

PIBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, published daily, except on Sundays, at \$7.00 per year, \$4.00 for six months, \$2.00 for three months, \$1.00 for one month, or one week, as follows: Delivered to subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week, or one month, or one year, as follows: For one year from one week to one year, \$1.00 per week, \$1.00 for one month, \$1.00 for three months, \$1.00 for six months, \$1.00 for one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.25; five days, \$4.00; one week, \$7.00; two weeks, \$12.00; one month, \$25.00; three months, \$70.00; six months, \$125.00; one year, \$250.00. Ten lines of solid matter equal one square.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "City Items" 50 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Local Column" at 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, etc.," are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Amusement, Auction and Official Advertisements" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or otherwise, as directed by the publisher. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "The Morning Star" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Evening Edition" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Tears, Idle Tears" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "A Very Curious Contrast" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Current Comment" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Southern Items" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Seasonable Goods" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Buffalo Lithia Water" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "The Landmark" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "The Biblical Recorder" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Hale's Industrial Series" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted under the heading of "Merchant and Farmer" are charged at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

A LONG TIME AGO.

Thirty-five years and more ago we used to read the Wadesboro Argus and afterwards followed its fortunes when it was removed to Fayetteville. The writer nearly thirty years ago used to try his "prentice hand" on its columns in the way of an occasional communication. It was edited by the late John W. Cameron, (recently the printer made us call him John Z.) who was a lawyer and editor of rare parts. Mr. Cameron excelled as a writer, and in finish of style and humor he has not often been equaled by our native journalists. We have before us a copy of the Fayetteville Argus, dated the 19th of July, 1856. It is about the size of the present Observer, and contains about the same amount of matter. It is red hot for Fillmore and Donelson. John A. Gilmer was the Whig candidate for Governor. The electors for that campaign were: 1st District, Lewis Thompson, of Bertie; 2d, E. J. Warren, of Beaufort; 3d, O. P. Meares, of New Hanover; 4th, James T. Littlejohn, of Granville; 5th, A. J. Stedman, of Chatham; 6th, Gen. J. M. Leach, of Davidson; 7th, Gen. A. J. Dargan, of Anson; 8th, John D. Hyman, of Buncombe. Of these Judge Meares, Major Littlejohn, and Gen. Leach alone survive. There is an account of the discussion at Fayetteville between Gilmer and Bragg that would fill some five columns of the STAR. It is evidently from the pen of the editor. The number is full of political matter and shows that canvasses were warm in those times as now. But there is nothing personally offensive in the discussions although pointed and forceful. Men of purity and honor were selected in those days for high places and there was no occasion for exposure of rascality and crime. Since the war there is so much political scoundrelism that you must expose it in plain terms or be recreant to duty—to the cause of public virtue and to public interests. Times have changed and for the worse.

WARREN COLBURN'S FIRST LESSONS.—Intellectual Arithmetic upon the Inductive Method of Instruction. By Warren Colburn, A. M. Revised and Enlarged, with an Appendix containing a sketch of the Author's Life, Boston, Houghton, Mifflin & Co., price 35 cents. A new and handsome edition of a well known and meritorious work.

Mrs. Hurd's Niece: Six Months of a Girl's Life. By Ella Furman. Boston, D. Lothrop & Co. This is No. 4 of "The Young Folks' Library," a monthly publication of "choice literature." Price \$3 a year, or 25 cents a number.

THE SHADOW OF THE WAR. A Story of the South in Reconstruction Times. Chicago, Jansen, McClurg & Co., 1884. Price \$1.25. We suppose this an imitation of Tourge's vain series of crude novels, the design of which is to make money, make political capital and misrepresent the South.

LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF GROVER CLEVELAND. By Frederic E. Goodrich. Portland, Maine, H. Hallett & Co. There is also a sketch of Gov. Hendricks and two admirable portraits. This is a handsome and portly volume of 694 pages, bound in black and gold. It will be useful in the future as well as now, for many will desire to read about President Cleveland and Vice President Hendricks. We have before noticed this volume.

CLEVELAND'S HISTORY AS Mayor of Buffalo and as Governor of the great State of New York, shows him to be a man of energy, of judicial mind, and of unswerving integrity. His devotion to Civil Service Reform was evidenced by signing the Civil Service bills of the State of New York and entitles him to my cordial support. I shall with confidence give him my vote.—Theodore Lyman, Republican M. C.

Of the additional letters now published it may indeed be said that the offenses proved are not new. It is only the proof completing that already before the public that is new. The tone of the later letters is the same as that of the former. The profound and ineradicable greed for money, the tricks and subterfuges and misrepresentations and concealment and evasion and lying they reveal are the same as were revealed by the former correspondence. But it does not follow that men who were misled by the audacious mendacity of Mr. Blaine will remain misled. Cumulative evidence is not necessarily novel, but sensible lawyers do not on that account reject it, and honest jurors do not therefore disregard it. It does not usually acquit a man of theft if it be shown that he has stolen not once, but twice or thrice.—N. Y. Times, Rep.

Such testimony is of no value unless you know how intelligent and candid the witnesses are. The Democrats give an altogether different account.

What a commentary it is upon royalty when it is seen what extraordinary precautions and watchfulness have to be taken when Kings and Emperors move now-a-days. There

MR. BLAINE AND LITTLE ROCK.

Further Correspondence Relative to Certain Railway Road Transactions.

The following is of peculiar interest, in view of the time at which the correspondence took place, and the impending candidacy of Mr. Blaine for President before the Cincinnati Convention of 1876. They conclude the series. The first of these letters was written to Mr. Fisher in confidence, suggesting that, in order to aid his political aspirations and break the force of the charges which were then openly made against him, he (Mr. Fisher) address him the vindictive letter of which a draft was enclosed, as reproduced below.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, 1876. MY DEAR MR. FISHER.—You can do me a very great favor, and I know it will give you pleasure to do so—just as I would do for you under similar circumstances. Certain persons and papers are trying to throw mud at me to injure my candidacy before the Cincinnati Convention, and you may observe that they are trying it in connection with the Little Rock and Fort Smith matter.

I want you to send me a letter such as the enclosed draft. You will receive this to-morrow (Monday) evening, and it will be a favor I shall never forget if you will at once write me the letter and mail the same evening.

The letter is strictly true, is honorable to you and to me, and will stop the mouths of slanderers at once. regard this letter as strictly confidential. Do not show it to any one. The draft is in the hands of my clerk, who is as trustworthy as any man can be. If you can't get the letter written in season for the 9 o'clock mail to New York, please be sure to mail it during the night so that it will start by the first mail Tuesday morning; but if possible, I pray you to get in the 9 o'clock mail Monday evening. Kind regards to Mrs. Fisher. Sincerely, J. G. B.

[Burn this letter.] Not knowing your exact address, I send this to the Parker House in order that it may (not) be subjected to any danger in the hands of a carrier. J. G. B.

The Western Union Telegraph Company. Dated WASHINGTON, D. C., 1876. Received at 9.44, April 16.

TO WARREN FISHER, COMMONWEALTH HOTEL: Please go Parker House to-morrow, Monday evening; on arrival morning mail from New York, and let me hear. Answer by return mail. 19 D. II. J. G. B. BLAINE.

The following is the inclosure referred to in the preceding letter: Boston, April 16, 1876. The Hon. James G. Blaine, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR—I observe that certain newspapers are making or rather insinuating the absurd charge that you own or had owned \$150,000 of Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad bonds and that you had in some way obtained them as a gratuity.

The enterprise of building the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad was undertaken in 1869 by a company of Boston gentlemen, of whom I was myself one. The bonds of the road were put upon the market in this city on what was deemed very advantageous terms to the purchaser. They were sold largely through myself. You became the purchaser of about \$30,000 of the bonds on precisely the same terms that every other buyer received, paying for them in installments, running over a considerable period, just as others did. The transaction was perfectly open and there was no more secrecy in regard to it than if you had been buying flour or sugar. I am sure you never owned a bond of the road that you did not pay for at the market rate. Indeed, I am sure that no one received bonds on any other terms.

When the road got into financial difficulties and loss fell upon you, you still retained your bonds, and you held them clear through to the reorganization of the company in 1874, exchanging them for stock and bonds of the new company.

You acquired also some demands against the new company by reason of your having joined with others in raising some money when the company was in pressing need. For the recovery of that money proceedings are now pending in the United States Circuit Court of Arkansas, to which you are openly a party of record. Concealment of the investment and everything connected with it would have been very easy had concealment been desirable; but your action in the matter was as open and as fair as the day. When the original enterprise failed, I knew with what severity the pecuniary loss fell upon you, and with what integrity and nerve you met it. Years having since elapsed, it seems rather hard at this late day to be compelled to meet a slander in a matter where your conduct was in the highest degree honorable and straightforward.

You may use this letter in any way that will be of service to you. Very sincerely yours, W. F. Jr.

The words "indeed, I am sure that no one received bonds on any other terms," Messrs. Mulligan and Fisher state, were interlined in the foregoing letter in Mr. Blaine's own handwriting.

—Israel Coe, of Waterbury, Conn., is the only survivor of the State Legislature of 1824, of which he was the youngest member. He is ninety years old, in full mental and physical vigor, and is not a Prohibitionist.

According to a letter in the Dispatch (Ohio) Vidette Mr. Blaine's substitute in the Army is now living in Nashville, Tenn. He is an old colored man who was wounded during the war, and who has thus far failed to obtain a pension.

A number of the bodies of the deceased members of the Kentucky Breckinridge family were recently removed from the old burying ground at Campbell's Dale, near Lexington, Ky., and reinterred in the cemetery at Lexington, in a lot adjoining that in which Henry Clay was buried.—East. Sun.

THE LATEST NEWS.

RECEIVER FOR BANKERS AND MERCHANTS' TELEGRAPH CO. ASKED FOR IN SUPREME COURT.—The Company Declared to be Insolvent.

The receiver in the Morning Star. New York, Sept. 18.—Counsel to day appeared before Judge Donahue, in the Supreme Court, and asked for the appointment of a temporary receiver for the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company. Other counsel appeared on behalf of the several creditors of the company, but did not oppose the application. This proceeding has been expected for several days; owing to difficulties which have arisen between the Company and the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company. The papers were submitted and the Court reserved its decision.

The Attorney General of the State was notified of the action, but did not appear to make any argument on the motion. The suit in which a receiver is applied for is that brought by Austin G. Day vs. the Company. Judgment was rendered in favor of Day against the Company for \$36,018. The suit was begun in the Supreme Court September 18th, when an execution was issued to the sheriff, and it was returned unexecuted on the 18th of September. The judgment remains unpaid at the present time, and the plaintiff asks judgment that the property of the Bankers & Merchants' Telegraph Co. may be sequestered, and a receiver appointed, who shall convert the property into money and pay the creditors. An injunction is also asked for to restrain the Company or its agents from collecting any debts or transferring any of its moneys or effects during the pendency of the action.

The morning papers also affirm that the Company is insolvent and that numerous judgments have been issued against its property. Petitions were also presented to the Court, urging the appointment of Garrett S. Mott as receiver of the Company.

GEN. GORDON. He Sends an Identical Cypher Dispatch to Three High Officials in Cairo—What is his Situation and What he Intends to do.—A File of Memoranda from Gen. Gordon.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) CAIRO, September 18.—The Khedive, Nubar Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, and Sir Evelyn Baring, British representative in Egypt, have received an identical cypher dispatch from Gen. Gordon. The dispatch is dated Khartoum August 26th, and reads as follows: "I am awaiting the British forces in order to evacuate the Egyptian garrisons. Send me Zobeir Rayhim's yearly salary of \$3,000. I shall surrender the Sudan to the British. I desire to see the 30,000 Turkish troops arrive. If the rebels kill the Egyptians you are answerable for the bloodshed. I require \$300,000 to pay my soldiers, my daily expenses being \$1,500. Within a few days I shall take Berber, where I have 20,000 men. I have 50,000 men in the French Consul, with troops and Bashi-Bazouks, who after staying a fortnight, will burn the town and return to Khartoum. Col. Stewart will then go to Equatoria via Dongola, to bring the garrisons and the British. I desire to see the British. 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