PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily, except Monday, at $7 00 per year, $4 00 for six months, $2 25 for three months, $1 00 for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 50 per year, $1 00 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at any price.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for the time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple column advertisements.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.:
TUESDAY EVENING, March 30, 1880.

EVENING EDITION.

MR. CURTIS ON McCLELLAN'S CAMPAIGNS.

There is an interesting paper in the *North American Review* for April by Mr. George Ticknor Curtis that is worth reading. It is entitled "McClellan's last service to the Republic," and is a thorough defence of that fine soldier. It exposes Mr. Lincoln's vacillations and the persecutions to which Gen. McClellan was subjected by his enemies, notably Stanton, Secretary of War, and Halleck, General-in-Chief. It shows how after he had been superseded by Pope, and subjected to the most humiliating treatment (all because he was a Democrat), and Pope had been so terribly beaten by Lee, that Lincoln implored him to take command of the broken, scattered, demoralized army and save the capital of the North.

We referred before to Mr. Curtis's blunders in regard to the strength of the Confederate force in the Seven Days' battles. He is equally unfortunate in his statements in regard to the battle of Sharpsburg. He says the Confederates were defeated there—that they recrossed the Potomac leaving 2,700 of their dead unburied—that they lost 13 guns, 39 colors, upwards of 15,000 stand of arms, and more than 6,000 prisoners, in the three battles of South Mountain, Crampton's Gap and Sharpsburg, and that too without the Federals losing a single gun or a single color. He admits that at Sharpsburg the Federals lost, killed, wounded and missing, 12,469 men. He says the Federal force was 87,164 men, and Lee's army about 10,000 more.

It is well known to every Confederate officer and to nearly every intelligent man, woman and child in the South that General Lee's army did not exceed 40,000. We are able to give General Lee's exact strength. It was 35,255 men. McClellan reports himself that "his effective strength in action" was 87,164. Gen. Lee certainly made a drawn fight, to put it no stronger, although he fought quite 2½ to 1. He remained the next day after the fight and McClellan did not renew it, nor did he pursue him. Lee retreated in good order and unpursued.

Mr. Curtis ought to read up and not be so wild in his figures. To place Gen. McClellan in a proper light before the North it is not necessary to misrepresent the plain facts of history and to exaggerate the battles which McClellan fought. We believe he was the ablest Northern General, and that the war would have ended earlier than it did if he had remained in command and been fully sustained by his Government as Grant was afterwards. But he never fought against any odds when he met Gen. Lee. It is time such false reports ceased, and we hope Gen. Early or Rev. Dr. Jones will correct the errors of Mr. Curtis in the same publication in which the misrepresentations have been made. They will otherwise mislead readers at home and in England.

Mr. Curtis is able to place the conduct of Gen. Fitz John Porter (another Democrat who has been hounded and persecuted most shamefully) in a very engaging and honorable light.

As to the battles around Richmond, Mr. Curtis appears to think McClellan fought a larger force than he commanded. McClellan thought before the fight opened that Gen. Lee had 200,000 men, and he was clamorous for reinforcements. Gen. Lee's strength—all arms—was 80,000 men. McClellan reported that he had 105,000. So much for the truth of history.

STATE CENTENNIALS.

We are pleased to see that Mr. Scales, the Representative from the Greensboro District, has introduced a bill in the House appropriating $5,000 to aid in the centennial celebration of the battle of Guilford Court House. The student of history knows how important was that battle which won by the British under Lord Cornwallis did not prove much of a victory to him. It is highly proper that the hundredth year of that battle should be celebrated. Congress has been called upon to make a large appropriation for the celebration of the victory at Yorktown. Surely it will not refuse to grant a small donation to the celebration of another important event that occurred in another State.

The speakers on the occasion of the celebration who shall represent North Carolina should see to it that the truth of history is fully vindicated. The conduct of the North Carolina troops on that occasion should be specially inquired into. We believe it is possible to put their conduct in a new light—a light different from that in which it is presented in historical works generally. It is not too late to correct any errors. This is the age of inquiry, of investigation. The ablest historical writers and critics of the world have been diligently engaged during the last thirty or forty years in rewriting the world's histories. Many errors have been made apparent, and a flood of light has been poured upon many obscure pages.

Gen. Scales asks also for a contribution from Congress of $10,000 for a monument to Gen. Green. We hope the appropriation will be made. Gen. Green is generally regarded as the ablest American soldier of the Revolution after Washington. His most important battle was Guilford Court House. It is every way becoming that a monumnt should be erected to his memory near the scene of his greatest exploit. If a suitable monument to General Green should grace the growing and pretty town of Greensboro, it may prove an incentive to North Carolinians, and before the century ends they may be moved to copy this example and the example of Virginia, and around its chaste capitol there may be grouped some of its most illustrious men in civic and military life. The time may come when the chisel may aid in perpetuating the names of Johnston Blakeley, William R. Davie, Caswell, Harnett, Lillington, Hooper, Iredell, Gaston, Badger, Pender, Pettigrew and others. Whatever can foster a genuine spirit of patriotism, can incite to deeds of noblest heroism, can induce devotion to the moral, intellectual and material advancement of North Carolina should be favored. We hope the centennial of Guilford Court House will be every way satisfactory. We hope much permanent interest and good may be derived from the celebration of the grandest historic days in our history as a State. May the memory of King's Mountain and Guilford Court House serve as beacon-fires to light our people and their descendants on the highway to a glorious and patriotic future. May they teach us all how precious are the muniments of civil freedom and how dear to the heart are the privileges of soul liberty. *Esto perpetua.*

THE SPLIT IN NEW YORK.

We referred in a brief paragraph yesterday to the meeting of the Kelly and Tilden claus in New York, and the seeming impossibility of a reconciliation between the discordant and hostile factions. We find the careful correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* writing as follows concerning the breach:

"The spirit of the committees as far as could be gathered by conversation with members is not favorable, on either side, to concessions for the sake of harmony. The Tilden Committee say they are tired of John Kelly's arrogance, and that the question may as well be settled now as at any other time whether the party is to be controlled eternally by a New York city 'Boss.' They say further, that his influence in the country has been greatly exaggerated, and that the party at large has more to gain by throwing him overboard than by deferring to his dictation. On the other hand, the Tammany Committee are just as bitter against the statesman of Gramercy Park, and they do not scruple at the same time to reiterate their oft-declared determination to bolt his renomination, if it be made."

This is a lovely condition of affairs. New York is thought to be essential to the success of the Democratic party, and here we see the ambition and love of power of one old man perilling the success of the only party that can give the country a peaceable, prosperous administration and preserve the liberties of the people intact. We hear again the Tildenites talking of the exaggerated strength of Kelly. They talked the same way before the last State election, even ridiculing the idea of his being able to defeat Robinson. They also said it was then a good time "to crush" him. But it was not a good time, and Kelly was not "crushed." So far from this he received nearly 80,000 votes for the office of Governor, and Tilden and his set were beaten.

Now all this is shameful. It is a disgrace to New York. It is an outrage upon the country. It is a grave political crime because it imperils the best interests of the country, and the success of the old Democratic party, upon which rests the perpetuity of a republican form of government on this continent. Mr. Tilden shows that he has neither wisdom nor patriotism in the persistent way in which he and his immediate followers make war upon Kelly and his eighty thousand followers.

The following from the *Ledger* letter further illustrates the situation in New York:

"Incidentally it comes out that the agents of both factions are already in Cincinnati, casting about for all eligible hotel room they can obtain. The Tammany managers say that they expect to take at least five hundred of their friends from this city alone, and the rest of the State will send an imposing contingent. The Tilden managers are making no such preparations, but slyly remark that if they want the services of these miscellaneous outsiders there will be no difficulty experienced in buying up as many as may be required."

This sort of talk is well calculated to widen the chasm and to make a possibility of harmony still more remote. Mr. Seymour can heal the differences, and he is probably the only man who can.

LITERARY NOTES.

The following notes are upon the last number of the *Westminster Review*. That able and scholarly publication pronounces Canon Farrar's work on St. Paul "a really meritorious production." It says he is a man of genuine learning and has an "unusual acquaintance with Hebrew literature."

It says the word *scientist* is "abominable."

It praises very highly John Morley's "Burke" in "English Men of Letters."

It says the American writer, Henry James, Jr., has produced the best novels and stories of the past quarter, and commends "The Americans" and "The Madonna of the Future." It also praises particularly Meredith's "The Egotist."

It pronounces "The Village Life," by a Scotsman, we suppose, "one of the most original volumes of poetry which it has seen for a long time."

Austin Dobson's "Handbook of English Literature" has "great merit." We note these opinions for the benefit of book-seekers.

THE EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

[Raleigh Observer's Report Condensed.]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SATURDAY, March 27.

The morning hour here expired and unfinished business was taken up, being Senate bill 42, House bill 90, to amend the act to incorporate the Granville Railroad Company. The passage of this bill provoked considerable discussion. Mr. Vaughan thought that as under the provisions of the bill the road might be run into Virginia, it was against the State policy of internal improvement, and therefore should not pass.

PASSED ITS THIRD READING.

The Judiciary Committee reported a substitute for the resolution of inquiry into the right of W. C. Etheridge to his seat in the House, declaring Augustus Robbins entitled to the seat from Bertie held by W. C. Etheridge. This resolution was carried, and the Speaker announced that Mr. Etheridge was no longer a member of the House. Mr. Robbins, colored, then came forward and qualified.

House bill No. 138, to incorporate the Coast Turnpike Company, passed its final reading.

Bill to incorporate the Historical and Scientific Society, of Wilmington, passed its readings.

The vote by which the resolution to adjourn at 12 M. on Monday passed was reconsidered, and further consideration of the same postponed until Monday.

Bill to incorporate a turnpike road from Hewlett's to Whiskey Creek, New Hanover county, passed its readings.

Bill to commute and settle certain outstanding debts of the Western North Carolina Railroad was taken up.

Mr. Cooke explained the bill, and said it was very important. He moved that it be referred to the joint committee on railroads.

House bill 150, to amend chapter 260, laws of 1879, providing for the giving of twenty-five convicts to aid in building a road in Jones and Onslow counties, passed its final reading.

Bill to appropriate $10,000 for the construction of the Duplin Canal came up and provoked considerable discussion.

Mr. Blocker offered an amendment making the appropriation $5,000. Lost.

An amendment was then offered, providing that in lieu of the appropriation the State should grant one half the lands through which the canal runs. This amendment was adopted and the bill passed its second reading. It was then referred to a special committee.

Bill for the better protection of navigation in the waters of Albemarle Sound and its tributaries passed its readings.

Mr. Armstrong, by leave, presented a petition from W. C. Etheridge for a hearing before the committee. Calendar.

Bill to incorporate the Board of Trade of Newbern passed its readings.

Committee to consider the Duplin Canal Company bill reported the same, with a substitute providing for the conveyance of the alternate sections of land by the State. The bill then passed its final reading.

Resolution in reference to the centennial celebration of the battle of Guilford Court House, March 15th, 1881, passed its final reading.

Resolution to expunge from the journal of the House the records relative to Mr. J. Williams Thorne was taken up, and adopted unanimously.

[NOTE.—Mr. Berry, on Thursday, introduced the following amendment to the Best bill: Said W. J. Best and his associates shall pay to the county of Burke $25,000, which is less than one-fourth the amount which county has paid, and has to pay for the construction of said Western North Carolina Railroad.]

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

The Wilmington *Star* is of the opinion that the Cape Fear region should not be ignored. So are others. Wisely, that paper declines to mention the claims of any gentleman prior to the Convention. This is true journalism. A newspaper, to be worthy the respect and support of the people and of their confidence, should be the organ of the party, the people, and not of any particular individual.—*Oxford Torchlight.*

But there are victories which are more disastrous than defeats, and while we hope that "all things may work for the best," we cannot help believing that nothing good will ever come from this great "mountain in labor"—certainly not the traditional mouse, but perhaps some great railroad rat, that will go to work and gnaw up things generally and have no mercy. Leaving out of consideration the fact that the road has almost been given away, its sale to Mr. Best is a blow at the commercial and agricultural interests of Central and Eastern Carolina, and to our eastern seaports in particular, the effects of which will be most seriously felt at no distant day. The North Carolina system is now broken, and the dreams and hopes of old Dr. Caldwell and the many wise men of his day are buried beyond all hope of resurrection, and amidst the contempt and ridicule of those who were entrusted to foster and perpetuate that system.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

THE PUBLIC WILL TAKE NOTICE, That the Order of the Postmaster General against the Mails of the Louisiana State Lottery Co. is RESCINDED. Registered Letters and Money Orders can be sent through the Mails as formerly.

L. S. L.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. FOURTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, CLASS D, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, APRIL 13TH, 1880—119th Monthly Drawing.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. *It never scales or postpones.*

Look at the following Distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.

100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH

HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	$30,000
1 Capital Prize	10,000
1 Capital Prize	5,000
2 Prizes of $2500	5,000
5 Prizes of 1000	5,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 100	10,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES:	
9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1,857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.

Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders by express or in a Registered Letter or Money Order by mail addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

or same person at

No. 319 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.

N. B.—This Company has NO AGENTS in the BRITISH POSSESSIONS, and all persons pretending to be so and soliciting orders by circulars or otherwise are SWINDLERS.

mh 10-D2aw4w&W sat we

Atkinson & Manning's
Insurance Rooms,
BANK OF NEW HANOVER BUILDING,
Wilmington, N. C.

Fire, Marine and Life Companies.

Aggregate Capital Represented Over $100,000,000!
je 11-tf

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

WASHINGTON.

Army Appropriation Bill Unanimously Agreed upon.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The House Committee on Appropriations to-day unanimously agreed upon the Army Appropriation bill for the year ending June, 1881. It appropriates an aggregate of $26,425,800, which is a reduction from the estimates submitted of $1,201,075. Representative Clymer was instructed to report the bill to the House to-day.

VIRGINIA

Severe Cyclone in Brunswick County—Great Damage to Property.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW YORK, March 30.—A Petersburg (Va.) special says a severe cyclone visited a portion of Brunswick county, Saturday night. It struck Lawrenceville about 11 o'clock, unroofing and seriously damaging the court house, and blowing down every building on James Buckley's place, except his dwelling, which was badly injured. Two large stable buildings, belonging to J. R. Thomas and D. W. Bergard, were completely demolished, and other buildings more or less damaged. Trees were uprooted and blown down and the streets blockaded. It is feared great damage has been done to property along the track of the cyclone through the country.

FRANCE.

Decrees Against Unauthorized Religious Societies—The Jesuits to be Broken Up.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

PARIS, March 30.—Decrees against unauthorized religious societies were published to-day. The first concerns the Jesuits, and says the Government, considering that further tolerance cannot be extended to a society against which the national sentiment has declared itself, have resolved to dissolve the association, and that the establishments occupied by its members must be closed and vacated within three months, which period may be prolonged until August 31 in case of the educational establishments attached to the Society; and the second decree provides that unauthorized congregations must apply to the Government for authorization, and that such bodies as shall not ask, or eventually obtain, authorization, shall be dissolved.

THE INDIANS.

Troops Ordered to the Pursuit of Victoria's Band.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—A dispatch from Tucson says the following commands have been sent from Arizona to report to Gen. Hatch, with a view to the pursuit of Victoria's band of Indians: Capt. McClellan, with Co. L., 6th Cavalry; Lieut. Gatewood, in command of a company of Indian scouts and twenty-five men of the 6th Cavalry; and Lieut. Miller, in command of fifteen soldiers of the 6th Cavalry, and a company of Indian scouts. Victoria is reported to have two hundred warriors, and is now east of the Rio Grande. The entire command of Gen. Hatch will not exceed seven hundred men.

LOUISIANA.

One Steamboat Destroyed by Fire and one Sunk by Striking a Snag.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—The Shreveport steamboat Trout, with a cargo of one hundred and thirty-two bales of cotton and three hundred and fifty sacks of cotton seed, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. No lives were lost. The boat and cargo were valued at $20,000.

The steamboat Rose, of this city, struck a snag seventy miles above Fulton, Friday, and sunk. She is a total wreck. No lives were lost.

MARINE DISASTER.

Vessel Driven Ashore in Pamlico Sound.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Signal Corps station at Cape Hatteras reports that the schooner Watchful, from Washington, N. C., with a cargo of shingles, was driven on the shoals in Pamlico Sound, near Hatteras Inlet, during the southerly storm of the 27th inst. No lives were lost, the crew landing in iron boats at Hatteras village. The vessel is leaking badly, and is reported as having four feet of water in her hold.

KENTUCKY.

Passage of a Bill Making Seduction a Felony.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

FRANKFORT, March 30.—The lower House of the General Assembly yesterday passed a bill making seduction of any unmarried female, of any good repute, under twenty-one years of age, under a promise of marriage, a felony. It fixes the penalty at from one to five years in the penitentiary.

NEW YORK.

Action of Anti-Third Term Republicans.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW YORK, March 30.—The Anti-Third Term Republicans met here last night and issued a call for primary elections for the purpose of forming a State Committee to oppose the nomination of Grant for a third term.

SCHOOL SONG BOOKS.

Standard Singing Books:

For High Schools—High School Choir, $1;
For Girl's Normal Schools—Everest's School Song Book, 60c;
For Upper Grammar Classes—Grammar School Choir, 60c;
General Collection for Schools—Whippoorwill, 50c; and
For Primary Schools—American School Music Reader, Book I., 35c.

VALUABLE LARGE COLLECTIONS OF PIANO MUSIC.—Each book has from 200 to 250 pages, and costs $2 in Boards and $2.50 in Cloth

Cluster of Gems—43 pieces, moderately difficult;
Gems of the Dance—70 of the best Waltzes, etc.;
Gems of Strauss—80 splendid Strauss pieces;
Pianoforte Gems—100 pieces; great variety;
Home Circle, Vol. 1—170 easy pieces;
" " " 2—143 pieces; 22 for 4 hands;
Parlor Music, Vol. 1—60 easy pieces;
" " " 2—60 " "
Creme de la Creme, Vol. 1—43 difficult pieces;
" " " 2—43 " "
Fountain of Gems—97 easy Piano pieces;
Welcome Home—70 " " "
Pearls of Melody—50 pieces, medium difficulty;
Pianist's Album—102 pieces; fine collection.

The above 14 books contain nearly all the popular Piano Pieces ever published.

Oliver Ditson & Co.,
BOSTON.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO. | J. E. DITSON & CO
842 Broadway, N. Y. | 922 Chestnut st., Phila
mh 27-4awtf Wed & Sat

The Lincoln Progress,

Published Saturdays at Lincolnton, N. C.

IS the only paper published in Lincoln county and has an extensive circulation among the Merchants, Farmers and all classes of business men in the State.

It offers to the Merchants of Wilmington a desirable medium for advertising their business throughout Western North Carolina.

Liberal terms will be allowed on yearly advertisements. Subscription price, $2 00 per annum in ad[illegible]

Address P. H. DeLANE,
Editor and Proprietor.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 30, 4.30 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was dull and nominal, with nothing doing.

ROSIN—The market was quiet at $1 15 for Strained and $1 17½ for Good Strained, without reported transactions.

TAR—The market was firm at $1 40 per bbl of 280 lbs, at which price the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was quoted steady at $1 75 for Hard and $2 75 for Yellow Dip, but $1 50@2 50 was the best we could hear offered for spot lots. Virgin is quoted at $3 per bbl.

COTTON—The market was dull and nominally unchanged, with no transactions to note. Futures for April opened in New York at 12.85 and closed at 12 80. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary	10¼	cents ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	11 9-16	" "
Strict Good Ordinary	—	" "
Low Middling	12½	" "
Middling	12½	" "
Good Middling	12¾	" "

Quotations conform to the classifications of the American Cotton Exchange.

NORTHERN MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Financial.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Noon.—Money strong at 6 per cent. per annum and 1-16 per cent. per diem. Sterling exchange—long 484½, short 487½. State bonds dull. Governments strong.

Commercial.

Cotton dull and nominal, with sales of 211 bales; middlings 13 1-16 cents; Orleans 13 3-16 cents; futures weak, with sales at the following prices: March 12 81 cents, April 12 88 cents, May 13.03 cents, June 13.17 cents, July 13.28 cents; August 13.35 cents.

Flour dull. Wheat dull and lower. Corn quiet. Pork weak at $11 15. Lard dull at $7 60. Spirits turpentine 48½ cents. Rosin $1 50. Freights firm.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[By Cable to the Morning Star.]

LIVERPOOL, March 30.—Noon.—Cotton a shade easier; middling uplands 7⅜d; middling Orleans 7 7-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 39,000 bales; American 16,100 bales. Middling uplands, l m c, March delivery 7 9-32@7⅜d; March and April delivery 7 7-32@7 3-16d; April and May delivery 7 7-32@7 3-16d; May and June delivery 7 7-32d; June and July delivery 7½d; July and August delivery 7 9-32d; August and September delivery 7 5 16d. Futures dull.

Lard 38s 6d.

1 30 P. M.—Uplands 7 5-16d; Orleans 7⅜d; uplands, l m c, March and April delivery 7 7-32d; October and November delivery 6⅞d.

Breadstuffs—small business at lower prices. New corn 5s 9d@5s 9½d. Red winter wheat 11s@11s 9d.

3 P. M.—Manchester market quiet and unchanged. Futures quiet and steady.

Hay,

Oats,

White and Mixed Corn,

WATER-MILL Meal,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Hall & Pearsall.

mh 27 tf

Molasses.

NEW AND OLD CROP CUBA,
Porto Rico, New Orleans,
Demarara and English Island,
In Hogsheads, Tierces and Barrels.
For sale by
ADRIAN & VOLLERS.

Sugar.

300 Bbls C, Extra C, A,
Powdered and Granulated,
For sale by
ADRIAN & VOLLERS.

Coffee.

375 Bags Rio, Java and Laguira,
25 Boxes Arbuckle Parched,
For sale by
ADRIAN & VOLLERS.

Cider, Rice, &c.

25 Barrels CIDER,
100 Tierces and Bbls RICE,
200 Bbls POTATOES,
4500 Sacks Liverpool and Fine Table SALT
50 Bbls VINEGAR,
For sale by
ADRIAN & VOLLERS,
Wholesale Grocers.
mh 21 tf S. E. corner Front and Dock Sts.

THE

New Boot and Shoe Store,

32 MARKET STREET.

I am Receiving Daily my

Spring and Summer Goods,

consisting of

Ladies' Shoes, Sandles, Slippers, Gondolas, in the Latest Styles;

Also, Misses' Low Quarter Shoes and Newport Ties,

Which I offer at Lowest Market Price.

No trouble to show Goods.

Call and examine and convince yourself.

Respectfully,

C. ROSENTHAL,

32 MARKET ST.

mh 14 tf Sign of the Little Boot.

No Pickled Eel's Feet!

JUST OUT. DON'T FORGET THAT IF YOU want them you will have to go down town, but ANYTHING else you can get of

J. C. STEVENSON & CO.

Handsome Market Baskets, with or without covers. Be SURE that you are not paying more for your Groceries than you need to by getting Price List from Headquarters for Low Prices.

J. C. STEVENSON & CO.,
Fourth Street,
mh 28 tf Just over the Bridge, Brooklyn.

GENTLEMEN, have you fully made up your minds? Are you determined upon your Style of Dress for the coming season? These things settled—go to OTTERBOURG'S Men's Wear Depot, where will be found a complete stock of Clothing, in Business or Dress Suits, Hats and Furnishing Goods. Triumph Dress Shirt, ready for use, with Sleeve Adjuster, $1 25; White Vests by the hundreds.

L. J. OTTERBOURG,
mh 28 tf 27 Market St.

MISCELLANEOUS

Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERior Court of New Hanover County, made in the suit of V. G. Empie, Adm'x, vs S. M. Ample, et al., the undersigned Commissioner, appointed by said Court, will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at Public Auction, the following described TRACTS OF LAND, situate in the City of Wilmington:

I. An undivided one fifth (1-5) interest in the following Tract, beginning in the Western line of Front street at a point 133 feet South of the Southwestern intersection of Front and Orange streets, running thence Southwardly 66 feet, thence Westwardly parallel with Orange street to the Cape Fear River, thence Northwardly into the bank of said River and parallel with Front street 66 feet, thence Eastwardly to Front street parallel with Orange street to the beginning, being Lot No. 3, Block 125.

II. Another undivided one fifth (1-5) interest in the following Tract, beginning at the Northeast intersection of Castle and Sixth street, running thence Eastwardly 66 feet with Northern line of Castle street, thence North parallel with Sixth street 296 feet to the Southern line of Church street, thence West with Southern line of Church street 66 feet to the Eastern line of Sixth street, thence South with the Eastern line of Sixth street 296 feet to the beginning—being parts of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, Block 92.

III. All that certain Tract, beginning at a point in the Eastern line of Second street 132 feet North of the Northeast intersection of Castle with Second street, running thence Northwardly with said line of Second street 66 feet, thence East 165 feet, thence Southwardly 66 feet, thence Westwardly 165 feet to the beginning—being part of Lot 4, Block 88.

IV. All that certain Tract, beginning at a pine near the old race track, running thence S2 deg. mnt 15 poles to a pine, thence N. 11 deg. West 12 poles to an oak, thence to the first station, containing one (1) acre more or less.

Also, that certain Tract, lying in Bladen County on the Southeast side of the Northwest branch of Cape Fear River, beginning at a cedar tree on the River bank, and running with the meanderings of the River to the North of Peter's Creek, thence up said Creek 14 chains to a blackberry tree, thence N. 55 deg. E. 50½ chains to the back line at a stake, thence S. 45 deg. East 25 chains to the County line, thence South 55 deg. West 36½ chains to the beginning, containing 112 acres more or less.

The sale of the Land lying in the City of Wilmington will take place on Wednesday, 21st day of April, 1880, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in said City.

The sale of the Tract lying in Bladen County will take place at Elizabethtown, at 12 o'clock M., on Friday, April 23d, 1880, at the Court House door.

mh 21 3td S. M. EMPIE, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate under Decree of Foreclosure.

BY VIRTUE AND IN PURSUANCE OF A Judgment of Foreclosure, rendered at the December Term, 1879, of the Superior Court of New Hanover Co., State of North Carolina, in a certain civil action pending in said Court, between William G. Fowler and Zillah Fowler his wife, Plaintiffs, and Edward Cantwell, Charles D. Myers and John J. Boatwright, Defendants, the undersigned, John J. Fowler, Commissioner appointed by said judgment and decree, will sell by public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, in the County and State aforesaid, on MONDAY, the Third Day of May, A. D. 1880, at 12 o'clock M., a certain LOT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate and being in the said City of Wilmington, and bounded as follows: Beginning in the Northern line of Red Cross Street one hundred and fifteen (115) feet Westwardly from its intersection with the western line of Fourth Street, and running thence Westwardly with said line of Red Cross Street fifty (50) feet, thence Northwardly parallel with Fourth Street one hundred and ninety-eight (198) feet, thence Eastwardly parallel with Red Cross Street fifty (50) feet, and thence Southwardly parallel with Fourth Street one hundred and ninety-eight (198) feet to the beginning, and being a part of Lots number Three (3), Four (4) and Five (5), in Block number 234, according to James & Brown's plan of said City, and being the same Lot or Parcel of Land which the defendant, Edward Cantwell and Ellen L. his wife, conveyed to the plaintiff, Zillah Fowler, by a certain deed of mortgage, which bears date the First day of June, A. D. 1875, and is registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County of New Hanover, in Book "K.K.K." at pages 720, 721 and 722, to which reference is given for greater certainty.

This 27th day of March, 1880.

JOHN J. FOWLER,
mh 27 tds Commissioner.

1500 1500

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BARRELS

Pure Seed Potatoes!

Five Hundred Barrels now in Store.

One Thousand Barrels on the Way and to Arrive.

EVERY VARIETY.

Early Rose, Early Goodrich,
Peach Blows, Jackson White,
Peerless, Snow Flake.

Special Figures for large lots.

CHAS. D. MYERS,
mh 5 tf 33, 35, 37 North Water Street.

In Warehouse.

7000 Sacks Salt.

LIVERPOOL SALT,
FINE TABLE SALT,
FERTILIZING SALT,
COARSE ALUM SALT,

Delivered Free on Board Cars.

200 Hhds.

New Crop Cuba Molasses.

OLD CROP
PORTO RICO,
NEW ORLEANS
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,

In Hogsheads, Tierces and Barrels.

ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED FEET BEST RUBBER HOSE. Has been in use but a short time.

mh 25 tf WILLARDS.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Wilmington, N. C.

F. A. Schutte, Prop'r.

THE COMMERCIAL, FORMERLY THE "EMPIRE HOUSE," having been thoroughly renovated and refitted, is now one of the LEADING FIRST CLASS HOTELS in the city.

The Table is supplied with the best our Home and Northern Markets afford. BOARD PER DAY $2 and $2 50.

Large Sample Rooms for the Commercial trade.

A First Class BAR and BILLIARD HALL connected with this Hotel.

FREE LUNCH daily from 11 A. M. to 12.30 P. M. jy 20 tf

Coney's Tobacco Store

IF YOU WANT THE BEST 5 and 10 cents Cigar go to Coney's, where you will find the largest selection of Imported and Domestic Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos.

Gentlemen will please remember that I do not keep open on Sunday, therefore those who wish to purchase my goods will have to do so during the week.

jan 27 tf WALTER CONEY.

Steam Poetry.

Fire up "the old steam engine,"
Let "the political cauldron boil,"
Bolt your meal "the best in the city,"
But never "bolt" your friends at all.
For the Best and Cheapest Flour, Corn Meal, Hay, Grits, Corn, Oats, Oil Meal, &c., go to
C. BONEY & SONS,
mh 12 tf At the Cape Fear Mills.

George Myers,

AGENT FOR
ROEDERER & CO.'S
DRY BOUZY CHAMPAGNE.

Sold at Importer's Prices.
jan 30 tf Nos 11, 13, 16 South Front st.

Dyeing,
Cleaning,
Tailoring.

GENTS' AND LADIES' GARMENTS

WILMINGTON DYEING ESTAB.,
mh 21 tf Market, between 2d and 3d Sts.