THE WREKLY STAR is published every Friday merning at \$150 per year, \$100 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

advertising rates (Dailly).—One square one day, \$1.60; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; tent days, \$2.50; tent days, \$2.50; three weeks, \$4.00; two weeks, \$6.50; three weeks, \$8.50; one month, \$10.00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$24.00; eix months, \$40.00; twelve months, \$60.00. Tentines of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Fostivals, Balls, Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet-ings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates. No advertisements inserted in Local Column a

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c. are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra ac-ording to the position desired. advortisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

ments discontinued before the time con tracted for has expired, charged transient rates for the time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Ad ertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion. An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple column advertisements.

All announcements and recommendations of can didates for office, whether in the shape of commu-nications or otherwise, will be charged as advertise Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exce their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, ac-cording to contract.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Pos-tal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Unly such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher. Communications, unless they contain importan news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.



By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C .:

TUESDAY MORNING, Dec. 30, 1879

THE LAST ASPECT OF THE MAINE TROUBLES.

The Maine Republicans are setting a very bad-a very dangerous example for the country. After having aided and countenanced the stealing of the votes of Florida and Louisiana in 1876, they now threaten a civil war in 1879 because the same sort of policy was applied to them that they applied to the Democrats. The Returning Board of Louisiana counted out the Democrats, and yet Grant as President sustained their action. Nay, the whole Republican party, from Maine to Florida, and from North Carolina to California, justified and applauded the action of the Returning Board. Now, however, they are for resisting the constituted authorities if they dare to exercise their legal rights.

Look at their conduct last week when they openly defied the Governor and compelled his clerk to take arms back to the arsenal at Bangor, which he was causing to be removed by order of the Chief Executive. The clerk, to prevent blood shed and riot, obeyed the mob, and the arms were actually returned to the arsenal. This is a most violent and shameful proceeding. Of course the Governor had the legal power to remove any arms he might choose. It was a gross instance of attempted insurrection when the mob defied and resisted his authority in the streets of Bangor. The Republicans stand convicted before the country of refusing to yield to law-to law that they themselves had made—and of openly defying the authority of the Governor of the State, and by mob force and terrorism preventing him from exercising his constitutional powers.

The cool-headed Republicans al ready see the great blunder they have been guilty of. They find out that the leaders who have been agitating revolution or rebellion are liable to be indicted for high treason, and for disturbing the peace and tranquility of the State. The New York Herald has been prompt to condemn the cheating of the people out of their right of choice, but it also is prompt to censure the defiant and insurrectionary conduct of the Stalwart ringleaders and their followers. It says:

"It was full time to send forth this cry of 'Halt!" There has been a narrow escape from bloodshed in the streets of Bangor. The Governor, in the exercise of an authority which undoubtedly belongs to him, ordered a transfer of arms from the Bangor Arsenal to Abgusta. The arms were loaded upon wagons to be conveyed to the railway station, and while the teams were passing through the streets of Bangor they were stopped by a Republican mob and the officer in charge, to avoid bloodshed, sent back the arms to the arsenal and hastened to the State capital to report the proback the arms to the arsenal and hastened to the State capital to report the proceedings to the Governor. It is high time that public feeling should be quieted and the supremacy of law restored. It is all important for the Republicans to keep the law on their side in this angry and bitter contest. If they put it in the power of their opponents to brand them as incendiary they will be latally weakened."

very defective. The Republicans field is the East, where there is much fabricated that machinery, and have less cotton used to each head. It used it to their own advantage. It is a bad law mainly that causes the trouble. It allows either side to so use it as to deprive the people of the right of choice. This has been done by both sides. But when the Democrats were victimized by the Radical officials they did not fight, nor hold indignation meetings, nor defy the Governor. They submitted to the wrong. Now, when the same bad law is stretched to deprive Republicans of their seats in the Legisature, and thus reverse the voice of the people, they swear they will fight, revolutionize and get up a civil war. The law is bad and the law is abused. It is the same kind of law, however, that gave Hayes Tilden's seat. Kel logg takes this view of the matter, and he ought to know all about it:

"I mean that the Maine case now and the Louisiana case of 1872 are exact parallels. You will remember that I was the Republican candidate for Governor of Louisiana. and my Democratic opponent was McEnery. Well, the election passed off, and on the face of the returns McEnery was elected Governor, and a McEnery Legislature was chosen. The Returning Board, however canvassed the vote as the law required it to do, and taking advantage of technicalities and frauds I was returned as elected, as well as a majority of the Republican Legislature. The law, however, provided that the Legislature should declare who was elected Governor. The Legislature returned as elected met in the State House, and the Mc-Enery Legislature met at Mechanics' Insti-After the Republican Legislature declared my election I at once telegraphed President Grant the situation of affairs. and he soon settled the dispute, He issued his proclamation recognizing my lawful election, and that was the end of it.

We have already given our own opinion of the immorality and dangers attending such a game. We have pointed out the evil results that will follow such a policy of revenge. One wrong does not justify another wrong. The people all the time are the victims. The game of the Republicans in Maine now is to get the case before the Supreme Court of the State. The Returning Board has availed itself of the strict letter of the law to deprive the people of the right of choice. Whether it will submit its action for revision to the Supreme Court is doubtful, and if it did the Court would scarcely decide the case. The New York Herald presents this aspect of the case fairly when it says:

"We do not suppose that either Mr. Mor-rill or Mr. Blaine has any expectation that this proffer will be accepted. If this case were submitted to the Supreme Court it would doubtless decide, as Judge Virgin decided, when he was applied to for a mandamus, that the question is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court. Mr. Morrill perceives this as clearly as anybody could tell

If out of all these troubles and wrongs the voice of the country shall be heard demanding that the people shall no longer be cheated by Returning Boards manipulating bad laws, then good, a great and lasting good will have been secured. So

THE COTTON INDUSTRY.

In 1873 the total export of provisions and breadstuffs was \$196,970,-332. In 1878 it was \$306,455,273. The Columbia (S. C.) Register put the export of cotton at \$180,000,000. This makes an aggregate of \$486,-000,000 of American products sent people. abroad. The Register pays a great deal of attention to the cotton question and is somewhat of an authority on the industries of the country. In view of the character and amount of our foreign shipments, that paper

"Now whilst we have gone up at the rate of \$110,000,000 per annum in provisions and breadstuffs in 1878 on 1873, we have declined in money's worth of cotton furnished foreign countries from \$227,-000,000 in 1873 to \$180,000,000 in 1878; thus sinking \$47,000,000 per annum in the value of our cotton export, though the quantity of our cotton exports for 1878 stood at 4,018,884 bales (400 pounds) against 3,000,134 bales in 1878. It will be thus seen that whilst we have enhanced our cotton production upon that of five years ago by a million of bales, we are sinking some \$47,000,000 in doing it."

It says that the time will come, and is not far distant, when the country-that can produce the cheapest cotton and food must supply the markets of the world. It then shows what is the cotton supply of the world according to the returns of 1878. We

copy the figures: 400-pound bales. United States..... 5,175,000 2,500,000 China East Indies..... Egypt......Remainder of Africa.... Brazil and South America..... Japan..... Turkey and Greece..... West Indies and Central America..... Bokahara....

11,200 000 It then gives in tabular form the amount consumed. We give only the total, 11,200,000 bales. Of this Europe consumed 5,580,000 bales, the United States 1,570,000, China 2,500 .-000, and India, Africa, Brazil, &c., the remainder. It next gives an interesting table showing the consumpteresting table showing the consumption tributors, among them we may mention the cotton in different countries Louisa M. Alcott, Paul H. Hayne, Jose. their opponents to brand them as incendiative will be seen that, compared with the power of their opponents to brand them as incendiative will be seen that, compared with the power of their opponents to brand them as incendiative will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, phine Pollard and other well known magazinists. Price of subscription \$3 a year. It is acknowledged that the machinery for counting or ascertaining or ascertain

the result of elections in Maine is | 18.30. The Register thinks the true

takes this encouraging view: "We can raise and manufacture cheap cotton goods in such quantities as is simply impossible to the rest of the world. We can furnish the East with all the silver the trade requires and supplement its food demands to an extent that no other part of the world can. We can have the Pacific eas with our great steamships, cut the isthmus in twein, swiften our lines of railroad transportation across the continent, whiten our Southern fields with ten millions bales of cotton if it be necessary, harness our water power running to waste alongside of it, and seize this great empire of trade, not in the name of any royal maser, but as the rightful heritage of all free

THE VIRGINIA DEBT. General Bradley T. Johnson, while member of the Virginia Legislature, made a report in which some interesting statistics were given concerning the indebtedness and revenues of that State. We avail ourselves of it to gather an item or two. He says that the Moffett Register tax -\$500, 000-showed that there was \$7,000, 000 spent on drinks upon which a tax was paid. He says this only represents about half that is consumed, He estimates that \$14,000,000 is spent annually by drinking, and yet he says it is contended that an additional tax of from \$200,000 to \$500,000 will be unbearable. It is rather a lame plea, doubtless, that a million and a half of people who expend \$14,000,000 in dissipation cannot pay all they owe in the way of public indebtedness, much less the comparatively small interest. The Moffett Register alone

fact, its repeal is said to be certain. Gen. Johnson then goes on to show that the public debt is seither great nor onerous. He says:

would make the interest, and yet,

strange to say, that instrument for

raising tax on drinks is very unpop-

ular and very badly executed. In

"Her assessed values of property (this in 1878) are \$320,000,000, her population is 1,500,000, and her debt \$30,000,000; that is, her debt is not ten per cent. of her property, and is only \$20 per caput of her population. The total amount raised by axation and expended in the support of government, for schools and education, for interest on State, city and county debts, for roads and county and city purposes, is \$5,-000,000; that is, the annual tax on the labor production of Virginia is caput of her population. But the debt of Baltimore is \$33,000,000, her population 300,000; so her debt is \$110 per caput. The debt of the city of New York is \$160,000. 000 and her population 1,000,000, and her debt is \$160 per caput, while the annual tax paid for all expenses of government, including interest on her debt, is \$39 per caput, and the pauperism there is ten times greater than it is in Virginia."

If these figures are trustworthy, and we suppose they are, it does look as if Virginia could do better than the McCulloch bill proposes. At any rate, there is not the slightest grounds for favoring out-right repudiation. It ought to be with States as with individuals. If a man owed \$1,000 and he told his creditors he could not possibly pay that sum, nor could be pay even a fair interest on it for a term of years, what would be said of him if it were known that he spent \$100 each year for his drinks? He would get but little sympathy if he were much annoyed by his creditors, and his plea of inability or poverty would not be regarded by sensible or fair-minded

Texas puts in a demurrer concerning the murderer James Currie. Mr. John F. Dickson, formerly Superintendent of the Texas Pacific Railway, writes to the New York Herald that it is not fair to hold Texas responsible for the killing of the unfortunate actor, as both were from the North, Currie having been a Federal soldier and is a native Ohioan. There were but three witnesses to the killing. One of these lives in Texas, and is in custody awaiting the trial. The other two are strangers and reside in the North. Texas has no interest whatever in having an Ohio desperado cleared. Mr. Dickson closes his letter by saying, and very properly:

"The murdered gentleman and his friends, together with the murderer, were all strangers to us—were "bone of your bone and fiesh of your flesh"—and it seems unfair that Texas should be held responsible for a crime committed on her soil by one of your people.

There was a typographical error in the article concerning Mr. Hobgood's tobacco. His crop of 1878 sold for \$2,800, and not as printed. In Sunday's paper the printer failed to correct his proof. Exhilerate was the way he spelt it. We wrote statistician. It appears statiscian. That is shorter, but it cheats the word out of one syllable. Never mind, we will soon have a spelling-bee in full blast.

THE PERIODICALS. St. Nicholas for January keeps up to the high standard attained by this best of all magazines for boys and girls. It is a marvel of beauty and excellence, Mrs. Francis Hodgson Burnett has a story. Then there are thirty or more articles from other con-

lustrated magazine to the world, take it all and in all. It is admirably and richly it lustrated. The first paper is very entertaining. You can learn from it something of the dangers, sufferings and toils of those employed in the United States Life-Saving Service. It is well illustrated. There are other illustrated papers, to-wit, "Strawberries," and "Young Artist Life in New York." Personal reminiscences are furnished from a Revolutionary Congressman's note book and the late Henry J. Raymond's journals. "The Grandissimes" of Mr. Cable grows in interest as it progresses, and Mr. Jam-s' "Confidence" is concluded. Mr. J mes has produced a musterly study of character. He is the profoundest and the most skilful of American novelists. His style is exceedingly fine-clear, neat, artistic and graceful. There are two or three clever poems. The editorial department is well done. The book criticisms of this number strike us as just. Price \$4 a year. Scribner & Co, New York, Publisher.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- The Maine Stalwarts, who have been talking insurrection, and who put it in partial execution at Bangor, are thus at war with the lawful State Government in the exercise of its strict duty imposed by the Constitution. Under these circumstances it is the right of the Governor of Maine, and might in some events become his duty, to call on the President for troops to suppress insurrection within the borders of the State. The Constitution of the United States makes it the daty of the President, upon the call of the Legislature or the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, to protect a State against domestic violence. The Republicans will make a serious blunder if they place themselves in an insurrectionary attitude, and justify the State authorities of Maine in calling for protection from the General Government. - Balt Ga zette, Dem.

-- Governor Garcelon stands for the law and the dignity and authority of his office up in Maine, and the revolutionary Republicans in the State, beginning to recognize the fact, are toning down. Contrary to the expectation of many, there was no conflict of forces yesterday and no bloodshed. * * * The whole affair may be expected, we think, to end in smoke. The Legislature will meet, with the Fusion majority in both houses master of the situation, and ready for the work of the session. A Fusion Governor will be elected, and will take his seat and hold it. The Republicans will be afforded, thus, every opportunity to appeal to the people at the next general election. If they have been honestly aggrieved - which, as a matter of fact, they have not-their wrongs will be righted. All they have to do now is to submit and keep quiet. -Wash. Post, Dem.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES North Carolina ought to be one of the

argest wool producing States in the Union. It has every advantage. The greatest room for sheep husbandry. There are many bleak hillsides that should be covered with flocks, the farmer thereby enriching his lands and putting money in his pocket. A judicious dog law would tend greatly to this end, and farmers ought to call upon their legislators to protect sheep husbandry. - Winston

We think there is probably as much room for reform in the internal revenue as in any other department of the government. Le the axe be laid at the root of this tree right away, and if nothing more can be done the salary of revenue storekeepers can at least be cut down and a great saving be made We know of government distilleries with only a capacity of eight or ten gallons a day, whose storekeepers are paid \$4 a day for just riding to the distillery and only spending about an hour there each day. We know, too, some who could not make fifty cents a day at any other employment.

— Charlotte Southern Home.

White Deer in Virginia.

[Richmond State.] It is well known that white deer have been killed in Dinwiddie county for two years past. The first seen was considered a lusus naturæ, but this year a number have been seen. Last season one was killed on the land of C. J. Cabaness, Esq., near Darvill's. Recently another was shot by Mr. Samuel Jefferson, in his bed. The shot put out the deer's eyes, hurting him but little otherwise. Mr. Jefferson, in his efforts to secure him, mounted him as he would a colt, but the deer threw him off with great violence. He had to shoot him again to secure him. The skin, with hair on it as white as snow, has been dressed and is preserved as a memento of a rare species of the deer genus. Can sportsmen and naturalists tell use if this white species is found elsewhere?

Cotton. IN. Y. Financial Chronicle. I FRIDAY, P. M., Dec. 26, 1879.-The movement of the crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening, Dec. 26, the total receipts have reached 207,601 bales, against 218,907 bales last week, 234,876 bales the previous week, and 216,167 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1879, 3,012,549 bales, against 2,576,136 bales for the same period of 1878, showing since September 1, 1879, of 436,413

bales. The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 121,495 bales, of which 79,963 were to Great Britain, 19,285 to France, and 22,247 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are

now 852,910 bales. From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the

[Reidsville Times.] Mr. Wormley, a very wealthy man, who lived in Chesterfield, Va., had two sons, Tom and Jack, both fond of playing poker, but Jack was sharp at the game and Tom very flat. When the old man died he left Tom ninety thousand dollars and Jack only s thousand, but he explained at the

ikorized by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and Fairest in the World

foot of his will that one thousand was

just stake enough for Jack to win

everything that Tom had, and it was

wise provision, for so it turned out.

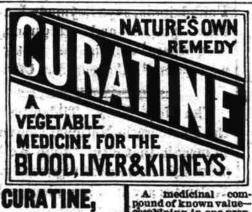
15TH Popular Monthly Drawing of the

Commonwealth Distribution At Macauley's Thentre, In the city of Louisville, on

DECEMBER 31, 1879. THESE DRAWINGS, AUTHORISE, BY ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF 1869, AND SUS PAINED BY ALL THE COURTS OF ERNTUCKY (all fraudulent advertisements of other lottery companies who claim ownership of "all the grants in Kentucky," to the contrary notwithstanding), OCCUF REGULARLY ON THE LAST DAY OF EVERY MONTH (Sundays excepted), AND ARE SUPER VISED BY PROMINENT STATE OFFICIALS. Every ticket holder can be his own superviso call out his number and see it placed in the wheel.

The Management call attention to the grand of portunity presented of obtaining for only \$2 any THE POLLOWING PRIZES. Prize ... \$30,000 100 Prizes \$100 each \$10,000 Prize ... 10,000 900 Prizes 50 each 10,000 Prizes \$1000 10,000 1,000 Prizes 20 each 15,000 Prizes \$1000 10,000 1,000 Prizes 500 10,000

Prizes \$300 each, Approximation Prizes, \$2,700
Prizes \$300 each, Approximation Prizes, \$2,700
Prizes 200 each, "1,800
Prizes 100 each, "900 Whole Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1. 55 Tickets, \$100. All applications for club rates should be made to he home office. Remit by bank draft or express. DRDERS OF \$5 AND UPWARD, BY EXPRESS, JAN BE SENT AT OUR EXPENSE. Full list of drawing published in Louisville Con-rier-Journal and New York Herald, and mailed to For tickets and information address T. J. COM-MERFORD, (Courier-Journal Building.) Louisvil



Harmless in action and thorough in its effect. It is unexcelled for the cure of all Blood Discusses. Such as Serof-vila, Tumore, Botta, Tetter, Salt Eheum, Researchies, Mer. CURATINE, For Kidney D Rheumation, Mer-purial Poleoning, 1110 Constipation, CURATINE, Dyspepsia, In di-gestion, Sour Stom-ach, Batention of Urine, etc.

CURATINE, For Scrofula Disc

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. CURATINE, THE BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, Md.

For Erysipelas, Pim Biotches, etc. deces endly

In a standard	ar out
	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
VALUABLE	A PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE
If you are suffering from ing on a bed of sickness,	poor health, or languish- take cheer, for
Hop Bitters	will Cure You.
If you are a minister, self with your pastoral du- out with care and work, or if you feel weak and dis- knowing why.	and have overtaxed your- tise; or a mother, worn if you are simply alling; pirited, without clearly
Hop Bitters will	Restore You
If you are a man of bus- strain of your everyday ters, toiling over your	iness, weakened by the duties; or a man of k-t- midnight work,
	Strengthen You.
If you are young, and cretion, or are growing too	suffering from any indis-
Hop Bitters will	Relieve You.
you are in the work- aywhere, and feel toning or stim-	shop, on the farm, at the that your system needs ulating without intoxi-
In Bitters is	What You Need.
id, and your	pulse is feeble, your faculties waning,
will give	you New Life and Vigor.
. Com is the	weetest, safest and best.

nov 1 codim&W MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.—A thorough me Midical treatise, indicating how confirmed disabilities may be removed. The experience of 30 years' study, observation, and professional practice, showing the agencies that will insure restored manhood, strengthened vitality, and sound conditions of health that have been impaired by overtaxed powers. A statement of obstacles to marriage and of the means by which they can be remeved. By mail, 25c currency or postage stamps. Address Secret'y Museum Anatomy and Science, 489 6th av., N. Y. dcc 3 codim tut hea

o for Stomach, Liver and Kidneysis superers. Cures by absorption. It is perfect

absolute and irresistible cure for drun use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

y drupgiats, Hop Bitters Mfg. Co, Rochester, N.

Select Boarding and Day School, Hillsboro, N. C.

THE MISSES NASH and MISS KOLLOCK will resume the exercises of their School on Fri-day, 6th February, 1880, and close them 24th June; (twenty weeks.) Board and Tuition \$100. Circulars forwarded on application. to fr dec 16 2m

A DMINISTRATRIX' MOTICE.—Having duly
A qualified as Administratrix on the Estate of J.
Francis King, dec'd, notice is hereby given to those indebted to the Estate to call and settle immediately. Those holding [claims against the Estate are hereby notified to present the same for payment on or before the 23d day of December, 1880, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar to a recovery.

The undersigned requests all persons having claims against the Estate to present them at once to her lawyers, Russell & Ricaud.

dec 23 6w to SUSAN LERCY KING, Adm'x.

Now!

HRISTMAS IS OVER, I THANK THE PUBLIC for their very liberal patronage. Having added largely to my stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

I am prepared to fill all orders promptly, and at

We Are

SELLING THE BEST HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS, &c. for the least money. If you don't think so try us once.

ES Manufacturing and Repairing Harness and
Trunks a specialty.

ALLADD & ROWDEN. MALLARD & BOWDEN, No. 8 So. Front St.

Kash Kustomers Kall.

CLAUS

--- TO ---

L. Bridgers & Co.

THE OLD GENT, ON HIS TRAVELS ROUND the world, with a sprained foot, delighted with his Cape Fear friends, promises to come again next year. Perfectly carried away with Wilmington.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26th, 1879. MY DEAR PRES:—Nothing I ever saw in Paris, Berlin, or Amstesdam, where I have been in the habit of spending my Christmas of late, equalled the joility and festivities of Wilmington. My re-ception at your

Great Grocery Establishment, Front Street.

Wilmington, N. C., was glerions. The illumination was superbly suc-cessful; the sales there surpassed my nighest ex-pectations. The Banks and the Old Stockings ared out the cash as if they had all the small change in America. I got my foot caught in a tele-phone, somewhere about the old Cape Fear Bank. phone, somewhere about the old Cape Fear Bank, next door to your magnificent store, stopping there a moment to adjust your wires to connect with the B ST AND THE LEADING GROCERY HOUSES

Spring Trade of 1880, and got my beard tangled in one of Mr. Lamb's

palmettos. and came near being caught sneezing, falling into one of your trucks, loaded to the driver's ears with the choice at DURHAM'S SMOKING TOBACCO and HAVANA CIGARS!

which, in the crowded condition of the Store, had to be unloaded in the street, but a "wee drop of

Stuart Rye, he best and cheapest in the world, which I tapped

n the alley next your store, has revived me. Dear Pres, give my love to Old Wilmington and Young Wilmington, Black Wilmington and White Wilmington, high and low, rich and poor, and tell them while memory lasts I shall never forget their generous and magnificent response to my invitation to your recention.

On 1st January, 1880, I shall have every thing REMODELED ond REN-OVATED. I am resolved that

P. L. Bridgers & Co. shall be rewarded for their liberal and intelligent efforts to improve the trade and extend the busi-ness of my favorite "City by the Sea."

Your friend,

dec 28 tf SANTA CLAUS.

Good Resolutions!

BILE MAKING GOOD RESOLUTIONS FOR the NEW YEAR, do not forget to see that your PROPERTY IS INSURED IN GOOD COMPA

NIES, such as are represented by

JNO. W. GORDON & BRO., General Insurance Agents,

21 North Water street.

Valuable Furpentine Land. FOR SALE, "SANDRIDGE PLANTATION,"
on the Santee River, Parish of St James Santee,
containing 2465 ACRES, heavily wooded with pine
trees that have never been boxed. It has a good
landing and a large amount of dead wood that can
be readily sold to steamers plying the river.
R. M. MARSHALL & BRO., Brokers,
dec 25 2t 83 Broad st., Charleston, S. C.

Plantation for Sale.

THAT VALUABLE ESTATE, SITUATE IN Pender County, known as "Bear Garden," formerly the property of Col. E. D. Hall.

Apply to the undersigned.

dec 16 3w RDW'D KIDDER.

For Sale.

A MOST DESIRABLE PLACE, ON MASON-BORO SOUND, with beautiful Water Front, and the finest Ocean View on the Sound. Two and the finest Ocean View on the Sound. Two story Dwelling with six rooms, large piazzas, metal roof; fine Cistern and Spring; two room-Cottage and Kitchen, besides Servant Rooms, Stable and Carriage House, Bath and Boat House. All new and built of best material. Parties desiring to examine premises will find keys on place. For further information apply to dec 17 2w A. D. CAZAUX.

The New Hat Store.

MY STOCK OF MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHIL-dren's Hats and Caps, Gents' Underwear, Trunks, Valises and Umbrellas, is complete. If you wish to save money call and examine my stock be-fore purchasing. JOHN M. ROBINSON,

BINGHAM SCHOOL, MEBANEVILLE, N. C.,

S NOW PRE-EMINENT AMONG SOUTHERN Boarding Schools for Boys.

The 171st Session, ending December 17th, 1879, has been the most prosperous in the 86 years of the School's history.

The 172d Session will begin January 14th, 1889.

Board \$12 per month. Tuition \$50 per Session.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address dec 13 1m Maj. R. BINGHAM, Sup't.

Handsome Hosiery!

TANDSOME NECK TIES! Handsome Handkerchiefs Handsome Low Price Dress Goods. Best 50c. Black Cashmere in the city. JOHN J. HEDRICK, dec 14 tf Corner Front and Market sts.

It is Wise

TO GIVE A CHRISTMAS PRESENT THAT IS Useful as well as Graamental, and a SUIT OF CLOTHING that fits well is an ornament to the

Give me a call, and I am sure you can find some thing that will make a USEFUL PRESENT, and give pleasure to the receiver.

dec 23 tf Corner Front and Princess Streets

Just the Thing.



dies' and Gent's Wear, which Santa Claus says is just the thing to give to Ma and Pa for a Christmas Gift. Then such nice and pretty Shoes for the Baby and the larger children. Go

We have a nice line

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

The Piedmont Press, HICKORY, N. C.,

Is the only paper published in ca-tawba county, and has an extensive circulation smong merchants, farmers, and all classes of busi-ness men in the State. The PRESS is a WIDE AWAKE DEMOCRATIC PAPER.

Shoulders...
Dry Salted—
Sides # b...
Shoulders ...
BEEF—Live weight...
BARRELS—Spirite Turpenting
Second Hand, each... Second Hand, each
New New York, each
New City, each
BRESWAX—9 B
BRICKS—Wilmington, 9 M
Northern.
SUTTER—North Carolina, 9 B
Northern, 9 B
CANDLES—Sperm, 9 B
Tallow, 9 B
Adamantine, 9 B
CHEESE—Northern Factory 9 B
Bate, 9 B
CUFFEE—Java, 9 B
Rio, 9 B
Laguayra, 9 B
CORN MEAL—9 bushel, it sacks
COTTON TIES—9 bulle
DOMESTICS—Sheeting, 1-4, 9 vd
yarn, 9 buncs 20 8 00 14 00 Yarn, W bunco. EGGS....PISH-Mackerel, No 1.9 No. 1, W & bbi . Mackerel, No. 2, W bbi . No. 2, W & bbi . Mackerel, No. 2, W bbi . Poruvian Guano, \$ 2000 8 : 57 50 6 90 00 00 45 00 6 90 00 0 00 00 0 Baugh's Phosphate, Carolina Fertilizer, Flour. Mayaess Guan Whann's Phosphate
Wando Phosphate,
Wardo Phosphate,
Berger & Butz's Phosph.
Excellensa Cotton Fertilizer
FLOUR—Fine, \$ bh. Super. Northern, 9 bbl.

Rxtra do. 9 bbl.

Family 9 bbl.

Family, 9 bbl.

Rx. Family, 9 bbl.

Rx. Family, 9 bbl. RX. Family, \$\mathbb{P}\$ bel.

GLUK-\$\mathbb{B}\$ D.

GRAIN-Corn, in store, in oags,
Corn, Cargo, \$\mathbb{P}\$ bushel.

Corn, mixed \$\mathbb{P}\$ bushel, in bags.

Oats, \$\mathbb{P}\$ bushel.

Peas, Cow, \$\mathbb{P}\$ bushel.

HIDES-Green, \$\mathbb{P}\$ D.

Dry, \$\mathbb{B}\$ D.

HAY-Hastern, \$\mathbb{P}\$ 100 Ds.

North River, \$\mathbb{P}\$ 100 Ds.

HOOP IRON-\$\mathbb{B}\$ ton.

LARD-Northere, \$\mathbb{P}\$ D.

North Carolina, \$\mathbb{P}\$ D. North Carolina, 9 b LUMBER-CITY STEAMSAWED-Ship Stuff, resawed, 9 M ft... 18 00 6 20 0 Rough Edge Plank, 2 M ft... 00 00 6 15 0 West India Cargoes, according to quality, \$\vec{m}\$ M ft...

Dressed Flooring, seasoned... Scantilag and Ecords, common, \$\vec{m}\$ M ft...

MOLASSES—New op (Cuba, hhds New crop Cuba, bbls \$\vec{m}\$ gal... Porto Rico, hhds... forto Rico, hads. bbis. Sagar House, hads, \$\mathbb{g}\$ gal. 12 1 10 90 Lard, W gal..... Linseed, W gal..... Rosin, & gal. POULTRY—Chickens, live, grown Turkeys PSANUTS—8 bushel.... POTATOES—Sweet, \$ bushel... Irish, % bbl.... PORK—Northern, City Mess..... Thin, 9 bbl 00 00 6 00 00 Prime, 9 bbl 00 00 6 11 00 Rump, 9 bbl 00 00 6 10 00 7 % Ø

CYMOLEGAL & STATE OFFI

ARTIGLES.

BAGGING Gunny

Prime, \$ bbl.
Rump, \$2 bbl.
RICE—Carolina, \$5 b.
Rough, \$5 bush.
RAGS—Country, \$5 b.
City, \$5 b.
ROPE—
SALT—Alum, \$5 bushel.
Liverpool, \$8 sack.
Lisbon, \$5 sack.
American, \$5 sack.
SUGAR—Cuba, \$5 b.
Porto Rice, \$5 b.
A—Coffee, \$5 b. SOAP—Northern, % D.
SHINGLES—Contract, % M.
Common, % M.
CypressSaps % M.
CypressSaps % M.
Cypress Hearts % M.
STAVES W. O. Bbl., % M.
R. O. Hhd., % M.
Cypress, % M.
TALLOW—% D.
Mill Prime & M.
Mill Prime & M. Mill Prime, W Common Mill.
Inferior to Ordinary, S.M...
WHISKEY—Northern, S.gal....
North Carolina, S.gal....
WOOL—Unwashed, S. B.

Washed. W D WILMINGTON MONEY MARKET Exchange (sight) on New York, Bank of New Hanover Stock......
First National Bank,..... Navassa Guano Co. N. C. Bonds—Old Ex-Coupon......23 Funding 1896..... 75 (Cur. Int)

A Gard to the Afflicted. Dr. ROBERTSON, 19 So. Eutaw Street, Baltimore, Md.

From fifteen years' experience in hospital and private practice, guarantees a permanent care in all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS and of the NEKVOUS SYSTEM, viz: Organic and Seminals diseases of the URINARY ORGANS and of the NERVOUS SYSTEM, viz: Organic and Seminals Weakness, Impotency (loss of sexual power), Nervous Debility and Trembling, Palpitstion of the Heart, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Pains in the Back and Nocturnal Emissions, etc., all resulting from abuses in youth or excesses in manhood. Diseases recently contracted cured in five to ten days, and the poison entirely eradicated from the system. Also all blood and skin diseases quickly cured. Dr. Robertson, a graduate of the University of Maryland, refers to any of the leading physicians of Baltimore. Special attention given to all female complaints and irregularities.

All communications strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any address. Call or write, enclosing stamp for reply.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Wilmington, N. C. F. A Schutte, Prop'r. THE COMMERCIAL, FORMERLY THE "EM-

PIRE HOUSE," having been thoroughly renovated

and refitted, is now one of the LEDING FIRST CLASS HOTELS in the city. The Table is supplied with the best our Home-

\$2 and \$2 50. Large Sample Rooms for the Commercial. trade.

EST A First Class BAR and BILLIARD HALL: connected with this Hotel

EST FREE LUNCH daily from 11 A. M. to 12.30.

P. M. jy 20 tf

THE PER DER WATCHMAN

A First Class Weekly Newspaper Published at DARLINGTON C. H., S. C. TISA LARGE PAPER—24x60 INCHES—ALIVE with news, local, State and general, with special pains in the departments, for the family, of its outside, which is all home work.

It circulates in Darlington, Sumter, Marion and Mariboro, and hence is a most valuable advertising medium. Circulation specially large at Fiprence. S. C.

Address

A. A. & F. A. GILBERT, Darlington C. H., S. C