

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily, except on Sundays, at \$7.00 per year, \$4.00 for six months, \$2.50 for three months, \$1.00 for one month, and 50 cents for one week.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1.50 per year, \$1.00 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.00; five days, \$3.50; one week, \$4.00; two weeks, \$7.00; three weeks, \$9.00; one month, \$10.00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$24.00; six months, \$40.00; one year, \$70.00. The lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Public Meetings, Balls, Balls, Pic-Nics, Societies, Meetings, Political Meetings, etc., will be charged regular advertising rates. No advertisements inserted in local columns at any price.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, etc., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half the rate. Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "until forbidden," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for the time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent extra. An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Management, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties to contracts, proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Advertisements of a character which specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the weekly. Where no advertisement is specified, it will be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the paper, or until he is notified to the contrary.

Remittances must be made by Cash, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss matters of public interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the name of the author is withheld.

Correspondents must write on only one side of the paper.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 13, 1877.

For the last sixteen years the Northern States have been the recipients of government favors on a very imposing scale. But they are by no means satisfied, and are still "asking for more." The Michiganders want a tunnel under the Detroit river, which will cost a few million dollars. They of course expect the general government to build it for them, and their Senators will make an effort to have their wishes gratified.

When the lean South comes up for a share of patronage the cry of "down with subsidies" comes hoarsely from the mouths of all the greedy and Western pigs at the common well-tub. Now our Senators and Representatives should see to it that this little game of giving all the Government aid and comfort to the East and West shall stop. Let them insist upon fair play to their own section, and take care not to be cheated in the arrangement either.

Judge Black's reply to Stoughton has appeared in pamphlet form. The Baltimore Gazette, of Saturday, publishes it in full. We have not read it, but we may well believe it to be a masterly paper, worthy of a careful reading by all. It is nearly as long as his first paper to which Stoughton essayed a reply. The Gazette remarks editorially:

"We print this remarkable paper in full. It is the most complete and crushing answer to the defenders of the crime which made Mr. Hayes President. It is a masterpiece of every citizen and every honest man. Regarded simply from a literary standpoint, it is a work worthy to be compared with the writings of Junius. There is probably no public man in the country who is at all the equal of Judge Black as a satirist, and in this instance he has brought to bear upon his puny antagonist the utmost resources of his art."

NORTH CAROLINA TOBACCO.

The fine bright tobacco is the sole production of a few counties in North Carolina and Virginia. It is grown nowhere else. This is owing chiefly to the peculiarity of the soil. The immense trade of Durham in this State, and of Danville, in Virginia, is mainly due to the production of the fine bright or coal cured tobacco. The transactions in bright tobacco alone at Danville for the year ending September 30, 1876, amounted to 23,466,413 pounds.

The Southern Fertilizing Company of Richmond, Va., desired the opinion of a very eminent chemist, and sent some samples of the bright tobacco to Dr. Augustus Voelcker, F. R. S., Consulting Chemist to the Royal Agricultural Society of England. The gentleman gave the matter his attention, and submitted a report to the Richmond Company.

He selected some specimens of the beautiful bright tobacco raised in Granville county, North Carolina—a county, as our readers are already informed, that raises the finest tobacco grown on the American continent, as may be seen from the sales in the leading markets. The English chemist says in his report:

"I have now completed the examination, and have much pleasure in handing you the results obtained, both in the analysis of the organic and the inorganic parts of this magnificent tobacco. The dry leaf, when analyzed, had the following general composition:

Table with 2 columns: Component and Percentage. Moisture: 14.68; Organic matter: 12.07; Mineral matter (ash): 13.25; Total: 100.00.

In comparing this general statement with the results which Prof. Johnson of the College obtained some years ago, in the examination of a specimen of fancy bright tobacco, from Granville county, N. C., you will notice that whilst the Professor found only 8.33 per cent of ash, the sample you sent me contained 13.25 per cent. Now, whilst I do not doubt, for a moment, the correctness of Prof. Johnson's determination, I may be allowed to say that 8 1/2 per cent is an exceptionally low per cent of mineral matter in tobacco leaves; for, in all the recorded analyses of tobacco, which I could lay hold of—analyses made in your country as well as in others made on the Continent, I do not find any other specimen which yielded as little as 8 1/2 per cent of ash, and the per cent which I obtained in the sample you sent me agrees better with the average amount of matter in tobacco, than the proportion of ash in any of the specimens in tobacco, however, I find varies considerably, and usually amounts to over 12 per cent, and in some instances reaches to 20 per cent in round numbers.

Table with 2 columns: Component and Percentage. Lime: 23.36; Magnesia: 4.05; Oxide of iron: .81; Potash: 18.53; Chloride of potassium: 5.38; Chloride of sodium: 1.17; Phosphoric acid: 3.37; Sulphuric acid: 3.37; Soluble silica: 13.80; Fine sand: 5.73; Carbonic acid and loss: 13.96; Total: 100.00.

Deducting sand and carbonic acid, and the composition of the pure tobacco is as follows: Lime: 20.13; Magnesia: 5.04; Oxide of iron: 1.01; Potash: 23.09; Chloride of potassium: 4.21; Chloride of sodium: 8.93; Phosphoric acid: 4.18; Sulphuric acid: 4.19; Soluble silica: 17.19.

I find merely traces of nitrates in the fancy bright tobacco, which, perhaps, is one of the reasons why this tobacco has a very mild taste; for in all biting strong tobacco I find invariably nitrates are present in considerable proportions.

He says his investigations brought to light "a still more important fact," to wit: "that the Granville tobacco contains little nicotine." He says this is "a good feature," and that the coarse, highly manured tobacco of Virginia contains "much more nicotine"—even, he says, as he found, "as high as three or four times" as much as he finds in the Granville county "fancy bright." He gives the following analysis of the "sample of 'fancy bright' Granville county tobacco," to show its composition:

Table with 2 columns: Component and Percentage. Moisture: 14.68; Gum, extractive matter and other substances, soluble in water: 36.17; Mineral matters, soluble in water: 8.92; Nicotine: 1.37; Resinous compounds, oil and other constituents, soluble in ether and alcohol: 6.68; Digestible woody fibre: 14.43; Indigestible woody fibre (pure cellulose): 12.44; Mineral matter (ash) in water: 4.33; Total: 100.00.

He says that by repeated experiments he found the Granville tobacco "contains a comparatively small amount of nitrogenous (albuminous) compounds," and that probably "this explains the delicate flavor of the smoke of this kind of tobacco." It strikes us that the analyses of this distinguished chemist are of value, and deserve to be more widely known.

Pittsylvania, Patrick, Henry, Halifax and some other counties in Virginia raise beautiful specimens of the "fancy bright," as do Rockingham, Caswell, Person, Orange, and a few other counties in North Carolina. Whilst the finest tobacco raised in

Granville county secures a higher price in Richmond, Petersburg, Danville and other markets, there is tobacco raised in other counties in this State and in Virginia that very nearly approximates it both in quality and price. In some sections of Orange—notably that part that lies adjacent to Granville—a very choice article is grown that brings very high prices. Mr. Dennis Tiley, of Granville, sold some few years ago nineteen tierces of leaf tobacco in Richmond, Va., the lowest price for which was \$87 per hundred, and the highest \$131. He averaged over \$100 per hundred for the entire lot.

On the same day some twelve other farmers from the same county sold their crops, realizing prices only second to Mr. Tiley. Mr. Mitchell Carrin sold a crop raised by his two sons, the oldest of whom is not over eighteen, and a third, a sickly boy not over thirteen, who only worked occasionally, for over \$3,000 net. These are facts.

The absence of nicotine in the bright, compared with the heavy tobacco, applies to the fine tobacco in all the counties. Whether, however, to the same extent as marks the Granville tobacco we are unable to state. As the culture of tobacco in North Carolina is on the increase, some forty counties now engaging in it, we have thought, it would not be without interest to many of our readers to have such an article as this.

MacMahon is resolved not to yield. He declares that "he may become a hostage to the Left, but as for its servant—never." The situation is very critical. The President has resolved neither to resign nor to abandon his friends. It is reported that Germany has advised him to hold on, and to make a Cabinet which shall be neither radical nor clerical.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Every civilized State has found it to its advantage to grant government aid to enterprises having to confer great public benefits. We do not propose at this late day to argue the merits of the policy in this country—that has been settled; we only insist that it shall not be merely a sectional policy. The government has given aid to the roads projected for the benefit of the North, and now it should help the South.—Baltimore Gazette, Dem.

An effort has been made, and it has been altogether too successful, to send abroad an impression that the President has been deserted by his party in Congress, and that the Republicans are to look elsewhere than to the White House for leadership. The idea is a false one, of course. There has been as yet only a tendency to revolt. A few conspicuous men have ostentatiously announced, as a profound secret, that they are not in harmony with the President, and that they intend, when a suitable opportunity presents itself, to assail and humiliate him. They have created a more imposing appearance of Republican hostility to the President, than their numbers or their influence warrant. No doubt they have been greatly aided in their ambitious designs of snatching the leadership by the silence of those who can be depended upon, whenever an issue is raised, to come firmly and squarely to the defence of the President. Nothing has yet happened, in Congress or out of it, to test the relative strength of the President's friends and the malcontents.—Boston Advertiser, Rep.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

The question of adopting primary elections in place of the old convention system for nominating candidates for office is being agitated among some of our Democratic exchanges. The convention plan is open to many objections, and often leads to dissatisfaction and disorganization, but this frequently happens more from the apathy and indifference of the people themselves than from the system.—Wilson Advance.

No country can prosper without good, sufficient transportation facilities. Men of energy, audacity and capital will not go to locate in localities beyond the reach of railroads and telegraphs. You may talk about climate, and soil and natural advantages, the lack of the two great agents and triumphs of our modern civilization, the railroad and the telegraph outweigh them all. Indeed, so far as our section is concerned, we are worse off than we were four years ago. Then we had better, quicker, more certain facilities of trade to our city and country than we have now. We had more travel, more visitors, some immigration. Now we have but little of the former—none of the latter.—Charlotte City Carolinian.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Conkling is a jolly fellow. When asked by a fellow Senator in Washington whether he was going to Indiana to attend Morton's funeral he answered: "No, I am going to New York to attend my own." He went to New York, and he didn't miss the funeral either.—Philadelphia Times.

The Republican party must cleanse itself of bad principles, as well as of self-seeking and corrupt leaders, before it will ever again become formidable to the Democracy. It must abandon frankly and forever, as the Republicans of Massachusetts have done, all the distinctive articles of the Republican creed of the past twelve years.—Baltimore Gazette.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Marshals Bazaine is still living at Madrid. Ex-Empress Eugenie would like to live at Cowes. The Pope now is always carried about in an arm chair.

Victoria Woodhull's lectures in England have failed, and she will try the stage. President Hayes has sent \$100 to Grace street Presbyterian church in Richmond.

Conkling's Senatorial district elected a Democrat to vote against his return to the Senate. A Rhode Island girl read 300 novels in one year and is now hopelessly insane. They must have been dime novels.

The Pope has just made a young Roman baker a Count so that he might marry the daughter of a Marquis with whom he was in love.

Mr. Blaine's doctor warns him to be careful of his will soon for Morton. The Maine Senator is a high liver and has a good constitution, but he abuses it terribly.

Mr. Green Kettle is a Pennsylvania.—Current Paragraph. It must make him boil to see his name going the rounds.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Dean Swift said that the reason that a certain university was a learned place was that most persons took some learning there, and but few brought any away with them, and so it continued.

While Richard Grant White is telling us how to write good English, a deserted woman is telling an awful story about him—the more awful because Mr. White is a much married man.

A visitor to Mr. Gladstone's home, Hawarden, saw writing on a tree which was marked out for felling: All the same death, elm and birch. Down they must come, like the Irish Church.

TWINKLINGS.

The sleigh-bells jingled in Quebec Monday. Ohio has 381,000 acres of apple orchards, and raised this year 15,000,000 bushels of apples.

The Under Secretary for India estimates the cost of the Indian famine at 11,000,000 sterling. English labor is being undermined even in the matter of coffins, which are sent to London from Norway.

There are said to be 240 deserted farm houses in Windham county, Vt. Rather bad for a solid Republican State. Danbury News: We have been reliably informed that hugging a girl in a perfect fitting corset is like putting your arms around a cold parrot stove.

The Eastern Free Press is of opinion that the grand old man makes a man look as if all the mean things he ever did in his life had fallen on him at once. Philadelphia Herald: It is now proposed that the Young American poet who made "guano" to rhyme with "piano," try his hand at finding a rhyme for Conkling.

Philadelphia has seven variety theatres, and the North American says that their aggregate business exceeds that of the legitimate theatres and the Academy of Music. Andrew's Bazaar: A firm believer in the theory of evolution is engaged upon an argument to prove that an ass may eventually become, by natural selection, a member of Congress.

Union-Argus: Now, the house-fly, with haggard eye, And cramped rheumatic knees, Crawls in the crack of a picture back, Kicks up the dust in deep disgust, And with one feeble sneeze, Flaps down in a puff, on his bed of fluff, To hibernate and freeze.

The whole story of human life is compressed in this dainty little poem by Jean Ingelow: Sweet is childhood—childhood's over, Kiss and part. Sweet is youth, but youth's a rover—So's my heart. Sweet is rest; but all by showing Telling is nigh. We must go. Alas! the going. Say "Good-bye."

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

Jasper county, Ga., has 127 public gins. Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, has introduced a bill to provide for the building of a post-office, custom-house, etc., at Lynchburg.

A Virginia sheriff asked a murderer if he wanted to make a speech on the gallows, and he replied: "Guess not; it looks like rain, and I don't want to get wet. Go on with the hanging."

Common laborers are now earning in this State and in Louisiana from \$50 to \$75 per month, yet we are constantly hearing of strikes and starvation in the North. Laborers, come South.—Vicksburg Herald.

The Dismal Swamp Canal.

Representative Yeates, of North Carolina, will introduce a bill next week asking an appropriation of \$700,000 to widen and deepen the Dismal Swamp canal from the Elizabeth river at Norfolk to its southern terminus at Albemarle sound. Mr. Yeates' bill will propose to widen and deepen the old Dismal Swamp canal sufficiently to make it a first class ship canal throughout its entire length. A project is also on foot looking to the digging of another canal to connect Albemarle sound with the harbor of Wilmington, N. C. This would, of course, give of which it is the outlet direct inland water communication with the markets of Washington and Baltimore.

Congressman Yeates also wants an appropriation for ten lighthouses on the Albemarle and Chesapeake canal.—Washington Correspondent Richmond Dispatch.

The Wedding Dress of a Future Queen.

The wedding dress of Maria de las Mercedes, future Queen of Spain, has already been ordered, and the feminine portion of the world will doubtless call it beautiful. It is to be of white satin, entirely covered with Alencon point lace, on which will be worked the arms of all the realms into which Spain was formerly divided. This recalls the dress of Queen Adelaide, of England, which was a pretty piece of imagination—it was embroidered with flowers, the initials of which formed her name.

Deadwood Currency.

A lady writing from Deadwood to the New York Graphic says: "Gold dust is a legal tender here to any amount from five cents up, and it is amusing to see ladies shopping with their bottles of gold dust in place of dainty portmanteau and crisp greenbacks. It takes some time to get accustomed to this currency, and even now I am not able to count my change. I am obliged to look wise and trust to the honesty, or more often the dishonesty of the shopkeeper."

One Hundred Millionaires at Dinner. NEW YORK, Nov. 9. One hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner at Delmonico's last night. One hundred of the most distinguished representatives of American commerce, science, trade and politics. Such a remarkable gathering of influential private citizens and capitalists was, perhaps, never before seen in this city. Almost every gentleman present was at least a millionaire.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS!

HEDRICK HAS REMOVED To the Corner Front and Market Streets Where can be found an entirely New Stock of Goods, COMPRISING THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND varied assortment of Medium and Low Priced DRESS GOODS ever opened in this city. Also a large stock of STAPLE AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, purchased in New York within the last ten days at a decline of Thirty Per Cent. from prices ruling a month ago, and will be sold at a very slight advance on the cost. Respectfully, HEDRICK.

Bleached Cottons.

600 PIECES BLEACHED COTTONS, 4x 6 1/2 inches wide. The best 1 1/2 cents Bleached Cotton in the city. HEDRICK.

Prints.

800 PIECES PRINT AT WHOLESALE AND Retail. No Prints sold at Retail but those we warrant. HEDRICK.

Blankets and Shawls.

A MOST DESIRABLE STOCK, CHEAP. HEDRICK.

Men and Boys Wear.

SALEM, N. C. CASSIMERS, VIRGINIA AND Maryland kerseys and Cassimers. Ours is the Headquarters for the production of Southern Industry. HEDRICK.

Hosiery.

FOR LADIES, GIRLS, MEN AND BOYS. Also a Good Stock of Ladies and Gents' Underwear. HEDRICK.

Housekeeping Goods.

TABLE LINENS, TOWELS, DOYLES, NAP kins, sheetings, etc., in full assortment. HEDRICK.

The Entire Public

ARE INVITED TO AN INSPECTION OF the most complete stock of dry goods in the city. Remember that I deal in First Class Goods only; that I have but one price; that I buy for cash, and sell for cash, and that every class of buyers will receive the most respectful attention. nov 9 D&W HEDRICK.

The World's Standard.

FAIRBANKS SCALES RECEIVED HIGHEST MEDALS AT World's Fair, London, - 1851 World's Fair, New York, - 1853 World's Fair, Paris, - 1867 World's Fair, Vienna, - 1873 World's Fair, Santiago, Chili, - 1875 World's Fair, Philadelphia, - 1876 World's Fair, Sidney, Australia, 1877

MILES ALARM MONEY DRAWERS, HANCOCK'S INSPIRATORS, (The Best Feeders known for Stationary, Marine and Locomotive Boilers), ALSO, OSCILLATING PUMP COMPANY'S PUMPS. Fairbanks & Co. 311 Broadway, New York. aug 14-tar4mD&W Tu&F.

\$40,000 in Hardware!

ON HAND ALL THE TIME! Those desiring to make their selections from a Large and Well Assorted Stock and get LOW PRICES, will find it their interest to call and examine Goods and Prices before buying from any of the 50 CALLED large stock stores about town. JOHN DAWSON, 19, 20 & 21 Market street. nov 11-t

Wood.

50 Cord Seasoned OAK, 50 Cord BLACK OAK, 50 Cord Large Split OAK, 50 Cord LIMEWOOD, 50 Cord WHITE WOOD. For sale at Lowest Possible Prices for CASH. nov 10-t O. G. FARLEY, Jr., Agent.

Tuning and Repairing Pianos.

JOSEPH DENICE, FROM COLUMBIA, S. C., will remain in Wilmington a few weeks. He is prepared to Tune and Repair Pianos, Melodions, Reed and Pipe Organs. Orders left at Mr. Heintzberger's Book Store will meet with prompt attention. nov 8-t

For Sale.

ON FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30TH, next, I will offer for sale, on the premises, a large and well fitted, to the highest bidder, one third cash, balance terms cash, at Public Auction, with large Dressed and Sashed situated on the southwest corner of Fourth and Market streets, in this city. nov 14-t H. B. GAY.

WANTED—Any Agent can make \$200 per month.

selling our Magnetic Instantaneous Copying-Book and Ink. No press, brush or water used. Send stamp for circular or \$3 for instant. BOSTON: J. W. WATKINS CO., 10 & 12 BAY STREET, NEW YORK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE. WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. CO. WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 5, 1877.

THE FORTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company will be held at the Office of the Company, in Wilmington, on TUESDAY, the 30TH OF NOVEMBER, 1877.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE. WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA R. R. CO. WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 5, 1877.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Rail Road Company will be held at the Office of the Company, in Wilmington, on TUESDAY, the 30TH OF NOVEMBER, 1877.

Administrators' Sale. ON WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST INST. AT HER late residence, on the corner of Fourth and Queen Streets, at 11 o'clock, noon, the undersigned, Administrators of Elizabeth Hanley, will offer for sale, at Public Auction, all the HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and other PERSONAL PROPERTY, belonging to the Estate of the said Elizabeth Hanley, deceased. Terms as usual. E. J. LITTLETON, JOSEPH W. TAYLOR, Administrators. nov 2-t

Just Received.

A large lot of FINE SEED and HAVANA CIGARS. Amongst them can be found the following Brands, at OLD TIME PRICES: Little Casino, very fine. King Lear, Seed and Havana, 5c for 25c. Gold, Seed and Havana, 6c for 25c. The celebrated Cremation, 7c for 25c. H. BURKHIMERS, No. 5 Market Street. oct 27-t

Still At It.

We still continue to sell the BEST BOOTS & SHOES IN THE CITY, and at prices LOWER than elsewhere for the same grade of goods. Come and see how we do it. GEO. R. FRENCH & SON, 39 N. Front st. nov 9-t

Williams & Murchison,

Wilmington, N. C. Offer, at Low Prices, Sacks Liverpool and Lisbon SALT, 1,000 KEPS NAILS, 1,300 Hds. MOLASSES, choice Porto Rico, 100 Hds. SYRUP, 100 Bbls SUGAR, all grades, 300 Sacks Rio, Laguna and Java COFFEE, 1000 Barrels FLOUR, all grades, 200 Boxes Dry Salted SIDES, 500 Rolls and Half Rolls Standard BAGGING, 200 Boxes CHEESE, 200 Boxes CANDLES, 200 Boxes SOAPS. ALSO, Tobacco, Sunif, Candy, Lye, Matches, &c., &c. all for sale by the package at very close figures. nov 11-t

Bricks! Bricks!

100,000 GOOD BRICK. For sale by WILLARD BROS. nov 11-t

Bagging, Ties, Hoop Iron, &c.

100 Rolls and Half Rolls of BAGGING, 300 Bundles of COTTON TIES, 400 HOOP IRON, 500 KEPS NAILS, 25 Barrels of GLUE, 10 BUNGS, 10 SPANISH BROWN, 10 COPPERAS, 50 KEROSENE OIL, 300 Bales of HAY. For sale by ADRIAN & VOLLERS, southeast corner Front and Dock sts. oct 28-t

Sundries.

SUGAR, Coffee, Lard, Flour, Tea, Cheese, Crackers, Bacon, Rice, Butter, Starch, Soap, Paper, Bags, Twine, Cigars, Tobacco, and every thing a Retail Grocer or Commission Merchant should have. ADRIAN & VOLLERS, Wholesale Grocers, oct 28-t Southeast corner Front and Dock Sts.

Bacon, Bacon.

100 Boxes D. SIDES. For sale by KIRCHNER & CALDER BROS. nov 11-t

Corn & Bl'k Seed Oats.

3000 Bush. CORN, 1000 Bushels BLACK SEED OATS. For sale by KIRCHNER & CALDER BROS. nov 11-t

Salt.

5000 Sacks Liverpool SALT, 1000 Marshall's. For sale by KIRCHNER & CALDER BROS. nov 11-t

Maackerel, Herring and Lard.

100 Half Bbls and Kits MACKEREL, 200 Boxes HERRING, 75 Tierces and Tubs LARD. For sale by KIRCHNER & CALDER BROS. nov 11-t

RECORDS' ESSENCE OF LIFE restores

memory and restores the vitality of the most shattered constitution in four weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of impostors who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive. Whatever has cured must cost a fair price. \$3 per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, FR. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists supplied. ang 17-t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SNYDER'S Curative Pads!

A sure cure for TORPID LIVER and all diseases arising therefrom. Lungs, Kidney, Bladder, Womb, and all Female Diseases, CHILLS, Rheumatism, Headaches, GYNEPSIA, Headache, Our Liver, LUNG and AGUE PADS, \$1.00. Address E. F. SNYDER & CO., Cincinnati, O.

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and full particulars sent free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

WANTED! WILSON SEWING MACHINE COMP.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS 829 Broadway, New York City; Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La.; San Francisco, Cal.

WONDER UPON WONDER.

Given Away—A strange, mysterious and most extraordinary Book, entitled "THE BOOK OF WONDERS," containing numerous curious pictorial illustrations, the mysteries of the Earth, Natural and Super-Natural, Oddities, Wonders, Strange Curiousities, Wonders, and Wonders, Dreams, Superstitions, Absurdities, Fables, and much more. In order that all may see this extraordinary book, the publishers have resolved to give away to all who desire to see it. Address by mail, to E. F. SNYDER & CO., Cincinnati, O.

WORK FOR ALL

In their own localities, canvassing for the PIRE-LESS PAPER, (celebrated Weekly and Monthly), Largest Paper in the World, with Managers from the Big Commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address F. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

\$12 A DAY AT HOME.