

THE MORNING STAR.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily paper in this State, is published daily, except Sunday, at 75 cents per copy...

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ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.25; five days, \$4.00; one month, \$10.00; two months, \$18.00; three months, \$25.00; six months, \$45.00; one year, \$80.00.

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By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C. FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. '26, 1884. EVENING EDITION.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

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CRIMINALITY EITHER IN THE OFFICERS ACCEPTING THE BOON OR IN THE SURETIES WHO QUALIFY TO ITS SUFFICIENCY.

Can it be possible that there are white men in New Hanover and the Cape Fear section who are willing to abolish the present County Government system and return to the corrupt system that worked so badly according to Treasurer Jenkins?

It is because of the peonulations in office, the straw sureties given, the corruptions and incapacity of officials, and the serious dangers that lurk in the Radical-Canby system that moved the white people to rise up in their might and sweep it from the earth.

The New Bern Journal, in a discussion of the system proposed by York and company, said this:

"In some counties the elective system would be more dangerous to-day than it was then. If the Commissioners of Craven county were elected by the people a different class of men would hold the offices of Sheriff, Register of Deeds, Superior Court Clerk and Treasurer than those who now occupy these important positions."

This will apply to other counties as well as to Craven. Dr. York and the other candidates on the Republican ticket stand on this plank—a part of the Republican platform adopted at Raleigh 2d May, 1884:

"Resolved, That the system of government by which the affairs of the counties are now administered is utterly subversive of popular rights; its continuance is an attempt to engraft upon the laws and policy of the State the Tory principle of taxation without representation; therefore the Republicans of North Carolina pledge themselves to the repeal of the County Government Act."

For 98 years the people of the State have lived and prospered and been happy and contented under this system that Radicalism proposes to wipe out. The thing to be substituted has been tried with most unhappy and disastrous results for ten years. It was brought into the State by carpet-baggers and fastened, pinned upon the white tax-payers by Federal bayonets.

Dr. York, when in the Legislature, as a Democrat, voted for the present system of County Government. This was his course in 1876 and afterwards. But having turned against his party, his race, his own record he now proclaims himself the plucky champion of the Canby-Bayonet-Radical system that gives the negroes control of the finances mainly raised by taxing white men.

STOPPAGE OF MILLS. Cotton milling in the South cannot be profitable now and will not be for some time to come. The cotton mill men in the South are to have another meeting soon. They will confer together as to what is best to be done under the very depressed condition of the market.

"Mills are afraid to buy cotton lest the market should drop before they can work off the stock. But suppose cotton drops soon, we have got to snap up and let the demand overtake us. This is the object of meeting. The factories must agree not to run more than half time until about February. The factories are running solely to keep their operatives together and for their benefit."

ON A FOOL'S ERRAND. How One of Blaine's Stump Speakers was Discouraged. Judge Tourgee is stamping for Blaine in northern New York. He spoke in Dunkirk one day last week in joint debate with Col. John R. Fellows. Tourgee spoke first and made out Blaine to be a great, able and pure man. When he had got through Fellows arose and read the following article from a magazine which he held in his hand:

"If the Republican party seeks to commit harikari, the quickest and surest method for it to do so is by the nomination of James G. Blaine for the Presidency, and the next most speedy and effective method is to select some man whom he may name as a figure-head of an administration he shall in effect control."

This confirms what the STAR has so often insisted upon—that overproduction is the cause of the very unhealthy depression in prices, and that the only cure can be found in ceasing to manufacture for awhile, or working on short time for many months. When the manufacturing establishments of a country have become so numerous as to be able to make in six months what the whole people could only consume in twelve months then the result is not hard to see when the establishments work, not for six months, but for twelve months. Too much production has ruined the markets. It is so with cotton and wheat and other products of the farm as well as with iron furnaces and cotton mills.

The stimulations of a High Tariff—the bounty of 43 per cent. average offered by the Government—are the true cause of low prices for manufactured goods. The cause of low prices of cotton and other farm products is that the supply is in excess of the demand.

The farmers must do as the cotton men do—get together for consultation, pull together, determine to make less cotton and diversify the products of the farm more. The pure for low priced cotton is not in trying to raise still larger quantities, but in cutting down the area in cultivation and the production. Raise 4,000,000 bales for five years and cotton would average full 20 cents or more. Raise 6,000,000 bales and more and you may look out for 10 or 12 cents as the most, and there is no guarantee that it will not drop to 8 or 9 cents.

THE REVOLUTION IN PERU DRAWING TO A CLOSE—CACERES FLYING FROM POINT TO POINT—STRONG SHOCK OF EARTHQUAKE IN LIMA.

PARANA, September 17.—Advices from Lima state that the revolution is apparently drawing to a close. The ill success that attended Gen. Caceres' attack on Lima must necessarily have served to dampen the ardor of the revolutionists, and to strengthen the Iglesias government. The number of killed on this occasion was only about one hundred and fifty on both sides. The moral effect caused throughout the country by the government's success is of the most decided character.

Signor Pizarro, the Italian consul, has had his patent withdrawn for having sympathized with the revolutionary party. This is the second case of the kind. A number of Chinamen were recently forced by the police authorities to work at cleaning the streets. The Chinese protested against this action, and the men were immediately released. An order was also issued that the Chinese be treated upon the same footing as the most favored nation.

A strong shock of earthquake was felt at Lima on the 10th inst., but no damage has been reported. Huacho has been occupied by government troops and order restored. Caceres is at present a fugitive flying from place to place, but is still doing all in his power to injure the established government. All of his officers who were captured will be tried by court-martial. It is evident that no sympathy is felt in Peru for Caceres.

Marquis de Sullenas, the French Minister, was officially received at Lima on the 10th inst. The condition of affairs throughout the republic seems to be regaining a normal standpoint.

NEW YORK. Grand Demonstration of Striking Cigar Makers in Binghamton—A Protracted Strike Anticipated. BINGHAMTON, Sept. 26.—The most important labor demonstration ever held in this country occurred here last night, the striking cigar makers and their friends parading in large numbers. The parade was witnessed by over ten thousand people, who greeted the marchers with marked manifestations of approbation. After the parade John J. Linn, addressed the immense audience from the balcony of the Exchange Hotel, the crowd filling the street for a considerable distance either way. The people were very demonstrative, but at the conclusion of the address, which lasted forty-five minutes, they all departed for their homes. The present indications are that the strike will continue for some time, as both sides are very determined.

RHODE ISLAND. State Convention of the Prohibitionists. PROVIDENCE, September 26.—At the Prohibition State Convention, held here yesterday, twenty-two towns were represented. Hon. Sandy Dean, of Warren, presided. Resolutions were adopted approving of the action of the National Prohibition Convention, and pledging an earnest and hearty support to the National ticket.

ST. LOUIS. The Malleable Iron Company Make an Assignment. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—The St. Louis Malleable Iron Company made an assignment this morning to John T. Davis, Jr., M. F. Farrar, secretary. The schedule of assets shows \$111,000. No statement of liabilities is yet made.

FINANCIAL. New York Stock Market—Firm and Higher. NEW YORK, Wall Street, September 26, 11 A. M.—The stock market opened firm, and prices advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. The latter in Lake Superior and New York Central. Later on there was a slight reaction, but at the present time the market is strong.

OBITUARY. Death of John W. Garrett, the Great Railroad Magnate. DRER PARK, Md., Sept. 26.—John W. Garrett, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, died here at 5:25 this morning, after a protracted illness, in the 65th year of his age.

DEATH RATES. N. Y. Sanitarian. Dr. Farr one said that if one could watch the march of 1,000,000 people through life, the following would be observable: Nearly 150,000 would die the first year, 58,000 the second year, 28,000 the third year, and less than 4,000 in the twentieth year. At the end of forty-five years 500,000 would have died. At the end of sixty years 370,000 would be still living; at the end of eighty years, 97,000; at eighty-five, 31,000; and at ninety-five years there would be 223; at the end of 108 years there will be one survivor.

Very Ably Edited. Pittsboro Home. The Wilmington STAR is just entering upon its eighteenth year. It is very ably edited. Song of the Democratic traitor: Needs and pins, needles and pins, When the canvas ends my trouble begins.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. SOUTH AMERICA. The Revolution in Peru Drawing to a Close—Caceres Flying from Point to Point—Strong Shock of Earthquake in Lima.

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COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET. STAR OFFICE, Sept. 25, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was quoted dull at 27 cents per gallon, with no sales reported.

ROBIN.—The market was quoted steady at 93 cents for Strained and 97 cents for Good Strained, with small sales reported at quotations. TAR.—The market was quoted firm at \$1.25 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1.00 for Hard and \$1.75 for Virgin and Yellow Dip. COTTON.—The market was quoted steady. No sales reported. The following were the official quotations:

Table with columns: Ordinary, Good Ordinary, Middle, Good Middle. Values range from 7 11-16 to 9 11-16.

DOMESTIC MARKETS. NEW YORK, Sept. 26, Noon.—Money strong at 102 per cent. Sterling exchange 482 1/2@484 and 484 1/2@484. State bonds quiet. Governments strong.

Cotton easy; sales to-day of 210 bales; middling uplands 10 5-16; Orleans 10 3-16. Futures steady; with sales to-day at the following quotations: September 10.15; October 10.07; November 10.05; December 10.12; January 10.23; February 10.35. Flour steady. Wheat unsettled.

FOREIGN MARKETS. (By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, Sept. 26, Noon.—Cotton dull and prices in buyers' favor; middling uplands 6 1/2-16; do Orleans 6 1/4; sales to-day were 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 4,000 bales, 2,500 of which were American.

NEW YORK NAVAL STORES MARKET. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Sept. 25. Spirits Turpentine.—The market is easier and quiet; merchantable order quoted at 90c asked. Rosins.—There is a strong but quiet market. Quotations are as follows:

Savannah Rice Market. Sept. 25. The market was steady, with a good demand. Sales of the Board of Trade: Fair 64; Good 54@55; Prime 60 cts.

HIS SHIPPERY GLASS EYE. "The Squire," says the author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "wore one glass eye and a wig. The glass eye was constantly slipping out of focus, and the wig turning around sideways on his head whenever he addressed the people of the Flat Creek District." Sad spectacle. Parker's Hair Balsam preserves and promotes the growth of the natural hair. It also restores the natural color to hair which has faded or become gray.

BOSTON POST. THE OLD, INVINCIBLE AND THOROUGHLY TRUE BLUE DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER. The clean Family Newspaper of Massachusetts. Containing the most complete news of any paper in New England.

Patapsco Flouring Mills. Established 1774. Baltimore, Md. Patapsco Mill A, at LILICOTT CITY, Md. Patapsco Mill B, at BALTIMORE, Md. Patapsco Mill C, at ORANGE GROVE, Md.

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SALT RHEUM. And Every Species of Itching and Burning Diseases. Positively Cured. PIZCENA, or Salt Rheum, with its agonizing itching and burning, instantly relieved by a plication of CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure. The repeated daily use of two or three doses of CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, will, in all cases, relieve the itching, and keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and active, will speedily cure the liver and kidneys, and restore the system to its normal condition. CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, is a pure vegetable preparation, and is perfectly safe for the most delicate and most sensitive of all known remedies. Will Mc Donald, 245 Dearborn St., Chicago, gratefully acknowledges a cure of Salt Rheum on his hand, neck, face, arms, and legs for seventeen years; not able to walk or to do any kind of labor for one year; not able to help himself; cured by CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, in three weeks. He has since used CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, for the cure of his skin, and has had no return. CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, is a pure vegetable preparation, and is perfectly safe for the most delicate and most sensitive of all known remedies. CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, is a pure vegetable preparation, and is perfectly safe for the most delicate and most sensitive of all known remedies.