ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$250; our days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; ix months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls flops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ngs, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column at

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-col

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to

occupy any special place, will be charged extra Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till foroid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements

one dollar per square for each insertion.
All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue or ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Dally. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, 1884.

EVENING EDITION.

EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS. Do not vote until you know what names are on your ticket. The Radicals are extremely active in their deviltry and you must watch them at every turn. Look well to your tickets.

SOCIAL EQUALITY.

Do not vote for a Radical for any They are all tarred with the same stick. They all indorse the Civil Rights plank in their National Platform. That plank means social equality, white degradation, mixed schools and free intermarrying between the races.

White men stand by your race. Do not support a party that would degrade you, degrade your children and destroy in the land the barriers which God himself has erected.

Be true to your race, to your wife, to your children, to yourself.

VOTE FOR EVERY DEMOCRAT. Vote for every Democrat. Do not split your ticket. Do your whole duty. Vote for Cleveland and Hendricks and vote for the whole Demoeratic State ticket. Watch the enemy. If you want honest Government, go the Democratic ticket. If want low taxes, vote for the entire Democratic ticket. If you are opposed to the rule of Money Kings vote for the Democrats. If you are in favor of killing off machine politics, corrupt methods, bad men, and infernal bulldozing, vote for the entire Democratic ticket. Do not

Supervisors are to be watched. They have certain limited, specified rights-certain well defined authority. If they dare to transcend this let them be dealt with promptly and summarily. The advice of the Charleston News and Courier is good advice.

"The moment that one of these Supervisors undertakes to say, or do, any single thing that impedes or obstructs the mana gers of election in the perfomance of their duty under the State laws, he should be arrested by order of the managers. It is for the managers of election to say whether Supervisors, who are appointed for duties relating to the election of Congressmen shall be allowed to take charge likewise of the election of Presidential Electors."

At Fall River, Mass., there are no less than 23 mills that have stopped. These represent nearly 1,000,000 spindles. By this stoppage some 11,000 operatives are turned adrift. This shows how Protection secures for the workingmen of rich Massachusetts high wages. If workingmen are bamboozled by lying Blaines with such facts before them and when the wolf is lying across their threshold they will deserve to suffer.

There is to be a general movement of the British troops in Egypt up the Nile this week. A dispatch from Cairo, of the 30th ult., represents fears about Gordon's safety.

A WORD WITH DEMOCRATS.

For months the Democrats have been organizing and recruiting and preparing for the great battle that is to be delivered to-day. The arguments have been made. The newspapers and speakers have been diligently at work. The time has now come for action-for gathering the fruits of so much labor and zeal.

That there is a great deal at stake no sane man will deny. That the party that has had control for twentythree years has become very corrupt is admitted by all the truthful men of that party. The consequence of this great, deep, wide corruption is the tremendous revolt in that party and the tens of thousands of prominent men who have gone out to work and vote for Gov. Cleveland.

If Blaine is elected it will be by corruption. The Radical leaders have nothing else to rely upon. It is the Money Kings who fill their coffers. Blaine has already been bought. Jay Gould, Vanderbilt and the other Plutocrats own him. If he is elected he will appoint four more Supreme Court Judges of the Stanley Matthews stripe, who is owned by Gould, and then there will be a majority of the Highest Judicatory that is run entirely in the interests of Monopolists and Money Kings.

If Blaine is elected we shall have not only a very corrupt and disgraceful Administration, but it will be evidence that can not be denied that the people in the North have no regard for personal character, for personal honor, for personal merit, but prefer a scoundrel to a man of great civic virtues and an integrity that is great and unassailable.

In North Carolina a triumph of the Radicals would be a calamity of awful magnitude. It cannot be measured or described. It would bring a blight upon the good name of the State, and would be the signal for peculations, robberies, high taxes and unnumbered woes.

This must not happen. The honest and true white men of the State must do their duty. Let every man who is registered vote. Let every man who values liberty and low taxes and public virtue and personal henor go to the polls and vote squarely against every Radical.

THE PHILADELPHIA AMERICAN AND THE SOUTH.

It is amusing to read a self-complacent Northern paper of the Radical Protection stripe just on the eve of an important election. The Philadelphia American, for instance, is a dignified paper of that class, is intensely blind and ignorant although conducted with ability and learning. It has concluded that North Carolina will not go Republican in November because it "is not growing rapidly in manufactures or intelligence." A people are "intelligent" just in proportion as they believe in a War Tariff and vote for such lovely specimens of humanity as the late Garfield and the living "tattooed man" of Maine. That accounts for the "solid" vote the negroes give.

Then the very wise American has made another discovery. It says that "Mr. York at least keeps his temper better than does Gen. Scales, the Democrat." The stolid American is informed that Gen. Scales is not only one of the purest of men' but is one of the most amiable and kindly. He was a very gallant soldier and is suffering now from wounds received in the war. When his illiterate competitor so far forgot decency and propriety as to reflect upon the General's courage he was promptly told he was an infamous liar. That was all. York was not in the war, but pretended to be with the South, saying if he had a drop of Union blood in his veins he would open them and let it out. He did not do any fighting, but now he is boasting that he was an Union

it is capable of a joke. It is getting a Tariff for revenue. to be what Artemus Ward would call an "amoosing cuss." Referring to the South and the need of its turning Republican, this solemn oracle of Philadelphia says, with all due

"But the time has come for the South to turn its back on the sour waters of sectional dissension, and to face the sunrise of a new day. As it does so it will find itself

marching into the Republican camp." To think of a brave, conscientious people deliberately deserting local self-government for Centralization; a fair, equitable system of taxation for a system of oppression, of immorality and wrong; a party of principle for a party that has either deserted its principles or has forgotten them; a party that has been on the side of personal liberty and equal rights from the beginning for a party that maintains class legislation and builds

up coloseal fortunes by oppressing the laborers of the land; a party that is for giving all classes and conditions a living chance in the race of life for a party that is controlled by the monetary kings and plutocrats of a great section, is very absurd, and is well calculated to provoke laughter. "To face the sunrise" is to go into the

Radical camp. How facetious! What

a little joker! At this very hour the life-long Republicans of the Union are in open revolt against their old party because of its vileness and corruption. Its leaders and men of character and brains are the men who to-day are cooperating with the Democratic party to save the country from a great

curse and direful woes. To think of going into a party that is honey-combed with corrup tion and to flatter ourselves that it is going towards sunrise would be as foolish as to seek political light in Blaine's dark-lantern Know Nothing room or to seek health in a lazaretto filled with dead men.

The American is of that class of papers that believe that the wa changed our form of Government and created a Nation. It has a poor opinion of State Rights claims and believes in Wharton Barker's wild and foolish plan of taxing and distributing. It is a High Tariff exponent and believes it is entirely right and proper to tax the people heavily to create a surplus and then having created the surplus to divide it among the States for the purpose of educating the masses. It advocates the education of the negro and says to the South, "Next to the Tariff (High Protection) press the Blair bill."

The American, we may add, is doing what it can to elect the most depraved of politicians to the Presidency of this great country, and whilst clamoring for the education of Sambo is trying to elect as Vice President a vulgar, ignorant, unlettered

THE CIVIL RIGHTS OUTRAGE.

The infamous attempt of the Radcal party in North Carolina to foist social equality, miscegenation and mixed schools upon the white people of the State ought to receive the condemnation of every man with a white skin. It is a great outrage and shame that is attempted, and all in the vain effort to regain power and to carry the State for Blaine, the most profligate politician that America has produced. York and the whole set are for the Edmunds bill, and that is enough to send them "flaming flat" to the nethermost depths of the awfulest political pandemonium. Says the Raleigh Regis-

"The Edmunds bill, now pending in Congress," declares void all State laws making any distinction between whites and blacks. It will be voted for by every Republican Senator and every Republican Congressman. It wipes out from the statute book of North Carolina the provision prohibiting marriages between the races. I wipes out the provision establishing sepa rate schools for the races. Such is the measure which the Republicans are press

Gov. Hendricks has made a very laborious and efficient campaign. In fact the able candidate for the Vice Presidency has distinguished himself by the vigor and pertinacity of the canvass, and has even spoken five or six times in one day. Although in his 65th year he says he feels no bad results from his excessive labors.

Deputy Marshals can only be appointed in cities and towns, and if any of these superserviceable fellows turn up in the country and attempt to do business according to the regulation orders of Radical managers, let them be arrested. He has no busi ness at the country precincts.

Hugh McCulloch, the new Secretary of the Treasury, is seventy-five years old. He is one of the few able Tariff authorities in the United The American is a solid paper, but | States. He favors Tariff reform and

The Campaign in North Carolina.

New York Herald, Nov. 2. Goldsboro, Nov. 1.—The cam-paign in this State closes on Monday next. The canvass has been an arduous one on the part of the Demoocratic party, but they now rest from their labors over a good fight and victory won. The Republicans have abandoned the field and concede the election of the entire Democratic State and national ticket. Col. Lot W. Humphrey, who aspires to be Secretary of the Interior under Blaine, confesses that, despite his manipulation of the funds given him for campaign purposes, the State is Democratic. No more money will be spent except to pay the incidental expenses of the campaign, and so Mr. Chaffee and his colleague, who left Washington a few days ago, each with a trunk full of money, did not tarry in the State, but carried their open sesame to Louisiana and Flo-

FOR NORTH CAROLINA

The following dispatch was tonight sent to North Carolina by the National Democratic Committee:

"HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL DEM-OCRATIC COMMITTEE, NEW YORK, OCtober 31, 1884 .- To R. H. Battle, Chairman Democratic State Committee, Raleigh, N. C.: I am in receipt of your telegram and of several other communications from your State, calling attention to a circular issued by J. F. Mott, Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of North Carolina, which, in order to prejudice white voters against the Democratic ticket, charges that an Act of the New York Legislature, lately approved by Gov. Cleveland, established mixed schools; while to colored voters the representation is made by North Carolina Republicans that Cleveland's election would mean their re enslavement. These things are wholly false. They are only specimens of the many fabrications issued by the leaders of the Republican party on the eve of election, in the desperate hope of sustaining their waning cause.

should remember that Cleveland's public record is so pure that no attack could be made upon it. The Republican managers have persistently charged Cleveland with being bitterly anti-Catholic and have appealed to the priests in a circular. which leading Catholics denounce as an outrage against the Catholic Church as well as against Governor Cleveland. Now they have turned about and in an address to their Presidential candidate, thankfully received by him, they denounce Cleveland as the representative of the party of Rum, Romanism and Rebel-

"No man who is in favor of honest government will pay the slightest attention to these slanderous falsehoods nor can they affect the result otherwise than by arousing the indignation of honest voters and increasing the majorities of Cleveland and Hendricks electors next Tuesday.

A. P. GORMAN. Chairman Executive Committee.

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- By the last report of the National Commissioner of Railroads it appears that the Central Pacific and the Union Pacific Railroad Companies now owe the United States Government \$102,935,794, nearly half of which is interest. The commissioner urges Congress to take speedy and final action looking to the ultimate payment of this enormous debt. This debt is what Senator Edmunds referred to as "Jay Gould's breastworks," from behind which "Mr. Blaine always appeared, musket in hand," when he and Thurman joined hands in the interest of the Government.—Boston Herald, Ind. Rep.

-- Gould's stake is the Pacific Railroad monopoly. He desires to escape the payment of \$150,000,000 to the Government, and to create, as ex Senator Thurman warns us, a monster monopoly more powerful and more grasping than any the country has ever known. What does Gould need to accomplish this grand object? He owns Blaine. He can buy the Senate. He moves the District Judges of the United States like pawns. Gould needs the Supreme Court of the United States. If the curse of Blaineism should be visited on the country the author of the Fisher letters, the suppliant to Mulligan, the salesman of Congressional committees, the liar of the Hocking Valley, would have the power during his term of office to reconstruct the Supreme Court of the United States, the final arbiter of the Constitution and the laws. Jay Gould has bought the Judgeships. Blaine must pay the debt. He cannot defraud Gould out of the property he has purchased. With a Stanley Matthews majority on the Supreme Court Bench Jay Gould would be more supreme than the Court itself .- N. Y. World, Dem.

COTTON.

N. Y. Commercial and Financial Chronicle. NEW YORK, Oct. 31.-The movement of the crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Oct. 31) the total receipts have reached 285,112 bales, against 277,470 bales last week, 242,-313 bales the previous week and 205,289 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1884, 1,435,830 bales, against 1,465,907 bales for the same period of 1883, showing a decrease since Sept. 1, 1884, of 30,077 bales.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 122,562 bales, of which 72,106 were to Great Britain, 3,254 to France and 47,202 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 678,833 bales.

Wednesday opened dearer, but the selling movement increased and the close was easier. Yesterday the opening was again buoyant and the close firm at a decided advance. Today the market opened dearer, but soon became quiet; toward the close, however, there was renewed buoyancy on the smaller receipts at the interior towns, and as compared with last Friday the market is 17@19 points dearer. Cotton on the spot was quiet and unchanged until yesterday, when quotations advanced 1-16c. To-day there is a further advance of 1-16c, with a limited business for home consumption, middling uplands closing at 9 c. The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 447,000 bales.

- Eleven hundred and fifty names for the Independent Republican cause in Onondaga county. - Syracuse Herald.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Crowd of Negroes led by Whites

Enter the Town of Larueville and

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD LOUISIANA.

Abuse and Assault the Citizens-Two White Men Shot Dead by the Vicious Rabble-The Negroes Finally Driven off and a Large Number Killed and Wounded. LBy Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3 .- A special to the Picayune, from New Iberia, says about two hundred Republicans, principally ne groes, entered Larueville a little after 1 o'cleck Saturday afternoon, cheering in the wildest manner and using profane and obscene language in the greatest profusion. The crowd was headed by ex sheriff Viator, and they abused the Democratic candidate in the vilest terms. The most reliable and impartial witnesses agree that a few of the citizens of Larueville, not over fifteen, led by Joe Gilfaux, met this crowd of Kelloggites and remonstrated with them. when some unknown party fired on Gilfaux. The assault was very unexpected on the part of the Democrats, and before they could rally Gilfaux and Capt. Bell had fallen. The latter's revolver was taken from his body; it had not been discharged. As soon as the shooting commenced there was the greatest confusion and the negroes "Democrats all over the land scattered in every direction. It is very probable that many of the balls of the Kelloggites found victims in their own

> were wounded and some killed who were not aimed at. Eight horses were killed at the scene of the fight, and one was found dead a mile away. Some of the wounded negroes started to run, deserting their horses, and ran until they fell from exhaustion. It is reported that some of them ran into the bayou, where they drowned. Others reached the opposite shore and continued their flight. The panic among the negroes was terrible. They had been told so many wild stories about the Demecrats that they verily believed the day of doom had come. The finding of fallen negroes at some distance from the battle field caused the rumor that the negroes had been followed and shot down wherever found. It is positively stated by the participants that this is false. No shots were fired off the field, nor were any of the negroes pursued by any one. Several parties had balls extracted nere, and they say their wounds were received in the

ranks. When the negroes stampeded they

left their wounded to care for themselves.

The firing was quite general, and many

engagement. It is stated that one man died five miles below here from wounds received in the

The Democrats surrounded the Republican leaders and took them prisoners. Coroner Marill went to Larueville to view the remains of Gilfaux and Bell, but took no testimony. He will complete his task to-day. He says that as far as he can learn there must have been at least fourteen or sixteen negroes killed. Many were

wounded The Radicals have been waving the bloody shirt for a long time, and at last they have got it stained

United States deputy marshal Steele is very energetic in his efforts to get the prisoners out of jail, but so far he has failed. Judge Fontelicu held a meeting here last Wednesday, when the Gay party were in Larueville, and those who were present say the peeches were nothing but a series of vile slander and abuse. The meeting, which was secret, lasted until very late at night. Very few whites were present.

GOV. CLEVELAND.

He Goes Home to Vote-He is in Excellent Health and Spirits, and Considers the Democratic Prospects Very

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) BUFFALO, Nov. 3 .- Gov. Cleveland arived here this morning at 7.35 o'clock, accompanied by his friend, E. D. Tuthill, of the Tifft House, and Mr. Tuthill's nephew. The Governor declined the use of Mr. Tuthill's carriage and quietly strolled to his usual breakfasting restaurant, where, after partaking of a hearty meal, he repaired to his rooms over his office; and later, at about 10 o'clock, was at his desk in his law office. It was expected that the Governor would arrive this afternoon, and preparations had been made to give him a reception. About 11 o'clock he left his office and strolled leisurely up to the Tifft House. He was attired in a handsome suit of black broadcloth, and appeared to be in very good health. He was is excellent spirits, and frequently stopped on the sidewalk to chat familiarly for a moment or two with some

To an Associated Press reporter he said, I am in most excellent health, and am more than pleased to be at my old home again." He states that the most cheering news had come to him from almost every quarter, and that the prospects of the success of the Democratic ticket he considered quite bright. In answer to the question as to what he

thought about the State of New York, he replied that he must decline to give an opinion, and referred the interviewer to Mr. McCune, whom he said could better answer that question than himself. The Governor will remain here until Tuesday, and will vote in his old district in the Ninth ward.

FOREIGN.

The London Times on the Political Contest in America.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) London, Nov. 3 .- The Times of this morning devotes a leader to the political contest in America, in the course of which t says: "Although the number of votes polled to-morrow will probably exceed those polled at any previous contest, nevertheless it would not be rash to say that the vast majority of the Americans regard the issue with indifference. Foreigners have still less reason to feel a keen interest. The campaign has been almost exclusively managed by experienced and adroit professional politicians, and to them alone the result will bring exultation or disappointment. The most satisfactory feature of the whole campaign is the failure of all attempts to revive for party purposes the sections jealousies of the North and South. Mr. Blaine's recent inflammatory speeches in the west will not really benefit his cause."

PENNSYLVANIA.

Withdrawal of One of the Democratic Candidates for Congress in the Twentieth District. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Messrs. Andrew Curtin and J. K. P. Hall, contesting Democratic Congressional candidates from the Twentieth District of this State, having submitted to Chairman Hensel, of the Democratic State Committee, the question as to which would best serve the interests of the party as its candidate, Mr. Hensel has decided in favor of Mr. Curtin. Mr. Hall will accordingly withdraw from the contest.

FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Quiet and Lower.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK, Wall Street, Nov. 3, 11 A. M .- The stock market opened lower this morning, and prices fell off to per cent, actually enrolled is not so bad a shewing the latter in Union Pacific. Towards 11 o'clock there was a rally of 1 to 1 per cent. The market is now quiet.

CINCINNATI.

Large Extra Police Force for Election Day-Trouble Anticipated from U. S. Marshals.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] CINCINNATI, November 2.—At a special meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners, last night, to consider petitions signed by a number of respectable citizens, asking that the police force be increased to preserve order on election day, a resolution was adopted instructing the Vice President of the Board to appoint a special force, not to exceed six hundred men, to be used as he may direct. This action grows out of the apprehension that there will be trouble on election day in consequence of the appointment of deputy United States Marshals, and the alleged intention of an attempt to force the election judges to receive the ballots for Presidential electors of men whose names have been stricken from the registration lists by the Board of Revision.

CHICAGO.

Prominent Democrats Arrested by Federal Authorities.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—The Federal authorities last night arrested John Stearns. brother-in-law of Mayor Harrison, Democratic candidate for Governor, W. J. Clingen, clerk of South-Side police court, and Frank A. Owens, on the charge of aiding and abetting false registration. The offlcials decline to make any public statement, except in a general way, that their evidence is direct and absolute. A detective, named Douglass, who is supposed to have collected the evidence against these and other persons, was arrested by the city police on some general charges, but was released on bail. The three persons arrested by the United States officials were taken before a Commissioner, and their bail was fixed at \$3,000 each.

MR. BLAINE.

He Makes his Way Homeward, and Receives Cheers at Various Points.

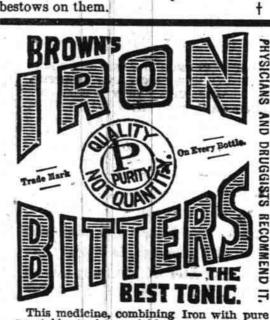
[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW HAVEN, Nov. 3 .- Mr. Blaine, accompanied by the members of his family, Mrs. M. A. Dodge, Senator Hale and Mr. and Mrs. Manly, of Augusta, left New York this morning on the regular 9 o'clock train for Springfield. From Springfield he will go by special train to Boston, making a short stop at Worcester. Before the train left New York a crowd gathered around and cheered Mr. Blaine, as he looked out of the window, and like scenes occurred at several other points on the

Savannah Rice Market.

Savannah News, Nov. 2. The market continues steady and unchanged. The sales for the day were 228 of the Board of Trade: Fair 5c; Good 5#c; Rough rice-Country lots 90c@\$1 00:tide

water \$1 10@1 25.

A "Woman's Exchange." The sign was displayed, and somebody went to see if a man who was tired of his wife could go there and trade her off for another one. Found it was impracticable. The best kind of exchange for women is that which is promoted by Brown's Iron Bitters. Exchange poor health for good. Broken down and debilitated ladies with impoverished blood find vigor and joy in the enrichment which this prince of tonics



vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers,

and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constitution. produce constipation—other Iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, re lieves Heartburn and Belching, and strength

ens the muscles and nerves.
For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of 43 The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Buffalo Lithia Water FOR MAI ARIAL POISONING.

jy 27 D&Wiy top or frm nrm 'jy 27

USE OF IT IN A CASE OF YELLOW FEVER.

DR. WM. T. HOWARD, OF BALTIMORE. Professor of Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Maryland.

Dr. Howard attests the common adaptation of this water in "a wide range of cases" with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs, in Green-brier county, West Virginia, and adds the follow-

"Indeed, in a certain class of cases it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abiding debility attendant upon the tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the Cachexia and Sequels neident to Malarious Fevers, in all their grades and varieties, to certain forms of Atonic Dyspepsia, and all the Affections Peculiar to Women that are remediable at all by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to state from what mineral waters I have seen the greatest and most unmistakable amount of good accrue in the largest number of cases in a general way I would unhesitatingly say the Buffalo Springs, in Mecklenburg county, Va."

Dr. O. F. Manson, of Richmond, Va., Late Professor of General Pathology and Physio-logy in the Medical College of Virginia: "I have observed marked sanative effects from the Buffalo Water in Malarial Cachexia, Antonic Dyspepsia, some of the Peculiar Affections of Women, Anomia, Hypochondriasis, Cardiac Palpitations, &c. It has been especially efficacious in Chronic Intermittent Fever, numerous cases of this character, which had obstinately withstood the usual remedies, having been restored to perfect health in a brief space of time by a sojourn at the Springs." Dr. John W. Williamson, Jackson, Tenn.

Extracts from Communication on the Therapeut Action of the Buffalo Lithia Water in the "Virginia Medical Monthly" for February, 1877.

"Their great value in Malarial Diseases and Sequelæ has been most abundantly and satisfactorily tested; and I have no question that it would have been a valuable auxiliary in the treatment of the epidemic of Yellow Fever which so terribly afflicted the Mississippi Valley during the past summer. I prescribed it myself, and it gave prompt relief in a case of Suppression of Urine, in Yellow Fever, and decidedly mitigated other distressing and dangerous symptoms. The patient recovered, but how far the water may have contributed to that result (having prescribed it in but buted to that result (having prescribed it in but a single case) I, of course. cannot undertake to say. There is no doubt, however, about the fact that its administration was attended by the most benefi-cial results."

Springs now opens for guests.

Water in cases of one dozen half gallon bottles

\$5 per case at the Springs.

Springs pamphlet mailed to any address.

For sale by W. H. Green, where the Springs pamphlet may be found.

THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor, ap 10 tf nrm

Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage box of goods which will help all, of either sex, tomore money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 3, 4 P. M. BPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 27 cents per gallon, with no sales reported.

ROSIN-The market was quoted nominal and lower to sell, at 921 cents for Strained and 971 cents for Good Strained. with no sales reported.

TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 40 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at

CRUDE TURPENTINE-In limited supply and market steady, with sales reported at \$1 00 for Hard and \$1 60 for Vir-

gin and Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted

steady. No sales reported. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary..... 7 3-16 ets 19 11. Good Ordinary..... 8 7-16 Low Middling..... 9 1-16

Middling..... 9 716

Good Middling..... 98

RECEIPTS. Cotton Spirits Turpentine.... Rosin.... Tar...... 17 bbis Crude Turpentine....

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES. MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS For the month of October, 1881 Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Grude 3,838 16,368 3,098

RECEIPTS For the month of October, 1883, Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude 6.383 - 30,217 8,182 33,320 EXPORTS

For the month of October, 1884. Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude Domestic 5,732 1,323 4,826 3,016 000 Foreign. 14,148 4,349 4,352 Total..19,880 5,672 9,178 3,017 000

EXPORTS For the month of October, 1883, Cotton. Spirits. Rosin Tar. Crude Domestic 7,273 2,409 4,356 6,067 3,335 Foreign. 13,255 2,552 15,146 Total..20,528 4,961 19,502 6,669 3,335

STOCKS

Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 1, 1884. Cotton 14,943 6,172 21,115 Crude 1,119

Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 1, 1883.
 Cotton.
 Spirits.
 Rosin.
 Tar.

 18,697
 7,782
 107,168
 2,965
 QUOTATIONS. Nov. 1, 1883.

- Nov. 1, 1884 Cotton .. 10 1-16@ Spirits.. 341@ Rosin .. 1 10 @1 15 924@ 974 Tar..... 1 80 @ 1 00 @1 60

D MESTIC MARKETS

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Financial. NEW YORK, Nov. 3, Noon.-Money strong at 1@2 per cent. Sterling exchange

Cotton quiet, with sales to-day of 168 bales; middling uplands 94c; do Orleans 101c. Futures barely steady, with sales at the following quotations: November 9.90c; December 9.90c; January 10.00c; February 10.15c; March 10.29c; April 10.43c. Flour quiet and weak. Wheat quiet and higher Corn firm. Pork firm at \$16 50. Lard steady at \$7 45. Spirits turpentine steady at \$0c. Rosin steady at \$1 25@1 30.

Freights weak. BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.-Flour steady and quiet: Howard [street and western super \$2 25@2 75; extra \$2 90@3 50; family \$3 75@4 75; city mills super \$2 25@ 2 75; extra \$3 00@3 75; Rio brands \$4 62 @4 75. Wheat-southern easy and inactive western a shade firmer and dull; southern red 83@87c; do amber 92@94c; No. 1 Maryland 891@90c; No. 2 western winter red on spot 81 8081 c. Corn—southern dull; western dull; southern white 54c; yellow

FOREIGN MARKETS. IBy Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 3, Noon.-Cotton -Business good, at unchanged rates; middling uplands 51d; do Orleans 5 11-16d; sales to-day of 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 25,000 bales, 16,300 of which were Ameri can. Futures flat; uplands, 1 m c, No vember delivery 5 30-64d; November and December delivery 5 30-64@5 31-64d December and January delivery 5 35-64@ 5 34-64d; January and February delivery 38-64@5 37-64d; February and March de livery 5 42-64@5 41-64d; March and Apri delivery 5 46-64@5 45-64d; April and May delivery 5 46-64d. Tenders to day of 2-300 bales new docket; 2,900 bales old docket. Breadstuffs dull and depressed. Long

clear middles 53s. 2 P. M.-Uplands, 1 m c, November de ivery 5 30-64d, buyers' option; November and December delivery 5 30.64d, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 34-64d, value; January and February delivery 5 37-64d, buyers' option; February and March delivery 5 41-64d, value; March and April delivery 5 45-64d, sellers option; April and May delivery 5 49-64d. sellers' option; May and June delivery 5 52-64d, sellers' option. Futures quiet and

5 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, November de-livery 5 28-64d, buyers' option; November and December delivery 5 28-64d, buyers option; December and January delivery 5 32-64d, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 35-64d, buyers' option:
February and March delivery 5 39-64d,
buyers' option; March and April delivery
5 43-64d, buyers' option; April and May
delivery 5 47-64d, buyers' option May
and June delivery 5 51-64d, value. Futures closed dull

tures closed dull. Bales of cotton to-day include 9,300 bales American.

New York Naval Stores Market.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Nev. 1. Spirits Turpentine-The market is with out marked change; demands are light merchantable order is quoted at 29fc. Rosins—Prices generaly are held steadily; trading is limited to small lots. The following are quotations: Strained at \$1 25; good strained at \$1 27@1 30; No. 2 E at \$1 35@1 37; No. 2 F at \$1 42\\ 1 45; No. 1 G at \$1 50; No. 1 H at \$1 70; good No. 1 I at \$2 00; low pale K at \$2 50@2 60; Pale M at \$3 15@3 20; extra pale N at \$3 621@3 70; window glass W at \$4 25@4 371. Tar is quoted at \$2 00@2 25 for Wilmington; pitch is quoted at \$1 70@1 90.

Physicians freely prescribe Ayer's Phills as the safest and most perfect carthartic

ever compounded.