been made, let a deed be made to the purchaser in for simple.

AGRICOLA.

POLITICAL TALK.

— Three papers in Wisconsin favor the back salary grab.

— Blaine and his friends have the President with them up in Maine.

— Col. Deneale bolts the Radical nominations in Virginia and goes over to Kemper. Next.

— The Indianapolis *Sentinel* thinks that the tendency to Cæsarism comes wholly through the fear and greed of parties.

— Up in Vermont the number of aspirants for the Republican nomination for Governor is already exceedingly large and is daily increasing.

— The St. Louis *Globe* (Republican) is satisfied that there is a purpose on the part of a certain portion of the party to nominate Gen. Grant for a third term, and right manfully does it declare that such a proceeding is not to be tolerated.

— The colored Republicans of Ohio are dissatisfied with their share in the honors of the party, and have issued a call for a convention, in which they recite their grievances. They say that the right of voting ought to carry with it the right of being voted for. This and many other things they intend to discuss at Chilicothe, August 22nd.

— The Hon. Fred Hassaurek, of Cincinnati, has written a letter denying the report that he is a candidate for United States Senator from Ohio. The Cincinnati *Commercial* says there is no doubt Secretary Delano has his agents in the State "setting up the pins" for himself in connection with the Senatorship, and that he is backed by the Administration.

— Many prominent Democrats of Calhoun county, Ill., have signed a document which will give little comfort to the believers in the undiminished vitality of the Democratic party. They express their conviction that neither of the regular party conventions reflects the will of the people of the county, that there are no political issues which call for the nomination of strict party candidates and hence they invite all people to unite with them in a People's Conventioo, to meet on the 8th of September, "to tane such steps and select such candidates as shall appear best for the advancement of the people's interest."

— Extract from Gen. Kemper's formal letter of acceptance of the Gubernatorial nomination by the Conservative party of Virginia: By means of a scrupulous regard for the requirements of organic law; by maintaing the ascendancy of virtue and intelligence in the public service; by dispensing equal protection and benefits to all our people; by ignoring resentment and passion, cultivating a just spirit of conciliation, and yielding a manly support to whatever measures shall best secure justice and relief to Virginia and advance the welfare and glory of the whole republic; by unceasing and fostering care for the great interests of education, immigration and material development; by the rigorous practice of simplicity, economy and honesty in the administration of every department of our government we will, under the blessing of God, inaugurate a new era of contentment, peace, prosperity and vigor, to be felt in every interest and enterprise and by every citizen of Yirginia.

The Missouri Bond Question.

An interesting question has arisen between the General Government and the State of Missouri, arising out of the recent act of the Legislature of that State repealing the provision that the State bonds should be paid in coin, and directing that payment should be made in lawful money. The Department of the Interior holds in trust for various tribes of Indians seventy-three thousand of Missouri six per cent. twenty-year bonds, which mature within the next thirty days, and for which the State fiscal agents in New York offer under the laws of the State currency. The opinion of the Department of Justice has been given to the effect that the United States can accept only gold and silver for the payment of the bonds, according to the obligation distinctly expressed on their face. When the bonds actually mature the State of Missouri will probably decline to violate its own law and insist on the acceptance of the currency. The courts will probably be appealed to for final decision of the controversy, but the undisputed debts of the United States to Missouri for swamp lands and war claims, practically insure the Government against loss by the repudiating legislation of Missouri.

Must Furnish a Seat.

A case is concluded in Indiana in a manner to indicate that when a railroad company sells a ticket it is with the understanding that the passenger will be furnished a seat. A passenger in Indiana lately refused to give the conductor his ticket until he was supplied with a seat. The train being crowded, the conductor could not comply with his request, and put the passenger off the car, throwing his baggage after him. The latter entered a suit against the company, and was awarded $2,000 damages by the jury which tried the case.

STAR BEAMS.

— Akron, O., consumes a quarter of a ton of quinine a year.

— Aquarium vegetation is most rapid at the full of the moon.

— At Versailles the water is undrinkable in spring and autumn.

— A Belfast, Me., man named Verrie Handy has just got married.

— A Connecticut editor devotes a leading article to hymning the potato —the Irish potato.

— A female clerk in a Western post-office was discharged because she spent the most of her time in reading postal cards.

— Dispatches from various parts of the Northwest and Southwest exhibit a very uneasy state of feeling among the Indians.

— In man in Morristown, N. J., demands damages from a young lady who brained his savage dog with her club-handled parasol.

— The outrage mania has broken out afresh, and with more high-handed violence and effrontery than ever before known in Chicago.

— A new dress which a Brattleboro woman invented worked so well that, while walking along one of the public streets, the entire garment fell to the sidewalk, leaving her costumed like a Georgia Major.

A Tennessee lady presented her husband with a pair of twins, and in due time, added triplets. "Dear me," exclaimed an astonished neighbor, "I suppose Mrs. Stebbing will have quadrupeds next, and then centipedes."

SOUTHERN HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Objects Set Forth Permanent Organization—Eloquent Address by Admiral Semmes—The Man Abused as a Pirate Speaks for Moderation—The Society—Unsectarian—"A People with One History."

[Richmond Dispatch.]

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, August 15, 1873.

The Committee on Business made a lengthly report, in which the objects of the Society were fully set forth and defined. The chief object of the Association seems to be to preserve the records and incidents of the war, and the report provides for the collection of 1st, The Histories of the Southern States; 2nd, Files of newspapers, periodicals and magazines; 3rd, Geographical, agricultural and commercial reports; 4th, Sermons and speeches relating to the late war; 5th, Official reports; 6; The military mass; 7th, Reports of munitions and arms; 8th, Reports of Adjutant-Generals; 9th, Naval operations; 10th, Operations of the Nitre and Mining Bureau; 11th, Commercial operations; 12th Foreign relations; 13th, Currency; 14th, Medical statistics; 15th, Names of officers and men; 16th, Names of wounded and dead; 17th, Reports relating to "treatment of diseases;" 18th, Conduct of the hostile armies; 20th, Southern poetry, ballads and songs.

Richmond was adopted as the locality of the parent association, with auxiliary societies in States and districts.

Among the resolves were these: Each vice-president ex-officio president of the State Society; the secretary to have a fixed salary; the fee for annual members be three dollars; life members, fifty dollars; the publication of material collected be made by magazines or occasional volumes of transactions.

The Committee on the appointment of permanent officers for the Society reported: For President, General J. A. Early, of Virginia; Secretary, Col. Geo. W. Munford, of Virginia; Vice-Presidents, Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia; Gen. J. R. Trimble, of Maryland; ex-Governor Vance, of North Carolina, Gen. Butler of South Carolina; General Colquitt, of Georgia; Admiral Semmes, of Alabama; General Hood, of Louisiana; Col. Jack, of Texas; ex-Governor Harris, of Tennessee; General Buckner, of Kentucky; General Marmaduke, of Missouri; Hon. A. H. Garland, of Arkansas; General Martin, of Mississippi; Colonel W. Call, of Florida; Hon. W. W. Corcoran, of District of Columbia.

General Early offered a resolution tendering the sympathy of the Convention to General Hardee in his illness, and a committee was appointed to visit General Hardee.

MONTGOMERY WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, VA., August 16.

At 12 o'clock General Early called the Society to order and introduced Admiral Semmes. The Admiral said he felt the honor in being the first to address the Society. He would submit a paper in vindication of himself. He said his ship (the Alabama) had been called a pirate and a buccaneer, but he would show that she was a regular ship-of-war, commissioned by proper authority. The Alabama had warrants for all she did, and her conduct was fully justified by precedents from the United States. He said the Alabama had been armed and commissioned on the high seas. The whole question in the Alabama complications was discussed at length, evincing most accurate information and learning.—After leaving the legal argument, he went into a citation of various precedents furnished by the action of the United States in the war of 1776 and 1812. He said the Alabama had done nothing more than the naval authorities of the United States had directed in innumerable instances. There were grave charges against him —one was that he had burned captured ships without authority of law; also, that he had violated his parole, and that he had foreigners on his ship. He refuted all these charges by indisputable facts and arguments. He said he was imprisoned to make an example, and was confined for four months while the United States authorities were hunting up the evidence to convict him. He said that while the Alabama was built in England she was American all over. What our sires had done in their day, their sons had done in their day. The war is ended. If the nation exists we will *have but one history*. England has but one history. Our Confederate history will live for a generation or more. In five hundred years there will be no history of the Confederate States, but of the whole country.

Let us, then, preserve our records and archives. Our society must not be sectarian. If our government is to be a government of the majority, without constitutional restrictions, our days are numbered; and when that day comes we will be vindicated and honored for our struggle for constitutional liberty, and if we come back to the old form of constitutional government our course will commend itself unto all men. We are destined to become a people with one history. Let us show magnanimity. If fame has been gained on either side, let us perpetuate it. Let us pursue that moderate course, and give credit where credit is due. By the standard of truth he was willing to be judged. The conclusion of his address was eloquent and touching. He said that the Alabama sleeps in the bosom of the British channel that sleep of death which her commander will sleep in a short time at most, as he trusts, in the bosom of his native soil. If history embalms the struggle of the old thirteen colonies, so it will embalm our own immortal struggle. His address greatly impressed the large and appreciative audience. There was no bitterness, but an able, temperate, conclusive vindication of the truth of history.

General Early made a few remarks to the ladies.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers,

Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures colic, regulates the bowels, and by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

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nov 25-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Havana Royal Lottery.

ORDINARY DRAWINGS.

Class 907.. July 12th, 1873 | Class 912.. Oct. 4th, 1873
Class 908.. July 29th, 1873 | Class 913.. Oct. 22nd, 1873
Class 909.. Aug. 14th, 1873 | Class 914.. Nov. 8th, 1873
Class 910.. Aug. 30th, 1873 | Class 915.. Nov. 26th, 1873
Class 911.. Sept 17th, 1873

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10 " of 1,000 each		10,000
80 " of 500 each		40,000
646 " of 300 each		193,800
9 Approximations of $500 each to the $100,000 Prize		4,500
9 Approximations of $300 each to the $50,000 Prize		2,700
9 Approximations of $200 each to the $35,000 Prize		1,800
9 Approximations of $200 each to the $10,000 Prize		1,800
4 Approximations of $100 each to the two $5,000 Prizes		400
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MISCELLANEOUS.

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june 6-tf

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We will deliver these Safes in Wilmington at same price as charged by manufacturers in New York.

june 7-tf WILLARD BROS., Agents.

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A NEW $5 PICTURE OF SURPASSING GRACE and beauty given away to each subscriber to

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A magazine for cultured homes; a magazine always up to the advancing thought, social progress and spirit of the times; a magazine in which the lighter literature of the period is made the vehicle of pure and noble sentiment.

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oct 8-tf

Spirit of the Age.

THE SPIRIT OF THE AGE WILL PRESENT A pair of fine pictures worth $3 to every subscriber for 1873, who pays $3 50 in advance for a year's subscription. The pictures—entitled Raphael's Cherubs —is executed in the finest style of lithographic printing; the printed surface of each is 22x28 inches, and the pictures sell in the stores for $3 50 per pair.

Rev. T. H. PRITCHARD, D. D., } Conducting
Rev. H. T. HUDSON, } Editors.

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feb 9-tf

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Insurance Rooms.

$27,000,000 FIRE INSURANCE CAPITAL REPRESENTED AFTER PAYING BOSTON LOSSES.

Queen Insurance Co., of Liverpool and London, Capital	$10,000,000
North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, Capital	10,000,000
Hartford Insurance Company, Capital	2,500,000
National Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Capital	600,000
Continental Insurance Company, of New York, Capital	2,500,000
Phœnix Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, Capital	1,500,000
Virginia Home Insurance Company, of Richmond, Capital	500,000

MARINE—The old Mercantile Mutual of New York.

LIFE—The Connecticut Mutual of Hartford.

ATKINSON & MANNING,
nov 22-tf General Agents

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

Security against Fire.

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

This Company continues to write Policies, at fair rates, on all classes of insurable property.

All losses are promptly adjusted and paid. The "HOME" is rapidly growing in public favor, and appeals, with confidence, to insurers of property in North Carolina.

☞ Agents in all parts of the State. ☜

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Supervisor.

ATKINSON & MANNING, AGENTS,
aug 1-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN

Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS

—AT—

J. & H. SAMSON'S.

2,000 Yds. striped Mozambiques at 15c.. worth 25c.

A FULL LINE OF STRIPED AND FANCY GRENADINES, WORTH 30c., REDUCED TO 20 cents.

A LARGE LOT OF STRIPED AND FANCY PLAID JAPANESE REDUCED TO 20 Cts. per Yard,

And all others at a corresponding rate. We have just received a novel style of

SEA-SIDE SKIRTS,

Worthy of the attention of our customers, which we offer at 75c. and upwards. Lace Points at a great sacrifice from $10 00 and upwards.

WHITE GOODS,

Piques, Nainsooks and Summer Suitings in endless variety.

Our DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT embraces all the prominent brands of white and unbleached in ALL widths, at prices to defy competition.

june 15-tf

HIBBARD HOUSE,

MOREHEAD CITY,

CARTERET COUNTY, N. C.,

CHAS. HIBBARD, PROPRIETOR.

This splendid Sea Side Watering Place, situated at Beaufort Harbor, will be open for the reception of guests on

Monday, June 16th, 1873.

IT IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE MOST DELIGHTFUL

SURF BATHING

On the Atlantic Coast of the United States! destined to be The Terminus of the great Southern Pacific Railroad. Unsurpassed facilities for splendid Sailing, Fishing and Bathing. The Steamer Zodiac, Capt. Wm. H. Chapin, Commander, leaves direct for New York every week.

Parties wishing to engage rooms, will please address as above.

July 10th, 1873. 3m.

PROSPECTUS OF THE

North Carolina Gazette.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL COMMENCE, IN Fayetteville, N. C., on or about the 1st of August, the publication of a weekly newspaper to be styled "THE NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE."

The GAZETTE will be consistently Conservative and devotedly Southern in principle and politics.—It will advocate economy, integrity and reform in the administration of both State and National Governments; it will favor the payment, by North Carolina, of her just and equitable indebtedness, and no more; it will support the nomination and elevation to office of such men only as are pledged to economy and reform; and it will unalterably oppose the re-election to place and position of any and all public officials who have proved recreant to the high trust reposed in them by the people.

The Gazette will, above all, be honestly and earnestly devoted to the advancement of the trade, industrial and commercial interests of its town, section and State. In short, its publishers will labor hard to render it welcome and indispensable in the counting-room, on the farm and around the home fireside.

Bringing to the task before them years of experience in their business, (both being practical printers, and one of them engaged in journalism for the last eight years,) the undersigned hope for the liberal patronage of their people, and will exert all their energies and abilities to deserve it.

SUBSCRIPTION: $3 00 per year. Names can be forwarded to the publishers, or left either at the store of E. T. McKethan, Esq., Person street, or at the office of Col. C. W. Broadfoot, Green street.

J. H. & G. G. MYROVER,
July 12-tf Publishers and Proprietors.

THE COLUMBIA UNION—Issued daily and weekly, L. CASS CARPENTER, editor and proprietor. A lively, wide-awake, readable Journal, published at the State capital. "The Daily Union," issued every morning (Sundays excepted), and furnished to subscribers at $7 per annum. Subscriptions invariably in advance. It will contain the latest telegraphic information, market and commercial reports. "The Weekly Union," published every Thursday at the low price of $2. An excellent advertising medium. Rates reasonable. Book and job work neatly executed. jan 16-tf