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The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 30, 1881.

CAPTAIN JOHNSTON BLAKEY.

About a fortnight after Captain Blakey had left the Enterprise that vessel captured the British brig Boxer, carrying two guns more than the American vessel carried. The crew that had been disciplined so thoroughly by Blakey won the fight. On May 1, 1814, the Wasp sailed from Portsmouth, N. H. The crew consisted of 179 persons, all included. They were mainly raw recruits. The Wasp carried 22 guns. She sailed directly for the British Channel. Capt. Blakey at once awakened the admiration of his countrymen and the anxiety of the Britishers. In a short time he had captured thirteen merchantmen, and two sloops of war—the Reindeer and the Avon. The vigor, resource and enterprise displayed by our daring, gallant, able North Carolinian excited the highest hopes for his future. The official accounts of his naval engagements were published at the time in all the papers. In the fight between the Wasp and the Reindeer both crews behaved splendidly. The officers in command exhibited the highest bravery. It was the first fight of the crew of the Wasp. Short as was the time that Capt. Blakey had been drilling them their discipline was excellent, and they fought with a coolness and courage worthy of the most tried veterans. Capt. Manners of the Reindeer was killed in an attempt to capture the Wasp by boarding her. He was terribly wounded, being hit in five places. The Wasp lost 5 killed, 21 wounded—total 26. The Reindeer 23 killed, 42 wounded—total 65.

James Fenimore Cooper, in his "Naval History of the United States," does full justice to this fight, and accords the highest praise to Capt. Blakey. In fifteen minutes after the fight had ended Blakey was ready for action again, such was his self-possession, promptness and dash. He sailed to L'Orient, where he had his vessel repaired. He sailed again August 27th, and in three days destroyed three brigs, one each day. The last was captured at much risk. He cut her out actually from under the charge of a frigate of 74 guns, the Armada, and a Bomb-ketch, which were conveying her. It was a very valuable prize, but Blakey was compelled to sink her. Soon after this he came up with three sloops-of-war, one of which he sunk.—[See Niles' Register, December 3, 1814.] The vessel captured was the Avon, and her commander, Capt. Arbuthnot, was wounded severely. The Wasp lost 2 killed, 1 wounded—total 3; the Avon, from 40 to 50 killed and wounded.

The next adventure of the Wasp was the capture of the Atalanta, off the Madeira Islands. The cargo was very valuable and Capt. Blakey put her in charge of Midshipman Gessen-

ger, who took her safely into Savannah. The State of North Carolina presented a superb sword to Capt. Blakey for his great victories. The Legislature declared, in a resolution, that his splendid deeds "reflected honor upon North Carolina in being performed by one of her sons." Nothing in the history of our State, so filled with memorable achievements, is more calculated to arouse a sincere pride than the magnificent performances of the youthful hero of the sea. It is a burning reproach to North Carolina that a statue of Johnston Blakey does not adorn the capitol of the State.

After this the movements of the Wasp are involved in mystery and doubt, and we can only speculate as to the end. It is known that eighteen days after the Atalanta was captured Capt. Blakey boarded the Swedish brig Adonis. Cooper, in his history, says Blakey had orders to make for a Southern port, and it is believed he sailed in the direction of the West Indies. It is believed further, that he was spoken early in November, 1814, off Turks Island. There was news of the Wasp on November 10th or 12th, to the effect that Blakey "was in the act of setting fire to an English vessel," when seen, and that he attempted to get into Tybee, but was chased off by the Lacedaemonian, a British frigate. On the 20th of November a British frigate was seen off the Charleston Lighthouse about sunset. Another British ship, on the 20th or 21st, was seen off the city of Charleston. On the 21st heavy firing was heard. It began at 10 o'clock in the morning, and lasted for four hours. It was believed confidently in Charleston that a naval fight had taken place. Capt. Parker, of the Beaufort Packet, reported firing on Monday, the 21st, fifteen miles off at sea, and said it was an engagement between two heavy vessels. Others reported that they saw the action. The vessels began fighting off the coast and continued until they were out of sight. The Charleston papers of that time contained much evidence to show there had been an engagement. It is altogether probable that in this fight, against great odds, the Wasp was sunk, with all on board. There is other evidence to show that this is the probable solution of the matter, but we cannot go into it. There is but little doubt, in our own mind, that the brave and able Captain Blakey met his early death on Monday, November 21st, 1814, in that terrible sea fight, with a vessel three times his weight, and that he and his gallant crew all perished in the "deep sea incarnadine."

In next Sunday's paper we will close the hurried narrative. We are glad to say that we shall lay before our readers a very interesting letter of reminiscences from a distinguished officer of the Confederate Navy, and who belonged also to the U. S. Navy before the war.

ANOTHER GLANCE AT IRELAND.

The outlook in Ireland within a few days has become more favorable for a successful execution of the Land act. It is apparent that a large and influential portion of the people are in favor of giving the act a fair test. The resolute purpose manifested by the Government to put down all lawless resistance, and the stability of the Irish to make a successful revolution have induced thousands to yield to the necessities of the hour and to accept a trial of the Land act, as the best they can do under the circumstances. Mr. Gladstone has got the advantage so far as the English are concerned, for they seem to regard the present attitude of the Government, arbitrary and oppressive as it is, as justified by the peculiar circumstances. The Tories rejoice in seeing the great Liberal leader driven to resort to their old, long-tried methods, relics of the Middle Ages; whilst the greater part of the Liberals bow to what they consider an imperative necessity. They echo their leader's voice in the opinion that it is "a question between law and chaos."

In the meantime a great blow has been given to the pretensions of England as a free, popular Government. Gladstone has gone back a hundred and fifty years to employ measures of repression and oppression that it had been supposed all enlightened and advanced statesmen had discarded forever. With fifty thousand soldiers in Ireland the Government can enforce its arbitrary edicts as far as force can do this. But when a country has to be occupied throughout by armed soldiery it speaks badly for the country that governs. Who believes that Ireland would be a scene of revolt if

the British Government gave it precisely the sort of government that England herself enjoys? The attitude of the Liberal Ministry is exactly the attitude of Toryism that is wont to govern Ireland as it was governed under Elizabeth and Cromwell. It puts out the tenant by eviction, and it will have to keep an army on hand to keep him out! Aside from the great cost of such an experiment it is very much against the ideas that prevail generally in the more enlightened portions of the world. Passive resistance can beat bayonets at any time if the people are resolved and united. We can but believe that Gladstone made a tremendous mistake when he favored a Coercion law, and then went to work to arrest members of Parliament and others under that law simply because they were exercising free speech without over acts.

We recognize the fact that in a contest between law, however bad, and lawlessness, however provoked by oppression, the former occupies the vantage ground, and this the Premier well understands. In his speech on Thursday he said:

"The point was whether Ireland is to be governed by the laws made by Parliament or by laws known to nobody, and written nowhere, except in the brains of a few persons, and enforced by an illegal arbitrary and self-appointed association, which sought to override by organized attempt the free will of Irishmen."

He has insisted that the Land law was good for Ireland, and would prove an inestimable blessing if tried fairly. He says Ireland asked for the law and now when it has it declares it will not have any of it. Such at least is the attitude of the leaders. This gives him the advantage. Parnell rejects, Gladstone insists upon a trial. Americans will always sympathize with the oppressed. The Irish leaders may go wrong in the way of excess, but Americans know it has been a long struggle between the oppressor and oppressed. Ireland does not favor British rule. Ireland wishes to be free and independent. The true Democrats of the United States—the lovers of liberty—will always hurrah for the weak in the great wrestle with the strong. England under Liberal rule may be willing to do something for the amelioration of Ireland's wrongs, but this ought not to be done by the free use of "tyrannical laws and the bayonet. It is impossible that Southern Democrats shall ever sympathize with bad laws and bad government as against the down-trodden and the despoiled.

The Quarterly Review published on Saturday contains a crushing criticism of the minute research and profound scholarship are brought to bear upon the work, the writer's conclusions being that the revision is full of gross errors, that many emendations adopted are purely conjectural, and that altogether the old translation is still the best. The article is written by one of the most eminent scholars of the day and cannot fail to make a sensation.—Exchange.

Per contra, the celebrated Dean Howson, of the Established Church, and one of the leading Biblical scholars of England and the world, has just published an article in Good Words, entitled "Some advantages and uses of the Revised English New Testament." He says it will be first criticized severely and unjustly, and then it will be adopted. He gives seven reasons for its adoption, but we cannot now state his points for the want of space. We have followed up the discussion in this country and in Great Britain as to the merits of the new revision, and we say this deliberately, and unhesitatingly; the weight of evidence on the part of theologians and Biblical scholars in favor of the new version preponderates very greatly. The main objections have come from literary men or disgruntled scholars who were not of the Commission.

A volume of North Carolina sermons has been printed. We have not seen it. The sermons were preached, with one exception, by members of the North Carolina Conference. The Raleigh Recorder, which, by the way, was never so able in its editorial department as it has been lately, has this to say of the merits of the volume:

"The sermons embraced in this volume are of very different degrees of merit. Most of them are excellent—three or four admirable—the remainder like Jeremiah's. The good are very good, the bad too good to give the pigs."

Tongue or no tongue, Senator Hill is able to speak for two hours with his old impressiveness and point.

Charge Against Massachusetts Militiamen.

[Special dispatch to Philadelphia Times.]

RICHMOND, Va., October 27.—[The State will say editorially to-morrow: "We had wished to say nothing about the behavior of the Ninth Massachusetts Regiment during its stay in Richmond, but as members of that organization have been so

imprudent as to attempt a defense of their bad conduct, which is notorious, and in doing this they have sought to prejudice the whole country against our people, we can but take no longer to test of their lawless acts in this city. Many of them were drunk; some took wagons from their drivers and drove them through the streets; others were served in saloons and refused to pay for what they ate and drank; others refused to pay fare in the street cars; others grossly insulted ladies. Indeed, it was safe for no lady to be on the street. The denial of any of these charges is simply false. These charges were suppressed by the local papers at the time, as the members of the Ninth were guests. Since the agitation of the behavior of the men of this command has begun it is likely that it will not end without a thorough sifting of all the facts in the case.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—Guiteau, the demagogue murderer who fired the deadly shot at President Garfield, is, like Mr. Edmunds, an ultra Republican. He says he was divinely inspired to kill the President in order to reunite the quarrelling factions of the Republican party. Except by this murder, he could not see any other means of keeping the Democracy out of power. So far as can be gathered from their public utterances, Guiteau and Edmunds seem to be about equally irrational regarding the results that might follow from the restoration of the Democracy to the control of the government.—New York Sun, Ind. Dem.

—If any Southern man of prominence has thoroughly eaten humble pie, and earnestly begged pardon of the North for having been "an erring brother," that man is General Longstreet. When he was in New Orleans holding a "fat" Federal position during the dark reconstruction days when Grant attempted to pin that city down to the ground with Federal bayonets, there was no amount of zeal required to enable him to successfully carry out his designs which Gen. Longstreet did not show. Whenever a negro procession was to parade the streets in honor of any event due to the conquest of the South, General Longstreet was always ready to prove his sorrow for his rebellious acts, and, at the same time, to rub salt in the smarting wounds of his white fellow-citizens by riding at the head of the column. And, indeed, so thoroughly was he mixed up with the Kellogg administration, with all its usurpations and infamies, that when the usurper was forced, in fear and trembling, to seek for refuge from the wrath of an indignant people in the United States custom house, General Longstreet fled with him.—Savannah News, Dem.

PERSONAL.

—Liszt is sick with dropsy at Weimar.

—Henry James, Jr., the novelist, is soon to return to America.

—Senator David Davis expects to make a tour of the South after the adjournment of the Senate.

—The Marquis of Lorne goes to England to receive the key of the city of his mother-in-law. A long trip for so small a favor.

—King Humbert, of Italy, is on his way to Vienna and is being received with enthusiasm at the various Austrian towns through which he passes.

—Red-headed Jim Anderson, the accomplished liar of three years ago, was nearly clubbed to death with a pistol butt in Nevada the other day. Virtue is its own reward, in this country, after all.—New Haven Register.

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—About Waco, Texas, the worm is devastating the fields of cotton and grain.

—Another thing: Whiskey was \$1 a drink in Yorktown. What sort of a place is that for a Connecticut Republican to drift to?

—Forty thousand dollars for a building and twenty thousand for a site will be expended for an opera house at Dallas, Texas.

—Said the lecturer: "The roads up these mountains are too steep and rocky for even a donkey to climb; therefore I did not attempt the ascent."—Boston Transcript.

For You, Madam,

Whose complexion betrays some humiliating imperfection, whose eyes are Tanned, Sallow and disfigured in countenance, or who has Eruptions, Redness, Roughness or unwholesome taint of complexion, we say use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is a delicate, harmless and delightful article, producing the most natural and entrancing tints, the artificiality of which no observer can detect, and which soon becomes permanent if the Magnolia Balm is judiciously used.

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Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil, and is simple and cheap External Remedy, and contains all the comparatively rifting oil of eucalypti, and every one suffering with pain will have cheap and positive proof of its claim.

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Prepared by ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Lowville, N. Y.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE CITY OF WILMINGTON, ON WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of NOVEMBER, 1881, at 12 M., unless dispensed with at private sale previously, that Valuable Tract of Land known as CASTLE HAYNES, situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad and the North East River, nine miles from the city of Wilmington, containing eight hundred acres, of which six hundred are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. These lands are admirably adapted for the growth of cotton, corn, potatoes, peanuts, &c.; also for trucking on a large scale and shipping to Northern markets, a depot being on the land. Laid out in quarters, and consists of two comfortable dwelling houses, double houses for laborers, stables for twenty mules, and other buildings. The soil is rich and the lands will be sold on easy terms.

Adjoining this tract are the lands of the Vineyard Company, containing nine hundred and seventy acres, of which about two hundred are cleared, which can be bought if desired, with the above described tract.

For further particulars enquire of the undersigned, who will be pleased to furnish you with any other desired to purchase.

THOS. C. McLENNAN, Agent for the above.

at 211 2nd St. on 3rd St. at Nov 8.

For Sale, TWENTY THOUSAND TONS FERTILIZERS, embracing ACID PHOSPHATE, DISSOLVED BONES, AMMONIATED FERTILIZERS, and GERMAN POTASH SALTS (KALMIT).

I am prepared to offer to the Wholesale and Retail Trade, the above, at different Ports, both North and South, at prices to compare with other Manufacturers. Special offers will be made to meet the views of large buyers.

Address, Manufacturer and Importer Fertilizers, Southern Office, 104 Bay Street, Savannah, Ga. fr su tu

sept 16 60 44m

Land for Sale. WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE Property for sale on accommodating terms, viz: A TRACT OF ABOUT 1800 ACRES, in Pender County situated in the fork of North East River and Turkey Creek, one mile and a half from the W. & W. Railroad, and thirteen miles from Wilmington, on Long Creek Road. There are 80 acres cleared, including 30 acres which have been in cultivation only two years—all in good condition, and well adapted for cotton, corn and other crops; with a new comfortable frame dwelling and other Farm Buildings. The tract abounds with timber, including pine, ash and other timber, and a great abundance of material for composting and fertilizing. The tract will enclose the entire tract, and any of the products can be brought to Wilmington by water on one tide. Also, a TRACT OF ABOUT 2500 ACRES of unimproved Pine Land, in Brunswick County, extending for several miles along the W. & W. Railroad, estimated to be capable of supplying from sixty to one hundred thousand cords of Pine Wood, and containing some swamp land, which, if cleared and ditched, would produce 50 to 75 bushels corn to the acre.

Maps of both tracts may be seen at our office, Oct 5 2nd St. Wm DEBOSSSET & CO.

Aspinwall Bananas. JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMSHIP GULF Stream, some very choice Aspinwall Bananas, Sweet Jamaica Peaches, Apples and Catawba Grapes, Peas, Apples, Chestnuts, &c.

G. G. NORTHROP'S Oct 27 21

Fruit and Confectionery Stores.

Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate Under Decree of Foreclosure.

BY VIRTUE OF AND IN PURSUANCE OF A Judgment of Foreclosure, rendered at the Court House of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, in a certain civil action pending in said Court between said Plaintiff, JAMES H. DARBY, and said Defendants, Rebecca Henderson, Henry Henderson, Henry Brinkley, James Brinkley, Alexander Martin and Lucy Martin, Defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said Court, do hereby offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, in the County and State aforesaid, on MONDAY, the 7th day of November, 1881, the following pieces, parcels or lots of land, to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the southern line of Princess street with the eastern line of Second street; running thence eastwardly along said eastern line of Second street sixty-six (66) feet; thence eastwardly parallel with Princess street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet; thence northwardly parallel with Second street sixty-six (66) feet; thence westwardly along the southern line of Princess street one hundred and twenty-one (121) feet to the beginning.

Also the following piece, parcel or part of lot of LAND, Beginning in the southern line of Princess street at a point one hundred and twenty-one (121) feet eastwardly from its intersection with the eastern line of Second street; running thence eastwardly along said southern line of Princess street thirty-seven (37) feet; thence northwardly parallel with Second street sixty-six (66) feet; thence westwardly parallel with Princess street thirty-two (32) feet; thence northwardly parallel with Second street sixty-six (66) feet to the beginning.

Also the following piece, parcel or part of lot of LAND, Beginning at the intersection of the western line of Third street with the southern line of Princess street; running thence northwardly along said western line of Third street sixty-six (66) feet; thence eastwardly parallel with Princess street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet; thence northwardly parallel with Third street sixty-six (66) feet; thence eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet to the beginning.

All of the above described pieces or parcels of Land being parts of, and together constituting Lot No. 1, block 166, of said city of Wilmington, reference being had to the official plan of said city prepared by James C. Brown, Civil Engineer, and filed in the office of the City Clerk, in the City of Wilmington, in the County and State aforesaid, on the 15th day of August, 1878, under the name of "The Freedmen's Block," and the same being subject to the terms of sale, to-wit: One-third cash, balance of purchase money in four equal installments, payable at six, nine, twelve and fifteen months respectively from the date of sale with interest thereon at eight per cent. per annum, for which the notes of the purchaser or purchasers are to be given with approved security.

FRANK H. DARBY, Commissioner.

This 1st day of October, 1881.

Oct 2 21 18

WILMINGTON, N. C. WITH THE Great Forepaugh Show SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, Seventeenth Annual Tour! POSITIVELY THE LARGEST TENTED EXHIBITION IN THE WORLD! CIRCUS IN TWO RINGS! 1500 BEASTS, BIRDS AND TRAINED ANIMALS!

THREE GREAT RAILWAY TRAINS! PAVILIONS COVER ACRES! MAMMOTH MENAGERIE, TRAINED WILD BEAST SHOW, AND WORLDS FAIR GATHERING OF EARTH'S LIVING WONDERS! JUST ADDED, 20 Trained Reason-Gifted Stallions! Trick Horses and Ponies! First Appearance here of the Old World's latest surprising sensation, the great Selbini and Villion Troupe Gymnastic Bicyclers!

Illustration of a circus scene with animals and people.

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Beginning at the intersection of the northern line of Campbell street in an easterly direction seven feet from the intersection of Campbell and Third streets, and runs thence along the northern line of Campbell street in an easterly direction seventy-eight feet; thence northwardly parallel with Third street sixty-six feet; thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street seventy-eight feet; thence southwardly parallel with Third street sixty-six feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, in Block 238, according to the plan of the Town of Wilmington as surveyed by L. C. Turner.

FRANK H. DARBY, Referee and Commissioner.

This 1st day of October, 1881.

Oct 2 18

S. S. S. This Great Specific Cures that loathsome disease, SYPHILIS, Whether in its Primary, Secondary or Tertiary stage. Remove all traces of Mercury from the system. Cures Scrofula, Old Sores, Rheumatism, Eczema, Catarrh, or any Blood Disease.

Hear the Witnesses. Cures when Hot Springs Fail. We have cases in our town who lived at Hot Springs, and were finally cured with S. S. S. McLANE, N. C.

Memphis, Tenn., May 12, 1881. We have sold 1,300 bottles of S. S. S. a year. It has given universal satisfaction. Fair minded physicians now recommend it as a positive specific. S. MANSFIELD & CO., Louisville, Ky., May 13, 1881. S. S. S. has given better satisfaction than any medicine I have ever sold. J. A. FENNER, Dallas, Texas, May 14, 1881. I have seen S. S. S. used in the primary, secondary and tertiary stages, and in each with the most wonderful effect. It is the only medicine that I know of falling out in a very short time. I advise all sufferers to take it and be cured. W. H. WATSON, Druggist, Washington, D. C., May 15, 1881. S. S. S. has given better satisfaction than any medicine we have ever sold. SCRIBNER & STEVENS, Druggist, Denver, Col., May 2, 1881. Every purchaser speaks in the highest terms of S. S. S. You can refer anybody to us in regard to the merits of S. S. S. Perry, Ga., October, 1880. We have known Swift's S. S. S. specific used in a great number of cases, many of them old and obstinate, and in each with the most wonderful effect to make a permanent cure when taken properly. W. DENKMAN, Dr. W. DENKMAN, Dr. MOORE & TETTER, Dr. T. M. BURMAN, Sheriff, I am acquainted with the gentleman whose signature appears to the foregoing. They are men of high character and standing. A. H. COLTRUP, Governor of Georgia.

Zula, the Female Blondin. At each exhibition Wheeling a Baby over 100 lbs. Wire 100 feet in Mid-Air. Riding a Wheelbarrow over a High Wire 100 feet above the heads of the audience.

Loyal, the Man-Meteor. BLOWN FROM A CANNON. Trained Giraffe Performing Lions, Tigers and other animals. Behemoth, Unicorn, Sea Lion, a wilderness of rare animals and birds.

Grandest Pageant Ever beheld upon the streets of an American city. The beautiful Oriental Romance of LALLA ROOKEH. Illustrating her departure from Delhi. Now produced for the first time in America. \$3000 expended for this marvelous, moving panorama. Behemoth, Unicorn, Sea Lion, a wilderness of rare animals and birds. For appearing in this pageant during the season she receives the princely sum of \$10000 in appreciation of every where being acknowledged the LOVELIEST Lady in the land.

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