I CHLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT. THE MORNING STAR, the oldest dally new aper in North Carolina, is published daily, excessionday, at \$7 00 per year, \$4 00 for six month 3 00 for three months, \$1.50 for two months; 71 is one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered tity subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per we ar any period from one week to one year.

FILE WEEKLY STAR is published every Frida norning at \$150 per year, \$100 for six months 5 ents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square ne day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$300; five days, \$350; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$650; three weeks \$850; one month, \$1000; two months, \$1700; three months, \$2400; ix months, \$4000; twelve months, \$0000. Ten thos of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pio-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column

thy price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Dally will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-colu r triple-column advertis

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-pect, Resolutions of Thanks, do., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate to cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

A vertisements on which no specified number insertions is marked will be continued 'this for id,' at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the th antracted for has expired, charged trans

Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion. All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged a uivertia

Payments for translent advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex seed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge a ransient rates.

Remiltances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects if real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or senes they desire to advertise in. Where no is-sue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be cesponsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-



titled to great weight. * * The key-note of Mr. Hendricks' speech will be found in the phrase which he gives as a watchword for the campaign—'just laws and public virtue.' We have before now heard some such sentiment as this from the lips of men who have come fresh from making re-pressive statutes and from divisions of corrupt official spoils; but in the mouth of a man like ex-Senator Hendricks the sentence means all that is honest and true. His record as Senator, Representative, Commissioner and State legislator is pure and untarnished; and whatever he is able to do for justice and public morals when chosen Governor of Indiana, we may be

sure he will do." The praise was justly bestowed in 1872, and it is equally as deserved in 1884. Mr. Hendricks has rather added to his greatness and excellence during the intervening twelve years, and at 65 he is a wiser, more eminent statesman than he was when he was the subject of the Tribune's merited eulogium. He has higher claims in 1884 than he had in 1872, and by a very great deal, upon the American people, and because of the villainy practiced in 1876 by the Republican party, aided and abetted by this very Tribune. The Great Fraud of 1876, is still un

vindicated or atoned for. Mr. Til den and Mr. Hendricks are the two gentlemen who were so foully wronged by the rape of two South ern States, and through them four millions of Democrats who voted for them. The American people will, we hope, this year make all the amends now possible by placing Gov. Hen dricks in the Chair to which he wa elected in 1876, by a majority of quarter of a million votes.

A SIGNIFICANT REPORT.

The Young Republican Club of Brooklyn has an Executive and Advisory Committee. We mentioned that this Committee had been at work upon Blaine's record. They have been carefully and diligently examining into the Mulligan business. The Club is composed exclu- is called the Texas or splenetic fever.

sively of Republicans. They have before done important work in reforming abuses in the municipal government of Brooklyn, The Club at present is divided in opinion as to who ought to be supported of the candidates for the Presidency. That is, they have reported, not condemning any one, nor indorsing any one, but leaving each member to make his own choice and vote as h preferred.

though 75 years of age his eloquence is still great and his intellectual powers are in perfect preservation When he arraigns the Peers with burning periods and excoriating denunciation it is sure to have a great effect in shaping the opinion of the great middle and lower classes Bright is not an agrarian but a reformer. The House of Lords must vield or be broken.

Gov. Cleveland is in possession of letters promising to furnish affida vits of persons high in the educaable. There was no law in the State tional ranks of Kentucky, as well as affidavits made in another and more easterly State which would place Mr. Blaine is a bad plight and would forever settle the question of his moral status. These letters have been voluntarily sent to him. Gov Cleveland will not use these or be party to any exposure of his competi tor. He nor his close friends will bring out the pistol business or any thing else that affects Blaine's pri vate life. I take may flours and The Republicans now think they

will get a good amount of "soap" for their campaign from the poor clerks in the departments. They have about completed their plans and the Jay Hubbell system will be well worked. This is the party that expends so much wind and printer's ink over civil service reform. But party needs are stronger than moral platitudes or snivelling pretension and the old tried corrupt methods must be resorted to in their crying emergency.

According to a report of Dr Prayen, the State Veterinary of Illi nois, North Carolina is among the States in which cattle have the plague. How true this is we have no knowledge. The plague is what

THE PERIODICALS

was collected by him about the same time, and if the railroad companies did not shine in the transaction, Mr Blaine was at least made \$10,000 richer by it. For a man who started with nothing, this was a prosperous beginning in business. The equipping of the State troops required large purchase of material in Boston, and Mr. Blaine speedily found that an acquaintance with the Adjutant General's way of doing business, and the men with whom he did business, was valuable. He was a member of the Legislature but he was also a private citizen, and as such he had a right to engage in business operations that were profit-

of Maine against a member of the Legislature being interested in government contracts, and when the war was fairly begun Mr. Blaine found that he could make all the money he wanted. He had the entree at the war office and the favor of Cameron and Scott, who thought him one of the smartest young men they had ever met. He speedily transferred his base of operations to Washington. He did not need much gon. money, for it was not so much capital as information and political favor that were valuable in those days. When there was a fat contract to be had at the War Department, Mr. Blaine was one of the first to have the information and he boldly availed himself of all he obtained. Still he was a little green at first, and early in his speculative career he heedlessly put. in bid for a certain army contract in his own name. When the bid reached the eyes of Thomas A. Scott the latter was astonished. He sent for Blaine at once. "Don't you know better," he said, "Mr. Blaine, than to put in a bid here in your own name? I advise you to go and withdraw that at once, and not let your name appear." Mr. Blaine was not slow in taking the advice and he never forgot it afterward. He sometimes relates it as a gook joke on himself. He made money at a wonderful rate. I will not attempt to give any list of his operations. His large commission on the contracts for Spencer rifles and other war material are already a matter of history. The downfall of Cameron did not hurt him, for Organ. Mr. Blaine did not confine his oper tions to the war department. He was equally well "fixed" at the navy department. There had drifted down to Augusta from one of the interior towns of the State a fellow of fine address and a talent for success, who, like Mr. Blame gifted precepter of youth and a revered patriot. - Utica Observer, Dem. himself, had been at one time a school-teacher. His name was Alanson B. Farwell. He had studied law and become partner with Lot M. Morrill, afterward our Umted States Senator. Mr. Farwell was taken to Washington, and by the help of Maine political influence early in 1861 was made chief clerk of the bureau of construction and repair. It was a place which gave him knowledge of all bids, and of contracts before they were made. He was not slow to turn this knowledge to profitable account, and Mr. Blaine was his most intimate friend. Did the navy department need a large quantity of material for the construction of its war vessels? Mr. Farwell was the first to know the fact, and Mr, Farwell's friends were the first to

THE LATEST NEWS FROM ALL FARTS OF THE WORLD FOREIGN.

Cholera Reports-France and the Ital ian Quarantine-Sentence of Turkish Mutineers (By Cable to the Morning Star.)

PARIS, August 6.-There were three deaths from cholers at Marseilles, and three at Toulon, last night. Seven returned fugitives have so far died. The Siecle says: The Government has de

termined to demand a suppression of the guarantine along the Italian frontier. If taly refuses to grant this demand reprisals are threatened.

MARSEILLES, August 6, noon.-Two deaths from cholera here since 9 o'clock this morning.

CAIRO, August 6.—Eight of the Turkish mutineers, at Assiant, were sentenced to death. Two were shot at Abassyet to day. The sentence of the others was commuted to penal servitude for life.

FIRE RECORD.

Dry Goods House Destroyed in Co lumbus, Ga.-Twenty-Nine Business Buildings Burnt in Portland, Ore-

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) COLUMBUS, Ga., August 6.- A fire broke out in the wholesale dry goods house of J. A. Lewis, in this city, at 3.30 o'clock this morning, and obtained such a headway before discovered that two storehouses and nearly the entire stock were destroyed

The buildings and stock are valued at \$75, 000, with \$30,000 insurance. SAN FRANCISCO, August 6 .- A fire in East Portland, Oregon, yesterday, de-stroyed twenty-nine business buildings. Loss \$75,000; insurance \$30,000. The largest sufferers is Charles Logus, on his buildings and the contents of his meat packing house, whose loss is \$25,000. The other individual losses are under \$5,000.

FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Strong an Buoyant.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) NEW YORK, Wall Street, August 6, A. M.-Stocks are strong and buoyant this morning. Western Union rose 14 per cent. to 68, Northwest to 105, Pacific Mail # to 514. Missouri Pacific 1 to 934, and other active shares } to } per cent.

POLITICAL POINTS.

- Editor Dana does not seem be happy in the company of the Indepen-dent mug-wumps. -Baltimorean, Rad.

COMMERCIAL. WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 6, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted quiet at 291 cents per gallon, closing at 29 cents bid, but without reported sales.

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at 971 cents for Strained and \$1 021 for Good Strained, with sales reported at quotations.

TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 30 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 00 for Hard and \$1 85 for Virgin and Yellow

COTTON-The market was quoted firm. No sales reported. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary... 8 11-16 cents # 1b Middling.....10 15-16 PEANUTS-Market dull, on a basis of

75@80 cents for Ordinary, 85@90 cents for Prime, 95c@\$1 00 for Extra Prime,

and \$1 05@1 10 for Fancy. BECEIPTS. Uotton

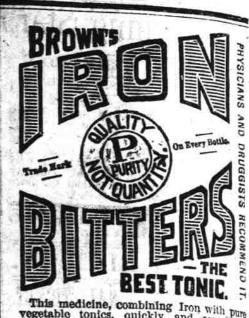
Spirits Turpentine...... 579 Tar..... Crude Turpentine..... DOMESTIC MARKETS

> By Telegraph to the Morning Star Financial.

NEW YORK, August 6 .- Noon. -- Money steady at 1@2 per cent. Sterling ex change 482@4821 and 4831@4841. State bonds dull. Governments firm.

Commercial Cotton weak, with sales to-day of 640 bales; middling uplands 11c; Orleans 111c. Futures steady, with sales at the following quotations: August 10.85c; September 10.82c; October 10.48c; November 10.32c. December 10.35c; January 10.43. Flour declining. Wheat 1@1c lower. Corn dull. Pork steady at \$16 50@16 75. Lard firm at \$7 771. Spirits turpentine dull at 32c. Rosin dull at \$1 221@1 271. Freights steady.

BALTIMORE, August 6 .- Flour steady: Howard street and western super \$2 50 @3 00; extra \$3 25@4 00; family \$4 25 @5 25; city mills super \$2 75@3 15; extra \$3 30@4 00; Rio brands \$5 12@ 5 25 Wheatthern steady fair demand; western easier, closing quiet DR. JOHN W. WILLIAMSON, JACKSON, TENN. southern red 91@92c; southern amber 93@ Extracts from Communication on the Therape 95c; No. 1 Maryland 941@941c; No. 2 western winter red on spot 911@918c. Corn nominal-southern white 71@72c; "Their great value in Malarial Diseases and yellow 68@69c. Sequelæ has been most abundantly and satisfac-torily tested; and I have no question that it would



This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia. It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver. It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headachest produce constipation—other Iron medicines do

It does not injure the teeth, cause headachear produce constipation—other Iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, re-lieves Heartburn and Belching, and strength ens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal. therefy, ec., it has no equal. The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Hade only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MR. jy 27 D&Wiy toc or frm nrm 'jy 37

Buffalo Lithia Water

FOR MALARIAL POISONING

- bales 295 casks USE OF IT IN A CASE OF YELLOW FEVER bble 122 bbls 35 bbls

DR. WM. T. HOWARD, OF BALTIMORE. Professor of Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Maryland.

Dr. Howard attests the common adaptation this water in "a wide range of cases" with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs, in Green-brier county, West Virginia, and aids the follow ing :

"Indeed, in a certain class of cases it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abding debility attendant upon the tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the *Cachexia* and *Sequels* incident to *Molarise Fevers*, in all their grades and varieties, to er-tain forms of *Alonic Dyspepsia*, and *all* the *Afac tions Peculiar to Women* that are remediable at all by mineral waters. In short, were I called apan state from what mineral waters I have ben the up est and most unmistakable amount of goal new the largest number of cases in a general y would unhesitatingly say the English Spin Mecklenburg county, Va."

DR. O. F. MANSON, OF RICHMOND, VA.,

Late Professor of General Pathology and Physic logy in the Medical College of Virginia :

"I have observed marked sanative effects from the Buffalo Water in Malarial Cacheria, Aston Dyspepsia, some of the Peculiar Affections of We men, Anomia, Hypochondriasis, Cardiae Politik tions, &c. It has been especially efficacions f Chronic Intermitte chronic Intermittent Fever, numerous cases of character, which had obstinately withstood the m remedies, having been restored to perfect healt in a brief space of time by a sojourn at the Springe

Action of the Buffalo Lithia Water in the "Virginia Medical Monthly"

of the epidemic of Yellow Fever which so terribi

of the epidemic of Yellow Frever which so terribly afflicted the Mississippi Valley during the part summer. I prescribed it myself, and it gave prompt relief in a case of Suppression of Urine, in Yellow Fever, and decidedly mitigated other dis-tressing and dangerous symptoms. The patient re-covered, but how far the water may have contri-buted to that result (having prescribed it in but a single case) L of course, counct, undertake to

a single case) I, of course. cannot undertake to say. There is no doubt, however, about the fact that its administration was attended by the meet have

Springs now opens for guests. Water in cases of one dozen half gailon bottles

Springs pamphlet mailed to any address. For sale by W. H. Green, where the Springs

amphlet may be found. (THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor. ap 10 tf nrm Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va

IMPORTANT :

NEW AND VALUABLE DEVICE

A PATENT

Jater Closet. Seat

cial results.

for February, 1877.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUG. 6, 1884. EVENING EDITION REPUBLICAN PROSPECTS IN THE

SOUTH.

The Republican managers are determined to try to capture one or more of six Southern States. They are Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida. They are flattering themselves that they can break the "Solid South" and to that end they will use "soap" and wind and lying documents most freely. They pretend to be very hopeful of West Virginia. The Philadelphia American, an able, decent supporter of the "tattooed man," says this in its last issue:

"In almost every Southern State there is a growing dissatisfaction with Democratic rule. It is more marked in West Virginia. than perhaps any other State. The policy of the Democratic party in that State has been such as to involve it in heavy taxation, which now extends to all kinds of movable property, as well as to real estate. With the Democratic party itself the most serious disagreements have arisen."

But the best and latest news that the Democrats will carry that State and elect their Governor and give the electoral votes to Cleveland. The American thinks Louisiana good fighting ground, and next to West Virginia the most hopeful. It expects the present High Tariff to bring over Democrats to the support of Blaine. And yet the Republican party favors the abolition of the sugar tax. The American thinks South Carolina may be captured and says "there is a large body of Independent Democrats which has seceded from the party," and its organ, the old fire-eating Mercury, says they will vote for Blaine. But South Carolina will give its electoral votes to Cleveland all the same. The Republican are not so sanguine now of carrying North Caro lina as they pretended to be a month or so ago. The prospects of the "Democratic annexes" of the Republican party-York, Cook, Winston and the other turn-coats-are not quite so rose-tinted and bright. The truth is there is not a sensible and candid Radical in the State who has the slightest hope of carrying the State.

But each member is furnished with copy of the report upon Blaine's record. This report gives a full history of the matter and the evidence bearing upon it. There are Blaine men and anti-Blaine men on the Committee, and hence the action to leave each man to select his own candidate. The report has not been made public yet. The Times says of it:

"In this pamphlet votors will find a sum-mary, without color, argument, or com-ment, from which disputed facts and circumstantial evidence have been excluded It is a history of the matter, prepared and approved by Blaine men and anti-Blaine men working together. For that reason it will be accepted as a fair statement, and will carry conviction to the minds of many A Letter from Augusta, Maine, in Springa wavering man who may have supposed that the story, of which he has heard more or less, was a "campaign lie." Its origin, and the impartial way in which the facts are presented, make it a valuable politica document.

Here is another bit of evidence to show how unfair and even corrupt Blaine was when he was speaker of the House. Representative Reeves, of New York, made a speech at Riverhead, Long Island, last week. In the course of his speech he arraigned Blaine for his participation in the land grant legislation in the Forty-first Congress. Mr. Reeves said:

"The standing committee on Pacific Railroads to which the matter was referred, should have been made up, so that both sides of the question should be fairly re-presented. 'What did Mr. Blaine do?' he continued. 'Out of thirteen members -mne Republicans and four Democratshe did not select a single sincere opponent of the bill. Every man of them was either openly or secretly friendly to the grant— some on grounds of public policy, others, making a majority of the committee, on grounds that would not hear the light. The result was that.47,000,000 acres of land, some of it worthless, much of it valuable, handed over in one lump to Jay Cooke, to be made a basis for floating the bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad. For this enormous robbery of the American people under the forms of law no man is so directly or so largely responsible as Mr. Blaine. It may be proper to add-what would doubtless not surprise you to hear-that during the Forty first Congress,

The Season for September contains 2 colored plates, 2 historical cortume-pictures 121 illustrations of dress and needlework 11 flat paper patterns, 6 embroidery designs and 4 initial letters. This is an excellent fashion monthly and contains the latest from Paris. Price 30 cents a number. The International News Company, publishers, 31 Beekman street. N. Y.

The Art Interchange is a household journal devoted to decorative embroidery, china painting and other of the household arts. Handsomely printed on fine paper and well illustrated, it is furnished at \$3 a year, and is published fortnightly.

The Electra for August contains its usual variety of original and selected articles It contains one handsome engraving each month, is excellently printed on clean, white paper and is devoted to "the good, the true, and the beautiful." Price \$2 a year, Published at Louisville, Ky., and edited by Annie E. Wilson and Isabella M. Leyburn.

BLAINE'S FINANCIAL OPE-

RATIONS.

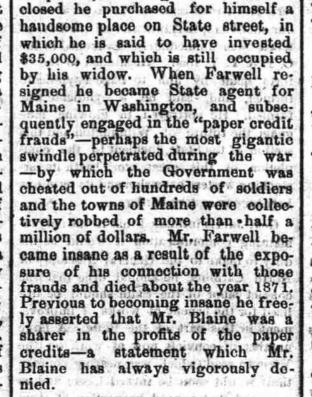
LIGHT UPON HIS PAST CARRER.

field Republican. CHAPTER FIRST.

His Money Making During the War.

When the war period opened with its revolution in prices and its vast opportunities for speculation there was probably no man in the State of Maine who more clearly perceived the avenues to wealth then opening than James G. Blaine. Possessing a remarkable natural power for organization and combination, great business sagacity and a love for adventure, Mr. Blaine not only seized upon the opportunities that came; he created opportunities. Mr. Lincoln had put Simon Cameron at the head of the War Department, and Mr. Cam-eron had made Thomas A. Scott his trusty assistant. Mr. Blaine was a Pennsylvanian, and from the very first found that he could obtain favors at the War Department-a Department nobody needs to be told where all things went by favor. Mr. Blaine was Speaker in the House of Representatives in Maine, and as captivating then as now. He instantly turned to valuable account the information and the favors which he was able to obtain in Washington. One of his first operations was the collection from the War Department of a large sum of money for the Maine Central Railroad Company. It will be remembered that at the outbreak of the war and the grand uprising of

have the opportunity to control the market. His knowledge was not confined to the operations of his own bureau, and in hemp and in a variety of materials he was enabled speculate with absolute certainty of large profits. Farwell made plenty of money, although he always told his friends that Blaine claimed the lion's share of happy.' the profits, and long before the war



SOUTHERNERS AT OLD POINT.

Correspondence Courier-Journal. Julia Jackson, the only child of Stonewall Jackson, of beloved memory, is here. She is a slight, blueeyed girl, with fair hair, dark eye-

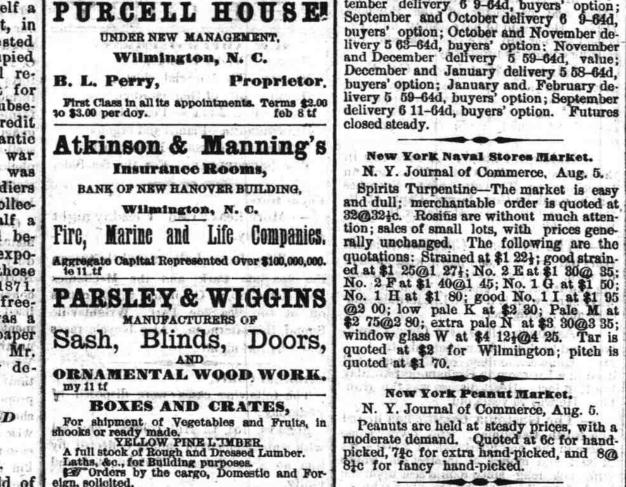
- The election of Blaine would stop the agitation of a surplus revenue. There would be none in the treasury in three months .- Augusta New Age. Dem. - When a college president declares for Cleveland he is a mug-wump, a dreamer and a dude. When he comes out for Blaine he is a distinguished publicist, a

- At a Blaine and Logan Banner raising in New Haven, Conn., the other evening, one of the speakers expressed the hope that Yale College might burn down. Colleges are offensive to Republicans this year because they don't teach Logancee.-Harrisburg Patriot, Dem.

- A Republican contemporary pained to observe that "Cleveland shows no sign of intending to resign the office of Governor of New York." No. indeed Business is not done in that way. There was Hayes, who did not resign the Gov-ernor's office till after he reached Washington to be inaugurated, and Gen. Garfield did not renounce the Senatorship till after his election to the Presidency.-Cincinnati Enquirer, Dem.

To Enjoy Life.

Many people do not enjoy their lives any more than prisoners in fail or exiles in the mines of Siberia. It is because they haveoverworked themselves into nervousness or biliousness or dyspepsis. They can be happy if they will use Brown's Iron Bitters. This is a peculiar preparation of iron, which enters into the blood, driving out impurities, and giving enrichment for poverty, strength for weakness, and vigor for lassitude. Mr. Edward Caue, of Jersey City, N. J., suffered from dyspepsia and loss of appetite. He used Brown's Iron Bitters and writes, "It made me fat and



CONTINUE TO OFFER A FULL STOCK OF

P.L. Landson

eign, solicited. my 11 tf PARSLEY & WIGGINS. WE SHALL

FOREIGN MARKETS.

IBy Cable to the Morning Star.]

LIVERPOOL, August 6, Noon.-Cotton Business moderate, at easier prices; middling uplands 61d; do Orleans 6 7-16d; sales to day 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 12,000 bales, of which 6,500 were American. Futures flat; uplands, 1 m c, August and September delivery 6 11-64@6 10-64d; September and October delivery 6 11-64 @6 10-64d; October and November delivery 6 1-64@6d; November and December delivery 5 60-64d; December and January delivery 5 59-64d; January and February delivery 5 60-64d; September de-livery 6 12-64d. Tenders to-day of 2,700

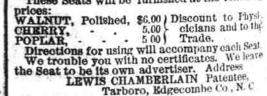
bales new docket; 2,700 bales old docket. 2 P. M.-Quotations for American cot-ton have declined 1-16d. Uplands 6 3-16d; Orleans 6#d. Futures-Uplands, 1 m c. August delivery 6 10-64d, sellers' option August and September delivery 6 10-64d, sellers' option; September and October de-livery 6 10-64d, sellers' option; October and November delivery 6d, sellera' option; No-vember and December delivery 5 59-64d, buyers' option; December and January de

livery 5 59 64d, sellers' option; January et February delivery 5 60-64d, sellers' option; September delivery 6 12-64d, sellers' option. futures flat. Bales of cotton to-day include 7,600 bales American

3 P. M.-Uplands, 1 m c, August and September delivery 6 9-64d; September and October delivery 6 9-64d; November and December delivery 5 59-64d. 4 P. M.-Uplands, 1 m c, August delivery

6 9-64d, buyers' option; August and Sep-tember delivery 6 9-64d, buyers' option; September and October delivery 6 9-64d, buyers' option; October and November de-livery 5 63-64d, buyers' option: November and December delivery 5 59-64d, value; December and January delivery 5 58-64d, buyers' option: January and, February delivery 5 59-64d, buyers' option; September delivery 6 11-64d, buyers' option. Futures closed steady.

Spirits Turpentine-The market is easy





New York Peanut Market,	FROM PIER 34, EAST RIVER. M	IEW TORE
N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Aug. 5.	At 3 o'clock P. M.	
Peanuts are held at steady prices, with a	REGULATOR	August
moderate demand. Quoted at 6c for hand- picked, 7% for extra hand-picked, and 8@	BENEFACTOR	August 9
81c for fancy hand-picked.	REGULATOR	Angust 16
Irritation of the Scalp-An Authentic	manual canon it	August 23
Testimony.	REGULATOR	August 30
Gentlemen-For five years I have been greatly troubled with dandruff, with a severe itching of the scalp, and my hair	TROM WILMINGTON	August 2

* " FOF THE CURE OF HEMORRHOIDS, (Commonly called "PILES,") I. ternal or External and PROLAPSUS ANI, for Chil dren or Adults. NO MEDICINE OR SURGICAL OPERATION NECESSARY.

I have invented a SIMPLE WATER CLOSET SEAT, for the cure of the above troublesom and painful malady, which I confidently place before the public as a

SURE RELIEF AND CURE!

It has been endorsed by the leading resident Physicians in North Carolina. Is now being test ed in the Hospitals of New York. Philadelphia and Baltimore, and we are satisfied the result will be satisfactory, as it has never failed else-where. You can write to any of the Physicians or prominent citizens in Edgecombe Co., N. C. These Seats will be furnished at the following prices:

New York Naval Stores Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Aug. 5.

the Seat to be its own advertiser. Address LEWIS CHAMBERLAIN Patentee, Tarboro, Edgecombe Co., N. ty 17 D&Wtf

