

CONGRESS.

Senate not in Session—Confused Business in the House—O'Neill Makes a Point, &c.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—On motion of Mr. Bright, of Tennessee, a bill was passed making appropriations for the payment of claims reported allowed by the commissioners of claims.

Mr. Stevenson, of Illinois, asked leave to offer a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the House that no final adjournment of this session of Congress should occur until a law shall have been passed, in manner to be provided, providing that manner in which the electoral votes shall be counted at the approaching Presidential election.

Mr. Reed, of Maine, and Mr. Brand, of Missouri, objected.

The Speaker announced that the order of the House had set aside the session of to-day for the consideration of reports from the Committee on Education and Labor.

Mr. Gibson, of Louisiana, called up as a question of privilege, the adjournment resolution, and was recognized by the Speaker.

Mr. Goode, of Virginia, raised the question of consideration, stating that his object was to call up the bill to regulate the Chinese immigration, to enforce the eight hour law, and to apply the proceeds of the sale of public lands to the education of the people.

Mr. Townsend, of Illinois, inquired whether it was in order to move to recommend the adjournment resolution.

The Speaker replied it was not, inasmuch as the motion had been made and defeated yesterday.

In the midst of a number of points of order, and when the House was in a good deal of confusion, Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, walking down the aisle, managed to get in one of his characteristic little speeches, the effect of which the adjournment resolution had given more hope to the hearts of the people than any legislation which had been proposed during the present session of Congress.

Mr. Townsend, of Illinois, inquired whether he would allow an extension of time for debate, and on receiving a negative answer expressed his hope that the demand for the previous question would be made.

Mr. Buckner, of Missouri, asked leave to offer an amendment providing that the House take a recess from now until November 8th.

Mr. Gibson refused to yield, and the previous question was then recorded—106 yeas and 82 nays.

The thirty minutes debate was then proceeded with, after which the concurrent resolution for adjournment on the 21st inst. was recorded—yeas 121, nays 90.

Mr. Goode moved that the House proceed to the consideration of reports from the Committee on Education and Labor.

Mr. Reagan anticipated this with the interest of a student, and said he was victorious by a vote of 72 to 71.

Pending a vote by yeas and nays the House at 3:25 adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Fire at Milton—Six Hundred and sixty-five Bales Destroyed—Condition of the Inhabitants—Attempts to Rekindle the Flames—Appeals for Assistance, &c.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SUNBURY, May 15.—The scene at Milton this morning beggars description. Nothing remains of the town but a few charred beams and a once prosperous town. The people spent last night in houses that were left near the rail works and planning mills. The entire number of buildings destroyed is six hundred and sixty-five. Only two places of business escaped destruction. The stores and books of the banks were uninjured. The people of the town are almost entirely destitute. Provisions are pouring into the town from the surrounding country. The body of the stranger who was burned last night was identified this morning as Mr. Aughey. He was eighty-five years old, and was attempting to save the stable of the poor house. Mrs. Strickland died during the night. Her body was removed from sparks from a saw mill attached to the cars.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—At a public meeting held at the Mayor's office at noon to-day in behalf of the sufferers by the fire at Milton, an urgent appeal for contributions was made. Subscriptions received amounted to \$3,280. Another meeting will be held Monday.

MILTON, May 15.—This place has been crowded with people all day. The scene at noon was heart-rending. Hundreds gathered around the planing mill, where food was distributed by the Relief Committee. Several car loads of provisions arrived during the day from Harrisburg, Williamsport and other places. Two hundred and fifty cents were forwarded by train this afternoon, and they were erected in the fields adjoining the town. Car loads of people went to Washington to spend the night. Food was again distributed at the planing mill this P. M., and the persons who were worth thousands of dollars yesterday, appeared to accept charity relief this evening at 5 o'clock. This evening intense excitement was caused by two deliberate attempts to burn the town. Some one placed a bundle of rag saturated with kerosene oil at the back door of a wooden house, the only one remaining in town, and when discovered it had already set fire to the house. Another attempt was made near the Catwissa depot, in the southern part of town. As soon as these discoveries were made the people were in a frenzy. A reward of \$500 was offered immediately for the apprehension of the incendiaries.

Incendiaries, with very few and minor exceptions, all fled from the town. Col. Stead of Williamsport, with two companies of the Twelfth Regiment, will arrive to-night. Dispatches are being read from different sections of the country offering aid.

The Local Relief Committee said: "After a careful personal inspection of the situation, we submit to the people of Pennsylvania and the benevolent everywhere the following statement of the extent of losses, the condition of the inhabitants, and the aid necessary for the proper relief of the towns: In the brief space of five hours, by a fire of one mile long, and half a mile in width, commencing, covering the entire business, and the best built portion of the town, and including, with very few and minor exceptions, all the churches, stores, and banks, and involving a loss of about \$2,000,000, and insured only to the extent of about half a million. Hundreds of people—men, women and children—are houseless and

MIDNIGHT SPARKS.

WASHINGTON.

Democratic Caucus on the Adjournment of Congress—The Matter to be Reconsidered, &c.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—At a caucus of the Democratic members of the House, held in the morning in the hall of the House, for the purpose of interchanging views upon the adjournment question, Mr. Steele, of North Carolina, presided, and Messrs. Springer, Hutchins, and others, took part in the discussion. Upon motion of Mr. Springer, it was resolved that in the opinion of those present the vote by which the House to-day decided in favor of adjournment on May 31st should be reconsidered; that the question of adjournment should be postponed until the important legislation now pending, and the necessary business of Congress had been disposed of.

Speeches followed, deprecating adjournment while the calendar showed thousands of bills, many of them of great importance to the country, awaiting action, and the private calendar is crowded with bills which demand some consideration. It was also resolved that the political assessment bill be taken up in the House at an early day, and pressed to a vote.

THE WEST POINT MYSTERY.

Whittaker Suspects Cadets Blake and McDonald of the Outrage—His Examination Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 15.—In the Whittaker investigation to-day Whittaker was asked the question as to why he had not been heard before he came to the Academy of the way in which colored cadets were treated. The prospect was not encouraging, but the witness said he had in some respects been treated better than he had expected. He had no clue to the perpetrators of the outrage. He now had some suspicion of cadets Blake and McDonald. He suspected Blake on account of his manner in which he treated him, and a few days before the outrage. He had put on Blake's cap by mistake one day, on coming out of the Academy, and Blake was very angry about it. He also suspected Blake because of the scornful manner in which Blake had treated him on the way when he (Whittaker) was leaving the commissary.

Question—Do you think this score was sufficient to lead a man to mutilate another, and run the risk of being dismissed from the Academy of the United States, and of being confined in the penitentiary?

Answer—I knew a sensible man would not do it, but know some men would be so debased and so biased that they could be led to such an act.

Whittaker said he did not entertain these suspicions at the time of his previous examination. They were an afterthought. He had the suspicion of being dismissed from the Academy of the United States, and of being confined in the penitentiary.

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LOCAL NEWS.

HEROIC CONDUCT IN A MOMENT OF DANGER.

The Atlanta Constitution, in giving an account of the recent ablocking accident during an amateur theatrical performance in that city, by which two young ladies lost their lives and several others were severely injured, makes special mention of the heroic conduct of three of the performers, Messrs. G. S. Barnum, T. F. Huston and Prof. Agostini, the latter a former well-known resident of this city, through whose efforts the life of one of the young ladies was saved, after being completely shrouded in flames. In commenting upon the noble conduct of these and others who took an active part in saving the lives of the imperilled young ladies, the above mentioned paper says:

"The reporter esteems it an honor to write the names of such noble spirits as Olmstead, King, Agostini, Huston, Barnum, Frierson and Hill, whose heroic conduct in risking their own lives for others has in it the element of the true sublime. All of these gentlemen received bad burns about the fingers. Those of Prof. Agostini were very severe, the fingers of each hand being drawn up in a most painful manner. He is a perfect little hero, though, and told the reporter that he was willing to suffer, and, if necessary, to die in such a good cause."

AMALANCA GLEANER: Favorable responses have been received from the following gentlemen who were chosen to make speeches on the battlefield of Alamo: Mr. T. M. Holt, Hon. John Manning, Judge D. G. Fowle, Hon. Kemp P. Battle and Hon. Henry K. Nash.

KINSTON JOURNAL: The dwelling house of Mr. E. P. Lofin, living about four miles from Kinston, was burned one night last week. A boy, who had been hiding with him, was standing by candle light, the candle being in no stand but merely placed in a chair, and fell asleep leaving the candle burning. Insured for \$1,000.

WILSON ADVANCE: Memorial Day was very appropriately celebrated, and the procession to the cemetery was the largest ever seen in Wilson. Rev. E. M. Deems, son of our former townsman, Dr. Deems, now pastor of the Church of the Strangers, in New York, was in Wilson a few days last week. He is a prominent young Presbyterian divine, and fills his father's pulpit during his absence in the Holy Land.

A colored boy named Tony Burns fell through a hatchway at Raleigh a distance of twenty feet, says the Observer, striking in his descent a large iron rod, and rebounded over on the saw dust. He was unharmed, and worked admirably. He recovered and was assisted to the upper floor. He had received only a few contusions on the head and a considerable bruise on his left side.

RALEIGH OBSERVER: Col. L. L. Polk will deliver the annual address before the Clayton High School on the 3d of June next. Mr. T. W. Claxton has returned from Philadelphia, where he has been superintending the making of the tobacco weighing and packing machine, invented by Mr. C. C. Claxton. The machine is unexcelled, and well adapted for use. It will be exhibited in this city in about two weeks.

"H." New York correspondent of the Herald writes: Mr. Elliott Dainierfeld, the young artist from Fayetteville, has sold, at his own price, the picture which he had exhibited in the Academy of Art Exhibition, and which he had painted since. This is encouraging.

One day last week I had the offer of three books for publication, and on the next day four. Three of them were novels by ladies.

RALEIGH CORRESPONDENT OF THE GOLDEN BLOSSOM: We had to learn that the poems of Theb. Hill are to be included in a very fine selection of Southern poetry, which Widdleton is about to publish in New York. It is now all Jarrah's and his suicide is evidently the final of the Governor is ahead, but a doubt lest his rival may overtake him. Much is conceded to depend upon the Cape Fear.

A man named Thomas A. Wilburn committed suicide by drowning near Goldsboro. The Messenger says: He appears to have been a man of dissipated habits, and his suicide is evidently the final of a protracted debauch. He was seen in this town some two weeks ago, and since then at Princeton. What could have induced him to end his life, and this strong belief is a mystery that remains to be solved. We trust that he has a wife and children, who are now at Newbern.

WINSTON SENTINEL: A number of distillers in this district propose to continue operations during the summer in the manufacture of corn and rye whiskey; owing to the failure in a greater part of the fruit crop, a good deal of straw is expected. A man who was in town on Monday, bare-footed and begging for money to buy provisions for his wife and children, who, he said, were suffering, and his wife, who was to work, took fifty cents of the money given him and had his mustache dyed.

CHARLOTTE OBSERVER: The selection of Dr. William Burey as the professor of chemistry in the Agricultural College of South Carolina, is a feather in the cap of Davidson College. Dr. Burey is a young man, well educated, and graduated at Davidson three or four years ago, taking the degree of Bachelor of Science. He subsequently attended the University of Heidelberg, where he obtained in two years the degree of Philosophy, and has since resided in this country, and has a number of scientific papers published to his credit.

TARBORO SOUTHERNER: We are informed by citizens who have the statistics that no well authenticated case of consumption has ever been known in the Conocoction section of this county. We understand that two white men, Henry Rose and David Armstrong, got into a fight at Rocky Mount, when Armstrong procured a pistol and fired at Rose, missing him. We heard at Rocky Mount that about 935,000 shad fry had been placed in Tar river, at the falls, in Nash county. For Lieut. Governor, Julian S. Carr seems at this time to have the newspaper scribbles; Holt, many of the solid men, and Robinson, the extreme western tier of counties.

In the spring, when hopes are high, and the deluded men are many. This is a warning to the people to try. And call the cotton's stuff, Annie. In the fall, when odor's low, and on it they can't make a penny, they fume and tear, and rage and blow, and bid the cursed stuff, "Go, Annie."

W. H. Knight informs that he has been compelled to have killed three hogs that were attacked with rabies from mad-dog bites. How many more will follow suit he can't tell. And we hear continually of sheep destroyed by wolves' cur.

No intelligent reader can afford to do without his county paper during this, or any other year. County State and National elections come off. Northern papers might keep you posted on national news, but you must go to your county paper for the home political news. It combines it all—home, State and National.

BORSEFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE FOR NERVOUSNESS.—J. H. SIMPSON, M. D., of Monterey, Iowa, writes: "The Acid phosphate of the late Dr. J. H. Simpson, to whom it was given as a Nerve Tonic, made me a new nervous system."

Spirits Turpentine

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 15, 6 P. M.

SPRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 26 cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 256 casks at that price, closing quiet and dull.

ROBIN.—The market was quoted dull at \$1.00 for Strained and \$1.05 for Good Strained, with sales reported of 1,000 bbls Strained at \$1.00 per bbl.

TAR.—The market was steady at \$1.25 per bbl of 320 lbs, with sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The receipts were placed at \$1.00 for Hard, \$1.75 for Yellow Dip, and \$3.40 for Virgin, closing quiet and dull.

COTTON.—The market was firm. Futures for May opened in New York at 11.61 and closed at 11.77; August opened at 11.80 and closed at 11.94. The following were the last official quotations here:

Ordinary..... 9 1/2 cents 3/4 lb. Strict Good Ordinary..... 10 1/2 " " Low Middling..... 10 1/2 " " Good Middling..... 11 1/2 " "

Quotations conform to the classification of the American Cotton Exchange.

PEANUTS.—Small sales reported on a basis of 50¢ per cent for shelling stock, 70 cents for Ordinary, 80 cents for Prime, 95 cents for Extra Prime, \$1.05 for Fancy, and \$1.10 for Extra Fancy. Market steady.

RECEIPTS.

COTTON.—24 bales. Spirits turpentine..... 24 casks. Rosin..... 1,272 bbls. Tar..... 136 " Crude turpentine..... 238 "

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Evening.—Money 4 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange 455. Government bonds, new ones 107 1/2; four and a half per cent 107 1/2; four per cent 107 1/2. State bonds nominal.

Evening.—Cotton firm, sales to-day of 70 bales; last evening 655 bales; middling uplands 11 1/2-16 cents; Orleans 11 1/2-16 cents; consolidated net receipts 3,151 bales, exports to Great Britain 1,342 bales, to the continent 743 bales. Southern flour unchanged and very moderate steady. Wheat, fair to export and very moderate steady. Corn—cash quiet and steady; options heavy and 1/2¢ lower; ungraded 51¢-53¢. Oats ungraded; mixed about 10¢ higher; white 11¢-12¢. Coffee quiet and steady. Sugar dull and weak; Cuba 7 1/2¢-7 1/4¢; fair to good refining 7 1/4¢-7 1/2¢; prime 7 1/2¢-7 1/4¢; refined—moderate steady; standard A 9¢. Molasses steady and quiet. Rice unchanged and moderate demand. Rosin unchanged. Spirits turpentine weak at 28¢. Pork about steady and very quiet; mess on spot 11 1/2¢ for new; nothing done in options; middles quiet and unchanged. Sugar—net receipts 459 bales; gross receipts 504 1/2. Futures closed steady, with sales of 123,000 casks, at the following quotations: May 11.79¢-11.79 cents, June 11.83¢-11.84 cents, July 11.92¢-11.93 cents, August 11.92¢-11.93 cents, September 11.92¢-11.93 cents, October 10.98¢-11.00 cents, November 10.75¢-10.80 cents, December 10.76¢-10.80 cents.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—Flour firm; Howard street and western super \$3.50-4.00; extra \$4.25-4.50; city \$4.50-5.00; city mill \$5.00-5.50; Pennsylvania 4.50-5.00; Patapsco family 7 1/2¢. Southern wheat lower and quiet; western steady; southern red 1 1/2¢-1 3/4¢; amber 1 3/4¢-1 1/2¢; No. 2 western winter red on spot 81¢-81 1/4¢; May delivery 81 1/2¢; June delivery 81 1/2¢-81 3/4¢; August delivery 81 1/2¢-81 3/4¢; Corn dull and lower; western dull; southern 55¢; yellow 55 cents. Oats fairly active; western 45¢-46¢; western white 45¢-46¢; do mixed 45¢-46¢; Pennsylvania 45¢-46¢. Provisions strong and without quotable change; mess pork 11 1/2¢-11 1/4¢. Bulk meats—loose shoulders, 4 1/4¢; clear ribs, 5 1/2¢-5 1/4¢; corned beef, 10¢-10 1/2¢; Lard 8¢. Coffee steady; Rio cargoes, steady; to prime, 13 1/2¢-13 1/4¢. Sugar steady; A and B unchanged.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn 1 1/2¢-1 3/4¢; wheat 1 1/2¢-1 3/4¢; Chicago spring 1 1/2¢ cash; July delivery 1 1/2¢-1 1/4¢; August delivery 1 1/2¢-1 1/4¢; Corn dull and lower 87¢-87 1/2¢; June delivery 87¢-87 1/2¢; July delivery 87¢-87 1/2¢; Pork firm at 11 1/2¢; Pork dull and weak at 10 1/4¢. Lard dull at 8 1/2¢-8 1/4¢. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 3 1/2¢; short rib 3 1/2¢; clear 3 1/2¢. Whiskey 1 1/2¢-1 1/4¢.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—Flour dull; fancy \$5.30 asked; family \$4.85 asked. Wheat lower; No. 2 red fall 1 1/2¢-1 1/4¢; No. 3 1 1/4¢-1 1/2¢; No. 3 do 90¢-97¢. Corn dull and lower 87¢-87 1/2¢; June delivery 87¢-87 1/2¢; July delivery 87¢-87 1/2¢; Pork firm at 11 1/2¢; Pork dull and weak at 10 1/4¢. Lard dull at 8 1/2¢-8 1/4¢. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 3 1/2¢; short rib 3 1/2¢; clear 3 1/2¢. Whiskey 1 1/2¢-1 1/4¢.

COTTON MARKETS.

May 15.—Galveston, quiet at 11 cents—net receipts 813 bales; Norfolk, quiet and steady at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 857 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 1,045 bales; Boston, firm at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 40 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 164 bales; Savannah, dull at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 145 bales; New Orleans, firm at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 129 bales; Mobile steady at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 40 bales; Memphis, steady at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 80 bales; Charleston, steady at 11 1/2 cents—net receipts 144 bales.

Dr. Tutt's Pills is a purely vegetable concentration for keeping the bowels in natural motion and clearing the system of all impurities, and a positive cure for Constipation. They restore the diseased Liver, Stomach, and Kidneys, to a healthy action, while at the same time they brace and invigorate the whole system.

WHO IS MRS. WINSLOW?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a devoted mother and a devoted wife, who has devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician to the relief of suffering humanity. She is especially noted for her skill in the treatment of the numerous cases, and, as a result of this work, and practical knowledge obtained in a lifetime of practice, she has compounded a "Soothing Syrup" for the relief of the infant and young child, and is now endeavoring to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this, she has been discharged by the system of all impurities, and a positive cure for Constipation. They restore the diseased Liver, Stomach, and Kidneys, to a healthy action, while at the same time they brace and invigorate the whole system.

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