

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily, except on Sundays, at \$4.00 per year, \$1.00 for six months, and for three months, \$1.50. It is published for the publisher, delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 10 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.25; five days, \$4.00; one week, \$6.50; two weeks, \$12.00; one month, \$18.00; two months, \$34.00; three months, \$49.00; six months, \$88.00; one year, \$165.00. For all other rates apply to the publisher.

Notices under head of "City Items" 50 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three times a week, twice a week, two times a week, daily.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued until the date of discontinuance, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, will be charged extra for the time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged for each insertion one dollar per square for each insertion.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements, and for colored advertisements, and for advertisements in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at special rates.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly a subject of public interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

The Morning Star.
By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
WILMINGTON, N. C.:
WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 30, 1880
EVENING EDITION.
FOR PRESIDENT:
WINFIELD S. HANCOCK,
Of Pennsylvania.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
Of Indiana.
FOR CONGRESS:
JOHN W. SHACKELFORD,
Of Onslow.

confession that there was not a North Carolina Jarvis supporter for the nomination who was equal to the task of being "our campaign leader," to quote the *News*. If this was not so, why were they passed over, and a young gentleman, a native of another State, and but a few months resident in Raleigh, chosen? What does the *News*, in its lecture, say? We quote:

"It is necessary that the chairman should reside in Raleigh. It is necessary for a contested election that he should be a man of first-rate ability, an active, working, sensible, well-informed Democrat, at odds with no Democrat, in position to deal fairly with all Democrats, and on the most cordial terms with those whose canvass he is to direct. It is necessary that he should have leisure to devote to the public service and, as his work is without compensation, he should be able to work for nothing and find himself, and help to find the party also. There are many Democrats in Raleigh with one or more of these necessary qualifications. There was but one Democrat in Raleigh who had them all, and him the Committee appointed. To accept it he gave up what was much more desirable to himself personally and politically, now and in the future, and what was at his disposal, proffered by the Convention of which the State Committee was the creature. It seems to us that these reasons are conclusive, and they are probably the reasons which influenced the Committee."

Everybody knows that Capt. Ashe was efficient, faithful and able. But he did not shout for Jarvis, so he must walk the plank. In North Carolina there are many tens of thousands of voters who did not shout for Jarvis. In the Convention, we are assured by a very intelligent delegate, there were instructed Jarvis delegates who preferred some one else. It is believed by many that a majority were clearly opposed to Jarvis if the opposition had been organized properly as the forces on the other side were organized. So it is unwise to ostracize all men, editors and others, who did not "holler for Jarvis."

It is time a truce was made to political ostracism among Democrats. If the policy of Jarvis and his supporters is to apply the lash or banishment let them so state clearly and unmistakably. If we have masters let us know it.

But, after all, the *News* being authority, Capt. Coke was the only Democrat in Raleigh who united in himself all of the necessary qualifications, many and various, that enter into "our campaign leader." That is all that we want to learn. A worthy young gentleman, resident in Raleigh, a year say, is the only "Democrat in Raleigh who had them all." What is this but saying Ashe would not do; that Merrimon would not do; that Fowle would not do; that Chas. M. Basbee would not do; that Col. Tom Fuller would not do; that Col. Walter Clarke would not do; that Jos. B. Batchelor would not do; that A. M. Lewis, or Edward Graham Haywood, or George V. Strong, or a dozen others would not do? The solitary man in all Raleigh who possessed the qualifications was Capt. Coke. Then it is about time that the chairman was taken from some other part of the State, or words to that effect. All this looks to us as funny—decidedly funny. We wonder if none of the Raleigh Democrats feel reflected upon?

If the Raleigh *News* can see no difference between a private enterprise in which twenty or more North Carolinians get their bread and the political leadership of a great party in a State—said leadership obtained by turning out a most faithful and honorable gentleman who had served the party at his own expense for four years, then we cannot undertake to enlighten it. The case suggested offers nothing in common with that we referred to. The *STAR* believes in allowing in this free country all men "to make their grub" wherever they can, and that is what we are trying to do here. The *STAR* welcomes all nationalities. But it nevertheless believes in the "eternal fitness of things." It sees no justice, no propriety, no wisdom, in turning out a tried, faithful, true Democrat, a native North Carolinian without stain, accusation or reproach, in order to honor a comparative stranger, however worthy, even though he were a Lee or a Johnston and a Virginian to boot, who is untried. This is the sort of "magnificent Virginian" we are and the *News* may make the most of it. Let justice be done though the heavens fall.

In taking leave of the subject, for we have done, we say again that to Capt. Coke personally we can have no objection. He is a stranger to us. He is well spoken of, and we hope he may prove himself as fair, as unselfish, as just, as able, as efficient and as useful a "campaign leader" as we all know his predecessor in office was. The *STAR* will be happy to cooperate in any way in its power with him in all well meant and well directed efforts to advance the cause of the Democratic party in North Carolina, and in doing this to advance the cause of our State and the country at large.

It is necessary to say concerning the Bradlaugh case that the resolution refusing him his seat was not inspired by Mr. Gladstone, and was not introduced by one of his party, but by a Tory, Sir Stafford Northcote. He afterwards moved to release Bradlaugh from the Tower. This was done, it is said, through the influence of Lord Beaconsfield. Mr. Gladstone managed his side well. An exchange says:

"Mr. Gladstone showed a good deal of tact in sitting silently while the Conservatives made the most of the little bit of religious intolerance that suddenly swept the House; and now that the Conservatives have fully availed themselves of the opportunity to make themselves ridiculous, he will make the right of a constituency to be represented by the man of its choice a more clamorous in its support now than ever; and what the representatives of other constituencies may think of Northampton's choice, they are bound to recognize."

Gen. Hancock's nomination has been received with greater enthusiasm than any other within our recollection, or since Henry Clay's nomination in 1844. He will sweep the country like fire in a prairie. His record cannot be assailed. There are no weak places in the joints of his armor. He is invulnerable even in his heels, for he was dipped all over, head and heels, in honesty and uprightness. Here is the way one of the leading Republican papers of the country regards it—the *New York Commercial Advertiser*:

"It is a strong nomination, the very best under the circumstances the party could have made. A partisan journal will not attempt to hold Gen. Hancock responsible for the hanging of Mrs. Surratt, but they might as well understand first as last that there are no votes to be gained for Gen. Garfield in arranging him for his connection with that trial. Arguments more forcible and damaging must be discovered to seriously affect the character and standing of Gen. Hancock."

A Louisiana Representative in Congress, Mr. E. J. Ellis, thus told the Cincinnati *Enquirer* soon after he arrived at that city and before the Convention assembled. He said: "Gen. Hancock will be nominated, elected and will take his seat. The very men who will oppose the Republican party that we mean business and do not intend to be cheated out of the fruits of our victory. Gen. Hancock has strong support from twenty States. He will be strong upon the first ballot, and will grow stronger with each vote until he is declared the nominee."

That was prophesying to some purpose. He goes up head in the large class of "I told you so's."

The number of electoral votes to which the States are entitled has varied from time to time. In 1789 North Carolina had 7; in 1792, 12; in 1800, 12; in 1804, 14; in 1808, 14; in 1812, 15. It held this number until 1844, when it was reduced to 11. In 1852 it was 10. In 1864 it was 9, and in 1880 it is 10. We shall probably lose one vote in the electoral college after 1880.

We said some weeks ago in this column that the population of Wilmington would probably be over 18,000. At that time the enumerators were wildly guessing at 22,000 or more. It turns out that 17,579 persons are all they could find. There are very near or quite 18,000, as it is believed hundreds were overlooked.

THE MAGAZINES.
The July number of *St. Nicholas* contains a large array of pleasing articles and numerous beautiful illustrations. It always affords us pleasure to commend this the most attractive and excellent of all publications intended for girls and boys. Price \$3 a year. Scribner & Co., New York.

Scribner's Monthly for July is a gem, as so many of its issues are. It is surpassed by no pictorial publication in the world. Here are its contents: "The Younger Painters of America," "Borjassiere Bjornson," "In the Heart of the California Alps," "To Cosy Island," "Peter the Great," "Poet and Actress," "The Grandissimes," "Does Visitation Pay?" "The Lover and the Rose," "From Palermo to Syracuse," "The Sorcery of Madjoun," "In the M. E. African," "La Sonnambula," "The Dominion of Canada," "De Rossis Hibernia," "To Edmund C. Stedman," "Japanese and Chinese Students in America," "The Metropolis of the Rocky Mountains," "Topics of the Time," "Communications," "Home and Society," "Culture and Progress," "The World's Work," "Brie-a-Brac." Price \$4 a year. Scribner & Co., New York.

FROM ONSLOW.
MOUTH OF NEW RIVER, N. C.,
June 22, 1880.
MR. EDITOR:—Two years ago, owing to some local causes, there was quite a split and a good deal of dissatisfaction in the ranks of the Democratic party of this county. In consequence of which our nominee for Congress, John W. Shackelford, was beaten in his own county for the Legislature, and as this fact has gone out, and fearing that it might militate and be used against him in the coming campaign, I have since his nomination taken considerable pains to investigate this matter and to find out the truth and the true feelings of

the people, and am now satisfied and take pleasure in stating the fact that there is now no such prejudice or dissatisfaction existing; that our people fully appreciate the honor conferred on our county in his nomination, and in the coming election the Democrats of old Onslow will be found as in the days of yore—like the handle of a jug—all on one side, and will give Shackelford, (especially in this the lower part of the county), a larger vote than he ever got for the Legislature. So the Rads need not store this for future use as a flattering unctious.

The crops in this section are now very fine, the corn unusually promising. —New River.

The editor of the *Washington Post* gives an interesting inside history of the Cincinnati Convention, which he attended. The *Richmond Dispatch* vouches for the general correctness of what is said. We copy the more important parts:

"Six months ago I predicted that Horatio Seymour could have the Democratic nomination and be elected. Ask anybody who was present at the Convention if there was the slightest possibility of the failure of such a proposition if it had been made, and Mr. Seymour had not positively and even coarsely forbidden it. There are some things which it does not require a prophet to foretell or a statesman to understand, and these were of them.

The nomination of General Hancock was the result neither of combinations nor outside appliances. It was in no sense of that hard-used word a 'boom,' nor was there the suspicion of a 'barrel' behind it. It was simply the cool calculation of two hundred men who came together, who freed from entangling alliances, to select the strongest possible candidate. The choice was limited to two men—McDonald and Hancock—and only for the reason that Mr. McDonald would not allow his name to be used until Mr. Hendricks gave his full and hearty consent. Gen. Hancock was the stronger nomination, and in this opinion Mr. McDonald unselfishly joins: "If I had the naming of the ticket," said that worthy gentleman to a party the next day after the Convention, "I should, without a moment's hesitation, make it just what it is." It is not often that the sober second thought justifies the entire action of an enthusiastic body of men, but in this case it does.

I have said that Gen. Hancock was not indebted to a "boom" for his success, and that declaration I beg to repeat. The entire expenses of the campaign made for him will be covered by a thousand dollar bill, if anybody cares to forward one. Some of his success he owes undoubtedly to the adroit and effective manner of his presentation, but beyond that he won by merit and fitness alone. Dougherty's speech is not a great effort when one coolly reads and analyzes it; nor was it so extraordinarily powerful when listened to. It had the merit of brevity, and embalmed one good sentence. The epithet "superb soldier" was a taking one, but compared with Ingersoll's eulogy of Blaine, or Cookling's of Grant, the speech will not stand the test. Gov. Hubbard's seconding effort was a better one in all respects, and so, too, was Daniel's. They were all short, however, and each was studied with periods for the pertinent introduction of applause. When the nomination speeches were all over, Hancock was found to have had by far the best send off.

It will be observed that General Hancock was not put in nomination by the South, but by the North. Of the 171 votes given him on the first ballot nearly two-thirds were from the North. Even down to the first call of the second ballot, before the deluge came, his vote was largely from the Northern delegates. So soon, however, as the South saw that he was the choice of the North, their votes came rushing in. The South had come, not to dictate, but to assist.

CURRENT COMMENT.
—Luke Poland avows his belief in the personal honesty of Mr. Garfield. This is equivalent to saying that Mr. Garfield was a great country booby, who put his head in the Credit Mobilier trap under such circumstances as would have kept any man but a knave or a fool out of such danger. The country knows Mr. Garfield as a man of good natural sense and liberal education, sharpened by experience in the ways of the world. Outside of the recruiting stations of the marine corps, Mr. Poland will find no credulity for the notion that Mr. Garfield was such a knave as he represents him.—*Washington Post, Dem.*

—Truth was in favor of the nomination of Gen. Grant—not because he was a Republican, but because he was and is the greatest living American, and the ablest man to fill the office of President now on this continent. When Grant failed to secure the nomination Truth was for the next best man, no matter who he might be. He turned out to be Hancock, and Truth is for him from now until the Tuesday in November when he will be elected President of the United States. As between him and Garfield there is no possibility of hesitation for any honest man. Hancock was the better soldier, he is the better citizen, he will make the better President.—*N. Y. Truth, Rep.*

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
Celebration of Jefferson Literary Society of the University held its first celebration. President P. Lea Thom, of Baltimore, presided, and presented the debater's medal to W. C. Bruce, of Virginia, who responded appropriately, and the orator's medal to T. W. Wilson, of North Carolina, whose response was also in a happy style. Many distinguished visitors were on the stand, among them Gov. Hubbard, of Texas, and Hon. John Goode. There was a large and brilliant audience.

Magnificent Meteor—Great Excitement among the Negroes.
(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)
Macon, June 30.—About 13 last, night a meteor as large as a barrel, starting from the zenith, plunged down in the north portion of the sky, and exploded near here with a report that reverberated for thirty seconds and shook the earth even at this point. The meteor was about five seconds in falling, during which time the city was lit up as though by a powerful electric light. Much excitement prevailed in the negro quarters. The inhabitants rushed into their houses and closed the doors, filling the air with screams and prayers. The time between the disappearance of the phenomenon and the report was about three minutes. This would make the distance from Macon about forty miles.

China and Russia—French Politics.
(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)
London, June 30.—A Cabul dispatch says the Chinese army has occupied Eastern Kholistan, and the Russians are retiring. A Paris dispatch says it is uncertain whether the Senate will debate the American bill regarding the rights of the Chinese in the Szechuan province, after July 15th, as the opposition, led by M. Simon, is inclined to lay all obstacles in the way. If the bill is not voted by July 14, the *Journal Officiel* will, before that day, publish a decree granting universal pardon and leaving the Senate the right to contend for the return of political rights to a very few persons.

There was a procession yesterday of the Roman Catholics of the Society of Montreal, numbering over 5,000 persons, as a protest against the expulsion of the Jesuits from France.

Our Four Cent Flour
SPEAKS FOR ITSELF. WE HAVE OTHER THINGS THAT SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES TOO. Come to and find out what they are.

Brooklyn
Macaroni from 3 cents up; extra large No. 1, 1 1/2 cents.
Fresh Potatoes 4 Cents 5/4 cents.

Fresh Cakes and Crackers.
VEGETABLES ALWAYS ON HAND.
N. C. HAMS, A SMALL LOT.
Perrin's Hams, Steeps and Shoulders.
Pearl Barley and Eye Flour.

Our Scales are new and in good order, so you get sixteen ounces to every pound. NORTH CAROLINA FACT.
Pure Apple Vinegar four years old, Sweet Chiles, and everything else guaranteed as in a first class Grocery Store.
Prices in all cases purchased as low as the lowest.
Respectfully,
J. C. STEVENSON & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
Jas. over the Bridge.

Corn, Meal, Hay.
15,000 Bush Prime White CORN.
600 Bush Water Ground MEAL.
500 Bales HAY.

Flour, Molasses, Sugar
1200 Bbls FLOUR, Super Extra Family.
500 Hbls and Bbls Syrup, New Orleans, New Crop Cuba and Porto Rico MUGA.
250 Bbls SUGAR, Cut Loaf, Granulated, Standard A, Extra C and C.

Bacon, Lard, Pork, &c.
200 Boxes Smoked and D. S. SIDES.
150 Tube Choice LEAF LARD.
125 Bbls CITY MESS PORK.
225 Bags COFFEE.
150 Boxes STARCH, Rio, Laguna and Java.
300 Boxes LYE and POTASH.
175 Boxes Laundry SOAP.
100 Boxes Pure Assorted GARD.
Spmt. Tobacco, Paper, Matches, Shot, Spice, Ginger, Pepper, Hoop Iron, Spirit Harrels, &c.

Charlotte Female Institute.
Session begins Sept. 8, 1880. Can give unexcelled testimonials from the first teachers and professors in the South as to the thoroughness and high standard of instruction. Music and Art specialties. A cooking school will be opened every term. Address the Principal, Rev. W. M. ATKINSON, Charlotte, N. C.

The Biblical Recorder,
PUBLISHED BY
Edwards, Broughton & Co.
RALEIGH, N. C.
REV. C. T. BATTERY, Editor.
REV. H. HATCHER, Associate Editor.

Organ of North Carolina Baptists
In its 44th Year.
EVERY BAPTIST SHOULD TAKE IT
As an Advertising Medium Unsurpassed
Only per Year.
Address: BIBLICAL RECORDER, Raleigh, N. C.

THE RALEIGH
Christian Advocate,
Edited and Published by
BLACK & REID, Raleigh, N. C.

In the organs of about 60,000 Methodists in North Carolina, and has the largest circulation of any paper in the State. It gives the markets, secular and religious news, is a weekly club paper, religious, and has a good fund. Address: BLACK & REID, Raleigh, N. C.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 30, 4 P. M.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quoted full 25 cents. We hear of sales of 40 casks at quotations, being a decline of 1 cent on last report.

ROBIN—Market quoted firm at \$1 02 1/2 for Standard and \$1 1/2 for Good Strained without reported sales.

TAR—Market quoted steady at \$1 60 per bbl of 280 lbs, with no receipts and no sales to report.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady at \$1 70 for Yellow Dip, and \$2 50 for bbl for Virgin, with sales at quotations.

COTTON—The market was dull and unchanged. Futures for July opened in New York at 11.51 cents and closed steady at 11.57 cents; September opened at 11.04 cts and closed barely steady at 11.03 cents. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary cents per lb.
Good Ordinary 9 1/2
Strict Good Ordinary 7-16
Low Middling 11
Good Middling 11 1/2

NEW YORK, June 30.—NOON.—Money weak at 2 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange long 48 1/2, short 48 1/2. State bonds dull. Governments strong.

Cotton quiet, with sales of 179 bales; middlings 11 1/2-16 cents; Orleans 11 1/2-16 cts; futures are steady, with sales; August 11 1/2 cts; September 11 5/16 cts; October 10 5/16 cts; November 10 1/2 cts; December 10 1/2 cts. Futures a list. Flour dull and weak. Wheat active and lower. Corn firmer. Pork firm at \$12 50. Lard strong at \$7 02 1/2. Spirits turpentine 28 cents. Rosin 42 1/2. Freight heavy.

Liverpool, June 30.—NOON.—Cotton easier, with sellers' prices unchanged; middling uplands 6 1/2-16; middling Orleans 6 1/2-16; receipts 37,400 bales, 31,000 of which were American; sales of 7,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export. Middling uplands, 1 m c, June delivery 6 1/2-16; 6 23-32 and 6 11-16; June and July delivery 6 11-16; 6-23-32; August and September delivery 6 21-32; August and September delivery 6 7-16; November and December delivery 6 7-16. Futures a list. Meats—long clear middles 35 6 1/2. 1.30 P. M.—Uplands 6 1/2; Orleans 6 1/2. Middling uplands, 1 m c, July and August delivery 6 1/2; October and November delivery 7 3/32.

3.00 P. M.—Middling uplands, 1 m c, July and August delivery 6 1/2-32; August and September delivery 6 1/2. 5.15 P. M.—Middling uplands, 1 m c, June and July delivery 6 1/2. Futures closed steady. Sales of cotton to-day include 4850 bales American.

Received This Day,
50 CASES ROEDERER & CO.
DRY BOWZY CHAMPAGNE,
FRESH FROM BOND.
At Importers Price.
GEO. MYERS, Agent.

50 CASES FRENCH BRANDY,
FROM BOND THE DAY,
And for sale at Importers Price, for the country. Only \$1.50 for a Bottle of 500 cc. Imported from France. At GEO. MYERS.

25 Tubs GILT EDGE BUTTER,
33 ORTS A POUND,
Finest Cream Great Butter,
WINES AND LIQUORS, of best grades.
At Importers Price.
GEO. MYERS,
my 27 st. Nov. 11, 15, 16 South Front st.

The Best Paper. Try It
Beautifully Illustrated.
35th YEAR.
The Scientific American.
THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of sixteen pages, printed in the most beautiful style, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED WITH SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS. It is the oldest and most valuable of American papers, and contains the most recent advances in the Arts and Sciences; including New and Interesting Facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, and Progress of Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy, &c. The valuable practical papers by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

PATENTS. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN PATENT OFFICE, in connection with the Scientific American and Foreign Patents, have had 35 years' experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. Special notice is made in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of all inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the Patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the new patent, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

THE LANDMARK.
PUBLISHED AT
STATESVILLE, IREDELL CO., N. C.
—IS THE—
Leading Newspaper in Western North Carolina.

It is the only Democratic Paper published in Irdeell County—one of the largest and wealthiest counties in the State—and has attained a larger local circulation than any paper ever heretofore published in the county.

Its circulation in Alexander, Wilkes, Ashe, Alleghany, Yadkin, Davie and Iredell, is larger than that of any two papers in the State combined; and its rapidly increasing circulation is the result of making the LANDMARK THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 25, 1880.
Important to Summer Tourists.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE DIRECT CONNECTION will be made, via Goldsboro, Salisbury, and Salisbury, to ASHEVILLE, N. C., HICKORY, N. C., GREEN ALPINE, N. C., and all stations on the Western North Carolina Railroad as follows: Leave Wilmington 6:50 A. M.; arrive at Salisbury 10:30 P. M.; and at Head of W. N. C. R. (three miles from Asheville) at 8:20 A. M.

Excursion Tickets
AIR NOW ON SALE TO ALL RESORTS IN THE WESTERN CAROLINAS AND GEORGIA.

Train leaving WILMINGTON every evening, except Sunday, at 6 o'clock, carries COMFORTABLE SLEEPING CARS, and makes close connection at Charlotte with ALL LINES TO THE MOUNTAIN COUNTRY.

For further information apply to
F. W. CLARK,
General Passenger Agent.

Stockholders' Meeting.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, successor to the Carolina Central Railway Company, under the foreclosure sale, will be held in the Town of WELDON, North Carolina, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of JULY, 1880, for the election of Officers, the adoption of By Laws, and other purposes.

North Carolina Railroad Company,
SECRETARY AND TREASURER OFFICE,
COMPANY BUILDING, N. C., MAY 31, 1880.

JUST OUT.
Hood's Great Book of the War.
ADVANCE and RETREAT.
PERSONAL EXPERIENCES
IN THE UNITED STATES AND CONFEDERATE STATES ARMIES.

By General J. B. Hood,
Lieut. Genl. Confederate States Army.
Published for the
HOOD ORPHAN MEMORIAL FUND,
BY
General G. T. BEAUREGARD,
NEW ORLEANS, 1880.

The entire proceeds arising from the sale of this work are devoted to the Hood Orphan Memorial Fund, which is invested in United States Registered Bonds, for the nurture, care, support and education of the ten infants dependent of their parents last summer at New Orleans, (the melancholy incidents of which sad bereavement are still fresh in the public mind.)

The book is an elegant octavo, containing 80 pages, with a fine photograph likeness and a large map engraving, made expressly for this work, four large maps of battle fields, bound in handsome Gray English Cloth, at THREE DOLLARS, or in a Fine Remy Binding, with Marble Edge, THIRTY DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS in Half Bound Morocco, Library Style, FOUR DOLLARS; or in best Venetian Turkey Morocco, full gilt sides and edges, FIVE DOLLARS.

On the receipt from any person remitting by mail or express, of the amount in a registered letter of the sale of this book, a full receipt, a copy will be immediately sent, free of postage, registered second class.

The volume is published in the best style of typography, on elegant paper, with illustrations, executed in the highest specimens of art.

The author, the subject, the purpose, all attracted to this book, and in every library, on every desk, or upon the book shelf of every house in the country.

Agents wanted in every town and county in the United States, and a preference will be given to formerly discharged veterans from the army. In sympathy with the Hood Orphan Memorial Fund, the sale of this book among their circle of friends will afford an excellent way of contributing substantially aid to so deserving a cause.

For Sale Low.
TWO HORSE TRUCKS,
ONE ALMOST NEW.
Can be bought cheap.
Apply at
THIS OFFICE.

Low Quartered Shoes.
I HAVE IN STOCK A LARGE AND VARIED assortment of Gent's Low Quartered shoes, which I am selling at a very small advance on the actual cost. A full line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Sandal Slippers. New styles in great variety, at very low prices.
J. THOMAS H. NEWTON,
No. 47 North Market St.