

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published every Friday morning at \$1.00 per year, \$1.00 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.25; five days, \$4.00; one week, \$7.00; two weeks, \$12.00; three weeks, \$16.00; one month, \$25.00; two months, \$45.00; three months, \$65.00; six months, \$110.00; twelve months, \$200.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

Advertisements on which no special arrangement is made for insertion, will be charged at the regular rates. Advertisements inserted in Local Column at special price.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted on the head of Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriages or Deaths, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions and recommendations of candidates for office, will be charged at the regular rates. As ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to accompany any special notice, will be charged according to the position desired.

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of their friends and kindred and connections who are interested in them, who will only be too glad if Grant is the man. Then there is another large class—the expectants—the political Barkies who would be so extremely happy for a sop, and who would prefer office under a despotism to have neglect as their portion under the most generous and just Republic.

All of these classes have no deep attachment to that glorious form of government that was set up by our wise and grand forefathers on this vast Western Continent. They care nothing for State Rights, or State lines. Give them a "strong Government" and Grant as their friend and ruler, and they are content.

Connecticut was a delightful State to live in when the old "Blue Laws" were in force. The people doubtless thought they had an abundance of freedom and were living under a very benign and just government. The Boston Courier some time ago published those cunningly devised laws that belong to very dark ages rather than to a country boasting itself to be a land of liberty. We copy a few laws by way of sample:

"No one shall be a freeman, or give a vote, unless he be converted, and a member in full communion of one of the churches allowed in this Dominion.

"If any person turns Quaker, he shall be banished, and not suffered to return, but on pain of death.

"No food or lodging shall be offered to a Quaker, Adamiite, or other heretic.

"If any person turns Quaker, he shall be banished, and not suffered to return, but on pain of death.

"No priest shall abide in the Dominion; he shall be banished, and suffer death on his return.

"Priests may be seized by any one without a warrant.

"No one to cross a river but with an authorized ferryman.

"No one shall run on the Sabbath day, or walk in his garden, or elsewhere, except reverently to and from meeting.

"No one shall travel, cook victuals, make beds, sweep house, cut hair, or shave on the Sabbath day.

"No woman shall kiss her children on the Sabbath or fasting day.

"None shall buy or sell land without permission of the selectmen.

"Whosoever wears clothes trimmed with gold, silver or bone lace above 2s. per yard, shall be presented by the grand jurors, and the selectmen shall tax the offender 300 l. estate.

"None shall read common prayer books, keep Christmas or set days, eat minced pie, dance, play cards, or play any instrument, except the drum, trumpet and Jews harp."

We have received the Eleventh Annual Report of the Freedmen's Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church (North) for 1878. From it we learn as follows:

"The Methodist Episcopal Church has 28 conferences in the South, 14 composed principally of white and 14 principally of colored members. There are 3,000 white members in the North Carolina Conference, and as many more in the Arkansas, Louisiana and Florida Conferences, aggregating about 6,000. There are two districts of colored members in the Holston, one in the St. Louis, and one in the Missouri Conference, aggregating about 7,000. In 14 conferences there are 206,304 members, 7,000 of whom are colored; and in 14 conferences there are 189,803 members, of whom 6,000 are white, aggregating 205,204 white and 191,000 colored members—making a grand total of 396,204.

"On this territory there are 2,128 traveling and 4,203 local preachers, of whom 947 traveling and 2,378 local preachers are colored.

"In these 28 conferences there are 4,381 Sunday schools, with 240,674 scholars, of which 2,023 schools and 96,474 scholars are colored.

"There are churches 3,877, valued at \$3,018,076; 525 parsonages, valued at \$714,240; 144 mansions, valued at \$3,732,719; of which 1,751 churches, valued at \$1,778,488, and 163 parsonages, valued at \$75,105, making a total of \$1,988,593, belong to colored members."

They have one unchartered school at Greensboro, called Bennett Seminary. In the South there are 2,940 pupils undergoing instruction. During the year the Society received \$62,805.52. The Methodist Episcopal Church (North) claims to have a larger membership in the South than any other religious body except the Baptists and the M. E. Church, South.

It is shown in the great West that agriculture and manufactures can and do flourish side by side. The South should make a note of this. The Baltimore Sun says:

"The Scientific American calls attention to the fact that by the last census the annual manufactured products of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin exceeded the agricultural by \$70,000,000. After the census was taken the manufacturing interests of the West increased rapidly for several years. The Scientific American notes the coming of its specialty that the great industries of the West are not conducted by old processes, but the recent inventions and discoveries are almost universally adopted."

The South has heretofore expended its energies on the farms, with but comparatively few exceptions. The time may come when the manufactures of our portion of the country shall be of very great importance in estimating the wealth and resources of the Union.

One unwise, ultra editor can do more harm to a people than a half dozen prudent and judicious editors can accomplish good. We notice several of our Northern Republican exchanges are publishing a very silly editorial that appeared in the Okolona (Miss.) Southern States of March 12, as a specimen of how Southerners feel about the great and signal tri-

umph of the "Confederacy" in gaining possession of the Congress. If the Republicans of the North desire any better campaign document for their readers than the following string of boastful absurdities then they are indeed hard to please. Says the Mississippi editor:

"Yes, thank God! We have captured the Capitol and the 180000 men will walk up the White House steps and take his seat in the Presidential chair. Then will our glorious triumph be complete. Then will we proceed to tear our amendments from the constitution and trample them in the mire. Then will we break the shackles you have forged for the free, sovereign and independent commonwealth of the Union. Then will we recognize the right of secession—a right that is not dead, but sleeping. Then will we decorate the Capitol with the pictures of Davis and Lee, and Stuart, and all the glorious leaders of a cause that is not lost, but living still."

We have been interested in looking over the statistics of Churches in North Carolina as given in the new "Hand Book." According to that authority there are in our State 12 Roman Catholic Churches, 104 Episcopal, 239 Presbyterian, 1821 Methodist, 1390 Baptist, 79 Lutheran, 35 Christian, 21 Quaker, 37 German Reformed, 3 Union, 4 Dunkers, and 109 Disciples. Wilkes county has 87 Churches, of which 56 are Baptist; Halifax 88, of which 39 are Baptist and 39 Methodist; Granville 76, of which 41 are Baptist and 21 Methodist. New Hanover has 21 Churches all told.

OUR TABLE. Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, Volume II, by Robert Chambers, LL. D. This volume brings this valuable work to Archbishop Tillotson in 1694. We have expressed our opinion of the importance of this work. It is of exceeding interest and should be in every library. The work will be completed in eight volumes and at a price that is a marvel of cheapness in this age of high priced books. Eight volumes, in paper, complete for \$20 each in advance; in cloth, \$25; in half morocco, \$5. Our advice to all young men is to buy this work and then study it thoroughly. It is a library in itself. Send to the American Book Exchange, 55 Beekman street, New York.

Hand-Book of North Carolina. Embracing Historical and Physiological Sketches of the State, with Statistical and other information relating to its Industries, Resources and Political Condition, by L. L. Peck, Commissioner. Raleigh News Steam Book and Job Print, 1879. This useful compilation has been prepared in accordance with the Act creating the Department of Agriculture. It contains a good deal of useful information. How accurate its statistics are we cannot say. The typography is poor.

CURRENT COMMENT. Before we can discuss the question why people do not go to church, it is necessary to determine first why they do go, or why they should be expected to go. The ready answer is that they should go to church to worship God, the idea of worship including the public acknowledgment of allegiance to God as a duty of every Christian, apart from or added to that individual tribute of praise and prayer which he may render in his home. Now it is plain that wherever this duty is accepted as a matter of faith no personal consideration of any kind will stand in the way of the believer's attendance upon public worship. But it will not be disputed that in the commonly accepted view of church-going the idea of worship, in any such sense as this, is much less prominent than that of "edification"; we are expected to go to church not so much to make an offering of praise and prayer, as to hear something that may interest and instruct us.—Phil. Times.

Gen. Chalmers, of Mississippi, is reported as saying: "In my judgment Tilden is not the man for us. A great many men in my District will vote for Grant before they will vote for Tilden. Yes; I mean they will vote for Grant, who is sure to be the Republican nominee, rather than for Tilden as the Democratic candidate. Oh, yes; there are many men whom our people will support heartily. In fact, any of the names mentioned for the Presidency rather than Tilden." New York must be carried to ensure Democratic success. Mr. Tilden is the one Democrat who will have a fighting chance to carry that State. Nobody cares what the South may think of this or that candidate. The South will receive orders from the East, and obey them, as usual. And in 1880, after the National Democratic Convention, Gen. Chalmers, as a good party man, will grow eloquent on the stump in praise of Mr. Tilden as the Democratic nominee, and the only man able to save the country from the "democratic howl" wows."

The Funeral Oration delivered over the remains of Bayard Taylor, at Kennett Square, Pennsylvania, after the casket had been lowered into the grave, by Edmund Clarence Stedman, the poet and critic:

Three months have gone since we heard from a distant land that the spirit of our companion had departed. His life was eager, noble and renowned. It lasted for more than half a century yet ceased prematurely, and we say, "He should have died hereafter." Here to-day at this very spot the mould which held that spirit returns to the self-same earth which nurtured it. Here the mortal journeyings are forever ended; and the seas, the deserts, the mountain ranges shall be crossed no more; the joyous eyes are veiled; the dear warm heart can throb no longer; the stalwart frame has fallen and henceforth lies at rest. For the record is closed, but is it, indeed, without a continuance? This is the question which here at this moment, in this place, so strongly comes to each one of those who were his comrades, whom he loved with all his generous nature, to whom he was ever staunch and true, for whom he would at all times have given all he had, for whom only his dust can now receive the love, the tender utterance, the ceaseless remembrance which they seek to offer in return. Are the travels then in truth forever ended? Shall there be for our brother no more insatiable thirst for knowledge, no more high poetic speech, no more looking toward the stars? For one, I try to take the answer from his own lips, since they so often forgotten it. If ever a longing for eternal life, a resolve not to be deprived of action, a beautiful and absolute faith that the Power which governs all had decreed that these should not surcease—if these ever have given a mortal a hold on immortality, then our Bayard still is living, though above and beyond us. For however dimmed may be the vision wherewith some of us strive in vain, whatever our hope to look behind the veil, for him there was neither doubt nor darkness. He could not, would not tolerate the idea of an ended individuality. I have never known a man whose trust in this one thing was so absolutely and always unshaken, or who had a more abiding, sustaining faith in the perfection of the universal plan and in the beneficence of its designer. Such was his religion, and I say that it was constant and most beautiful. Possibly it was something of the Quaker breed within him that made him so conscious of the spirit and so natural and unfeeling a believer in direct inspiration. In this age of questionings and searchings how few of those who profess the most have his perfect faith in that immortality whose promise animates the creeds. For this alone the most rigid may reverse his religion. And even without this his spotless life of purity, philanthropy, heroic deed, has been a model for those who seek to become the disciples of whom the Teacher said: "By their fruits ye shall know them." This is the one statement which I desire to make. This I move at this final place and hour I am moved to affirm. Joyous poet! Loyal comrade! Patient and generous brother in toil and song, farewell! Farewell!

Terrible Loss of Life and Property in and Around Szegedin. LONDON, March 16.—The Times' correspondent at Pesth, writing on the 14th, says: "The work of clearing the houses of their inmates is now carried on systematically. All the houses constructed of sun-dried bricks, and therefore most in danger of falling, are now quite empty.

"Stone and brick houses are next dealt with. Temporary emigration on a large scale is going on. The whole country between Szegedin and Temisvar is strewn with caravans of people. All the villages and burroughs have hospitably opened their houses and stores to the refugees, some of them sheltering almost as many strangers as regular tenants. A number of railway trains yesterday took to Temisvar about 5,000 fugitives, while 500 people went by steamer to Szegedin. Engineers and soldiers are busy with their relief pontoons and boats, there being still great need of them. The Emperor has contributed a further sum of 10,000 florins. A dispatch from Pesth Saturday evening says: Szegedin is now the only place in danger. An official statement shows that of the 9,700 houses in Szegedin all except 201 have been destroyed. Most of the habitations destroyed were of the lower classes of the population.

The London Observer's dispatch from Vienna states that it is thought that 6,000 persons have been drowned.

SZEGEDIN, March 16.—The lowest estimate now current fixes the number of drowned at 2,000. Many persons believe that 4,000 perished, as the gate prevented a majority of the inhabitants from hearing the first alarm. Some of the largest houses fell on Saturday. One is said to have overwhelmed eighty (probably eight) families, and another fifty-six persons. To-night many people are still on roofs of houses and in trees. Diphtheria has broken out among the fugitives in Szegedin. Sixteen thousand horses and cattle and 90,000 sheep have been lost. The water falls very slowly, only rising three inches on Saturday night. The frost is causing great suffering. Fearful

exclaim "It did nothing!" Habit is very strong and the majority of these censors have pronounced the same criticism upon every Legislature which has met since they were the lawmakers. A General Assembly cannot abolish taxation, neither can it inaugurate a system of laws, reforms or improvements which will meet the approbation of all classes.—Charlotte Observer.

As a majority leader, the position dignifies the man. As a leader of the minority, the man must dignify the position. Should Mr. Conkling be sworn in to-morrow, there may be some use for that abnormally developed dignity that has hitherto seemed entirely superfluous.—Washington Post, Dem.

A story comes flashing over the wires that the patient and discerning Democrat in the First Ohio District have unearthed great Republican frauds in the last election, and are forwarding to Washington four or five hundred affidavits to establish the fact that Milton Saylor is entitled to represent the District in the House.—Washington Post, Dem.

They are planting corn in Louisiana. Alabama's late Legislature cost the State over \$100,000. The local option bill failed to pass the Tennessee Legislature. For the Lee monument there has been collected this year \$1,035.51. In Texas there are only four inhabitants to every 649 acres of territory.

Mr. John Holliday, of Lynchburg, Va., was waylaid by highway robbers near Danville, Friday night, pulled off his horse, robbed of all the money he had, and badly choked and bruised in the struggle with them.

A shooting affair occurred in Amherst, near Lynchburg, Va., Friday last, between two youths named James Marks and James North, in which the latter was shot in the wrist severely by a shot gun in the hands of Marks.

Victor Hugo entered upon his seventy-eighth year February 26.

GRAND DISTRIBUTION! Commonwealth Distribution Company. By authority of Commonwealth of Kentucky, Drawing and details under supervision of prominent citizens of Kentucky, in the city of Louisville, on

Monday, March 31, 1879. NO SCALING! NO POSTPONEMENT! PRIZES PAID IN FULL! \$112,400 in Cash Distributed! TICKETS ONLY 99.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS OF THE POPULAR DRAWING! Read the following attractive list of Prizes for the MARCH DRAWING:

1 Prize \$30,000 100 Prizes \$100 each \$10,000
1 Prize 10,000 300 Prizes \$50 each 15,000
1 Prize 5,000 600 Prizes \$25 each 15,000
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1 Prize 500 20,000 Prizes \$5 each 10,000
1 Prize 250 40,000 Prizes \$2.50 each 10,000
1 Prize 100 each, 1,000

1,900 Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1.25. 37 Tickets, \$50. 50 Tickets, \$100. Remitt by Post Office Money Order, registered letter, bank draft, or express. Full list of drawing details in Louisville Courier-Journal and New York Herald, and mailed to all ticket-holders. For tickets and information address the COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO., 71 COMMERCE STREET, Louisville, Ky., or 71 COMMERCE STREET, Louisville, Ky.

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IMMEDIATE RELIEF WARRANTED. PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED. Now exclusively used by all celebrated Physicians of Europe and America, being a simple, harmless and reliable remedy on both conditions. The Highest Medical Academy of Paris reports 95 cases out of 100 cases within three days. Secures "The only dissolver of the poisonous Uric Acid which enters the Blood of Rheumatism and Gout Patients. \$1.00 a Box; 5 Boxes for \$5.00. Sent to any address on receipt of price. Prepared by F. W. WATSON, Sole Proprietor, 23 Cliff St., N. Y.

WASHBURN & CO., Only Importers' Depot, 23 Cliff St., N. Y. For sale by GREEN & FLANNERY, Druggists.

McMillan Bros., Manufacturers of and Dealers in SECOND-HAND TURPENTINE STILLS

Fifteen New and Second-Hand Stills, From Ten to Twenty Barrel Capacity. ALSO, EXTRA WORKS, CAPS AND ARMS, STILL BOTTOMS OF ALL SIZES, STILL DOORS AND GRATE-BARS.

"As we have four Coppenhagens regularly employed, we can furnish a RELIABLE WORKMAN through the country as all times. We are in a position to call on all our workmen and to send them to any address on receipt of price. REGULAR AND RELIABLE ESTABLISHMENT. Consult your own interest by calling on or addressing D. G. McMillan, Esq., 23 Cliff St., N. Y. Feb 9-td

Second Cargo New Crop Cuba Molasses. 309 BBLDS. CHOICE BRIGIT. 38 TIERCES. New Crop Matanzas Molasses. Now landing at Behr. A. A. Perry, 170 Broadway. For sale in lots to suit. WORTH & WORTH.

tales are told of individual distress. Women on board rescuing steamers refuse to part with the corpses of children. The refugees on the embankments are eating seed corn. Accouchments occur in boats and on railway tracks.

Chevalier Forney does not consider Grant the strongest candidate the Radicals can put in nomination for the Presidency in 1880.

Ex-Governor Dennison, of Ohio, rather thinks Grant will be nominated in 1880, and that if he is not Secretary Sherman will surely be the standard-bearer on the Democratic side in expectation to see Tilden and Hendricks run again.

What is now wanted is that the public and not the officeholders shall have the benefit of the appreciation in value of the paper currency, and no exceptions should be made in the application of this rule of salary reductions.—Baltimore American, Ind.

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MISCELLANEOUS. MARCH 1, 1879. Brown & Roddick 45 Market St. A RE OPENING THE FOLLOWING INDUCEMENTS during the first two weeks in March, in order to make room for our NEW Spring and Summer Stock! For 1879.

150 HANDSOME FULL SIZED QUILTS, only \$1.00. These Quilts are really good value for \$1.50.

250 BEST DOMESTIC MORNING QUILTS, reduced to \$1.25. They were sold formerly for \$1.75. Without any exception the cheapest in the market.

Ladies' Underwear. CHEMISE from 50c. SKIRTS from 20c. NIGHT DRESS in full line.

We have not the space to enumerate all the different styles. All and examine them personally.

Corsets. We are prepared to exhibit the largest assortment of the above we have ever shown. Our Corsets are made of the best materials and Art. We can suit the most fastidious.

Hamburg Edgings and Insertions. We are clearing out the balance of this Stock in order to make room for a NEW LINE. Ladies in search of such Goods should not fail to call early.

Line Damasks and Towels. We made a Sweeping Reduction in this Department some short time since. The quantity we have since sold speaks volumes for the quality. We are opening some Special Bargains in them.

4-1 NEW YORK MILLS LONG CLOTH, 11c per yard, or 10c by the piece. The Cheapest and best Cloths in the U. S.

GENT'S WASHMATT SHIRTS, 2100 Linen Bosoms 75 Cent. Superior over the country for \$1.00.

BROWN & RODDICK, 45 Market street. Opening Notice!

OWING TO THE ACCIDENT TO THE S. S. Benefactor, upon which a great many of our New York purchases were shipped, we were obliged to defer.

Opening Our Store UNTIL THIS MORNING.

and we now take great pleasure in announcing to our friends and the public generally that our STORE IS OPEN, and we are ready, willing and anxious to sell them a Full Line of FIRST CLASS FAMILY GROCERIES, consisting in part of:

Flour, Buckwheat, Graham, Pearl Barley, Fine and Coarse Sugar, Sage, Tapioca, Macaroni, Small Sugar-Cured Shoulders, Ham, Breakfast Bacon, Beef Tongues, Dried Beef, Corned Beef (Pulmon Market), Fine Salt Mackerel, Codfish, Sardines, Lobster, Sugar, all grades; Coffee, parched and ground; A varied assortment of Canned Goods, Tea, any description, Gift Edge Butter, Edam, English Dairy, Pineapple and Martin's Cream Cheese.

Oranges, Lemons, Malaga Grapes, Apples, Onions, Irish Potatoes, Cabbages, Tomatoes and Limes, Sugar-Cured Ham, Canned Corn and Canned Peas, Canned Apples and Canned Fruit, Washboards, Baskets, &c., &c. Clear, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Extracts, Preserves, Jellies, Sweet Oil, Worcester's Sauce, Tomato Catsup, and a thousand other articles usually found in a First Class Grocery Establishment, but too numerous to mention all of which we offer at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

EST. MARKER CASH PRICES. Call early and see for yourselves, and oblige Yours, to serve, HOLLERS & WATTERS, No. 3 North Front St.

Daily Additions! OF Fresh and New Goods! ARE BEING MADE TO Our Large Stock OF Wholesale Groceries, For which Orders and Purchases are collected at the southeast Corner of Front and Dock Streets.

Adrian & Volders. Specialties. LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, and APOLINARIUS