PUBLISHER'S XNNOUNCEMENT. THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspa-per in North Carolina, is published daily, except Monday, at \$700 per year. \$400 for six menths, \$225 for three months, \$100 for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one work.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 50 per year, \$1 00 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

cents for three months. ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One square one day, \$1.03; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3.00; five days, \$3.50; one week, \$4.00; two weeks, 1\$6.50; three weeks, \$8.50; one month, \$10,00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$24.00; \$10,00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$24.00; \$10,00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$60,00. Ten six months; \$40.00; twelve months, \$60,00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Halls, Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet-ings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates. No advertisements inserted in Local Column at any price.

Notices under head of 'City Items' 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Ky-ery other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Re-spect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Mar-riage or Death

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra ac cording to the position desired. Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to

the date of discontinu

Advertisements discontinued before the time con-tracted for has expired, charged transient rates for the time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Ad-vertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

An extra charge will be made for double- column or triple column advertisements.

All announcements and recommendations of can-didates for office, whether in the shape of commu-nications or otherwise, will be charged as advertise-

ments. Amusement, Anction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertio

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient

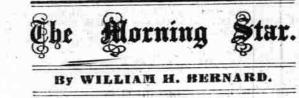
Payments for transient advertisements must be rayments for the known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, ac-cording to contract.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or is-sues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement, will be inserted in the Daily.—Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Pos-tal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Correspondents must write on only one side of the paper



1877 will prove all that its warmest friends hope for or desire, that the crowds will be immense, that good, practicing aw in that city. He deorder will prevail, that great good will be accomplished, and a large revenue secured.

Gen. Grant has become the accuser of the late Charles Sumner. He would have us believe that the Massachusetts Senator was a liar of the first order. We copy what Grant has to say elsewhere. It will pass for what it is worth. With us Grant's unsupported statements would have but little weight, for we have not forgotten how the late President Andrew Johnson proved Ulysses to be as false as his namesake among the Greeks was true and brave. Andy conclusively established that Grant was as big a falsifier as he now essays to prove that Sumner was. We know nothing of the latter's veracity. He may have been all that Grant says he was, and we care not, but he was probably as veracious as his accuser. Sumner has

friends who will doubtless coutest the late horse-back fellow's statements. If both go to the wall the South will have additional proof of the grinding of the mills of God.

At last, after a long delay, the work of justice promises to begin in Kemper county, Mississippi. We mentioned, some days ago, the very proper charge the Judge of the Cir cuit Court had delivered to the grand jury. It had the desired effect, for, as published yesterday, that body has returned thirty-one indictments against persons supposed to have been concerned in the assassination of Judge Chisholm. Of these indictments six are for murder and the remainder as being accessory before the fact. We hope a careful and exhaustive investigation will be had, and that justice will take its course. It

The New York Tribune has been

interviewing Chamberlain, who clings to become a public witness concerning his connection with the government of South Carolina, but he admitted the genumeness of the Kimpton and Parker letters, although he was of opinion that the Parker letter had been "doctored"-that is to

say, had been interpolated. He said the speculation in the purchase of the Greenville & Columbia Railroad was a losing basiness. It may have been, but he did not think so when he wrote his letter to Kimpton, which is genuine, and written upon the official paper of his department when he was Attorney General. We quote from the New York Sun's comment upon

this letter: "It will be noticed that Chamberlain's plan includes the use of nearly half a milion of railroad stock held by the State. The Attorney General does not discriminate between the people's property and his own. 'We shall have, he writes, '269 miles own. We shall have, he writes, 209 miles equipped and running. Put a first mort-gage of \$20,000 a mile on this sell the bonds at 85 or 90, and the balance, after paying all outlays for cost and repairs, is immense —over \$2,000,000. There is a mist of money in this—of I am a fook.' And again, after 'compelling' the South Carolina Read to fail into our hands,' he sees 'an indefinite verge for expansion of power be fore us.

"It appears that Mr. Chamberlain has quite forgotten the golden scheme for plunder which he described with glowing pen seven years ago."

Our Insane Asylum at Raleigh has been crowded for years, and hundreds have been turned away because there was no room for the afflicted and smitten. We would be glad if every lunatic in the State could be placed under the care of Dr. Grissom, and hope yet that the accommodations prepared by the State will be equal to the pressing necessities of the msane. The Northern asylums are being crowded to overflow. At the Philadelphia Almshouse 1,282 persons are inmates, whereas its capacity is only equal to 766. The papers of that city are now asking, "What shall be

HAVES IN TENNESSEE.

Gov. Porter's Address of Welcome. The President was formally re-ceived at the east portice of the cap itol by Gov. Porter, who said: "M President, I bid you welcome to the State of Tennessee, to a State whose citizens have always been prompt to render honor and homage to eminent services, by whomsdever performed, and whose respect for those in authority is coeval with the existence of their State government, the result of sentiment respectful as it is unselfish. It is a voluntary tribute that comes from the approving judgment of the people, and proceeds from their gratitude to you, sir, for bringing peace to the country. They believe you have desired to make the military subordinate to civil authority; that you are laboring to enforce an absolute and unconditional civil service reform; that you have been instrumental in securing home rule for the South; that you will never give to party what was meant for mankind; that you do not propose to pursue devious paths of policy, and that you are ani-

mated by the same spirit that controlled President Polk when he declared in his inaugural that the Constitution itself, plainly written as it is, is the safeguard of our federation compact the offspring of concession and corporation, binding together in the bonds of peace and union the great and increasing family of free and independent States, will be the chart by which you will be directed. The people of Tennessee are not unmindful of the fact that you have called to your assistance in the conduct of the affairs

of the Federal government one of their honored fellow citizens, one whose pure and stainless life is the warrant of a faithful administration of the department over which he presides. I give expression to the hope that your visit to Tennessee will be an agreeable one personally; that its influence will suspend the animosities of the factions, and contribute something toward the restoration of fellowship among all sections of the country, and I again bid you welcome.'

Charles Summer as a Liar.

The Edinburgh correspondent of the New York Herald, in an inter- display their fifty dollar stockings to view with General Grant, drew from

Wheeler, while at the foot were the grand insignia of the Republic's coat of arms. Judge James Jackson pre-sided at the head of the first table. President Hayes was placed upon the right centre, with Gov. Colquist upon his left and Chief Justice Warner upon his right. Next to the Chief Justice sat Mrs. Haves with Senator Hill attending; next to Gov. Colquitt sat Miss Platt with Senator Gordon accompanying. To the left of Senator Gordon was Secre-! tary Evarts with Col. Ben Crane, President of the Chamber of Commerce. In front of the President was seated ex-Governor Joseph E. Brown, with other notable gentlemen. Upon the left of Judge Jackson, at the head of the table, sat Postmaster General Key, and upon the right Hon. George T. Barnes,' member of the National Democratic Committee from Georgia. Other noted personages present were variously placed at the other tables, which were full. There were about two hundred and fifty persons seated."

Beautiful Hostery.

[Saratoga Letter.] The September days give a chance to display rich fabrics and new styles. Even in the midsummer whirl of gauze and pale roses, there was never such beauty as now glows in rich colors on the promenade. - At night fires are lighted in the grates, and I get a pretty picture of small, slippered feet toasting upon the fender. Such wonderful little feet as there are to toast these times, all cased in silk, with butterflies flying around the ankles. Some legs are beautiful poles for morning glories to twine around, or for clambering roses to wreathe in blossoms. And the fire-glow gives fine opportunities to display these trellises-much better than the glare of day; the face hidden in a novel, or bent over tapestry work, while the dress is lifted, showing the laced edged ruffles of the underskirts and the gaudy limbs. One can find these little groups around every fire in every hotel. No one with modest halbriggans ever approaches these places. They are dedicated this year as sort of shrines, at which the devotees of silken hosiery can worship, and where the goddesses



ANOTHER

SHIPMENT OF THOSE CELEBRATEI

IXL

Acknowledged by

Raisins.

First of the Season in Wilmington.

JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT,

NAKED

sept 28-D&Wtf

NEW

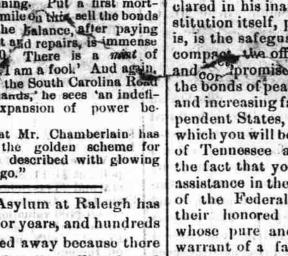


CATHABTIC

BRAN



1 \$ 5 uesday, October 16 and 27, 1877 KENTUCKY State Allotment



WILMINGTON, N. C .: SATURDAY MORNING, Sept. 29, 1877.

THE STATE FAIR.

The approaching State Fair to be held at Raleigh through five days beginning on October 16th, promises to be a grand success. We learn that it is thought by those who are in a position to be best informed that there will be twenty thousand persons present. The management appears to have been excellent. The right man at last has been secured for the office of Secretary, which is one of great labor and responsibility. Captain C. B. Denson is a decided suc-Well educated, a graceful cess. thoughtful writer, an adept and in some branches of science, and an earnest worker, he has renderefficient service and shown ed himself thoroughly capable. He merits public approbation for the zeal, intelligence and industry which have marked his efforts to give a new impetus to the North Carolina State Fair. We have heard that Col. Polk, the Commissioner of Agriculture, has given a very hearty and well directed support to Capt. Denson, and that his services have been invaluable. We do not write in the spirit of idle compliment, but from all we can learn they are richly entitled to all we have

The number of articles to be exhibited will be unusually large, we judge, and the list of attractions will be great. There will be a vast deal to see and a vast crowd to do the seeing. Much of the beauty and manhood of the Old North State will be present, and we trust that it will prove the most interesting of all the Fairs that have gone before. military companies at our State Capital will give a peculiar interest and variety to the occasion.

said.

We like these annual re-unions. It is a time for sight-seeing, merry-making and gallantry-a time for oldfashioned hand-shaking, when the long-separated friends and acquaintances from the extremities and the centre of the State meet once more. It is a practical time, too, when our planters can see improved machinery, and examine the best products of the farm, the workshop and the loom-

is no time for sentimental twaddle Justice and right should prevail in every section, and among all peoples.

When crime is rampant in the North we have no sympathy with the felons. There should be none for orime in the South. Let justice be done though the heavens fall.

The Philadelphia Press, referring to Gen. McClellan's candidacy for Governor of New Jersey, thus goes for the Democratic nominee:

"The facility with which he emigrates from one State to another is only equalled by the colority with which he used to cross and recross the Potomac."

Gen. McClellan was certainly on of the best of Federal Generals, and if he had a way of putting the Potomac between him and the "rebs' under "Uncle Bob," it was no more than the balance of them did. The fact is "Uncle Bob" had a way of making all of them "get up and git." So the Press need not get angry because Gen. Mac will be Governor of New Jersey, and it need not make Insinuations. Gen. McClellan says he is not a native of New Jersey, but he has been a resident of that State during the last fourteen years. This is enough to entitle him to be Governor of even so tremendous State as New Jersey.

This time it is Philadelphia and the individual who did it is John S. Morton. He was elected recently, on account of his uncommon merit, President of the Permanent Exhibition Company. He has long been President of West Philadelphia Street Car Company. His reputation for honesty, integrity and business capacity was of the highest. The great The gathering of twenty or thirty fraud that has just come to light has produced a tremendous shock throughout the city. There was an immense over-issue of the railway stock-over a million and a half dol

lars; but how far Morton himself was personally benefitted is not yet known. He issued the bonds. He shoulders the whole responsibility and says he will face the result. This is better than running away like Oakey Hall and Boss Tweed-it is more manly.

It is certain that the African explorer, Henry M. Stanley, who was

done with our insane poor?

Gen. Harry Heth has written an article for the Philadelphia Times on the causes of Lee's failure at Gettysburg. He says it was because the great soldier had no cavalry. Very likely. How is it that North Carolina soldiers are so silent? Why not use your pens as you did your muskets and swords against your enemies. Why are the Ramsoms, Hoke, Scales, Lewis and other Generals as dumb as oysters ? Why do not all the survivors of the three North Carolina brigades who fought at Gettysburg on the third day, and who have been slighted and slandered, speak out?



Our friend falls into the very common error of confusing principle with fact. Because Mr. Haves has adopted a wise and patriotic policy toward the South-a policy which the Gazette has heartily endorsed from the first, and which it strenuously demanded long before Mr. Hayes had any notions at all on the subject-is no reason why we should condone lessly approve all measures of the administration which are plainly just and right, it should with equal courage denounce everything which smacks of decent and fraud.-Baltimore Gazette, Intense Dem.

- The speeches of the President in the South have been gall and wormwood to the irreconcilable press of both parties in the North. While the Bourbon Democrats very foolishly fear that he will win the people of this section over to the Republican party, and thus break, what they hold to be of more importance than all other interests, the political solidity of the South, the Radical Repubicans are fearful that by his conciliatory policy and kindly efforts he may reconcile our people, and by removing all cause of complaint here, derive them of their only hope of existence as a party. Without the 'bloody shirt" argument they are powerless. - Richmond State, Dem.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

We have promised the people reform, and we do insist that we should have it fully and impartially, and by all means let our chosen ones in high places be the last ones to make strained interpretations of the law, when these interpretations are in the direction of drains of doubtful authority on the public treasury of the State.-Rocky Mount Mail.

It is a serious question whether Raleigh will ever fully recover from the corrupting influences of Radical rule. We can ascribe the "irregularities" of the Democratic offi-cials of that city to no other cause. While

him the following remarkable state-

ments : "I must tell you an incident about Mr. Sumner. The first time I ever saw George William Curtis he called upon me to request on behalf of a number of influential Republicans the reinstatement of Mr. Sumner as

chairman of the committee on Foreign Affairs. I told him that if I should go to the Senate and diotate the organization of the committees I would be apt to hear something about the fellow who made a fortune by minding his own business. I said I certainly should suggest the idea to any part of the legislative branch that should undertake to construct my Cabinet, I gave him distinctly to understand that I did

not propose to interfere in the matter at all, even by advice to personal friends among the Senators, and that I thought Mr. Sumner had not done his duty as chairman of the committee, because he had hampered the business of the State Department by pigeon-holing treaties for months. Mr. Curtis said that was impossible, for Mr. Sumner had only a short time before told him that his successor would find a clean docket, and made special claims for the execution of the crime which made him President. the work of the committee. Know-On the contrary, while it is the duty ing, as I did, the adroit arguments of every independent journal to fear- used among Mr. Sumner's friends, determined to test the matter of a clean docket. I told Mr. Curtis that I had proposed to prove to him that his friend, Mr. Sumner, had not told him the facts, and that he made these statements knowing them to be falsehoods. Mr. Curtis was amazed

at my offer, but I assured him that he had been frequently detected in similar misrepresentations. I told Mr. Curtis that there were nine or eleven treaties before the Senate from the State Department that had been there several months, and had been in Mr. Sumner's hands, but had never been laid before the committee. I wrote from the spot, Long Branch, to the State Department, and to my own surprise there proved to be more treaties than I had said that had been in Mr. Sumner's own hands for a longer time than I expected. That was the 'clean docket.' When I told Mr. Curtis about it, and gave him the record, he was rather disappointed. He said it was remarkable. I told him my object in having the record searched was to show him that Mr. Sumner was not a truthful man, as others had found out before me; and as I had discovered on frequent occasions. The work of that committee when Mr. Cameron took charge was in a most deplorable state, due entirely to Mr. Sumner's persistent obstruc-

The Hayes Banquet in Atlanta

For sale low by

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WILLIAMS & MURCHISON.

STAR STANDER

tiveness and dilatoriness."





