THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 50 per year, \$1 00 for six months, cents for three months. ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One

one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$34 60; six months, \$40.00; twelve months, \$60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet-ings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates. Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion. An extra charge will be made for double-column All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as

Remiitances must be made by Check, Draft Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept

able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract Advertisers should always specify the issue of

issues they desire to advertise in. Where no is sue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, Nov. 20, 1881.

A VERY STRONG GOVERNMENT.

Whatever other effect the speech

of Emperor William, of Germany, may have it appears to have produced a very unfavorable effect upon the Liberals, and to have been heard without the faintest demonstration of satisfaction in the Reichstag. The policy of Bismarck has not always been agreeable to the Emperor, but he has been able to secure his ends by resigning. The old Emperor could not do without the services of the ablest statesman Germany ever produced, and, with the exception of Count Cayour, of Italy, doubtless the ablest statesman of Europe during the century. The result has been that the Emperor yielded and the Minister remained in office. The recent disgust of Bismarck at the readiness with which his friends were beaten in the elections caused him to resign again, and with a similar result. The Emperor assumes the responsibility of measures that are distasteful extremely to a majority of the German people, and thus shields Bismarck to some extent from the censure his course was calculated to excite. The people would receive his resignation with most marked equanimity, we have no doubt.

It is now reported that the wily and able Chancellor is not in despair of controlling a majority of the Reichstag. The Conservatives and Clericals will control 185 votes, and Bismarck is suspected of manœuvering so as to get control. There are some four or five parties in the body and they are not agreed among themselves as to certain lines of policy. It is thought that they may so split up as to enable Bismarck to hold a majority. But this is speculative merely. Americans as a class, know but very little of German politics or the real structure of the Government. A man in Germany has less liberty in 1881 than an Englishman enjoyed during the reign of the Tudors. We find an instructive paragraph in the New York Sun in regard to the German Parliamentary system. We copy a part:

of a Prime Minister in other parliamentary ernments. Indeed, the political regime of the German empire is not a parliamentary government in the modern sense. There is nothing corresponding to it in the present century, but the role of the Reichstag is precisely analogous to that of the English Parliament in Tudor times. The Tudor sovereigns never recognized the right of the Legislature to interfere with the executive department, the functions of the House of

German Empire has sacrificed by its own hand much of the influence which an English House of Commons exerted, even under Tudor Kings, through its power over the purse. The amount of revenue assignable to the army and navy has been irre-vocably fixed in advance for a term of years, and thus the material force at the command of Bismarck cannot during that period be lessened an iota by any political change. It has always been improbable, therefore, either that Bismarck would resign his office of Chancellor, and that his master would accept such a resignation, merely because the elections for the Reich stag had failed to result precisely as they

There can be no greater mistake than to suppose that the British Government of to-day is as oppressive as any of the Continental Monarchies. It is the most liberal and progressive of all the Kingdoms of the world, and whilst there are still existing abuses that need rectification, there has been immense progress in behalf of the people since the year 1830. We advise all who would understand this to read MacKensie's "History of the Nineteenth Century." He was a Scotchman who died during the year. It is short, but excellent. . It can be bought in good readable form for some twenty cents. A larger and more interesting work still is Justin McCarthy's "History of Our Own Times." He brings it down to a year or two back. This, too, can be bought in cheap form. Both works are very instructive and entertaining.

DORSEY.

No sane and informed man in the country doubts for a moment that the Star Route thieves are guilty. The evidence published day after day in the New York Times was of the most damning character, and fixed guilt unmistakably upon Brady, Dorsey and Company. But somehow the government managed to be defeated in its attempts to bring the "genteel rascals" to punishment. There are damaging rumors afloat that it was a fixed-up job to get the varlets off. But whether this be so or not the fact of the guilt of the rascals remains. There is new evidence of a specific kind against Dorsey. A man by the name of Jennings has come to Washington to tell what he knows about Dorsey and the routes in Montana. There are hundreds of other sub-contractors, it is affirmed, who could tell similar stories of rascality.

It seems Dorsey had one route in Montana about three hundred miles in length. The schedule required three trips weekly, eighty-four hours was the time allowed, and the pay \$22,000. Dorsey sub-let this contract for \$10,000 a year-profits \$12,000. But this was not all. He got the time reduced to sixty hours; increase of pay \$13,000, but gave none to Jennings. The latter failed often to make the trip in time. He was fined time and again, and he lost \$10,000 clear. This is one specimen. Next.

And yet these plunderers will get off and the only punishment they will ever receive will be the exposures that may be visited upon them through the press and the bad opinion of good people. But rascals do not consider this any great punishment as long as they can enjoy their ill-gotten gains.

MORE CONCERNING TOTE.

Mr. Edward J. Hale, in a recent letter in the Charlotte Home and Democrat, refers to what we said concerning the good old English word tote, it being as old as the "father of English poetry" who uses it in the sense it is used in the South. He quotes from Worcester's latest edition as follows:

"Tote, v. a. To carry; to bear; to lead; to sum up. A provincial, local, and negro word; perhaps from Latin, totto, to lift up, to raise; -or from a. s. totian, to lift up, to See Tott. 'A colloquial word, used in the Southern States.' - Witherspoon. is strictly a negro word, and used primarily in the sense of, to bear or carry on the head. —Dr. P. Lindley. 'I have frequently heard a negro inquire, 'Shall I tote this horse to the water.'"—Piskey Thompson. 'I have frequently heard, in Lincolnshire, Eng., the phrase, 'Come, tote it up, and tell me what it comes to.'"—Piskey Thomp-

We copy this because it shows that Worcester and Webster, and their numerous assistants and editors, are ignorant of the fact that tote is an English word as old as Chaucer, and that Lindley and Thompson, quoted by Worcester, were ignorant of what they were writing about. It And here we must bear in mind that his position is essentially different from that here scholars use it and it is never best scholars use it, and it is never employed in the sense Thompson supposes. We have never seen the word used correctly by a Northern writer. They misapprehend its mcan-

ing invariably.

Mr. Hale says interestingly: "Now, Mr. Piskey Thompson, who was in his day a learned Englishman and bookseller in Washington city, must have been mistaken about the first of his examples.

strictly negro word," and thought | faithful men and women-are suc that it was in use in the South in the sense of leading and not as bearing a

There are two noticeable things that have occurred recently in two of the old European Kingdoms. In France there is a movement on foot to get the schools from under the control of the Church. Paul Bert is Minister of Public Instruction in the new Gambetta Ministry. He has a project to secularize the primary schools. In the old iron-bound monarchy of Spain there is a small class who are struggling in the same direction. Only a few days ago we were informed by telegraph that the eloquent Emilio Castelar had made a very strong speech against the extreme Catholic influence at work in Spain. Castelar is a thorough Republican and the greatest orator of the Spanish-speaking race now living. His chief point was the influence of the Church in repressing education. He approved heartily of the action of the Minister of Public Instruction in giving self-government to the Universities and removing prohibitory restrictions aimed at scholars out of the Roman Catholic Church. The events are worthy of remark.

The North is afflicted with another 'Literary fellow" who is suffering from the curse of infidelity or worse. A Mr. John White Chadwick has published a book entitled "The Man fesus." This writer, not content with writing a book to discredit all the claims of the Saviour of the world, is pleased to declare that no man who is "honest, thoughtful and intelligent" can hold that the New Testament is inspired. When a fellow goes into a great library and sees the thousands of learned and able works written by the most scholarly men of the world and in various ages, who set up this very claim, it requires a very large amount of | They should be put 'where they will "cheek" to allow even a John White Chadwick to indulge in the nonsense of this book. We are forced to ask if he is "honest, thoughtful and intelligent?"

Arthur is playing in self-defence bluff-game. He cannot stand the officious advisers from the South who propose to help him run "the machine." One Sypher-of fragrant memory-visited the President to ask for an interview for certain Louisiana Republicans. The following is the account of what happened:

"The purpose was to insist that a South ern Republican be made Postmaster Gene ral. The President, in reply to Sypher's bland suggestion and inquiry, said, with singular naivete, that, of course, the Southern gentlemen, whom he would greet most gladly would not dream of making suggestions about the personal matter of selecting members of his political family. 'Of course not,' hesitatingly answered the nonplussed Mr. Sypher, who was thus mildly ciphered out."

North Carolina Stalwarts should catch the cue or they may be reduced to the condition of a Sypher.

The Philadelphia Press, an able Republican organ, says "the most important question at present before the country is that of tariff revision.' True, O, Press, and no abolition of internal revenues will be made that the Protectionists may have it in their power to prevent a reform in the Morrill war tariff, that is as full of sin as an inflated balloon is of gas. Readjust the tariff and cut down the internal revenue tax is the slogan of victory for the people. Do you see?

There is a reported revolt against the Cameron Clan in Pennsylvania. Some twenty-five leading Stalwarts have met and organized against the Bosses, and their purpose is to capture the next State Convention if possible. It will require tremendous effort, honesty of purpose, and pertinacity of will. The sign is favorable. All lovers of honest government and freedom for the citizen will wish God-speed to the efforts.

A Note from the County Superinten-

dent. EDITOR STAR :- It is to be regretted that the eloquent words upon the subject of education, which are continually glowing in the STAR, do not reach the class most to be benefited thereby. It is that large class of parents who are indifferent about the education of their children that we wish to get at. This is to be best done, I think, by direct personal appeal to the child and the parents themselves, by showing them how degrading wilful neglect in this matdepartment, the functions of the House of Commons being practically limited to the supply of ways and means, and to petitions for the redress of grievances. The Ministers of Henry VIII., of Mary, and of Elizabeth held office by virtue of the royal will, and were not in the least dependent on the support of majorities in the House of Commons. Just such is the position of Bismarck in the German smpire. He holds his office of Chancellor by the flat of the Kaiser, and even in the case of his assistants has persistently repudiated the principle of a Ministry accountable to the majority of the Reichstag. Indeed, the

cessfully at their work. Respectfully,

I. JOHNSTON, County Superintendent. Castle Haynes, Nov. 17, 1881.

STALWART PROGRAMME.

The Electoral Votes of the South to be Captured by Giving Offices to White Republicans-No Democrats or Negroes Need Apply.

The Washington Repablican, the Stalwart organ, publishes the followng interview with a "well-known Southern Republican": "What effect will the success of

Mahone in Virginia have?" "If President Arthur will give the proper and legitimate aid of the Administration to the Republicans of the South, it will result in giving us in 1884 the electoral votes of Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina, with ten Republican Senators and fifty Representatives in Con-

"What do you mean by 'proper and legitimate aid?"

"I mean just the aid that has been given other States. If, Massachusetts and Ohio had been treated for the last eight years as the South has been, they would have been reliably Democratic. Why look, with one-fifth of the population, polling one-fourth of the Republican vote and half our vote suppressed, we have only had one member of the Cabinet in eight years, and his chief business is to regulate the brass buttons and gold lace upon the coats of the leaders of the ferman in Washington society. Of chiefs of bureaus in the treasury we had one under Hayes and two now; of ten in the interior we had none; of six in the postoffice we had none, our only representative being in the department of justice. Of assistant chiefs we had even fewer, having one in the treasury and none anywhere else; and so it is through all the official grades.

"What should be done?" "There should be two live, active, brainy Southern Republicans in the Cabinet. Men who know the South and have the courage to do what is right. Young and vigorous men. do the most good -as postmaster general and attorney general, and as the Republican party wants recruits from natives of the South-not because we have not votes enough, but because we cannot get them fairly countedone of these Cabinet Ministers should be a native Southerner so that it will be known that to be born South is not a bar to promotion in the Republican party. We want the Attorney General, because in the last six years at least one hundred Southern Democrats have violated the election laws to the extent of having laid themselves liable to the penitentiary, and none of them have been punished. We want an Attorney General who will select men as District Attorneys and Marshals who are not afraid or ashamed to do their duty.

"As the negroes largely predominate in the Republican party, would you give the other places to them?" "No; it took six hundred years of Magna Charta, and one hundred years of our own free institutions to make the Anglo-Saxon the leading race of the world, and the negro will require at least three or four generations of liberty and education to entitle him to a seat among the rulers.

CURRENT COMMENT.

---The immense power embodied in one man by force of circumstances was never more clearly illustrated than in the United States Senate last week when President Arthur sent in the name of an ex-Confederate for postmaster at Lynchburg, one of the largest cities of Virginia, thereby displacing a crippled Union soldier. This appointment was made at the demand of Senator Mahone, and the majority of the Republicans concur with him that it is necessary to establish beyond all doubt the fact that he, and not the Republicans of his State, has the disposition of Federal patronage in Virginia. It was a singular proceeding on the part of the Senate and almost without precedent, the displacement of a Union soldier opposed by Democrats and insisted upon by Republicans, for the Democrats voted against his confirmation and fillibustered by moving to adjourn when the name came up. The office has for twelve years been held by this crippled Union soldier.— World and Citizen-Soldier, Rep.

— Politicians are expected by their supporters to be always ready to help any hungry adventurer, who has voted the winning ticket, to whatever he chooses to ask for. From the proud Senator down to the petty gambler in ward election returns all are expected to be zealous and expert spoilsmen. The influence of this corrupting system permeates every branch of the public service. It promotes vulgar traffic among the lowest subordinates, such as that recently disclosed in the Treasury Department, where petty larceny has been for a long time practiced in connection with the furnishing of supplies. Without such a system and the easy facilities it affords for frauds on a gigantic scale, the corruptions in the War and Navy Departments under Grant, and of the Post Office Department under Hayes, would have been impossible. - American Register,

The fellow who, by mistake, sent his auburn-haired sweetheart instead of a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup a bottle of hairdye, wants to know the best way to commit



RHEUMATISM

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains.

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as sufe, sure, simple and cheap External Remaily. trial entails but the comparatively r ifling outlay 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages, OLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN

MEDICINE A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A. je 10 D&W1y

Neuralgia, Sprains,

Pain in the Back and Side.

There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of Perry Davis'

This remedy is not a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat to avoid danger of explosion, nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.

Pain Killer has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, it never fails. It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most inexperienced. The record of cures by the use of PAIN KILLER would fill volumes. The following extracts from letters received show what those who have tried it think:

Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says:

About a year since my wife became subject to severe suffering from rheumatism. Our resort was to the PAIN KILLER, which speedily walkered here. Charles Powell writes from the Sailors' Home, London:

I had been afflicted three years with neuralgia and violent spasms of the stomach. The doctors at Westminster Hospital gave up my case in despair. I tried your PAIN KILLER, and it gave me immediate relief. I have regained my strength, and am now able to follow my usual occupation.

occupation.

G. H. Walworth, Saco, Me., writes:

I experienced immediate relief from pain in
the side by the use of your Pain Killer. E. York says:

I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism, and have received great benefit.

Barton Seaman says:

Have used PAIN KILLER for thirty years, and have found it a never-failing remedy for rheumatism and lameness.

rheumatism and lameness.

Mr. Burditt writes:

It never fails to give relief in cases of rheumatism.

Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes:

From actual use, I know your Pain Killer is the best medicine I can get.

All druggists keep PAIN KILLER. Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle. PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors

Providence, R. I.

For Sale,

TWENTY THOUSAND TONS FERTILIZERS

ACID PHOSPHATE, DISSOLVED BONES,

AMMONIATED FERTILIZERS, GERMAN POTASH SALTS (KAEMIT)

I am prepared to offer to the Wholesale and Retail Trade, the above, at different Ports, both North and South, at prices to compete with other Manufacturers. Special offers will be made to meet the views of large buyers.

PERRY M. DELEON Manufacturer and Importer Fertilizers, 57 Broadway, N. Y outhern Office, 104 Bay Street, Savannah, Ga. sept 16 eod4m

Porto Rico Molasses.

Hhds. 250

STRICTLY PRIME

Porto Rico Molasses, For sale by

Williams & Murchison Salt. Salt.

1000 SACKS, VARIOUS KINDS, In store and to arrive, at WILLARDS, North Water Street.

Powder. Powder. 100 KEGS ALL GRADES

HAZARD POWDER. WILLARDS, North Water Street.

By Express.

SPANISH LACE TIES,
SPANISH LACE FICHUS,
LAWN AND SILK TIES,
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.
A second supply of CORALINE CORSETS, the
best One Dollar Corset ever sold.
nov 1 tf JNO. J. HEDRICK.

Gill Flower Apples. JUST IN. SOME VERY FINE GILL FLOWER

or Lady Finger Apples, Duchess Pears, Malaga Grapes of first grade, Prunes, Figs, Citron, &c. Fresh Cocoa-Nut Candy made to-day, At S. G. NORTHROP'S nov 17 tf Fruit and Confectionery Stores. FRESH ARRIVALS, &c.

HORSERADISH IN ROOTS, BEETS, GERMAN Mixed and Loose Pickles, Spiced Tripe, very fine; New Currants, Citron, Preserved Giuger, Flavoring Extracts, very fine Rock Candy, by the box or on retail; Dry and Pickled Fish koe; fine Mackerel, and lots of other Goods. Roasted and Ground Coffee at 12%c. Call and see at 25 and 28 South Front Street.

1. VOLLERS.

的复数公司的证明的证明的证明 Fifty

Choice Mullets,

Bbls.

Adrian & Vollers,

FOR SALE BY

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Cor. Front and Dock Sts. ROSENTHAL'S.

Boots and Shoes.

32 MARKET STREET.

CALL AT ROSENTHAL'S AND EXAMINE THE

Fine Stock of Boots and Shoes. Shoes for the Ladies.

Shoes for the Gentlemen. Boots for the Men. Boots for the Boys.

Shoes for the Misses. Shoes for the Babies. Boots and Shoes for the Million.

All at the lowest prices. Gents' Fine Hand-Made Shoes a Specialty.

CORNICE, PLAIN AND EXTENSION.

Furniture Fringes. Crum Cloths,

ALL SIZES. Oil Cloths, ALL WIDTHS.

The largest stock of CLOAKS, DOLLMANS. JACKETS, ULSTERS and ULSTER CLOTHS in

Respectfully. R. M. McINTIRE

Bargains at Stevenson's

GOOD SWEET POTATOES, 60c per bushel. 100 ORANGES for \$1.75.

Delivered to any part of the city. Beautiful BACON STRIPS, SHOULDERS and HAMS. Prices reduced to correspond with de

Four Hundred CHICKENS must be sold to-day

Have made arrangements to run an extra dray or delivery for accommodation of customers.

J. C. Stevenson,

Bagging and Ties. 1000 Whole and Half Rolls BAGGING 3000 Bundles New and P'cd TIES.

Bacon, Coffee, Sugar. 200 Boxes Smoked and Dry Salted SIDES

 $\overline{250}$ Bags COFFEE, different grades, 200°_{000} Bbls SUGARS, Granulated, Standard A, Extra C and C, 1000°_{000} Bbls FLOUR, all grades,

100 Tubs Choice LEAF LARD, 75 Bbls and Boxes Fresh CAKES, 50 Boxes Assorted CANDY. 100 Boxes Selected CREAM CHEESE,

Potash, Lye, Soda

100 Boxes Ball POTASH, 200 Boxes LYE, 100 Boxes and Kegs Soda,

150 Boxes SOAP, 75 Half Bbls and Boxes SNUFF, 75 Dozen BUCKETS, 150 Reams Wrapping PAPER,

Hoop Iron, Nails, Hay, Oats, Randolph Yarns and Sheetings, For sale low by WILLIAMS & MURCHISON.

New River Mullets. 150 Bbls. NEW MULLETS,

300 DOZ. LARGE ROE,

HAŁL & PEARSALL

Lime. Lime.

FRESH AND IN GOOD ORDER.

WORTH & WORTH

RICE.

For sale by

Dan Talmage's Sons & Co., CHARLESTON, S. C.,

New York, Savannah, New Orleans, RICE BEING OUR SPECIALTY, HANDLING no other article, Shippers will receive our entire

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 8th, 1881. THE FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldor Railroad Company will be held at the Office of said Company, in Wilmington, on Tuesday, the nov 9 tdm Review copy. J. W. THOMPSON, Secretary WILMINGTON, COLUMB. & AUGUSTA R.R. CO.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 8th, 1881. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK holders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company will be held at the (ffice of the President of said Company, in Wilmington, on Tuesday, the 22d inst., at 12 o'clock M.

J. W. THOMPSON,

Review copy. Secretary.

For Sale,

A FINE TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING, of at Whiteville, N. C. Good water and necessary acres, in high state of cultivation, and is desira bly situated in the village. Will be sold on favorable terms. Address A. PRIDGEN, Peacocks, N. C.

PURCELL HOUSE. UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,

Wilmington, N. C. B. L. Perry, Proprietor. First Class in all its appointments. Terms \$2.50 to \$3.00 per day.

Atkinson & Manning's Insurance Rooms, BANK OF NEW HANOVER BUILDING.

Wilmington, N. C. Fire, Marine and Life Companies. Aggregate Capital Represented Over \$100,000,000

Fire Insurance. IVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE OF ENG

Assets over \$30,000,000 00. Agricultural, of New York—Assets \$1,261,731 (0) Virginia Fire & Marine, of Richmond, Assets over \$600,000 00. Rochester German, of New York, Assets \$501,687 00.

Merchants & Mechanics, of Richmond. Assets \$323,534 00. Columbus Insurance & Banking Co., of Mississippi, JNO. W. GORDON & BRO., Agents, tf 24 North Water St

COTTON CARDING AND SPINNING
Machinery For Sale. Complete system
(now running), comprising Kitson Opener, Kitson
Spreader, 12 Worker and Stripper Cards, 30 inches;
2 Drawing Frames, Higgins' Slubber, 64 spindles;
Providence M. Co. Slubber, 80 spindles: 2 Higgins'
Speeders, 112 spindles each: Providence Speeder,
152 spindles; 29 Ring Spinning Frames, 4276 spindles; Reels, Warp Mills, Spoolers, etc. Will be
sold in lots to suit purchasers. Address

JOHN G. DIVINE,
oct 28 26t

Thompson & Division sts., Phila.

MAPLEWOOD INSTITUTE for young ladies and gentlemen, 18 miles west of Philadelphia, located on the Philadelphia & Baltimore Central R. R. Courses of Study English, Scientific and Classical. Students prepared for U. S. Naval and Military Academies and the best American Colleges. A thorough Chemical department. Reading taught by a first-class Elocutionist. Penman thin by a Professor, master of the beauties of the ship by a Professor, master of the beauties of the art. A home like department for little boys. It instructors. Joseph Shortlege (Yale College) A. M., Principal, Concordville, Del. co., Pa. au 3-3m

The best of Wines, Liquors, Lager Beer and Cigars.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS DAY AND NIGHT.

Corner Second and Princess Sts. oct 4:1

North Carolina House

JOHN D. STELLJES, Proprietor.

Bank of New Hanover. Authorized Capital. \$1,000,000

\$300,000

Surplus Fund,

Cash Capital paid in,

DIRECTORS: JOHN DAWSON, C. M. STEDMAN, G. W. WILLIAMS ISAAC BATES, DONALD MCRAE, JAS. A. LEAB, H. VOLLERS, F. RHEINSTEIN,

CHAS. M. STEDMAN, President

ISAAC BATES, Vice President.

S. D. WALLACE, Cashier. ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS Security Against Fire. THE NORTH CAROLINA

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C. This Company continues to write Policies at fair rates, on all classes of insurable property.
All losses are promptly adjusted and paid. The "HOME" is rapidly growing in public favor, and appeals, with confidence, to insurers of property in North Carolina.

Agents in all parts of the State.

JOHN GATLING, President.

W. S. PRIMROSE, Secretary.

PULASKI COWPER, Supervisor.

ATKINSON & MANNING, AGENTS, aug 1-2m

Wilmington, N. C. This Company continues to write Policies at

Lowell Machine Shop, Lowell, Mass.

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

COTTON MACHINERY Of most Approved Patterns and with Recent Improvements.

1500 Barrels of Lime, Paper Machinery TURBINE WHEELS.

> Shafting and Gearing, Hydraulic Presses and Pumps, Elevators, &c.

PLANS FOR COTTON AND PAPER MILLS. C. L. HILDRETH, Sup't, LOWELL, MASS.

WM. A. BURKE, Treas., 28 State Street, Boston. Attention, Citizens!

HENRY C. PREMPERT, personally in attend ance at his Fashionable Shaving and Hair Dressing Saloon, No. 9 South Front, Wilmington, N. C. None but First Class Workmen employed.
Tonics, Oils, Renovators, Shampoo Lotions, Dyes, Cosmetics, &c., of his own manufacture always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed. se its attention, and selection of best markets made

