

ALMOST.

The news Monday from Louisiana was very hopeful. The beginning of the end has come at last. We may expect in a few days at farthest to hear the glad tidings of great joy that Louisiana, like South Carolina, is once more a free Commonwealth, and its people citizens of the United States. The controversy has clearly reached that point when it is only a question of a few hours or a few days when the troops will be removed and Gov. Nicholls will be complete and recognized master of the situation. Warmouth and his followers will join the Nicholls Legislature. The latter has passed a resolution giving effect to the accepted programme of settlement—that is to say, that the Legislature shall be organized upon the *prima facie* right to seats, without considering the action of Wells, Anderson and their faction.

The Nicholls Legislature will also pass resolutions expressing confidence in the President, guaranteeing the acceptance of the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments to the Constitution of the United States; and assuring the fullest protection to the colored people of Louisiana in the unrestrained enjoyment of all their rights and privileges of person and property. It will also declare in favor of equal educational advantages for all—for white and colored alike—will proclaim a general amnesty for all past political offenses so that peace, order, and good will may prevail throughout the State, and will urge a re-union and hearty co-operation of all classes in working for the redemption of the State, and bringing back that prosperity and glory which once distinguished that rich and peculiarly favored Commonwealth.

Let the resolutions be adopted, and then let them be carried out in good faith, and a bright future awaits Louisiana. Such resolutions are appropriate in themselves, will tend to give confidence to the good intentions of the white people, will silence to a great extent the distrust of good men in the North, and take the clapper from the alarm bell of the factionists and recalcitrants. They will strengthen the cause of good, just, equal government, and uphold and sustain the President in his wise, humane, and constitutional course.

TALL FIBBERING.

Our readers will remember that the following resolution appeared in our telegraphic columns last week. It was adopted by the New England Methodist Conference—the same body that contained pious frauds who wanted to hang Hampton—and is too precious a specimen of Yankee blarney and hate to be forgotten soon. We copy again, that your memories may be refreshed. It reads:

"We have been informed that Wm. H. Scott, an aged and highly respected member of the South Carolina Conference, has been shot to death without provocation, while peacefully leaving his church on the close of an evening service."

It goes on to say that due inquiry into the facts must be made, and steps taken to bring the guilty parties to justice.

When we read it we thought it was a canard—a cruel falsehood—a covert slander intended to contribute fuel to the fires of fanaticism that never die out in New England, but rage on year after year, as they are fed by the Phillips, Havens, and men of that cloth.

The Charleston News and Courier took prompt steps to find out how much truth there was in the resolution of the New England pietists, and with this result. It says:

"A prompt reply comes from our vigilant correspondent at Marion, who telegraphs us that Scott, who was located at Marion last year, is alive and well, performing, without molestation, his pastoral duties in the neighboring county of Marlboro'. This information is authentic, and proves the report of the killing of Scott to be, as we expected, an impudent fabrication."

"The New England Conference will be careful not to notice this contradiction, and the stalwart Republican feeling of the Mallies in that body can evolve slanders and falsehoods, about South Carolina, so liberally that the whole Southern press, if it did nothing else, would be kept busy in detecting and exposing them."

Earlstaff long ago said, "Lord, lord, how this world is given to lying." But the people of his time were not adepts in the art like the snivelling slanderers of our own day. Of all dangerous men the reverend liars are to be most feared. They have an influence over men that the worldling cannot command, and in proportion as they violate the commandment of Jehovah not to lie, and not to bear false testimony, do they inflict a great wound upon society, and work evil where good was expected.

THE MORMON BLIGHT.

At last the people of the country are beginning to realize something of the iniquities and barbarism of Mormonism, and of the great blot it is upon our civilization. The butchery of the unsuspecting and hapless victims at Mountain Meadows by Lee and his confederates in crime, and the belief of Brigham Young's complicity in the awful slaughter, have excited profound disgust and horror in the popular mind, and a demand has been sent forth from every section that the other criminals should be brought to trial, and, if convicted, made to meet the utmost penalties of the law.

The Gentiles at Salt Lake City have held a public meeting to consider the question of crushing out Mormonism in Utah Territory. They propose to support an amendment to the act by which Utah Territory was organized, and have passed resolutions to that effect. It is thought that the adoption of the proposed amendment which declares that any one practicing either polygamy or bigamy shall be forever disfranchised and deprived of any share in the management of affairs, and shall be regarded as criminals and outcasts from society, will have a very salutary and desirable effect, and will give the death blow to Mormonism. The meeting was enthusiastic, united and earnest, and shows that a deep feeling of condemnation and revolt against the monstrosities of the Mormon cause fills the Gentile heart of the territory. The New York Herald, commenting upon the meeting, remarks:

"The fact that the attack has been made in the very stronghold of Brigham Young gives additional significance to the meeting and proves the sincerity of those making it. The anti-Mormon residents of Utah know that institution in all its revolting aspects. They measure its influence for evil by the unerring standard of experience. They recognize in it only a rule of treachery, blood and lust, unworthy of even the least civilized races, much less of men who claim a standing among the American people. We cannot, therefore, regard this action of the meeting at Salt Lake City as other than just and legitimate in its aims and objects. While the world is thrilled with horror at the barbarian acts of the Mormons as they do Bulgaria and the bashi-bazouks who revel in villages filled with the slaughtered. Away, away, with this bestial, blasphemous and blood-stained congregation which insults Turkey, the midst of His grandest works and the noblest and grandest feelings of man under the flag of our Republic. Let Mormonism be extirpated from the land by the Sanson of the vortex, even as its adherents should be buried beneath the ruins of its temples."

BENEFITS OF WAR.

We do not mean that war is to be desired by writing the above. We simply mean that the people of this country will be signally benefited by an European war in the heavy advance in the products of the United States. Already wheat and corn have advanced when war is only imminent. After it is definitely announced that war has been declared, then a further rise in the markets will be witnessed at once. Everything eaten will advance, and manufactured goods will have an upward tendency also. The rise in wheat is quite 60 cents, and corn has gone up some 10 cents a bushel. The New York Journal of Commerce, good authority, in view of the war, says:

"The prevalent belief that the spring would see the opening of a great war in the East has certainly done its part in this improvement of prices. From these facts we may conclude that such a war would be a material benefit to trade and commerce in the United States. It would create a large European demand for American grain and flour and provisions of all kinds, and the effect of this would be to stimulate manufactures and business in nearly every branch of industry. Ocean freights would partake of the improvement, and if England were dragged by circumstances into the vortex of the war, American commerce, having the preference for the carrying trade, would get a start which it has not enjoyed for nearly twenty years. American with these thoughts in their minds, to say nothing of the concern which they feel in the promotion of Christianity and civilization in Turkey, will eagerly watch every day's development of the Eastern question."

In some sections ministers are paid for preaching funerals. We once heard one remark that the custom was demoralizing, for he found himself thinking of the fee he would get when a certain sick person had died. We hope none will be selfish and sordid enough to desire the horrors of war to be visited upon others because they will be benefited themselves by good prices for their products.

We regret to see that a cowardly assault was made upon Col. Alex. McClure, the very able and astute editor of the Philadelphia Times, by a fat government contractor, named Nat McKay, assisted by two other bulldozers. Col. McClure has been a thorn in the side of corruptionists ever since he issued the first number of his excellent paper in January, 1876. He has exposed the rascalities and thievings of Pennsylvania politicians as they were never exposed before, and has done a noble work for honesty and reform. We wish he had used his muscle freely and

had given his main assailant a good drubbing. He will not be deterred in his course of laying bare the festering sores of Pennsylvania demagogues, and his paper will only prosper the more by such attacks.

The New York Journal of Commerce suggests a cure for the dangers of hotel life. Let the people refuse to go up high, for they are simply timber boxes. Our contemporary says:

"If persons who journey about the country and live at the great hotels would with one accord firmly decline to be hoisted to such giddy heights, where they are exposed to all the accumulated dangers of fires that may break out in the many stories below them, and are hopelessly cut off from rescue by the longest of ladders, the hotel proprietors would very quickly find it expedient to make all the elevators and stairways fire proof, keep a head of water and hose on every floor, and double their force of watchmen and firemen. Thirty days' experience of unoccupied and unprofitable rooms in the upper floors would bring the most thoughtless and indifferent hotel owners and landlords in New York to a clear perception of what they owe their customers. We would not wait for Legislatures or insurance companies to do anything."

We have received an excellent likeness of Gov. Vance from J. S. Tomlinson, Esq., editor of the Piedmont Press, published at Hickory. It is a capital lithograph, 14 by 18 inches. Price of picture, framed in solid walnut moulding, ready for the parlor, \$15.00; the picture, without frame, sent free of postage by mail for only 50 cents. Address as above.

Commissioner Polk's Address.

We copy the important portion of Col. L. L. Polk's address to the farmers of North Carolina. Our readers have had already laid before them the names of the members composing the Board of Agriculture:

L. L. Polk, of Anson, commissioner. Office of the Department in the Biggs Building, on Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

This Department has now entered upon the great work for which it was created—the improvement and advancement of the agricultural and all kindred industries of the State, and we bespeak the indulgent aid of all our fellow citizens in the arduous task imposed upon us.

A competent chemist has been elected, who will, in a few days, open a Laboratory at Chapel Hill for the analysis of commercial fertilizers, soils, etc., performing such other duties and experiments as the Board may direct.

A summary of the law in relation to the sale of fertilizers and the propagation and protection of fish, and also a circular explanatory of the plan by which the General Land and Mining Registry, connected with the Department, is proposed to be operated, will be published as soon as practicable for the public information, and we invoke, in support of these important measures, an earnest co-operation in their enforcement and obedience.

The tax imposed upon the sale of commercial fertilizers has a two-fold object in view; the one to suppress, as far as practicable, the imposition of dishonest articles upon our people; and the other to aid in raising revenue for the support of the Department, without addition to the general tax bills. So far, both objects seem in a fair way of realization.

The fund arising from this source will certainly be ample to establish and maintain the Department on a useful and most effective footing, and it is with great regret that we perceive attempts to render the people dissatisfied with the tax. The requirements of the law are plain, and their faithful enforcement will afford, as was designed by their enactment, protection alike to the purchaser and manufacturer of honest fertilizers.

Each bag, parcel or package, must have stamped upon it a true chemical analysis of its contents, and surely no manufacturer would object to availing himself of this method of assuring the farmer of the true character and value of his goods, especially as it would serve the double purpose of commending it to the buyer, and forcing competitors to spurious goods to abandon the market. But, as was to be expected, quite a number of manufacturers are opposing it; violently. A grand combination is openly forming, chiefly in the city of Baltimore, to test its validity in the United States Courts, and to aid their scheme, by producing as much discontent as possible at home, they are advancing their prices at the rate of one dollar per ton, to enable them, they say, to pay the \$500 privilege tax. When it is remembered that the enormous profits realized by manufacturers justify them in paying to their dealers and agents the handsome sum of from five to ten dollars per ton, on sales, and this advance of one dollar would, to many of them, yield \$5.00, instead of \$50.00, it can be easily seen that it is a mere pretense to bleed more heavily our confiding people.

North Carolina has long been the richest harvest for these dealers in fertilizers—honest and dishonest—because we have heretofore been practically unprotected by law, and have bought their productions blindly. There is but one way to deal with our creditors, and resist in this way all our efforts at self-protection, and that is—not to trade with them. Our purchases in fertilizers amount, by estimation, to three millions of dollars annually, about two-thirds of which go to the city of Baltimore. There are some manufacturers, there and elsewhere, who have paid the tax

cheerfully, and have refused to aid combinations in resisting our laws. If you will buy of them only, the trouble will cease. Their names and addresses will be published for your information as soon as the list is completed.

Farmers of North Carolina, we ask you to sustain this Department. It is the first attempt in the history of the State to give your interests that attention their importance demands, and, with evidences of appreciation and encouragement in the responsible duties before them, and will devote whatever of ability and energy they possess to your service and to the promotion of the material interests of our State.

PERSONAL.

—Ex-President Lerdo and family are in Washington.

—Such of the Ohioans as are intimate with Hayes, address him as "Rad."

—Dr. Mary Walker carries a little black cane, and crosses her limbs like a man.

—Alexis and the Russian officers kiss each other. If this is the Russian custom—bahl!

—Some 100 Catholic Canadian pilgrims are going to Rome, carrying \$75,000 to the Pope.

—Eight new starch factories in Maine, and Hayes still wearing paper collars.—*Courier Journal.*

—Hayes will summer at the Soldier's Home, near Washington, in imitation of President Lincoln.

—It is to the second daughter of the Duc de Montpensier that the King of Spain is betrothed, Mercedes, seventeen years of age.

—Women are getting their rights at last. The Legislature of Minnesota has just passed a bill authorizing women to practice law in all the courts of that State.

—We record with pleasure the fact that since Miss Anna Dickinson's recent speech, the attendance upon her play has been much larger than before.—*N. Y. Sun.*

—The Paris *Siecle* tells of two men, one of whom has recently registered pledge of affection number 36, and another ditto, 46. Such quivers as they still soon bring the Khedive population up.

—The Khedive of Egypt is about to visit France. He will leave Cairo on the 15th of May, and, after a short stay at Constantinople, will be beginning in Vichy—it is said for the benefit of his health.

—The Prince of Wales is suffering from an abscess, attributed to the effects of an injury received while hunting. He is doing well, although some time must elapse before the healing process is complete.

—A Washington dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette says: "Hon. J. R. Tucker says that nearly all of the reported interview with him, published some days ago, was fictitious, and a great deal of it without any shadow of truth whatever."

—Prince Gustavus Wasa, field marshal of the Austrian army since 1819, is dangerously ill and not likely to live. His age is seventy-seven. He is the son of King Gustavus Adolphus IV., of Sweden, who abdicated in 1809, and died in 1837.

—It is expected that an unusual number of Cardinals will be assembled at Rome, for the beginning of next June. Of the thirty-two still living, who have been created since 1870, the twelve resident abroad are to be notified to come to Rome at the end of May to receive their hats from the hands of the Holy Father. Others, no doubt, will attend for the occasion of Pius IX's episcopal jubilee.

—Ross Winans, inventor, engineer and millionaire, who has just died at Baltimore, was a remarkable character. Perhaps his most notable invention was the steam locomotive, which he used in training across the heavy grades of the Alleghenias. He was invited, thirty years ago, to build Russia's railroads, but declined, sending his sons, who planned and executed the Russian railroad, to go to the aid of his country because of his Southern sympathies during the war, and since his return has written several books. The mechanical genius of the family has developed itself in a score of inventions, more or less important.

TWINKLINGS.

—Gentle spring has come. Peas caress the lamb and man lams the peas.—*Herald.*

—Another great European tunnel will be finished January 1, 1878, through the Pyrenees, connecting France and Spain.

—The active theatre-goer lasts about eight years. Then he acquires an aversion to the drama, and the days of the drama.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

—Mr. Thomas Le Clear, of New York, is in Washington painting portraits of Professor Henry, of the Smithsonian Institute, and Mr. Bancroft, the historian.

—Those who doubt the progress of the human mind should turn to the announcement that 15,000 trout sets are to be made in the Chesapeake and Blue Ridge Mountains.—*Courier-Journal.*

—Tobacco manufacturers and dealers are now very successful in passing off cigars made in moulds as "hand-made" articles, hitherto considered preferable. The moulds have been very much perfected, and according to the "Tobacco Guide" of 1877.

—At a recent concert in Paris a new composition was on its first performance loudly hissed. The conductor thereupon turned to the audience and said: "I am not at all surprised that you hissed that piece, for you do not understand it; I shall therefore repeat it at the next concert."

—A Norristown man who unexpectedly came into possession of a dollar greenback, numbered \$1,477,520, cautiously stopped a stranger on the street yesterday and asked him if he knew who had the other \$1,477,519 notes of that denomination. The stranger couldn't give the desired information.—*Herald.*

—The rapid extension of the cultivation of peanut is due to the use now made of them for the oil they contain. Last season's product reached 2,000,000 bushels, valued at \$4,000,000. The oil is in large demand as a substitute for olive and almond oils, and keeps a much longer time without becoming rancid.

—A bill has been passed by the Legislature of Tennessee to reduce the salary of the Governor from \$4,000 to \$3,000; Supreme Court judges from \$4,000 to \$3,000; judges of inferior courts and all special judges from \$2,500 to \$2,000. The bill, after it receives the promised signature of the Governor, goes into effect after the next general county election.

POLITICAL POINTS.

—David Dudley Field would have recommended a law-suit in the case of the Prodigal Son if he had been there.—*Boston Herald.*

—Happy thought by the Boston Post: When you take the pledge do like President Hayes and have some other fellow to sign it for you.

—A son-in-law of Simon Cameron, but otherwise a reputable man, is the description of Hon. Wayne McVeigh given by a southern journal.

—Brownlow has come to life again and says: We would rather see Hampton President than almost any Northern Democrat we know of.

—Secretary Schurz has not thus far appointed a German to office, although he has received some five hundred applications from his countrymen.

—Packard eats and sleeps in the State House, and continues to do so until his car is disposed of, one way or the other. His wife and children—he has a very interesting family—visit him every Sunday.

—The new administration has shaken the dust of eight years off the Constitution in the White House, and has been pursuing the future volume. Grant had it put in the cock lock.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

—Mr. Chamberlain's protest seems absurd to the degree of being an insult to the common sense and moral feeling of the country. There is every reason to expect that this hideous picture will be reversed under the wise, just, enlightened administration of Gov. Hampton.—*N. Y. Herald.*

—Let it be remembered that, whatever may be the future of South Carolina, the State herself is responsible for it. Her leaders, and they alone, will be accountable for her future. The true ground of rejoicing now is that responsibility is put at last where it belongs. The next thing in order is to leave Louisiana to herself.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—At the Southern ice factories beautiful wreaths of flowers are artistically frozen into the centre of blocks of ice of any desired size.

—Virginia liquor dealers have raised a fund to resist the introduction of the gang punches provided for under the new whiskey law just enacted in that State.

—A gentleman at Abingdon, Va., has a pet fish. He has kept it in a spring for five years and can go and call it up at any time. It eats from his hands and shows a marked liking for its keeper. It is a black perch twenty inches long.

—Mr. J. R. Francis, from Montgomery county, was arrested in Abingdon on Tuesday last by Mr. J. B. Minnis, a special agent of the Post Office Department, on a charge of using the United States mails for the purpose of swindling.

—The Wytheville Dispatch says: We learn that a portion of the gentlemen composing the "Baltimore Springs Company" arrived in this place Monday, and were conveyed to the springs in the hacks of Capt. John H. Gibbons. It is reported that some \$300,000 will be expended in improvements.

—The new jury law of Florida provides that when, in any case, civil or criminal, a knowledge of reading, writing and arithmetic is necessary to enable a juror to understand the evidence to be offered, he may be challenged if he does not possess such qualifications.

—A meeting of the liquor dealers of Petersburg, largely attended, was held at the Court House Thursday night for the purpose of taking some action in reference to the new liquor law. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Mr. Edward W. Prescott, and Mr. W. A. Butterworth, President.

Turpentine Stills

MANUFACTURED AND REPAIRED.

New Worms, Caps and Arms always on hand.

JOBS OF ALL KINDS IN THE ABOVE NAMED WORK PROPERLY DONE. Competent workmen sent to all parts of the State to do jobs in this line.

Parties having work in this line will find it to their advantage in Prices and Work to call on or address

Feb 21-awt1f We Fayetteville, N. C.

Trustee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE PROVISIONS OF A certain Deed of Trust, made by Malcolm McMillan to David M. Renno, dated the 10th day of January, A. D. 1873, and duly registered in the Register's Office of Richmond County, North Carolina, in Book 10, page 27, and following, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House, in Rockingham, in the County and State aforesaid, on the 25th Day of APRIL, 1877, the following TRACTS OF LAND, lying in the County of Richmond:—

FIRST TRACT—Lying on both sides of Joe's Creek, Four Mile, Kingsbury, Horse Pen and Poplar Springs Branches, and the Carolina Central Railway, and South of the Chesapeake and Blue Ridge Road, containing about 2400 Acres.

SECOND TRACT—Lying on both sides of Joe's Creek, near the junction of the South Branch, containing about 305 Acres.

THIRD TRACT—Lying on the South side of a small prong of Four Mile Branch, and on the south-west side of said Four Mile Branch, containing about 110 Acres.

FOURTH TRACT—Lying on both sides of Joe's Creek, at the mouth of Four Mile Branch, adjoining Gibson's 100 acre survey, containing 43 Acres.

FIFTH TRACT—Containing about 14 acres, adjoining the 100 acre survey, containing 43 Acres.

SIXTH TRACT—Containing Seven acres, adjoining the 806 acre tract, herein before described, and Philip Berrington's land, containing 10 Acres.

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—The President's mail is something surprising. Usually the letters for the Executive mansion are carried from the postoffice by a messenger on horseback, an orderly who waits at the President's door to do his errands, but, since the 4th of March, it has been necessary to send it down in a wagon specially detailed from the Postoffice Department for that purpose.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLYDE'S New York and Wilmington, N. C., Semi-Weekly Steamship Line. The Steamer

BENEFACTOR, Capt. JONES, WILL SAIL FROM NEW YORK ON SATURDAY, March 24, To be succeeded by

STEAMER PIONEER, Capt. WAKELEY, ON WEDNESDAY, March 28th.

Shippers can rely upon the PROMPT SAILING of Steamers as advertised.

For Freight Engagements apply to A. D. CAZAUZ, Agent, WILMINGTON, N. C.

L. S. BELDEN, Soliciting Agent, Wm. P. CLYDE & Co., General Agents, 6 Bowling Green or Pier 13, N. Y. mh 21-1f

Baltimore & Wilmington, N. C. Steamship Line. The Steamer

D. J. FOLEY, Capt. PRICE, WILL SAIL FROM BALTIMORE ON SATURDAY, March 24,

To be succeeded by Steamer RALEIGH, Capt. OLIVER,

ON WEDNESDAY, March 28, and thereafter sailing from Baltimore EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Shippers can rely upon the PROMPT SAILING of Steamers as advertised.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING given to and from PHILADELPHIA, and PROMPT DISPATCH Guaranteed.

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L. S. BELDEN, Soliciting Agent, HUBBARD, Foster, General Agent, Corner Lee and Light Streets, Baltimore. mh 24-1f

Headquarters Choice Family Groceries.

CALL AND EXAMINE BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

T. H. MCKOY'S LARGE AND VARIED STOCK.

EXTRA LARGE TABLE RAISINS, SEEDLESS RAISINS, CURRANTS, LEG HORN CITRUS, SHELLED ALMONDS, EXTRACTS, POW'D SUGAR, ORANGES, LEMONS, APPLES, CRANBERRIES, PRUNES, ASSORTED NUTS.

ANY QUANTITY, FROM A TON DOWN.

I DELIVER GOODS PROMPTLY TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

THOS. H. MCKOY. dec 16-1f

POWDER. POWDER. Kentucky Rifle Powder

Blasting Powder. Deer Powder.

A Large Supply Constantly on Hand, Manufactured by the Celebrated HAZARD POWDER COMPANY.

FOR SALE BY WILLARD BROS. dec 14-1f AGENTS, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Sporting Dogs.

BREEDING KENNEL OF A. C. WADDELL, (Formerly of New Jersey), BOINA, KNOX COUNTY, MISSOURI.

The Finest Strains of SETTER, POINTERS, SPANIELS AND OTHER SPORTING DOGS.

Bred from both Imported and Native Stock, at moderate prices. ap 10-D&W 1f

\$999 Can't be made by any agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. We have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and profitable. Women and boys and girls, as well as men. We will furnish you a complete outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will bear expenses of starting you. For particulars free. Write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address Turs & Co., Augusta, Maine. feb 6-6m

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF Femoral Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indecent or excess. Any druggist has the ingredients. Address Dr. JAMES C. CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. feb 10-D&W

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WONDERFUL SUCCESS! 25,000 OF THE CHEAPEST AND ILLUSTRATED EXPOSITION DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED. Sold in 60 DAYS. It being the ONLY COMPLETELY new paper work (70 pages, ONLY \$2.50), treating of the entire History, Grand Buildings, Wonderful Exhibits, Curiosities, Great Days, etc.; ILLUSTRATED BY the cheapest and any other; EVERYBODY wants it. One agent agent \$2.50 in 4 weeks, 3000 Agents wanted. Send quickly for PROOF of above, opinions of officials, descriptions, sample pages, full description, and TRUTH TESTIMONIALS. HUBBARD BROTHERS, Publishers, 238 Sanson Street, Philadelphia. CAUTION. Beware of falsely claimed official and worthless books. Send for PROOF.

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GEORGE PAGE & CO. No. 5 N. BROADWAY ST., BALTIMORE, MD. Patent Portable & Stationary Engines. Patent Circular Saw Mills. Patent Flour Mills. Water Power & Steam Engines. Woodworking Machinery. Patent Tannery Wheels and other Machinery. Write for Catalogue and PRICES.

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\$12 A DAY AT HOME. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. H. HALLETT & Co., Augusta, Maine.

25 1/2 CENTS. EXTRA FINE MILD CHAMPAGNE with name, now and in bottles. L. JONES & Co., New York, N. Y.

Drunkard Stop! C. C. SEEBER, M. D., (formerly of Boston) has a medicine for curing Drunkards, which can be given without the knowledge of the patient. Also one for curing the OPIMUM HABIT.

Permanent cure guaranteed in both. Send stamp for evidence. Ask druggists for it. Address SEEBER & Co., Birmingham, Conn.

WANTED. Men to travel and establish agencies in every town for our new and perfectly fire-proof Glass Chimneys and Stoves. Write for terms, catalogue, and prices. Address: PERFECTLY MANUFACTURING CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. BRINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.