

THE MORNING STAR

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily, except Sunday, at \$7.00 per year, \$4.00 for six months, \$2.50 for three months, \$1.00 for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at a rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.00; five days, \$3.50; one week, \$6.00; two weeks, \$10.00; three weeks, \$13.00; one month, \$40.00; two months, \$75.00; three months, \$100.00; six months, \$180.00; one year, \$350.00. Lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Births, Deaths, Marriages, Hope, Rio-Nico, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, etc., will be charged regular advertising rates. No advertisements in Local Column at any price.

Notices under head of "City Items" 25 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. For every other day, there is a daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions, etc., will be charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rate when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent extra.

An extra charge will be made for double column or triple-column advertisements.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

Contract advertisements will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Mail. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the writer is withheld.

Correspondents must write on only one side of the paper.

THE MORNING STAR

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY, September 21, 1877

EVENING EDITION

THE NORFOLK VIRGINIAN

The *Virginian* pays its respects to the *STAR*. In one particular we are agreed—in the poor opinion we entertain of each other's articles. We have never read any productions from an intelligent source that are so destitute of force and plausibility. An intelligent boy of fifteen can draw stars at ten paces through the verbal cobwebs, called by the *Virginian* in the plenitude of its self-complacency, "inexorable and invincible logic."

The article selected by the *Virginian* for comment was our second long-article. We have since written a third. We are quite contented to leave the matter where it is. The people of North Carolina are not quite as stupid as they are thought to be by some "magnificent Virginians," and they, too, understand "the original issue." They know that for fifteen years the soldiers of this State have been systematically misrepresented by certain Virginia writers, and that Colonel Taylor, in his article in the *Times*, quite deliberately glorified his own people at the expense of North Carolinians. This has been abundantly shown in three editorials of the *STAR*.

The compliments of the *Virginian* to our soldiers would be more becoming if they did not emanate from a paper that upholds Colonel Taylor in all he has written, and that persists in reiterating an unfair and erroneous account of the battle.

The *Virginian* is mistaken in supposing that we have "caught" from another paper a certain "contagion." We had written articles concerning the injustice done our North Carolina boys at Gettysburg long before the *Observer* was thought of. Col. Taylor is not the first Virginia writer whose incoherence and unfairness we have punctured. We prepared our first article in review of his gross errors two or three days before the first *Observer* article appeared. We confess we cannot read with much patience systematic misrepresentations of facts by which North Carolina soldiers are insulted and slandered.

Some of our North Carolina soldiers have been silent under the *Virginian* need for no explanation. It is to its credit that it has not done so. It has not only been silent under the *Virginian* need for no explanation. It is to its credit that it has not done so. It has not only been silent under the *Virginian* need for no explanation. It is to its credit that it has not done so.

I read the *Planter and Farmer* from cover to cover, and find it abounding in the most interesting matter. Like Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home," who, it is said, had no home, I, who have no farm, am most intensely interested in all farm matters and human dreams of some day owning a piece of old age, showing that there is a feeling of the aff for us in the future.

Savannah News. The ground-water, as this article is called, is one of the most valuable things on our soil. To the embryo statesman from the seashore, the goober is a thing of no account, and fish and game are of little value.

THE WELDON FAIR

We are pleased to notice that the Weldon News speaks so hopefully of the approaching fair at Weldon. It expects ten thousand people to be present when our popular and versatile Governor will tell the good people what "he knows about farming."

STANLEY THE TRAVELLER

It is now admitted, even by those papers that have been in the habit of "poking fun" at Stanley, the African explorer, that he has performed a very remarkable journey across Africa, and has added considerably thereby to the knowledge of the world. He is a very daring fellow, and, although he is overflowing with the Northern peculiarity of "brag," and has a way of blowing his own trumpet very loudly, he has accomplished a feat of which our "glorious country" may well be proud. He lacks scientific knowledge, and, therefore, he tells but little of the flora and fauna of Africa. He is a much better describer of hairbreadth escapes and startling adventures by "flood and field" than he is an accurate observer of scientific facts. His account of his travels will interest the general reader more because of this deficiency, whilst science is the loser. His taste is very defective, and he is fond of rehearsing his own exploits. But he is none the less a very successful explorer, and has added no little to the geographical knowledge of the world. Whether it will be conceded in Europe that he deserves to take rank with the great African travellers remains to be seen. We avail ourselves of an article in the *Baltimore Gazette* for some account of what Stanley has done:

"His latest feat eclipses anything ever previously done in African exploration. It is true that Lieutenant Cameron before him was able to make his way entirely across the continent of Africa and made valuable discoveries. He traced the Lualaba river for a considerable distance from Lake Tanganyika, and conjectured that it he had found the head waters of the Congo river, emptying into the Atlantic about six degrees below the equator. But he was compelled to leave the problem unsolved, and abandoning the course of the Lualaba, made his way to the west coast in a southerly direction, emerging at Benguela, some five hundred miles below the Congo. The Lualaba in its course to the coast describes a great curve to the north, so that it traverses a region extending five degrees to either side of the equator, and greatly increases its length. No amount of criticism can impair the greatness of the exploit which Stanley has performed in tracing the course of the Lualaba to the west coast, proving its identity with the Congo and establishing the fact that the Congo, like the Nile, has its origin in the great lake basins of equatorial Africa. Stanley's tales of constant encounters with tribes of cannibals are doubtless true, barring the exaggeration which is the habit of his style. Dr. Schweinfurth, who under the protection of Khartoum trading companies penetrated far into equatorial Africa from the north, met with abundant evidences of the cannibal tastes of the Niam-Niam, the Mombuto and other tribes. But their weapons are of so rude a description that a small party armed with firearms are a match for thousands."

The tales of poisoned arrows must also be taken with a large pinch of salt. Dr. Schweinfurth, an eminent botanist, found the berries chiefly used for poisoning arrow-heads to be merely red pepper, and he established a tremendous reputation as a magician by swallowing some with impunity. The berries, therefore, which figure so prominently in Stanley's tale, are not such terrible affairs as they seem. The natural difficulties in the way were greater than those interposed by the hostility of savage tribes, and in overcoming these Stanley has done quite enough to give renown to himself and to the journal whose enterprise furnished him with the means for his journeys."

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES

Some of our State exchanges are complaining that our Governor is using too freely the pardoning power vested in him by the Governor, attributing to him some of them, the exercise of this right unwisely, and intimating that he is doing it to further his own political ends. The trouble arises with Governor Vance, but with the Judges, who thus far have secondarily assumed to discriminate between the grades of offenses, and per consequens the punishments to be inflicted.—*Weldon News*.

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Major Smith (Bill Arrp) is farming in Bartow county, Ga.

The Southern press generally favors Randall for Speaker.

General William Mahone refuses to run for the Virginia House of Delegates.

The Tredegar works, at Richmond, Va., are building 300 cars for the Atlantic and Charlotte Air-line.

Nashville Banner. Mr. Samuel Watkins, an old resident of this city, met Elder Jesse Cox, from Williamson county, this morning. They were both soldiers under General Jackson in 1818, and this is the first time they have met since.

POLITICAL POINTS

"Tweed is showing the country what the glorious Democracy can do with liberal chance."—*West Virginia Tribune*. Say rather he is showing how easy it was to buy up the Republican majority of a New York Legislature.—*Baltimore Gazette, Dem.*

We have in good faith endeavored to promote the success of the President's measures of reform, but certainly not with any notion that they were meant to bear the interpretation which Secretary Sherman puts upon them.—*New York World*.

The civil service orders of Mr. Hayes are being broken now right under his august nose, also under the tip-tilted proboscis of Mr. Schurz. Mr. Charles Grosvenor, of Ohio, is levying contributions on the clerks of the Interior Department for the expense of his Ohio campaign. Of course Mr. Schurz is stone blind in this breach of the rules.—*Baltimore Gazette, Dem.*

Mr. George Parsons Lathrop has retired from the assistant editorship of the *Atlantic Monthly*.

Talmage announces his purpose to give up lecturing. Now if he will give up gabbling!—*N. Y. Sun*.

Editor and ex-Congressman Waterston has never entertained any doubt about the re-election of Speaker Randall.

Von Moltke says that it is not yet possible to form any just estimate of the true value of the German army, because not been beaten yet.

Goldwin Smith says: It is the fashion to accuse Americans of unlimited credulity, but they seem really to be about the only people that look at a thing before they let it swallow it.

Georgia papers of Democratic proclivities are urging Hon. Herschel V. Johnson for the Supreme Court bench, and say that his appointment would be the strongest possible, as far as the South is concerned.

Lawrence Bassett discourses on "Forrest from an Actor's Point of View" in the *October*. Barrett, when a young man, received much encouragement and professional advice from the late tragedian.

General Noyes, our Minister to France, will be a tenant of the ex-Empress Eugenie, having rented a house at the Corner of the Champs-Elysees and Rue Chaillet, in the site of the Hotel d'Albe, which was built in 1804.

The English papers express some doubt as to Professor Cavill's feat in swimming across the channel. He stopped fifty yards short of the shore, owing to the surf, and the only witnesses of the performance were two Calais boatmen.

The honor of knighthood has been conferred by Her Majesty the Queen upon Hon. Chief Justice Dorian, of the Queen's Bench, for the Province of Quebec, and Hon. Chief Justice Richards, of the Supreme Court of Canada.

The Prince of Wales is showing a personal interest in the Exhibition to be held in Paris next year. Not only is he President of the Royal Commission to represent the British Empire, but he has directed that the whole of his own collection of Indian works of art and industry be lent to the Exhibition.

A boy who suddenly finds himself with both legs broken, struggling for his life in deep water, and who yet has the means to think of and save a helpless girl who had trusted herself in his care, is a boy who should not be lost sight of. This is what William J. Hamilton did on Sunday evening, and some rich and philanthropic New Yorker should make it his business to keep an eye on the brave lad, and see that he has a fair chance in the world.

Mr. J. T. Fields relates of an aged Bostonian a quaint story. The venerable gentleman had never read Shakespeare's plays, and was advised to do so. Afterwards the giver of the advice casually asked if he had read them. Yes, he had read them all, and he had even ventured to "like them," replied the old man with effusive ardor, "that is not the word, sir! They are glorious, sir, far beyond my expectation. There are not twenty men in Boston, sir, who could have written those plays!"

TWINKLINGS

The San Francisco mint coined \$6,000,000 during August, \$5,000,000 in double eagles.

Philadelphia Times: Howard seemed to be hurried when General Sherman and the Nez Perces.

Detroit Free Press: If a man isn't twins when he is "beardo himself," then the English language is a fraud and a fallure.

PERSONAL

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COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET

The official or reference quotations below are posted at the Produce Exchange daily at 1 P. M., and refer to prices at that hour.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 21—1 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened steady at 82 1/2 cents per gallon for country packages, and 800 casks changed hands at that figure.

ROBIN.—The market was quiet at \$1.40 @ 1.45 bid for Strained and Good Strained, with no transactions to report.

TAR.—The market was steady at \$1.80 per bbl, the sales of the day being at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at \$3.35 for Virgin and Yellow Dtp; Hard nominal.

COTTON.—The market for this article was quiet and unchanged. We hear of sales of 14 bales at 10 1/2 cents, and 97 do at 10.9-16 cents per lb. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary... 9 1/2 cents 7 lb.

Good Ordinary... 9 1/2 " "

Low Middling... 10 1/2 " "

Middling... 10.9-16 " "

Quotations conform to the classifications of the American Cotton Exchange.

RECEIPTS. DAILY RECEIPTS. Cotton... 140 bales. Spirits turpentine... 451 casks. Rosin... 1,705 bbls. Tar... 146 " " Crude turpentine... 571 "

BY TELEGRAPH

Afternoon Reports

WASHINGTON

The Cyclone Dispersed.—The Sioux Chief—Stanley Mathews and the Electoral Count.—The Presidential Party.

The Signal Office reports the cyclone in the South Atlantic States nearly dissipated, and that an extensive area of low barometer is entering the Northwest.

Secretary Schurz will have the first interview with the Sioux Chiefs on Monday. They will be detained until President Hayes returns.

The following special to Baltimore is wonderfully truthful: "Mr. Stanley Mathews is evidently going a little too far when he makes, as in this case, an outburst of feeling so plump and comprehensive a denial of the fact of his negotiations, last winter, with prominent Southern leaders. There are hundreds of witnesses to the fact that Mr. Mathews repeatedly sought out Southern Congressmen and other prominent men in the hotels, and urged them to allow the electoral count to proceed, and assured them that everything would be made right for the South."

The Presidential party are at Knoxville to day they go thence to Atlanta, Ga. Gov. Hampton left the party for home last night.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

The Position before Plevna.—General Description from a Personal Inspection.—Precarious Position of the Russians at Schlipka Pass.—Turkish Loss in Attempt to Capture Plevna.—The Russo-Rumanian Army occupies a line extending from Plevna to Tatchaniza. At Graviza the Rumanians have advanced by sea to within twenty-five yards of the second redoubt, which will probably fall in a few days. Further to the left, from Graviza, stands Kudenov's camp, which has been reinforced since the battle by parts of two divisions from Rissa. Next stands Zoloff's corps, fearfully reduced in numbers, the battalion having been brought down to 800 men. On the extreme left, near Tatchaniza, is the Russian's detachment, namely, the second division and fourth rifle brigade, the latter diminished from four to two weak battalions. Here are also the remains of Skahoff's detachment.

"The spirit and temper of the Russian soldiers are admirable. The Russians have upwards of 800 guns, and are constantly firing on the Turkish works, which scarcely ever reply. It is said the ammunition of the Turks is failing, but there are no means of verifying this. They walk about the redoubts most unconcernedly.

"The Russians are strongly entrenched all along their front with shelter trenches, rifle pits and redoubts.

"Twelve to sixteen regiments of Russian and Rumanian cavalry are hovering about the Sofia road, to impede, if they do not wholly stop communication.

"The Turks refused Ziafet leave to bury his dead, which lie within three hundred yards of the Russian positions, and must breed disease."

The Daily News, Bucharest, telegraphing Thursday, says it is confessed that the Russian position in Schlipka Pass is precarious, both because of the force threatening it and of impending trouble to communication.

The Times' correspondent at Gory Stuyden says it is estimated that the Russian headquarters that the Turks lost 2,000 men in the late attempt to capture Port Nicholas.

The Times' correspondent at Gory Stuyden, after inspecting the position before Plevna, estimates that the Russians, with the reinforcements received since the battle, must number nearly 50,000. The casualties on the 11th and 13th amount to over 60 per cent.

PARIS, Sept. 21. An address to the nation, signed by a number of Parisian and Provincial candidates for the Chamber of Deputies, representatives of all shades of Republicanism, is published. It replies point by point to President MacMahon's manifesto. The following is the concluding paragraph: "Your duty will increase with the magnitude of those who presume to impose themselves on France. You cannot become the instrument of clericalism. The Republic will be the Republic of the future, and the country expects order, peace and stability through the Republic."

MARINE DISASTER

British Steamship Stranded on Newfoundland Coast.

A special dispatch from Montreal says intelligence has been received there from St. John's, Newfoundland, that the British steamship Rouland, Capt. Swaffer, which sailed from Montreal on the 11th inst, for Queenstown, with a valuable cargo of grain, was stranded on Holyrod Beach. The captain thinks the vessel will be a total loss, but that a part of the cargo may be saved. She had on board 60,000 bushels wheat, 30,000 of which was in bags. The vessel is insured in England and the cargo in American offices.

THE TURF

The Races over the Lexington Course

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 21. In the two and an eighth mile race Tom Brock won; Fair Play second. Time 3:54.

ELECTRIC SPARKS

Wm. Barfoot and S. White, hailing from Camden county, N. C., have been arrested in Baltimore, with counterfeit money.

Povert & Co., 45 South street, New York, one of the oldest and largest sugar importing houses in that city, has made an assignment.

Guaranteed Speculation

400 INVESTED BY US IN 60 DAYS STRADDLES has made \$3,750. \$100 have paid \$1,700 in 30 days. We guarantee all 60 days. Money returned if no profit is made. No forfeitures given. Correspondence solicited.

Members New York Mining Stock Exchange, P. O. Box 2,083, 40 Broad Street, N. Y.

N. A. STEDMAN, JR.

Attorney & Counselor at Law

ELIZABETHTOWN, BLADEN COUNTY, N. C.

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Special attention to Claims. Collections on accounts of \$100 and upwards; Fee Five Per Cent. of amount paid. Drawing Deeds, Mortgages, etc., a Specialty.

Binding, THE NEW YORK

200 Tons HOOP IRON

20 Tons HOOP IRON

20 Tons HOOP IRON

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. STANLEY'S EXPERIENCE. Mother who sees their Darling with drastic purgatives incur a fearful responsibility. The gentle, moderate, yet effective, laxative, alterative and anti-bilious operation of STANLEY'S SUIZIZER (SUIZIZER) peculiarly adapts it to the disorders of children.

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and full particulars apply to J. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH LEAVE THE LIVER IN ORDER. DR. SANFORD'S LIVER PURGATIVE. DR. SANFORD'S LIVER PURGATIVE. DR. SANFORD'S LIVER PURGATIVE.

Oil of Sassafras. Of prime quality, bought in any quantity, for cash on delivery, free of brokers' commissions, or storage expense, by DODGE & OLCOTT, Importers and Exporters of DRUGS, ESSENTIAL OILS, &c., 83 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

\$12 A DAY AT HOME. Agents wanted. Out fit and territory free. TRUEN & CO., ARIZONA, MAINE.

WORK FOR ALL. In their own localities, canvassing for the Free State Visitor, (enlarged Weekly and Monthly) and other papers in the world, with Mammoth Chromo, etc., Big Capital, and large Terms and Profit Free. Address P. O. VICK, 212 N. Augusta, Maine.

GRACE'S SALVE. UNDER STATE MANAGEMENT! and in daily operation over 37 years. \$15,000 FOR \$1. Tuesday, October 16 and 27, 1877. KENTUCKY State Allotment

\$67,925 IN PRIZES! 1 Prize of \$10,000. 1 Prize of \$5,000. 1 Prize of \$2,500. 1 Prize of \$1,000. 1 Prize of \$500. 1 Prize of \$250. 1 Prize of \$100. 1 Prize of \$50. 1 Prize of \$25. 1 Prize of \$10. 1 Prize of \$5. 1 Prize of \$2. 1 Prize of \$1. 1 Prize of 50 cents. 1 Prize of 25 cents. 1 Prize of 10 cents. 1 Prize of 5 cents. 1 Prize of 2 cents. 1 Prize of 1 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4 cent. 1 Prize of 1/8 cent. 1 Prize of 1/16 cent. 1 Prize of 1/32 cent. 1 Prize of 1/64 cent. 1 Prize of 1/128 cent. 1 Prize of 1/256 cent. 1 Prize of 1/512 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1024 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2048 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4096 cent. 1 Prize of 1/8192 cent. 1 Prize of 1/16384 cent. 1 Prize of 1/32768 cent. 1 Prize of 1/65536 cent. 1 Prize of 1/131072 cent. 1 Prize of 1/262144 cent. 1 Prize of 1/524288 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1048576 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2097152 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4194304 cent. 1 Prize of 1/8388608 cent. 1 Prize of 1/16777216 cent. 1 Prize of 1/33554432 cent. 1 Prize of 1/67108864 cent. 1 Prize of 1/134217728 cent. 1 Prize of 1/268435456 cent. 1 Prize of 1/536870912 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1073741824 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2147483648 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4294967296 cent. 1 Prize of 1/8589934592 cent. 1 Prize of 1/17179869184 cent. 1 Prize of 1/34359738368 cent. 1 Prize of 1/68719476736 cent. 1 Prize of 1/137438953472 cent. 1 Prize of 1/274877906944 cent. 1 Prize of 1/549755813888 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1099511627776 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2199023255552 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4398046511104 cent. 1 Prize of 1/8796093022208 cent. 1 Prize of 1/17592186044416 cent. 1 Prize of 1/35184372088832 cent. 1 Prize of 1/70368744177664 cent. 1 Prize of 1/140737488355328 cent. 1 Prize of 1/281474976710656 cent. 1 Prize of 1/562949953421312 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1125899906842624 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2251799813685248 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4503599627370496 cent. 1 Prize of 1/9007199254740992 cent. 1 Prize of 1/18014398509481984 cent. 1 Prize of 1/36028797018963968 cent. 1 Prize of 1/72057594037927936 cent. 1 Prize of 1/144115188075855872 cent. 1 Prize of 1/288230376151711744 cent. 1 Prize of 1/576460752303423488 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1152921504606846976 cent. 1 Prize of 1/2305843009213693952 cent. 1 Prize of 1/4611686018427387904 cent. 1 Prize of 1/9223372036854775808 cent. 1 Prize of 1/1844