PUBLISHERS ANNOUNCEMENT. THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily new THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspace aper in North Carolina, is published daily, except Monday, at \$7 00 per year, \$4 00 for six months, 2 00 for three months, \$1.50 for two months; TSo, or one month, to mall substributes. Delivered to ity subscribers at the rate of 16 cents per weak or any period from one week to one year. THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$150 per year, \$1 00 for six months 50 nents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One so

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$250; our days, \$3 00; five days, \$5 50; one meek, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$94 00; dx months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$00 00. Ten [nes of solid Nonparell type make one square. All annoancements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pio-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet aus, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "furth term" 20 cents Per

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for ach subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at

Advertisements inserted once a week in Dall will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion Every other day, three fourths of dally rate twice a week, two thirds of dally rate.

Au extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-pect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rates 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to scoupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till for-sid," at the option of the publisher, and charged ap to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvortisements" will be charged fifty per cent. Satra.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement and dollar per square for each insertion. All announcements and recommendations candidates for office, whether in the shape communications or otherwise, will be charged.

ints must be

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transfert reits. transient rates.

Remiltances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or source they desire to advertise in. Where no is-sue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-

The Morning Star. that is marvellous. A fact, a person, prin-By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. ciple, or a sentiment, in prose or verse, never passes before him without being WILMINGTON, N. C.

States-of all of the thirty-eight The wonder is that explorers are ever States, and not the President of a found.

party or a section. Gov. Cleveland is not a new man

altogether, as is asserted. He is certainly a far better known man than either James K. Polk or Franklin Pierce or Abraham Lincoln was when he was nominated. He is in the full vigor of a virile manhood. His age is 47. His father was an honored and able Presbyterian minister, and the son remains still poor after hav-

ing lived an industrious life. If purity, private and public; integrity and conscientiousness and decision of character and devotion to principle entitle a man to the confidence, respect and support of the American people, then Grover Cleveland deserves all this.

He is much more of a student and man of letters than the people at arge suppose. He has been a close reader all his manhood. He is unusually well informed in many departments. He has wit, fancy, and excellent taste. For fear that our readers will be so taken by surprise at this statement as to question if not to discredit it, as they have probably concluded that Cleveland is nothing but a hard-working, pains-taking, plodding lawyer, we will copy a part of an editorial in the leading Democratic paper of Albany, the Argus, one of the oldest and most influential papers in the State of New York.

The Argus says: "He has been a constant student all his ife. His are faculties which hunger for and delight in study always. He has a capacious and clear understanding. His is the intuitive instinct of the quick and alert observer, as well as the careful habit of the conscientions investigator, He has great application, which is another name for willpower. He has also a discriminating taste. He distinguishes between things. He se ects the best. His imagination is a marked aid. It enables him to vivify facts by pictorializing them. * * * He has a memory

ANOTHER. There are nineteen States repreented in the National Prohibition Convention in session at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Five Southern States have delegates. The body can be judged of by the excellent taste die played in singing "Old John Brown with a refrain-"Glory, glory hallelujah, our cause is marching on." What connection there is between an old cut-throat and scoundrel who richly deserved hanging an hundred times if he had had an hundred lives, and a cause that professes to cure the the bodies of men by removing curse, it is hard to discover. A body not composed of fanatios without regard for decency and the fitness of things could never sing a song glorifying one of the deepest dyed villains in American history, as has been proved again and again by Northern writers, when assembled under the guise of doing good to mankind. What will be the political outcome of the body and what effect it will have upon the Presidential election is not to be foretold now. Butler is already the nominee of three Conventions, and probably he may be, the choice of the John

Brown Convention.

Put your lots and the city in order. With yellow fever at New Orleans, and cholera rapidly spreading in Europe, with an almost certainty of its getting to our own shores, the condition of Wilmington should be closely examined, and all that judicious sanitation can accomplish should be resorted to in order to prevent disease and save life. The quarantine should be very rigid."

THE INDEPENDENT REPUB LICAN PLATFORM.

honesty of administration. tion of the government and the elevation of the party standard, every Republican voter would have gladly supported the nomination; but hese are precisely anticipations which the nomination forbids.

BLAINE ABSOLUTELY UNFIT. It offers a candidate who is an un fit leader, shown by his own words and his acknowledged acts, which are an official record, to be unworthy of respect and confidence; who has traded upon his official trust for his pecuniary gain; a representative of men, methods and conduct which public conscience condemns the which illustrate the very and evils which honest men would reform. Such a nomination does not promise in the executive chair inflexible official integrity, calm and wise judgment, sole regard for the public welfare and an unshrinking determination to promote reform in the civil service, and ceaselessly to pursue and punish public robbers of every kind and degree. The Independent voters have generally supported the Republican nominations as more surely promising re-form than those of the Democratic party. The Independents, however, caunot support a nomination which is the culmination of a tendency they would correct. The Republicans cannot hope that under such leadership as we have mentioned the abuses of the past can be corrected, or the party reformed. We are very proud of the great record and services of the Republican party, but not with our consent or connivance shall the records be disgraced.

DANGER OF DESPOTISM. Every party must be consistently

renewed by the intelligent independence of its own members, or it will sink from an agency to secure good government into a remorseless despotism. The Republican party first sprung from a moral sentiment. It was the party of political morality and personal liberty. It appealed di rectly to the conscience of the citizen, but, like all parties, it was a political agency, not to he worshipped, but to be carefully held to the spirit and purposes on which and for which it was organized. "I do not know." said Mr. Seward thirty years ago, when he left the Whig party to join that it will always, or even long, preserve its courage, its moderation, its secure and saye the country. If it, too, shall become unfaithful, as all preceding parties have done, it will, without sorrow and regret on my part, perish as they are perishing, and will give place to another truer one." This reasoning must not be forgotten. It is with a profound conviction of its wisdom that Republicans, faithful to their party, but holding with the great Republican fathers that political morality and purity of administration are more precious than the party, are more constrained to oppose the Republican Presidential nomination in the interest of what the believe to be pure Republicanism, of the public welfare and of the honor of the American name, OFFICIAL HONESTY AT STAKE. The Republican nomination has for the time superseded all other issues, by raising the question of offi-cial honesty. This question can't be avoided except upon the plea that the official character of the candidate need not be considered, and that in order to secure the party the present members of the party ought to vote for any candidate who has been regularly nominated. This is a plea beyond which party madness cannot go. Acquiesbence in it would require the surrender of the self-respect of every voter. There could be no candidate so, unfit that this plea would not demand his support, and Republican success justified by an argument which defies public conscience, would be the overthrow of the vital principles of the party, and show that the spirit and character which created its great traditions are rapidly perishing. THE REAL ISSUE OF THE CAMPAIGN. Upon the practical questions of the tariff and finance, and other questions upon which both parties are divided within themselves, we also are divided in opinion. We shall vote, therefore, in the choice of Representatives and other officers according to our individual opinions of their political views and their per-sonal character. Divided on other questions we are united in the conviction that the foundation of the office and the holder should be pure. and that the highest office in the country should be filled by a man of absolutely unsuspected integrity. As, there is no dictinctive issue upon public policy presented for the con-sideration of the country, the charac-ter of the candidates becomes of the proclaims that it is the duty of every citizen who for great and beneficent ends has habitually supported the who do not hold that, party victory party to regard the success of the should be secured at any cost. While party at an election, without regard the Republican nomination presents to the characters of these whom it a party whom we cannot support

tegrity, his inflexible courage in re-sisting party pressure and public out-cry, his great experience in the de-tails of administration, and his commanding executive ability and inde-pendence are precisely the qualities which the political situation demands in the chief executive officer of the government, to resist corporate monopoly on the one hand, demagogue communism on the other, and at home and abroad, without menace or fear, to protect every right of American citizens, and to respect every right of friendly States by making political morality and private honesty the basis of constitutional administration.

absolute and unchallenged official in-

CLEVELAND THE MAN FOR THE HOUR. He is a Democrat who is happily free from all associations with the fierce party differences of the slavery contest and whose financial views are in harmony with those of the best men in both parties, and coming into public prominence at a time when official purity, courage and character are of chief importance, he presents the qualities and promise which the independent voters desire and which the great body of Republicans, believing those qualities to be absolutely indispensable in the administration of government at this time, do not find in the candidate of their own party. Such independent voters do not propose to ally themselves inextricably with any party. Such Republicans do not propose to abandon the Republican party nor to merge themselves in any other party. BOUND TO DEFEAT BLAINE.

But they do propose to aid in defeating the Republican nomination, which, not for reasons of expediency only, but for high moral and patriotic considerations, with a due regard for the Republican name and, for the American character, was unfit to be made. They desire not to evade the proper responsibility of American citizens by declining to vote, and they desire also to make their votes as effective as possible for an honest and pure, and wise administration. How can such voters, who, at this election, cannot conscientionsly support the Republican candidate, promote the objects which they desire to accomplish more surely than by supporting the candidate who repcock. The latter will transfer them to the the Republicans, "I do not know resents the quality, spirit and purpose which they all agree in believing to be of controlling importance consistency; if it shall do so, it will in this election? No citizen can rightfully avoid the issue or refuse to cast his vote. The ballot is a trust. Every voter is a trustee for good government, bound to answer to his private conscience for his public acts. 'I his conference, therefore, assuming that the Republican and independent voters who for any reason cannot sustain the Republican nomination desires to take cause which under the necessary conditions and constitutional methods of Presidential elections will most readily and surely secure the result at which they aim, respectfully recommends to all such citizens to support electors who will vote for Grover Cleveland, in order most effectually to enforce their conviction that nothing could more deeply stain the American name and prove more disastrous to the public welfare than the deliberate indifference of the people of the United States to increasing publie corruption and want of official integrity in the highest trusts of the government.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

OREIGN.

The Plans of the Warsaw Conspirators-Cholera Reports-Heavy Mortality at Aries-Expected Rebel Attack on Sushim-The Salvation Army Prohibited from Holding Meetings in Berne.

[By Cable to the Morning Star.] WARSAW, July 24 .- The inquiry into the conspiracy to blow up the palace during the Czar's visit to Warsaw, shows that elaborate and far-reaching plans were adopted. Evidence is adduced to prove that the conspirators, after murdering the Czar, intended to provoke a rebellion in Poland and Western Russia, to plunder the Jews and rich tradesmen of Warsaw, and to seize the arms in the arsenal.

LONDON, July 24.—Earl Granville, Secre-tary of Foreign Affairs, has refused to as-sent to Mr. Hollman's proposal to blockade the whole of the Acheen coast, with a view to securing the release of the crew of the British steamer Nisere, wrecked on that coast last autumn.

PARIS, July 24.-There were ten deaths from cholera at Marseilles last night, and twenty at Toulon. The number of deaths at Arles reached thirty-one in two days. A. majority of the people of that town have fled from their homes.

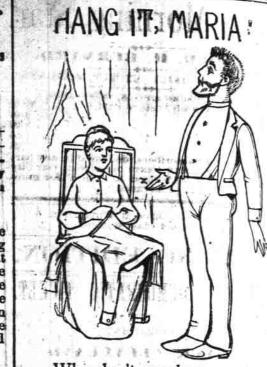
SUARIM, July 24 .- As the Bairam feasts, which mark the close of the fast of Romdian, begin to day, it is expected that a formidable attack upon the city will be

made by the rebels. BERNE, July 24.-All meetings of the Salvation Army here have been prohibited.

THE GREELY PARTY.

Programme for the Official Reception of the Survivors and Dead at Portsmouth, N. H.-Imposing Ceremonies Marked Out.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, July 24.—According to the programme agreed on by the Secretary of War and the acting Secretary of the Navy, the vessels of the Greely relief expedition, with the survivors and dead of the Greely party, will sail from St. John's on the 25th or 26th inst., and proceed di-rect to Portsmouth, N. H., where they will be officially received by the Secretary of the Navy, the officers of the North Atlantic squadron, now at that port, and the State and local authorities. Lieut. Greely and the other survivors will disembark at Portsmouth, and the vessels will proceed to New York, with the bodies of the dead, which will be landed at Governor's Island, and placed in charge of Maj. Gen. Han-



Why don't you buy my shirts ready-made ? What's the use of wearing your eyes out over fine needle work, and breaking your back trying to save a few cents! I don't see the savin' of it. Why you can buy shirts now-a-days for very little more than the cost of material. Look at this "DIA-MOND" I've just bought. I say, Maria, I am going to buy a dozen more right away.

WAMSUTTA

If your dealer does not keep it, send his addres to Daniel Miller & Co., sole manufacturers, Balti more, Md. my 2 D&W3m ch d hoc&urm

Buffalo Lithia Water FOR MALARIAL POISONING

USE OF IT IN A CASE OF YELLOW FEVER

DR. WM. T. HOWARD, OF BALTIMORE, Professor of Diseases of Women and Children in

the University of Maryland. Dr. Howard attests the common adaptation

this water in "a wide range of cases" with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs, in Gréen-brier county, West Virginia, and adds the follow-"Indeed, in a certain class of cases it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abiding debility attendant upon the tardy convalescence

grave acute diseases; and more especiall to the Cacheria and Sequels incident to Malariou Revers, in all their grades and varieties, to cer tain forms of Atonic Dyspepsia, and all the Affect tions Peculiar to Women that are remediable at al

by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to

state from what mineral waters I have seen the great and most unmistakable amount of good accrue in

the largest number of cases in a general way I would unhesitatingly say the Buffalo Springs, in Mecklenburg county, Va."

Late Professor of General Pathology and Physio logy in the Medical College of Virginia:

"I have observed marked sanative effects from

the Buffalo Water in Malarial Cachexia, Antonic Dyspepsia, some of the Peculiar Affections of Wo-men, Anamia, Hypochondriasis, Cardiac Palpita-tions, &c. It has been especially efficacious in Chronic Intermittent Fever, numerous cases of this

character, which had obstinately withstood the usual remedies, having been restored to perfect health in a brief space of time by a sojourn at the Springs "

BR. JOHN W. WILLIAMSON, JACKSON, TENN.

Extracts from Communication on the Therapeutic Action of the Buffalo Lithia Water in the "Virginia Medical Monthly" for February, 1877.

"Their great value in Malarial Diseases and equelo has been most abundantly and satisfac-orily tested; and I have no question that it would

torny tested; and I have no question that it would have been a valuable auxiliary in the treatment of the epidemic of Yellow Fever which so terribly afficted the Mississippi Valley during the past summer. I prescribed it myself, and it gave prompt relief in a case of Suppression of Urine, in Yellow Fever, and decidedly mitigated other dis-tression and decidedly mitigated other dis-

ressing and dangerous symptoms. The patient re overed, but how far the water may have contri-

buted to that result (having prescribed it in but a single case) I, of course. cannot undertake to say. There is no doubt, however, about the fact that its administration was attended by the most benefi-

Springs now opens for guests. Water in cases of one dozen half gallon bottles

DR. O. F. MANSON, OF RICHMOND, VA.,

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 24, 1884.

EVENING EDITION

CLEVELAND.

We have not been able to publish a sketch of Gov. Cleveland as yet His life is not marked with many surprises. The greatest is that a man of high integrity and who is devoted to the great work of Reform should be so appreciated, so honored. Be ginning his reform as Sheriff, for he hanged with care and skill two scoundrels, doing his work well and hu manely, and then continuing it as Mayor of the city of Buffalo, New York, he exhibited so much of zeal and firmness and devotion to duty that he attracted the attention of the best classes of citizens throughout the great State in which he lives. All eyes were at last directed to him as the proper, man to carry on reform in the State at large. It seemed to be regarded that Tilden' mantle as the great reformer had fallen upon the younger and broader shoulders, and Grover Cleveland was selected as the right man to bear to the front the banner of the Democratic party, inscribed upon it, "Reform in all Departments of the Government." He was elected by nearly 200,000 majority. Nearly that number of Republicans refused to vote and hence the tremendous majority. They did not like Folger, the Republican machine candidate, and they stayed from the polls.

Cleveland has not disappointed the honest people of his great State as Chief Executive. He carried into his high office the pure principles of his life, and looking to the good of the Commonwealth he pursued a straight forward, honest, open, decided course. He would not be dictated to by any man or clique or cabal. He dared to pursue the right. He remembered the grand Tennysonian line that "the path of duty was the way to glory." And inobly and fearlessly and honestly did he do his work. A young Hercules, he went hard to work in cleaning out the Augean Stables and he made a name that will live long.

Reform has been the guiding | It is a singular fact that Greely's

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peat pages of poetry or prose after a single reading. He cannot account for this pow er. He recognizes it and utilizes it, but he is careful to make it his servant, not his master. It is noteworthy that he remembers prose substantially and poetry literally. The rythm and the letter chain and charm his mind. * * * He has a benevolent heart and is incapable of using his faculties for malevolent purposes. The work he has done in large trusts has made the coun-try familiar with his qualities as a reformer and a statesman."

ned on his recollection. He can re

POLAR OBSERVATIONS.

We think the suggestion made by Chief Justice Daly, of New York, is a practical and sensible one-not to go on foolish explorations in search of the North Pole, but to establish permanent stations around the Polan basin or sea for continuous scientific observations. That this may result in benefit to mankind, we do not much believe, but that it would be interesting and instructive to men of science is altogether probable. We can understand how such stations might prove particularly rich in observation of natural phenomena, but it may be that even this would be obtained at too high a cost of life and of human suffering. We shall be better able to comprehend the value of such observations when Lieut. Greely has published his full report of observations and explorations made during two years or more. He will probably supply all needed data for determining the practicalness and value of circumpolar stations. We hope that no more expelitions will be sent out like those that have penetrated the Northern Sea where so many have perished and so little has been accomplished. Of course these expeditions will not cease and already an English explorer in those frozen regions has signified a desire to go again and out do if possible the Americans. Greely and his men now stand at the head. The New York Times says

"The United States now has no living colonists in the ice of the North. After years of adventure and suffering and anxiety the field is clear. Let it remain so, Not even when it is played under favorable conditions is the game worth the candle. The discoveries made by our explorers and observers in an uninhabitable region are but dust in the balance when weighed against the unending sorrows of bereaved families, the misery of broken homes, the horrible sufferings of so many worthy men and the grief of a nation. Let there be an end of this folly."

The following is the platform of the Independent Republican party: The paramount issue of the Presidential election of this year is moral rather than political. It concerns the national honor and character and honesty of administration rather than general policies of the government, upon which the platforms of the two parties do' not essentially differ. No position taken by one platform is seriously traversed by the other. Both evidently contemplate a general agreement of 'public opinion on subjects which have been long in controversy, and indicate an unwillingness to declare, upon other and cardinal questions, views which, in the present condition of opinion, might seriously disturb the parties

within themselves. Parties indeed now cohere mainly by habit and tradition, and since the great issues which divided them have been settled the most vital political activity has been the endeavor of good citizens in both parties to adjust them to living issues and make them effective agencies of political progress and reform. The indispensable necessity of this course has long been apparent, for in a time of profound peace at home and abroad the most threatening national peril is an insidious political corruption, mercenary and demoralizing in spirit and tendency.

HOAR'S PAT DESCRIPTION. The result of what is well described by Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, as "the shameless doctrine that the true way by which power should be gained in the Republic is to bribe the people with the offices created for their service, and the true end for which it should be used, when gained, is the promotion of selfish ambition and the gratification of personal revenge." But this doc-trine has produced results which are. still more alarming. A corrupt spirit and tendency has so rapidly de-veloped that they seek political power not only to gratify ambition and revenge, but to promote private gain. They deride appeals to the public conscience, defend the soiled reputations of public men by a bold assertion that all public men are equally guilty, declare that success in obtaining eminent position disposes of every imputation and suspicion of wrong-doing and, despising all prac-tical measures to reform the system of official patronage which fosters dishonest polities, makes a great party nominally responsible for pro-longed and monstrous frauds, and

CURRENT COMMENT.

---- The real workingmen have no grievance against Gov. Cleveland and they will not, upon mature reflection, suffer themselves to be misled, either by professional agitators, who work their mouths more than their muscles, or by republican missionaries anxious for recruits at any price.-Boston Herald, Ind. Rep.

---- Senator Dawes is impressed by the good record of the Republican party. The young and intelligent voter has heard of that before. Just now he is impressed by the fact that this party nominated its worst and not its best at Chicago, and made a demagogical platform upon which to mount its candidate. Thousands of conscientious Republicans do not recognize in these acts the old party of moral ideas which the Senator pictures. Certainly they do not feel bound by such unworthy proceedings. The old and much lauded "principles" are missing, and South America does not fill up the aching void in a way that satisfies the moral sense of men whose sovereignty remains under their own hats .- Springfield Republican. THE NEW BOARD OF MEDI-

OAL EXAMINEES. Wood's North Carolina Medical Journal. THE NEW BOARD OF EXAMINERS. There were present at the meeting of organization: Dr. Wm. R. Wood,

care of relatives and friends upon acolama-The vessels are expected to arrive at tion. New York about the first of August. Should any of the bodies be unclaimed, which will probably prove to be the case with some of foreign birth, they will be buried with appropriate ceremonies at the National Cemetery, New York. The officers of the Rehef Expedition will probably report in Washington early next month.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Reported Yellow Fever Case Not

Confirmed. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.-Director General Burke, of the World's Exposition, sends the following telegram in regard to the alleged yellow fever case:

"New Orleans, July 23 .- The Board of Health reported a suspicious case of fever, and Dr. Bermiss, of the National Board of Health, Dr. Godfrey, of the Marine Hos-pital service, Dr. Finny, ex-United States Officer, Dr. Solomon, and President Joseph Holt, of the Louisiana Board of Health, were appointed a Commission to investigate and cause a post-mortem examination to be made. Dr. H. D. Schmidt, Pathologist of the Charity Hospital, made a microscopical examination, and upon his report, and the statement of the Commission, the Board of Health declares that the report of vellow fever is not confirmed. Drs. Godrey. Finny and Solomon also declare that

the case was not yellow fever. E. A. BURKE, [Signed] Director-General. THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

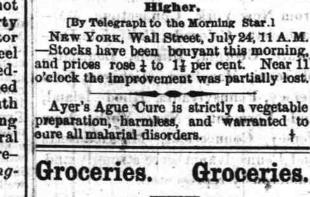
ap I The National Convention at Pittsburg

-Names Presented for the Presidency. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] PITTSBURG, PA., July 24.—The Prohibi-tion Convention was called to order this

morning at 9 o'clock. The attendance was very large. After prayer and the offering of a number of resolutions the Convention proceeded to the call of States for the nomination of candidates.

Mr. Babcock, of Col., put in nomina-tion R. H. McDonald; and Geo. C. Christian, of Ill., proposed the name of ex-Gov. St. John, which was received with cheers and enthusiasm. FINANCIAL

New York Stock Market-Buoyant and



\$5 per case at the Springs pamphle For sale by W pamphlet may be	Springs. et mailed to a . H. Green, v found. HOS. F. GOOD	where the Springs
Ice.		
T WOULD RESE	ECTFULLY	NOTIFY THE CI-

L tizens and the public generally, that I have laid in a full supply of CHOICE ICE, and am now fully prepared to fill orders at LOW PRICES, by the Barrel, Hogshead or Car Load, to all points on the Railroads or Rivers, and hope to secure a easonable share of patronage. B. H. J. AHRENS, Proprietor New Ice House. we fr su ap 30 3m

Send for Prices.

ial results "

Choice Crop Molasses. New 2ND CARGO NOW LANDING AND WILL BE SOLD PROMPTLY FROM WHARF AT LOW PRICES. tf WORTH & WORTH.

Bank of New Hanover. Authorized Capital, - - \$1,000,000 \$300,000 Cash Capital paid in, Surplus Fund, - - - - \$50,000 DIRECTORS : C. M. STEDMAN, WE ARE CONSTANTLY REPLENISHING our W. I. GORE, ISAAC BATES, G. W. WILLIAMS, LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES, and now offer, JAS. A. LEAK, DONALD MACRAE, F. RHEINSTEIN. H. VOLLERS, at Wholesale, at prices to suit the times : E. B. BORDEN. R. R. BRIDGERS, MEAT. FLOUR, COFFEE, SUGAR, J. W. ATKINSON.

