No advertisements inserted in Local Column Advertisements meeted onto a week to Daily will be observed \$1 Stoor square for each interficing. Story other day, three fourths of daily rate, Twice a week, two shires of daily rate, An extra charge will be made for double solu-or triple-column advertissments.

Notions of Marriage or Death, Tribute of E-spect, Resolutions of Thanks, So., are observed for as ordinary advertisaments, but only half raises when paid for strictly in advance. At this raise it onto will pay for a simple amounteement of warriage or Death.

Advertisements to failure reading matter, or to recupy any special place, will be charged extre according to the position desired Advertisements on which no specified number of insections is marked will be continued "fill for-id," at the option of the publisher, and charged to the date of discontinuates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transfers toes for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be obarged fifty per cent.

Ammount, Another and Official advertisemen has dollar pay square for each insertion.
All announcements and requirimentations of manifelates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at

Payments for translant advertisements must be made in advance. Enough paydos, or stranger with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-med their space or advertise any thing foreign to their requise business without extra charge at reassions rates.

Communications, unions they contain impor-tant nows, or discuss brindy and properly subjects of real luterest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisors should always specify the intro or smoothey degine to advertise in. Where no isone is named the advertisement will be inserted a the Daily. Where an advertiser destracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be examined for the multing of the paper to his adverse.

Esmilhances must be made by Check, Braft, fostal Money Order, Express, or in Registered letter. Only such psmillances will be at the tak of the publisher.

# The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE TUESDAY EVENTNO, APRIL 8, 1884

### EVENING EDITION.

ABURES IN THE CONGRESS.

When the Senators voted themsuives a private secretary each to be paid for by the people we took due notice thereof and very plainly condemned it in more than one editorial. We were surprised that so few Southern papers took the matter in hand. The Northern papers spoke out and most of them in condemna-Within a few days we have noticed articles in the Baltimore Sun and in the Savannah News consuring the abuse and in the proper terms. The tendency in the Congress is to usurpation and abuse, and as far as we can see there is not very much difference in the two parties on these points. There are men in both who vote against extravagance and abuse and there are men in both parties who are quite sure to vote for measurus that are wrong in principle and abusive of privilege and power. We believe it is the duty of the press to have opinions about Government measures and to express them freely and without considering whether they are in opposition to party action or individual action.

The Baltimore Sun, Democratic,

"The legitimate business that demand the attention of Congress is now doubtless greater than it was in the earlier days of the Republic, but it is questionable whether the majority of the members devote more, if as much, time and labor to its consideration as did their predecessors half or three-quarters of a century ago. \* \* It may be fairly contended, however, that if they would firmly set their faces against all manner of office-brokery and patronagemongering, and by extending the provisions of the existing civil service set diminlak the opportunities for the exercise of 'inflarmos, they would get rid of the largest and most annoying portion of their letters and their visitors.

The Savannah News, Democratic, also says:

There is a slow but steady growth of abuses in Congress of one kind and another. It has not been many years since it became the practice to give the family of a Congressman who dies during his term of office the balance of the salary he would have earned if he had lived until the end of his term. At first only the funeral expenses were paid, and these were confined to a very reasonable amount. These ex-penses have increased, however, until they amount to thousands of dollars. . . . The action of the Senate in voting-private secretaries to Senators who are not chairmen of committees, is still the occasion of comment. Nobody doubts that the memhers of the House will soon follow the pre-cedent established by the Senate. The growth of many other abuses in Congress might be traced, but these are sufficient to show there is a constantly increasing extravagance on the part of Congress in the

In other and purer days the records of Congressmen were overhauled when they sought re-election. When candidates for the House went before the people they were met by competitors who had been scrutinixing their votes and the people heard the prosecution and the defence. It would be well if the people would narrowly water the votes of their Representatives and if the fore the October number. It is very

THE END COMETH-INSTUCTIVE

Before this is written the Government Pedagogy bill will have passed the Senate in all probability. We have given our own views and to-day we reinforce them with extracts from that pure and upright and honest and able statesman, Senator Bayard. It is a cause for profound humiliation that our Southern Senators have forgotten the lessons of the fathers, the teaching of history and in their anxiety "for an appropriation" have joined the Northern Consolidationists in their mad and wicked assaults upon the Constitution.

We are gomforted in knowing that such men as Bayard and Butler, Vest and Morgan, Harris and Beck, Coke and Maxey did not surrender or worship the Golden Calf of Radiaggression.

We reproduce to-day a part of Senator Bayard's patriotic and statesmanlike speech against the Consolidation scheme. We also reproduce extracts from recent editorials in three of the sblest Republican papers in the North, Our readers can see from them how this Educational bill

In an editorial experience of some wenty-seven years we do not remember the passage of any bill that is so fraught with danger as this Paternal Pedagogue bill of Senator Blair. 1t s a tremendous blow at the Constitution-at all sound and honest principles of interpretation, and as Senator Bayard said, with marked truth and emphasis "it is centralization ran

It is a more dangerous blow than that given by the Supreme Court in the Legal Tender case. In that decision it was decreed that the Will of the Congress is the Supreme Law of the land, and not the Constitution of the United States as was held by Washington and Madison and Jefferson and Monroe and Jackson, and by Marshall and Taney. By the action of Congress in this Paternal scheme it is proposed to give a practical illustration of the decision of the highest Judicatory. This Congress does what the Supreme Court said it

#### A VOTE IN THE HOUSE ON THE WHISKRY, TAX.

The reader should not overlook the vote in the House on the motion of Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, that it was both "unsoise and inexpedient" for the present Congress to abolish or reduce the tax on spirits distilled from grain. Mesers. York and Cox. of North Carolina, argued in favor of total abolition. They were for free whiskey evidently. The debate showed both Democrats and Republicans had no sympathy with that sentiment. Mr. Thompson's motion was agreed to by a very large majority-179 to 33.

It is a mere waste of time to be moving to wipe out the liquor tax. Mr. Springer, the able Democrat from Illinois, said, and said truly:

"He thought the great mass of the people desired to have whiskey taxed, and he wanted Congress to give notice that this tax of seventy millions would remain on the statute book until the public debt was paid and people could get cheaper Mankets and champer necessaries of life."

That is common sense statesmanship. It is much more; it is statesmanship based on right principle, on sound economic laws. Tar the needless luxuries and cheapen the positive necessaries of life-that is true political science.

If Democrats will give up hobbies and work for sound, practical ends they would be working with hope of beneficial results to the country. Let them unite in lowering all taxes-in reducing the public burdens. If the men who favor abolishing the liquor tax would combine to get the laws changed to collect they would not waste the time of the Congress. Abolish the present Revenue System -that ought to be done.

Mr. Tilden has been talking to Gen. John B. Gordon, ex-Senator of the United States, and he assured him that he would not accept the nomination if tendered to him. Gen. Gordon says of the old man's health:

I was rather gratified to find, too, in spite of reports, that his physical strength was much greater than I had anticipated, although he is very feeble. I did not, however, find any material change, so far as my observation went, in his physical countion, since my last visit to him several years ago. Possibly his voice is a little weaker. Of one thing, however, I was fully satisfied. That is that his mental vigor has not lessened, nor did I discover any abatment in the profound interest he feels in public affairs.

Mr. Cable's serial novel in The Century will not be completed be-Legislators would pay attention to the votes of Senators. "Eternal vigiliance is the price of liberty," and it less of dialect writing. It is not a guage strong enough to reprove the committaneous formula not only like errors but precisely the same errors as those it has conditional upon the success of measures which for years could find no language strong enough to reprove the committaneous formula not only like errors but precisely the same errors as those it has conditional upon the success of measures which for years could find no language strong enough to reprove the committened amount of satisfaction in knowing that this modification of internal revenue taxes is condemned. The Democratic party, which for years could find no language strong enough to reprove the conditional upon the success of measures and it is not a satisfaction in knowing that this modification of internal revenue taxes is condemned. The Democratic party, which for years could find no language strong enough to reprove the

work of as much genius as "The Grandissimes," but it is full of interesting situations and there are many nes and passages of real dramatic and artistic power.

The effort to get the tax on wool restored failed in the House by vote of 119 to 126 nays. Mr. Hurd, an able man from Ohio, discussed the subject at length. He gave expression to a sentiment that was received with great applause on the Democratic side. Said he:

"For one, I don't care that the party to which I belong shall come into power un-less it shall be to give freer trade to the people, a better investment to capital, largers wages to the laborer, and greater glory to the American name.

Let the Democrats in Congress stick to that text through evil and good report. Mr. Morrison stated that the wool question would be considered when the Tariff came up which he proposed should be on the 15th of April.

According to the Encyclopædia Britannica the "Antiquities of Mexi to," published by Lord Kingsbury, was the most costly work ever published by a single individual. It is composed of seven volumes and cost £120,000 or about \$600,000. It broke the lordly enthusiast, and it ought to have done it. Henry Brooke, if living, might write another work to be called "The Fool of Quality."

Mr. Henry George says he has lectured to 27 large audiences in England, and with the exception of Oxford and Cambridge, he had the full sympathies of those he addressed, He says the movement be coaches is destined "to grow and become a very great thing." He is an American and advocates land nationalization and confiscation,

Mr. Gladstone's Ministry is to be attacked by their former friend and colleague, W. E. Foster. This time it is all about Portugal.

### OUR BOOK TABLE.

KITTY'S CONQUEST. By Charles King. U. S. A., author of 'The Colonel's Daugh' ter." Philadelphia, J. B. Lippincott & Co., 1884. Prettily bound, well printed on good paper. Pages 302. His first story was well received by the press of the country. It was said to be a decidedly entertaining and clever work of fiction.

A WIFE HARD WON. A Love Story By Julia McNair Wright. Philadelphia, J. B. Lippincott & Co., 1884. Here we have an old fashioned love story without chapters of abstract reflections and psychological analysis to wade through before you "get to the point." Neatly bound and well printed. Pages 320.

NOT LIKE OTHER GIRLS. A Novel. By Rosa Nonchette Carey, author of "Nettie's Memories," "Queenie's Whim," etc. J. R Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, 1884. Pa per back, 463 pages, price only 25 cents The papers praised her other works as full of domestic charm and bright scenes in girl-life. We judge from the notices of others that the authors books are free from all impure tendencies and may be read

STATE RIGHTS AND CON-GRESSIONAL SUPREMACY. What Two Leading Republican Pa-

pers Say. Philadelphia American.

On the other hand, the most earnest support of the measure comes from Southern Senators, whose general disposition has been to insist on minimizing the authority of the national government, but whose local necessities force them to regard national aid to education as indispensable. When taunted with their apparent inconsistency, some of them have replied that they had left a good deal of their State Rights notions behind them in coming back into the Union, and that they unite with the rest of the country in recognizing the fact that the United States is a Nation fully equipped for every undertaking essential to its national ex-

New York Times. Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, yesterday expressed the opinion that though there was grave doubt as to the constitutional authority of Congress to pass the Blair Education bill, he did not suppose that fact would have any weight in determining its fate. Congress had practically assumed the power from the foundation of the Government to do what it chose to do, and no scruples as to the Constitution had prevented it. \* \* The history of Congress is the history of a long series of en-creachments, more or less open, upon the limitations imposed by the terms or by the spirit of the Constitution, and neither the Executive, which was expressly designed as a check on such encroachments, nor the Supreme Court, which was intended as an impassable barrier to them, has proved of much avail in preventing or retarding them. This absorption of power by Congress has gone on under all parties. And it is a peculiarly interesting feature in the history of Congress that a party which in opposition sees clearly and denounces vigorously the tendency in this direction of its rivals in power, hastens to yield to it when it gains power itself, and sometimes commits not only like errors but pre-

"robbery" of the protective tariff, has been utterly unable to agree upon evel a moderate reduction, much less upon the repeal, of a single protective duty, though the most flagrant and indefensible. \* \* Since the astounding recent decision of the Supreme Court, which brushes away the last barrier erected against Congressional usurpation, and in the teeth of the words of the fundamental law declares, in effect, that there are no powers reserved to the States or to the people, the supremacy of the Congress must be regarded as effectively established. It would be well for the people of the United States to recognize the facts as they are, and to realize that in choosing Senators and Representatives they are choosing delegates to a body possessing very nearly absolute power. SENATOR BAYARD ON FED-ERAL EDUCATION.

Blair's Bill is Contralization Run Mad.

The addresses that had been made in the Senate by different Senators had so impressed him that he felt obliged carefully to review his opinion. He knew the South. He had given thought to the condition of its people, and had observed their struggles after the war. He had observed the flewer of their manhood slain, their strong men and warriors crippled, the desolation of their homes, the uphesval of their social system. But there was one cause more devastating than all others, and that was that after the ploughshare of desolation had done its work and at the moment when every self-governing agency that the law could supply was coming into operation, the party in control of the General Government adopted the unhappy policy of interdicting every vestige of selfgovernment in the South until it was absolutely annihilated. He did not cite this for the purpose of reproach or recrimination, but merely as a part of history. He had come into public life since the war, and his main object in doing so had been to do what might be in his power to bind up the wounds of civil war in his country to assist in the restoration of all the States to their proper positions of equality in the Union. To that end he had opposed every measure which he had deemed unequal or unjust. He had been in this Chamber when not a single true representative of the interest and sympathies of the Southern people was found in it, and when such representation as existed was, in truth, scandalous misrepresentation. How different a condition existed to-day. The people of the South were now represented according to their will, and the courageous and large-hearted public opinion of the country had risen too high to permit again such an overthrow of liberty as had taken place a few years ago. He was grateful to God that this had come, but this could not affect his theory of the Union. That was unchanged. It was a Union of equal States, what Madison called "the Compound Republic of America." This bill, in his opinion, invaded the harmony of our political system. He then entered on an elaborate argument, supporting it by copious readings from the Federalist and other early authorities, to show the unconstitutionality of the bill, claiming that Congress had no power to tax the people at large to educate the people of any one State. Congress had no fund from which to pay the expenses contemplated. Taxes would have to be levied in order to meet them, and if the bill before the Senate was to be passed, then logically and necessarily Congress can, according to the will of a mere majori ty, occupy the entire field covered by State functions, and local self-government would die in apathy, it would shrink up from disuse of its faculties and the spring of our liberties would become dry at its very source. This bill, he contended, was centralization run mad. In natural order, bodily nourishment came before mental nourishment and was a more indispensable necessity. Would anybody say that Congress could appropriate money to be drawn from taxation to support the citizens of the Southern States! It seemed to him quite as fatal to stab our form of Government in one vital part as another, and the hand that inflicted the wound should not be his. No State had ever divested itself of the power, nor could it before God divest itself of the duty of providing for the elevation of its own ignorance and poverty. The concession to Congress of the power assumed in this educational measure would be to start the country on a course which must end in the withering of the States.

#### " Among the Best in the South." Louisburg Times.

Our valued contemporary, the Wilmington STAR, has begun its new volume. It ranks among the best in the South, and goes it strong for tariff reform. It is well edited, and shows signs of prosperity.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES. If the times be hard, work the harder, and sing and whistle at your work. Work is a good thing to drive mischief out of the head. We are told that an idle brain is the devil's work-shop. We believe it. Satan is on the alert for idle men and women. Labor with a will. If you cannot obtain wages as high as you suppose you deserve, work for what you can get. Keep at work. All useful work is honorable. If all the idlers in our land were to go to work, things would begin to brighten.—
Winston Legder.

Mr. Carlisle's concession to the Protectionists to remove all taxes on tobacco, cigars and shuff and reduce the tax on peach brandy to ten cents a gallon, may not impress all low tariff Democrats as being a wise move. But there is an immense amount of satisfaction in knowing that this THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WASHINGTON.

Blair's Educational Bill Passed in the Sanate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Washington, April 8.—The Senate at midnight passed Blair's Educational bill, as amended, so that the total expenditure under it amounts to \$77,000,000. The votewas-33 yeas, 11 nays. FOREIGN.

Spain Displeased with the United

States. By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 8 .- The Standard pub lishes a dispatch from Madrid, which asserts that much displeasure is felt by the Spaniards toward America, for allowing Gen. Augero to leave Key West. FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Dull and Strong.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 8, 11.15 A. M.— Stocks have been dull and strong this morning, with an advance of 1@1 cent. in prices. Western Union and Lake Shore recorded the greatest improvement.

Cancer for Twenty Years. Mr. W. R. Robinson, Davisboro, Ga., writes, under date January 3, 1884: "I am getting on finely, the ulcer is gradually healing. I feel that Swift's Specific will cure the horrible cancer which has been feeding on me for over twenty years."

writes, dated March 3, 1884: "The soreness has all gone out of the Cancer, and my health has greatly improved. I have taken six bottles of Swift's Specific, for a Skin Cancer, which I have had for years.' Treatise on Blood and Skin Disease THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co.,

Mr. O. G. Barron, of Banning, Ga.

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

## Raleigh Register.

Early in February—as soon as the printers receive the necessary material—the publication of

### RALEIGH REGISTER.

a North Carolina Democratic newspaper, will be a North Carolina Democratic newspaper, will be commenced.

The Registra will be printed weekly until the great political campaign of 1884 begins. It will then be issued twice a week, or as often as may be useful or necessary to the Democratic party in North Carolina. It will be printed from new and beautiful type, on good white paper, and though it may not be large enough to hold all at once all the good things that glowing prospectuses sometimes promise, yet the application of a thorough knowledge of how to use them will put into its thirty-two broad columns all the news. into its thirty-two broad columns all the news, much good reading, and a complete history of what is done in North Carolina. Mr. Hale will be editor of the REGISTER.

The price of the REGISTER will be \$2 a year; \$1 for six mouths. Pay for your home paper, and then remit for the REGISTER. Those who remit \$2 to this office will receive as

A PREMIUM,
either volume ordered of "Hale's Industrial Series." Two volumes are now ready:
The Woods and Timbers of North Carolina.— Curtis's, Emmons', and Kerr's Botanical Reports, supplemented by accurate County Reports of Standing Forests, and illustrated by an excellent map of the State. 1 volume 12mo.

an excellent map of the State. 1 volume 12mo. Cloth, 273 pp., \$1,25.

INDUSTRIES OF NORTH CAROLINA—IN THE COAL AND IRON COUNTIES.—Emmons', Kerr's, Laidley's, Wilkes', and the Census Reports; supplemented by full and accurate sketches of the Fifty-six Counties. and Map of the State. 1 volume 12mo. Cloth, 425 pp., \$150.

Address RALEIGH REGISTER, jan 19 D&Wtf Raleigh, N. C.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR

## The Cotton Plant. An 8-page 40-column Agricultural Journal, the only paper in South Carolina published exclusively in the interest of the Farmer and Manufacturer. The best and cheapest Agricultural paper in the South.

ONLY 60 CENTS A YEAR. The official organ of the State Grange. Endorsed by the leading citizens of the State, and by the best farmers in the State and the South.

Send postal for specimen copies for yourself and your neighbors Address W. J. McKERALL, 5 tr Marion S. C.

### The Biblical Recorder PUBLISHED BY

Edwards, Broughton & Co. RALEIGH, N. C.

REV. C. T. BAILEY, Editor. REV. C. S. FARRISS, Associate Editor.

Organ of North Carolina Baptists In its 44th Year. EVERY BAPTIST SHOULD TAKE IT

As an Advertising Medium Unsurpassed. Only \$2.00 Per Year.

BIBLICAL RECORDER, Raleigh, N. C.

The Home Journal, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

At Warrenton, N. C.

JOHN W. HICKS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

It has a splendid circulation in the counties of Warren, Vance, Halifax, N. C., and Mecklenburg, Va. As an advertising medium it is unsurpassed. Terms \$1.50 a year in advanch.

Address THE HOME JOURNAL, au 5 tf Warrenton, N. C.

The Central Protestant A WERKLY RELIGIOUS AND FAMILY NEWS paper and the Organ of the Methodist Protes tant Church in North Carolina, is published at

Greensbore, N. C.

Terms, \$2 00 per annum, in advance.

The eligibility of its location, the number and activity of its agents, and the constantly increasing demand for it among the mere solid classes of readers in various sections, give the CENTRAL PROTESTANT peculiar claims upon the patronage of the advertising public. Terms very favorble. Consult your business interest, and address the editor.

J. L. MICHAUX, Greensboro, N. C.

#### ADVERTISE IN Merchant and Farmer. PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

MARION, SOUTH CAROLINA It has a large and incressing circulation in the heart of the Pea Dea country, the heat Cotton section of the two States.

It is a desirable medium of communication with both the Merchants and Farmers of this section, and particularly with those of Marion and Mariboro Countles. It is therefore the paper for the Business Men of Wilmington.

J. D. McLUCAS, deep if

### New Haven Palladium. DAILY AND WEEKLY.

E STABLISHED 1888.
The best advertising medium The best advertising medium of the North for every man in North Carolina who has a farm, mine, tract of timber land or water power to sell. The letters of our staff correspondents have given the Palladrum a great reputation throughout New England, as the only real representative of the "Tar Heel" State; and all New Englanders who think of locating in North Carolina send to the Palladrum to get "Espee's" letters.

For terms and other particulars, address SRTH G. JOHNSON.

Business Manager The Palladrum, mh 12 D&Wam New Haven, Conn.

## COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 8, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm, at 30 cents per gallon, and at the close the same was bid, without

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm, at \$1 10 for Strained and \$1 15 for Good Strained, with small sales at quota-

TAR-The market was firm at \$1 05 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 00 for Hard and \$1 75 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON-The market was quoted firm, on a basis of 111 cents per lb. for Middling. We hear of small sales at that price. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary ..... 83 cents # to Good Ordinary ..... 101 "

Low Middling, ..... 104 

PEANUTS-Sales reported on a basis of \$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra Prime, and \$1 75@1 80 for Fancy. Market steady.

### RECEIPTS.

145 bales Spirits Turpentine..... 208 casks Rosin.... 149 bbls Crude Turpentine.....

DOMESTIC MARKETS

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial.

NEW YORK, April 8, Noon.—Money easy at 11@2 per cent. Sterling exchange 4871@4872 and 4892@490. State bonds quiet. Governments firm. Commercial.

Cotton firm, with sales to-day of 244 bales; middling uplands 11fc; Orleans 11fc.

Futures barely steady, with sales to-day at the following quotations: April 11.71c; May 11.77c; June 11.87c; July 11.98c; August 12.08c; September 11.69c. Flour quiet and unsettled. Wheat #@11c higher. Corn unsettled and better. Pork dull at \$16 25@16 50. Lard firm at \$8 75. Spirits turpentine firm at 33@331c. Rosin steady at \$1 45@1 50. Freights firm.

#### POREIGN MARKET'S.

By Cable to the Morning Star.1 LIVERPOOL, April 8, Noon-Cotton firmer, but not quotably higher; uplands 61d; Orleans 61d; the sales to day were 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export; receipts 20,000 bales, of which 10,900 bales were American. Uplands, l m c, April and May delivery 7-64@6 8-64d; May and June delivery 10-64@6 11-64d; June and July delivery 6 14-64@6 15-64d; July and August delivery 6 19-54@6 20-64d; August and Septembe delivery 6 22-64@6 23-64d; September and October delivery 6 21-64@6 22-64d: November and December delivery 6 6-64d. Futures firm but quiet.

2 P. M.-Uplands, 1 m c. April delivery 6 9-64d; April and May delivery 6 9-64d May and June delivery 6 11-64d-all buyers' option; June and July delivery 6 16-64d, sellers' option; July and August delivery 6 20-64d, buyers' option; August and September delivery 6 24-64d, value; September and October delivery 6 22-64d, sellers' option; September delivery 6 26-64d,

value. Fuures firm. 3 P. M.-Breadstuffs dull, with a very small business doing. California wheat—No. 1, 7s 5d@8s 3d; No. 2, 7s 1d@7s 4d; red western spring 7s@7s 7d; red western winter 7s 9d@8s.

4 P. M.-Uplands, l m c, April delivery 6 10-64d, sellers' option; April and May delivery 6 10-64d, sellers' option; May and June delivery 612-64d, buyers' option; June and July delivery 6 17-64d, sellers' option; July and August delivery 6 20-64d, buyers' option; August and September delivery 6 25-64d, sellers' option; September and October delivery 6 23-64d, sellers' option; September delivery 6 26-64d, buyers' option. Futures closed firm with active de-

Sales of cotton to-day include 9,000 bales

#### New York Rice Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, April 7.

The market is without radical change, with sales moderate and of a jobbing character. The quotations are as follows: Carolina and Louisiana common to fair at 5 @51c; good to prime 51@61c; choice to fancy at 64@71c; Rangoon at 44@5c duty paid; 24@21c in bond; Patna at 51c.

DON'T SPILL THE MILK.-There is no use crying over spiled milk," says the old saw. If you are not only bald, but have no life in the roots of your hair, there is no use crying over that, either. Take both time and yourself by the forelock while there is a forelock left. Apply Parker's Hair Balsam to your hair before matters get worse. It will arrest the falling off of your hair and restore its original color, gloss and softness. It is a perfect dressing withal, clean, richly perfumed, cools and heals the

#### THE LANDMARK PUBLISHED AT

STATESVILLE, IREDELL CO., N. C. IS THE

Leading Newspaper in Western North It is the only Democratic Paper published in Iredell County—one of the largest and wealthiest counties in the State—and has attained a larger local circulation than any paper ever-heretofore published in the county.

Its circulation in Alexander, Wilkes, Ashe, Alleghany, Yadkin, Davie and Iredell, is larger than that of any two papers in the State combined; and is rapidly acquiring a strong foothold in Forsythe, Surry, Rowan and western Mecklenburg.

It is the only paper in Western North Carolina that employs a Regular Canyassing Agent, and thus keep constantly before the people. Unacr this system arapidly increasing circulation is the result, making the LANDMARK. THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN WEST

ERN NORTH CAROLINA.

"LANDMARK," Statesville N. C.

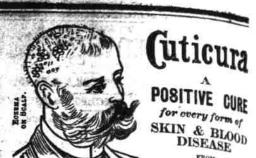
### The Lincoln Press, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, AT LINCOLN-

TON, N. C., By JOHN C. TIPTON, Ed'r and Prop'r. The PRESS is acknowledged, by those who have tried it, to be one of the best advertising Mediums in Western North Carolina. It has a large and steadily increasing patronage in Lincoln, Gaston, Catawba, Cleaveland, Burke and Mecklenburg counties. Advertising rates liberal. Subscription \$1.50 per annum. In II if

The Robesonian.

Published every Wednesday in Lumberton, N. C. By W. W. McDIARMID.

HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION AND THE largest advertising patronage of any paper in the State. It now has over eight hundred subscribers in Robeson county alone, besides a general circulation in the counties of Moore, ounberland, Bladen, Columbus, Richmond, and in the adjoining counties, Marion, Mariboro and Darlington, in South Carolina.



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TO CLEANSE THE SKIN, Scalp, and Blood of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Copper Colored, Scrafulous, Inherited and Contagious Humor, Blood Poisons, Ulcers, Abscesses and Infantile Skin Tost Charles are infallible. ures, the Cuticura Remedies are infall

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