ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$300; five days, \$350; one week, \$400; two weeks, \$650; three weeks \$850; one month, \$1000; two months, \$1700; three months, \$2400; six months, \$4000; twelve months, \$6000. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet-ngs, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents pe line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for No advertisements inserted in Local Column a

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re spect. Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements

one dollar per square for each insertion. An extra charge will be made for double-column Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Remiitances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract

Advertisers should always specify the issue of ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no is sue is named the advertisement will be inserted. in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C. FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 19, 1882.

EVENING EDITION

"STUDIES IN THE SOUTH."

Such is the title of a very sensible, moderate, and in the main correct series of papers that is appearing in the Atlantic Monthly. We have referred approvingly to these papers before. They are incomparably the kindest and most discriminating discussions of our great section that we have seen since the war. We marvel at the fact that a New Englander should have seen so correctly and written so fairly. There is no virus in the four numbers that have thus far appeared. The spirit of the articles is excellent and the general results of observation are much in accord with the facts. The author has not viewed the South from either a partisan or sectional standing-point, but he has swept over several States, and we have no doubt has given an accurate statement based upon personal observation. We regret he did not stop for a few weeks in North Carolina. He viewed Virginia and then dashed via Greensboro further South. We hope he will visit our State before he completes his series and give North Carolina a fair hearing. If he will visit our immense fisheries, at one of which 600,000 fish were caught at one draught of the seine, then see our cotton and tobacco lands, our rice fields and factories, our immense mineral deposits and forests, our wonderful water power and fruit sections, our diversified and magnificent scenery, and will then tell all about it he will prove himself a very true friend as well as a very useful citizen.

glance at a few of the many points in his last very instructive paper in the June number. First, he points to "a great Southern industry." Reader, you cannot guess in an hour what it is that demands a long paragraph from this close New England "chiel" who has been "amang" us "takin hotes." Well, it is the dog crop. There now. This sharp observer says but for the dogs sheepraising and wool-growing would be very profitable. He says the rearing of dogs "is always incompatible" with those other industries. gravely remarks of dogs: "I did not find anything else, I think, that can be attributed to the South generally." In the dog business he thinks our section decidedly "solid." He has been moved by the unanimity of sentiment and the universal prevalence of the dog. He says "the popular devotion to the rearing of dogs recalls the animal worship of the. ancient Egyptians." He does not understand it. He did not ascertain that dogs were profitable, but still they are increasing with extreme rapidity. Even so. There is too much | the few counties around Raleigh "nigger in the wood-pile" for politi- | from taking possession. If it con-

We must content ourselves with a

cal health and too much dog in the sheep walks for profit from wool producing and sheep raising. The New Englander says of the univer-

"They occupy a place of such prominence in the general life of the South, and so dominate public sentiment and influence public morality, that one is constantly inclined to the conviction that their rearing and care must be among the most important and valuable pursuits of the people."

The dog mania has held possession in the South from immemorial time. The sheep have no friends in the sunny land. The legislators cannot get together, like the two characters in "Mascot," and sing "sheep, I love." It is all dog with the Solons and no sheep save when dinnertime comes. Then, like their friends, the dogs, they become most voracious, and show that they have a mighty hankering after mutton. He shows what is doing in some sections in sheep raising in spite of bad laws or the want of proper fostering.

There is one other point we wil touch upon and leave other mat-l ters until another day. He writes about grape growing and the production of wines in Virginia and Georgia. He ought to visit North Carolina. Here is the home of the grape. It was in this State that the most luscious grapes on the Continent were found by the early explorers and settlers. It is here that the Concord, the Isabella, the Catawba, the Scuppernong, and other deightful varieties, are indigenous.

Referring to the practical spirit abroad in the South, and the excellent service the newspapers are doing for the various industries, this wideawake New England writer gives the following advice and warning. He says:

"Some of the most intelligent agricul-turists of our country are in the Southern States. There is, however, a greater disposition to look to the national government for aid to agriculture than is wholesome or desirable. The prosperity of the Southern people will be more real and durable if they depend upon themselves. The more fully ies of the neonle (as seell as then educational institutions and activities) can be kept free from the entanglements of partisan politics, the better it will be for the interests of all concerned.'

These are wise words; let us profit

To publish the best newspapers re uires immense patronage. The un questioned excellence of the leading New York papers is based on the wide field at their command and the large receipts for advertising. The Herald has a net income of half a million yearly, and Jim Bennett spends much of this in doing nothing but idling and dawdling and trying to kill time. The other big papers have large resources and receipts, and hence they are able to procure the very best available newspaper talent and experience and to create a net work of correspondents throughout this country and indeed the world. A paper with an income of a million ought to be better than a paper with an income of a hundred thousand dollars. A paper with an income of fifty thousand has great advantages over one with but an income of twenty thousand. And so the rule will apply to still more limited resources. The Baltimore Day discusses the superior resources of the New York dailies intelligently. A correspondent wishes to know why the Baltimore dailies do not equal the New York dailies. The reply is full and complete, and we quote a paragraph.

'The reason that New York papers have the income which makes almost any expense in procuring the freshest news and the ablest journalists almost a matter of indifference to them, is to be found in the liberal support given them by the business men of that city. This works doubly for the building up of these journals—first, by giving them the revenue necessary to the production of a really first-rate newspaper, and by allowing them to retain the space in which to attractively present the news so as to give their readers the worth of their money, and thereby deserve and secure an enormous circulation.

We notice that the State Democratic Executive Committee of Georgia have laid down a law of limitation in the matter of delegates to the approaching State Convention. A few counties adjacent to the capital will not be allowed to send from fifty to two hundred delegates to prevent a proper organization and proper deliberation thereafter. The rule adopted is-each county may send twice the number of delegates that there are representatives in the Legislature. This is enough surely. The North Carolina Legislature consists of 170 members. It strikes us a convention of 340 members is large enough. We would rather see 170 delegates than double that number. Large bodies are unwieldy. The Raleigh News-Observer says the State Committee will issue another circular as to the number of delegates, &c. It ought to do something to prevent

tinues there will be a general movement to have the State Convention assemble elsewhere.

There is some awakening as to first principles even in the North. The able work of ex-President Davis and the earnest protests of such men as Judge Black, James Parton and other leaders of thought are having a certain influence in drawing men's attention to the grand fundamentals of popular liberty and a true democratic government-a government of the people and by the people and for the people. Some of the Northern papers, such as the New York Sun, New Haven Register, Washington Register, and Harrisburg Patriot, have been discussing the true principles of our government and the dangers that threaten it. The following from the last named paper is timely. It says:

"The Jeffersonian revival which spreading over the country gives profound concern to many of the self-styled independent journals as well as to the organs of the miscalled Republican party. Both profess to regard it as reactionary, and the epithet of 'Bourbon' is as freely applied to it by one class as by the other. The difficulty of these journals is that their editors are educated in the Federal school of poli tics and either have no conception of the true Republicanism preached and practiced Thomas Jefferson, or, if comprehending they hate and despise it because of its thoroughly Democratic character. They have no faith in the capacity of the people for self-government, and long for the day when the powers reserved in the Federal Constitution to the States and the people shall be exercised without let or hindrance by a central authority at Washington. Another portion of the press antagonizes the new Jeffersonism simply because it has been carried along by the tide which has swept our institutions toward consolidation during and since the rebellion.

The declinature of Dr. Haygood reduced the number of newly elected Bishops to four. There are but two of the old Bishops, McTyeire and Keener, who are able to do full work. Bishops Pierce and Kavanaugh do but little. Bishop Paine has been relieved of duty because of advanced age and infirmities. So there are but six Bishops to supervise the vast work stretching from ocean to ocean and even into Mexico. The STAR said an effort would be made to change the name. A report has been made to get rid of the word South, and give the word Methodist a more emphatic position-Episcopal Methodist instead of Methodist Episcopal. It is a wonder that the change was not made long ago. A resolution complaining of the doctrinal teaching of the American Bible Society has been introduced. The complaint is that Calvinism is taught in the Spanish version. The Baptists of the South took a tilt also at the same Society in their recent Convention held at Greenville, S. C. So between these two great bodies that number more than all the other denominations together the Bible Society is in danger of faring badly.

We are delighted to know that Manone is losing ground in Virginia. The Stalwart Administration is moving to his support, but nevertheless his influence is said to be waning. We see it mentioned that the Front Royal Readjuster and the Bland Court House South and West have abandoned his standard. The man who endeavors to revolutionize his native State by repudiating honest debts and by stigmatizing the purest and best people is unworthy of pub lic confidence. The Confederate General who for the meanest party purposes can combine with the traducers and enemies of Virginia and the South to brand with condemnation his former companions in arms, is not worthy of countenance, but richly merits the censure he receives.

The very remarkable weather during the last thirty days has had a very unfavorable effect upon crop pros. pects. In many parts of the State, as we learn from our exchanges, the cold weather has necessitated the ploughing up of much of the cotton and replanting. The same condition of things exists in South Carolina and other States.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- Both the tariff conventions of the barons, held last year at Chicago and New York, declared with emphasis that the protected manufacturers must have "more protection." That means heavier taxation. That means more injustice, more bullying, more robbery. There is no "malicious falsehood" about this. The Ways and Means Committee has now in its hands, ready to be sprung on the House, a bill very largely increasing the duties on iron and steel. It is absurd, under such circumstances, for the barons' organs to swear that they are laboring in the interest of the people. They are doing no such thing. They are, in reality, obstructing "the nation's development" by cutting the trade of the country off from foreign markets; by limiting the markets for the products of "the great army engaged in the nation's development." Secretary Folger says: "It seems that the plan most just for giving relief is to

reduce taxation;" but the protectionists in Congress turn a deaf ear to all such wise suggestions. They will have no tax reduction.—Louisville

Courier-Journal, Dem. - Mr. Blalne's idea of the 'Monroe doctrine," or of the "Adams doctrine," whichever it may be called, seems to have been, during his brief career in the State Department, that an association of Americans might buy of foreigners claims against Peru, organize themselves into a joint stock company under the laws of Georgia, or some other American State, and thereby not only command the "good offices" of the government of the United States as against Peru, but get the company itself in some way under the protection of the "Monroe doctrine."-N. Y. World.

No Claim on Missouri.

Des Moines Mail.

Jenkins was travelling in Missouri last year before the Presidential election, and in the right car across from him two men were arguing as to the probable result of the election.

"Hancock's the man." "No, sir; Garfield'll get it," was

the reply. Suddenly an Adventist sitting behind them spoke up and said:

"My friends, do you know who is going to be our next President? It is the Lord, who is coming at once with his angels to reign."

Quick as thought Jenkins, imagining that some third party candidate had been mentioned, sprung up, slapped the Millerite on the shoulder, and cried out:

"Bet you twenty-five dollars he don't carry Missouri."

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

The question now arises, shall we seek to perpetuate good government in the eastern counties? Who says no? Who is willing to throw our brethren of the east back under negro rule in their home matters? The west is prosperous, and her prosperity is largely the result of the conservative action of our party. It springs from the wise policy which has characterized the councils of the Democratic party. The centre is prosperous, and to-day the east is also full of prosperity. Shall we undo what has been done? A gentleman told us the other day that formerly under Republican rule he had paid as high as five hundred dollars tax on his plantation in Jones county, but now the tax was one hundred and twenty-five dollars. Now that these negro counties right in asking for a continuation of good government? - Raleigh News-Observer.

Those who suppose that every man who voted against prohibition is a Republican are very much mistaken. Because the anti Prohibitionists are dissatisfied with the ac tion of some of the Democratic leaders they are not going to forsake the party, not by any means. The Democratic party is as old as the government itself, and it would be ridiculous to suppose that such intelligent men as some of the anti-prohibition leaders are will lay to the great Democratic party that which belongs only to a few leaders. The independent movement is composed of Republicans and sore-headed Democrats and are unworthy the notice of principle loving men. - Wilson Siftings,

POLITICAL POINTS.

- The effort to warm James G Blaine into political life again is wide spread.—Springfield Republican, Ind. Rep. - The shadow of Don Cameron covers the entire State of Pennsylvania. "He appears to have as many pipes laid as the Standard Oil Company.—Atlanta Constitu-

— It is said that the secret of the snake charmers of India is that they sew up the mouths of the reptiles. Get some of em over here to charm John A. Logan.-Boston Post, Dem.

 "There is not to be seen a better exhibition of the evils of the spoils system pure and simple," observes the Milwaukie Sentinel, "than Mahone has given to the people of Virginia."

- Evidently Mr. Arthur intends that the verdict in his case, so far as the Inlependent Republican movement in Pennsylvania is concerned, shall be: "Didn't know it was loaded!"—Evening Telegraph,

-"This is decidedly correct," says the Boston Star, of Secretary Teller's determination to disarm the Indians, "but it ought to be followed up by preventing Indian traders from supplying the redskins

'Indian Department," Washington, D. C. I am anxious to introduce Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup among my Indians, having used it myself for several months, and l think it one of the finest remedies I ever found. I assure you it is the only thing that ever relieved me of a protracted cough, brought on by exposure while on the Sioux Commission last year. A. G. BOONE, Agent for Poncas and U. S. Commis

Call On Us For

ORN, MEAL, FLOUR,

SIDES, SHOULDERS, SUGAR, MOLASSES,

SOAP, POTASH.

LYE, &c., &c., AT BOTTOM PRICES.

HALL & PEARSALL aplis D&W tf Altaffer, Price & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Window Sashes and Blinds, Doors, Frames, Mantles, Moulding, Brackets, &c.

LUMBER MILL YARD AND OFFICE,

Foot of Wainut Street.

Excitement in Brooklyn! NOT OVER FOREPAUGH'S MENAGERIE, BUT at the BROOKLYNIGROCERY, where you can find Jellies and Preserves by the pound; Coffee, all kinds, fresh from the Roasters; Buckwheat

and Rye Flour, Oat Meal, &c., &c.
Our Store is full of Fresh Goods. If you want
anything usually found in a First-Class Grocery
Store (except Liquors) you will be sure to find it
at our Store, and our prices are always bottom.
Try our "Brooklyn's Favorite,"

Respectfully.

pectfully, J. C. STEVENSON & CO. Brooklyn.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

FINANCIAL.

Stock Market-Irregular

and Lower. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK, May 19, 11 A. M.—The stock market opened irregular, but in the main 1@1 per cent. lower than it closed yesterday. Eric preferred, however. was per cent. higher. A decline of 1/0 f per cent. took place in the early trade, St. Paul leading therein, followed at 11 o'clock by a recovery of 101 per cent., the latter for Louisville & Nashville.

FOREIGN.

Great Fire in Lyons, France-Loss £160,000.

[By Cable to the Morning Star.] London, May 19,-Advices from Lyons state that a great fire has occurred there. A number of work-shops and other buildings were destroyed. The fire is believed to have been of an incendiary origin. Three thousand persons are thrown out of employment. Loss £160,000.

THE GALLOWS.

A Woman Murderer Hung in New

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK, May 19.-Augustus D. Leighten, the murderer of his mistress, Mary Dean, was hanged this morning at

Specialties for this Week.

BROWN & RODDICK. 5 and 7 North Front Street.

ONE CASE CAMBRICS (WIDE) 8 cents per yard; cannot be bought in the market less than 121/2 cts. They are a bargain certain.

LOT 1

Is composed of DRESS GOODS carried over from last season, which we are offering at 7 cents;

regular price 1236 and 15 cents. LOT 2.

A mixed Lot of DRESS GOODS which cost from 20 to 35 cents per yard. We are offering them on our counters this week for 1214 cents. Call and examine, don't be bashful.

DRESS GOODS.

Our DRESS GOODS department contains more than twice our usual assortment, and for novelties we can safely state that we have got a sprink ling of mostly everything that is good and desirable. An inspection only can prove this.

SUN-SHADES AND PARASOLS. We have a beautiful assortment at prices ranging

from 15 cts to \$15.00. BROWN & RODDICK, Wholesale and Retail.

P. H. Hayden, CARRIAGE, BUGGY AND WAGON MAKER

Saddles, Harness, Whips and Collars always on hand. A new lot of Carriages and Harness just arrived, and others to arrive soon. Come and examine them on 3d, between Market and Prin

Pig-Fish and Oysters. AM NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH PIG FISH, OYSTERS, CLAMS, CLAM CHOWDER, &c to my guests at PINE GROVE, WRIGHTSVILLE SOUND. Come in and try them. my 41m E. W. MANNING, Proprietor.

N. C. Roe Herring.

YEW CATCH, JUST RECEIVED.

LARGE SWEET JAMAICA ORANGES

MESSINA ORANGES AND LEMONS, By the Box or at Retail.

1200 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

JAMES C. STEVENSON.

MARKET STREET

44th

Popular Monthly Drawing of the COMMONWEALTH

Wednesday. May 31,'82

These drawings occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st rendered the following decisions:

1st. THAT THE COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION COMPANY IS LEGAL. 2d. ITS DRAWINGS ARE FAIR.
The Company has now on hand a large reserve
and. Read the list of Prizes for

THE MAY DRAWING:

1 Prize....\$30,000 100 Prizes \$100 each \$10,000 1 Prize..... 10,000 200 Prizes 50 each 10,000 1 Prize..... 500 600 Prizes 20 each 12,000 0 Prizes \$1000 10,000 1,000 Prizes 10 each 10,000 9 Prizes \$300 each, Approximation Prizes, \$2,700 9 Prizes 200 each, 9 Prizes 100 each, 900

1,960 Prizes.

Whole Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1.

27 Tickets, \$50.

Remit Money by Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of \$5 and upward, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, (Courier-Journal Building,) LOUISVILLE, Ky., or R. M. BOARDMAN, 309 Broadway, N. Y. ap 29 eod&w

tu th sa

Ladies

A ND GENTLEMEN'S TRUNKS, PELLISSI-PERS. Over thirty Varieties and Styles The ÆSTHETIC LAP DUSTERS are of sur-

Full line of SADDLERY GOODS. Our "MAUD EST" TRACK HARNESS takes the dilapidated linen off the rosemary.

passing beauty.

H. M. BOWDEN & CO., 40 Market Street. SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

MOSLER, BAHMANN & CO., SAFE MANUFACTURERS, Cincinnati, O. Hereby give notice to the public that the agency of H. H. WARNER, of Rochester, N.Y., has been erminated, and he no longer acts for or repre-

terminated, and he no longer acts for or represents said company.

All communications and other correspondence whatsoever relating to our business should be addressed only to the undersigned. We cordially invite correspondence for Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes and Vault Work of every description, and a continuance of the very large and generous patronage that has been extended to us during the last thirteen years. The New York Office is removed to Chicago. N. B. Orders addressed to New Orleans will

last thirteen years.

MOSLER, BAHMANN & CO.,

Front, Elm and Walnut Sts.,

we sat Cincinnati, O.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 19, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market opened firm at 44 cents per gallon, with sales reported later of 220 casks at that price. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at \$1 65 for Strained and \$1 70 for Good Strained, with sales as offered.

TAR-Firm at \$1 65 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was firm at \$1 50 for Hard and \$2 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, with sales of today's receipts at quotations.

COTTON-The market was quoted dull. Ssales reported of 30 bales on a basis of 117c per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day Ordinary..... 9 3-16 cents # tb

Good Ordinary..... 10 9-16 Low Middling, 11 7-16 Middling..... 117 Good Middling..... 124 PEANUTS-Market steady at \$1 25@

1 35 for Prime, \$1 40@1 50 for Extra Prime, and \$1 55@1 65 per bushel for Fancy. Shelled peanuts 5c per lb.

BECEVER

RECEIPTS.	
Cotton	40 bale
opinio Turpentine	216 cask
Rosin	1052 bb
Tar	133 bb

Crude Turpentine.....

DOMESTIC MARKETS. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Frnancial. NEW YORK, May 19 .- Noon. -- Money very dull at 3 per cent. Sterling exchange 4861@4891. State bonds fairly active and generally higher. Governments unchanged.

Commercial. Cotton quiet, with sales of 778 bales; middling uplands 124e; Orleans 124c. Fu tures firm, with sales at the following quotations: May 12.10c; June 12.13c; July 12.24c; August 12.37c; September 12.03c October 11.52c. Flour steady and quiet Wheat moderately active and 1@tc better. Corn quiet and #@#c better. Pork firm at \$18 75@19 50. Lard firmer at \$11 72½. Spirits turpentine 46½@47c. Rosin \$2 30. Freights quiet and weak.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, May 19.-Noon.-Cotton easier; uplands 6\d; Orleans 6 13-16d, with sales to-day of 10,000 bales, of which 2,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 7,500 bales, all of which were American. Uplands, 1 m c. May and June delivery 6 35 64d; June and July delivery 6 36 64d July and August delivery 6 40 64d; August and September delivery 6 44-64d; September and October delivery 6 30-64d. Futures

quiet and steady Sales for the week were 68,000 bales, of which 42,000 bales were American; specu lation 1,800 bales; exports 11,000 bales; ac tual exports 14,000 bales; imports 92,000 bales, of which 39,000 were American; stock 991,000 bales, of which 609,000 bales are American; afloat 420,000 bales, of which 176,000 bales are American.

Lard 57s 3d. Meats-long clear midldes 3s; short 56s. Pork 86s. 1.30 P. M .- Uplands 6 9-16d; Orleans

4d. Futures dull Breadstuffs weak. Corn 6s 5d. London, May 19, 4 P. M .- Common

New York Naval Stores Market, May 17.

New York Journal of Commerce. Spirits Turpentine-The market is a little ronger; there is not much demand, and only small sales made; merchantable order quoted at 461@47c. Rosins-In strained grades a moderate stir to export demand, but a light business otherwise; prices are held steady. Sales 2,000 bbls strained at \$2 30. The following were the quotations: Strained at \$2 30; No. 2, E F at \$2 45 @2 55; No. 1 G H at \$2 70@2 80; good No. 1 I at \$2 95; low pale K at \$2 90 @3 10; pale M at \$3 25@3 35; extra pale Nat \$3 50@3 60; window glass W at \$4 00. Tar quoted at \$2 62@2 87‡. Pitch quoted

at \$2 35@2 40. Charleston Rice Market, May 17.

Charleston News and Courier. A fair volume of business was done in this grain. Sales 150 tierces clean Carolina. We quote: Common 51@61c; Fair 61@ 64c; Good 64@74c; Prime nominal at 71@

Carolina rough rice is quoted at \$1@ \$1 20 per bushel for common, \$1 30@ 40 for fair to good, and \$1 50 and upward per bushel for prime to choice lots.



UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED,

Louisiana State Lottery Company. Incorporated in 1858 for 25 years by the Legisla micorporated in 1838 for 25 years by the Legisla-ture for Educational and Charitable purposes— with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$120,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS will take place monthly

IT NEVER SCALES OR POSTPONES Look at the following Distribution: GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the 145th Grand Monthly

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing, At New Orlenns, Tuesday, June 13, 1882,

nder the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$100,000. Notice.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only; Halves

LIST OF PRIZES. CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$100,000. 1.000 500 300 25,000 200 100 40,000 APPROXIMATION PRIZES: 100 Approximation Prizes of \$200. 100 Approximation Prizes of 100 Approximation Prizes of

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., Commiss'ers.
Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Va.,
Applications for rates to clubs should only be
made to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For information apply to M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

11,279 Prizes, amounting to.

10,000

7,500

\$522,500

or M. A. DAUPHIN, 127 La Salle St., Chicago, Ills. M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D.C.

eceive prompt attention The particular attention of the Public is called to the fact that the entire number of the Tickets for each Monthly Drawing is sold, and consequently all the prizes in each drawing are sole and drawn and paid.

my 10 D2awww&W we sat

PLAIN TRUTHS

The blood is the foundation of life, it circulates through every part of the body, and unless it is pure and rich, good health is impossible If disease has entered the system the only sure and quick way to drive it out is to purify and enrich the

These simple facts are well known, and the highest medical authorities agree that nothing but iron will restore the blood to its natural condition; and also that all the iron preparations hitherto made blacken the teeth, cause head ache, and are otherwise injurious.

Brown's Iron Betters will ther oughly and quickly assimilate with the blood, purifying and strengthen ing it, and thus drive disease from any part of the system, and it will not blacken the teeth, cause head ache or constipation, and is positively not injurious.

Saved his Child.

17 N. Eutaw St., Haltimore, Md Gents - Upon the recommenda-tion of a friend I tried Brown's IRON BITTERS as a tonic and re-storative for my daughter, whom I was thoroughly convinced was wasting away with Consumption. Having lost three daughters by the terrible disease, under the care of eminent physicians, I was loth to believe that anything could arrest the progress of the disease, but, to my great surprise, before my daughter, had taken one bottle of BROWN's IRON BUTTERS, she began to mend IRON BITTERS, she began to mend and now is quite restored to former health. A fifth daughter began to show signs of Consumption, and when the physician was consulted he quickly said "Tonics were re-quired;" and when informed that the elder sister was table to quired;" and when informed that the elder sister was taking Brown's IRON BETTERS, responded "that is a good tonic, take it."

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS effectual ly cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Weakness, and renders the greatest relief and benefit to persons suffering from such wasting diseases as Consumption, Kidney Complaints, etc.

ADORAM PHELPS.



SAMARITAN NERVINE Cures Epileptic Fits, Spasms, Convulsions, St. Vitus Dance, Vertigo, Hysterics, Insanity, Apo-plexy, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Nervous Diseases. This infallible remedy will positively cradicate every species of Nervous Derangement, and drive them away from whence they came, never to return again. It afterly destroys the germs of disease by neutral izing the hereditary taint or polson in the system, and the property contains the predictors. and thoroughly cradicates the disease, and ut terly destroys the cause.

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diamonation of the Bladder, Irritability of the better remedy. During the change of life no emale should be without it. It quiets the Nerous System, and gives rest, comfort, and nature SAMARITAN NERVINE 'ure# Alcoholism, Drunkenness and the habit of Oprum Eating. These degrading habits are by fur the worst evils that have ever befalken suffer ing humanity. Thousands die annually from these noxious drugs. The drunkard drinka-humanot because he likes it, but for the pleasure of drinking and treating his friends, little thinking that he is on his road to ruin. Like the Opium Eater, he first uses the drug in small

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adds to its fierce fires, until it consumerial force and then itself. Like the giutton

enough until its own rapacity devours Samaritan Nervine gives instant relief

ll such cases. It produces sleep, quiets the body and mind to a healthy condition SAMARITAN NERVINE Cures Nervous Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Asthma, Bronchitis, Scrofnia, Syphilis, discases of the Kidneys and all diseases of the Urinary Organs. Nervous Debility, caused b the indiscretions of youth, permanently cure by the use of this invaluable remedy. young, middle-aged, and old men, who are cove ing your sufferings as with a mantle by silence look up, you can be saved by timely efforts and make ornaments to society, and jewels in the crown of your Maker, if you will. Do not keep this a secret longer, until it saps your vitals, and destroys both body and soul. If you

nerves, arrest premature decay, and impart tone and energy to the whole System. SAMARITAN NERVINE

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