

THE MORNING STAR ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, published daily, except on Sundays, at 70 cents per copy. For six months, \$3.50; for three months, \$2.00; for one month, \$1.00. It is published every Friday morning at \$1.00 per copy, \$5.00 for six months and \$10.00 for one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.00; five days, \$3.50; one week, \$5.00; two weeks, \$9.00; three weeks, \$12.00; one month, \$15.00; two months, \$27.00; three months, \$38.00; six months, \$65.00; one year, \$115.00. For longer periods, apply for rates.

Advertisements inserted in Local Column at any price. Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for first insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column notices.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Trials, Resolutions of Thanks, and all notices of a personal nature, will be charged extra. This rate is for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is made will be continued "till told" at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for will be charged extra for transient notices for time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent extra.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

All announcements and notices of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at advertisement rates.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may be allowed to contract for their business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money, Express, or Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be accepted at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other respect, will be returned, if rejected, if the real name of the author is withheld.

Advertisements should always specify the issue or issues of the paper to which they are intended. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be published, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 20, 1884.

EVENING EDITION.

A DEMAGOGUE'S RAVING.

When we wrote our editorial in yesterday's STAR on Blaine we did not know of the character of his speech at Augusta, or else perhaps we would have given more point to the discussion. We are of that number who have not been misled or deceived at any time by the "plumed knave's" personal magnetism and his suavely and blarney. We have regarded him for many years as the incarnation of malignancy and venom—as a braggart and a demagogue of the first water. When he was transferred from the House to the Senate to save him from exposure, we said, now look out for a faying of him by Ben Hill. We did not have to wait long before the Maine bull was lying hors de combat, bruised, flattened, skinned. That had a most subduing effect upon the windy demagogue. He did not abuse the South for a long time and he kept his lies well confined.

When Blaine, in his letter of acceptance, essayed to play the part of Oily Gammon and to cover the South with Maine maple syrup whilst drawn swords were under his tongue, we said he was a hypocrite and a poor demagogue. He could not conceal his real nature to the end of the campaign, and when he found that the South would neither be wooed nor won by such a craven and dishonored knight he then threw off all disguise and began to hurl invective and slander after the old way. Alas! Ben Hill is in his grave and there is no chance now for him to take off the hide of the vile demagogue who fills the air with his harmless ravings.

His bitter and incendiary language at Augusta is the very thing. If he had asked us what sort of speech he should make to his people, we would have said—"Talk as you feel." Let out your pent up agony and chagrin in a flood of villainous slanders and slander and vituperation. Let the whole country see just how dirty a scamp you are. Pour out your bile and slander upon the South. It will not harm it and only reveal your true character. You are a superb demagogue, and you are utterly vile and vicious from the crown of your head to the sole of your tattooed feet. And lest there should be some one so benighted in our land as not already to know that you are venal, purchasable, despicable, pile up your abuse and let your spleen find expression in incendiary words that shall bring out in clear light every concealed feature of your thoroughly debauched and hateful character."

Blaine has hurt no one but himself. All good citizens everywhere will condemn his prize-ring talk. Patriots of every section and name will rejoice in the deliverance of the coun-

try from such a frothy, deliberate, purblind, shrieking demagogue, who is false to his honor, false to truth, false to his country, false to his Maker. A disloyal knave, a public incendiary he deserves and will receive the execration of all good men. Blaine is

"A mousetank and a fortune-seeker; A needy, puffed-eyed, sharp-looking wretch, A living dead man."

This was the picture mainly drawn by the great limner of all time. It fits the "tattooed man" from Maine.

The Cabinet makers are still at work. Some old fossils have been dug up and some men have been mentioned for the different portfolios that stand about as much chance for preferment as Buffalo Bill does to be sent as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. James. Among those named with most favor are

Stockton, of New Jersey, Rosecrans, McDonald, Thurman, Dorsheimer, McClellan, Bragg, Randall, Palmer, Franklin, Schurz, Bristow, and so on in the North; and in the South Bayard, Gorman, Reagan, Lamar, Goode, Hubbard and Hutton. Cleveland, in the meantime is secrete, dumb as the deeps. He keeps his own counsel and is unmoved by the sawing and hammering going on around him by the tinkers and carpenters. He will construct an able Cabinet we have no doubt for he has excellent timber. There is a growing opinion in newspaperdom that Judge Thurman may be made Secretary of State. We would like to see him and Bayard in the Cabinet.

Scales ran behind Cleveland 101 votes in North Carolina. Blaine beat York 2,028 votes. The Legislature has 170 members, divided as follows: Senate—43 Democrats, 7 Radicals; House—98 Democrats, 22 Radicals—total 141 Democrats, 29 Radicals. What a change since the Canby-Holden times! Then carpet-baggers and scallawags and free-whiskey and lobby members and bribers had possession. Now only 29 Radicals offend the eyes of true North Carolinians. The News Observer says:

"In 1880 the Presidential poll was 240,000; this year there is an increase of over 28,000, of which the Democratic gain is 18,700, while the Republican gain is 9,300. In 1880 the vote for Governor was 237,417, while this year it is 265,741, the increase being 28,324, of which the Democrats gain 21,000 and the Republicans 7,324."

"The vote lacks Hyde county. The supposed returns show this, according to our Raleigh contemporary: 'Cleveland, 142,900; Blaine, 125,070; St. John, 444—the total vote being 268,414. The gubernatorial vote, subject to correction, is: Scales, 142,790; York, 122,943. Cleveland is 17,890. Scales' majority is 19,857.'"

The New York World calls attention to the way in which great criminals are protected in their rascality by the laws of that State. It refers to the case of Grant and Ward, who were insolvent two years before their fraudulent methods became exhausted and exposed. It says:

"Last week Mr. Julien T. Davies, the receiver of the bankrupt firm's property, in the interest of the creditors, made affidavit that James D. Fish had for two years prior to the suspension of the firm drawn about \$400,000 in money from its alleged 'profits' and invested it in property now held by the assignee. On this affidavit Judge Donohue granted an order requiring Fish to appear for examination as a witness before trial, in order to enable the receiver to trace the money for the recovery of which he has brought suit. Judge Barrett was applied to by Fish's attorneys and vacated Judge Donohue's order."

The Judge who thus protects the criminals, as the World says with truth, does so by basing his action on the fact that they are criminals. It does look as if the law was made to punish small criminals whilst the big rascals are safely sheltered from all danger.

We believe that Gov. Cleveland would do a graceful and proper thing if he was to honor some Irish-American citizen with a Cabinet place. Whilst there were many thousands of Irish in New York who strayed off into the Blaine enclosure and helped to give the "tattooed man" a large vote, the greater part of the Irish were true to the Democratic party that held by the only friend in our country. They have always, with but few exceptions, opposed the Republican party. The Boston Post thinks the Irish element should be duly recognized, and says:

"Very likely he will do this very thing, for he has appointed more Irish-Americans to high office than any of his predecessors at Albany. From such men as Senator Jones, Francis Kernan, Patrick A. Collins, and others we might mention, a cabinet officer could be chosen who would reflect honor upon his race, his party and his country."

The New York World gives more than a half column to a picture of the nuptials of a Mr. Wilson to a Miss Astor. They are very rich, and therefore, a Democratic paper devotes large space and expense to

showing up the event. Say what you will people bow down and worship the Money Kings. The "Cod-fish Aristocracy" rule the day in the North.

The mention of the infamous editor of the New York Tribune for the U. S. Senatorship arouses prompt opposition. New York would feel itself disgraced if such a fellow were chosen. The Syracuse Herald is so horrified at the very mention of it that it says:

"No Whittaker Reid is ours, if you please. Give us even Chauncey Dewey for Senator, or Russell Sage, or Jay Gould, or William H. Vanderbilt, or almost anybody else who is just what he pretends to be, and the State of New York will have less to be ashamed of. But, for goodness sake, keep out of the humbug market."

THE PERIODICALS.

North Carolina University Magazine for November is possibly the best number of this monthly of the new series. Prof. Winston has an enjoyable and thoughtful paper on "The Greek, the Roman and the Teuton." The editorials are numerous. The Magazine is well printed, and altogether a creditable and deserving publication. Price \$1.00 a year. The old friends of the University ought to sustain it.

The Art Interchange is a very artistic weekly household journal. It is the very thing for the ladies. Price \$3.00 a year. Published in New York city.

Ladies Floral Cabinet is a monthly home companion. Its title reveals its purpose. It is tasteful and useful. Price \$1.25 a year. Address 22 Vesey street, New York.

Lippincott's Magazine for December is well filled as usual with varied articles. The articles on the "French Broad in North Carolina" are concluded. They are attractively illustrated. Among the lighter articles in the number are "The Philosophy and Art of Dancing," by Norman Pearson, "A Western Industry," by M. H. Catherwood, and "Why Not an American Punch?" by E. C. Reynolds. "Felicite's Reception," by Kate Putnam Osgood, and "Somehow," by Mary Bigelow Francis, are short stories, and Miss Tinker's "Aurora" is continued. Price \$3 a year. J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

THE OPPORTUNITY OF THE SOUTH.

N. Y. Times, Rep.

The Southern press as a rule displays an admirable temper in commenting on the result of the election. It has endeavored to allay the apprehension of the colored people that the accession of the Democratic party to power means any loss to them of political or personal rights. This apprehension has been cruelly fostered by leaders who disgraced the name of Republicanism to advance their own selfish purposes. Men who largely control political and public action in the South can do much more than repeat assurances of protection for the timorous negroes. They can by practical efforts prove to them that their rights are secure and extend to them the benefit of all the safeguards which the law provides for citizenship.

In the North there has been a carefully cherished apprehension that the ascendancy of the Democratic party would result in the control of the Administration by Southern men, and that it would be used for sectional advantage. The pensioning of Confederate soldiers has been among the least of the bugbears conjured up to terrify the Northern heart. We have been assured that the Treasury of the country would be depleted to build up the waste places of the South and the old doctrines of sectionalism would be rehabilitated. Southern statesmen have protested that they have harbored none of the dangerous purposes attributed to them, and the Southern press repeats the assurance that that section seeks nothing but its proper share in the heritage of the land and its institutions. They profess entire loyalty to the Union and devotion to the well-being of the whole country. We feel no doubt that these assurances will be made good and that the influence of Southern statesmen in the National Administration will be conservative and patriotic. They have it in their power to set at rest forever all the fears derived from the controversies of a generation ago.

THE TRIBUNE FORGERIES.

N. Y. Evening Post, Rep.

The following remarkable and damaging charge against the editor of the Tribune was published in the editorial columns of the Times of Sunday: "The forgery of election returns and the falsification of statements showing the results of elections are offenses so grave that the laws of this State make them punishable in certain cases by imprisonment at hard labor for a term not exceeding five years. Whether this statute properly covers the case of a newspaper which forges and falsifies election returns is a question which, we believe, has never yet been taken to the courts. We presume that no one would take the trouble to institute proceedings, either civil or criminal, against such a concern as the New York Tribune, whose editor, assisted by another person, has repeatedly and grossly forged and falsified election returns from various counties in the State of New York during the past two weeks."

No answer whatever to this is made by the Tribune, but we find in the Times of to-day a repetition of the charge, with an intimation that it may be brought to the consideration of the Grand Jury. Few newspapers would care to remain quiet for any length of time under a charge of

that character, and we do not see how the Tribune, in view of its surprising course since election, can afford to do it. There was certainly something very queer about its figures.

THE ANTIPODES OF BLAINEISM.

Columbus (O.) Times, Dem.

The selection of Roscoe Conkling as a Senator from New York would possess several advantages. In the first place his ability is immeasurably above that of either Depew, Cornell or Reid. His return would emphasize, rivet and clinch, as it were, the rejection by the people of the jobber, Blaine. Mr. Conkling in popular consideration has always stood at the antipodes of Blaineism. When he was forced to retire from the Senate through the intrigues of the Maine marplot, four very prominent citizens of Columbus assumed to speak for 100,000 Stalwarts in Ohio, and they asserted in a telegram to Mr. Conkling that this contingent of 100,000 gloried in his firmness and viewed with admiration his record, which had never been smothered by jobbery or corruption. It was always supposed that this final sentence contained an insinuation, that it was elliptical, and to have its symmetry complete, it should have continued thus: "Your record has never been smothered by jobbery or corruption, as has been Blaine's." Another point that would make for the people in Conkling's return would be the wholesome change in the practice of electing only millionaires to the Senate. Mr. Conkling never amassed even a competence in public life.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The prophets of evil who predicted Blaine's election are trying to make out that his failure is working ruin to manufacturers, especially to those of iron and steel, in Missouri. But the only definite instance which they are able to specify is that of the Harrison Wire Works in St. Louis. In that case "the proprietors called upon their employes to vote the Republican ticket, and promised if they did this to carry on operations through the winter. This request was ignored, and the consequent closing of these works has thrown hundreds out of employment." This statement proves too much. It is plain that the result of the election had nothing to do with closing the works, which was merely the fulfillment of a threat intended to strengthen the political tyranny of the proprietors over their workmen. The threat was intimidation, and disgraceful; the promise to keep open was nothing but an attempt at bribery.—N. Y. Times, Rep.

WHERE IS THE DANGER?

Dry Goods Bulletin.

We are glad to see that merchants are accepting the situation, and that they are willing to admit that our industries will not suffer by a change of party in national administration. This is sensible. Besides, why should our industries suffer in any way under President Cleveland? He is a man of moderate views. He has the good of his country at heart. It is apparent that the country does not want free trade that would be ruinous. We are not likely to impose direct taxes upon ourselves for the benefit of manufacturers abroad; we are not disposed to carry unnecessary burdens for the sake of a few manufacturers at home. On these questions the American people occupy middle ground, and there we are sure President Cleveland will stand also.

Satisfaction Worth Having.

Boston Post, Dem.

Mr. Cleveland may look back over the canvass with the satisfaction of knowing that throughout the length and breadth of the republic there was not a man of character and high standing in the Democratic party who did not give him his support. How different in Mr. Blaine's case. Clergymen, lawyers, professors, bankers, merchants, retired statesmen, men who had been prominent in the councils of the Republican party, and who were among the very foremost citizens in their respective communities, bolted as soon as the nomination was made. Thousands more followed in their footsteps as the canvass progressed and the public records of the opposing leaders became generally known.

"Time Works Wonders."

So does Brown's Iron Bitters, the true iron tonic and restorer of wasted constitution. It is not a whiskey tippie. It is not a mere stimulant. It enriches thin blood and gives strength to weak constitutions. It renews disordered kidneys; it invigorates torpid livers; it establishes digestion and banishes headache. It scatters chronic rheumatism and drives out dyspepsia. Mr. D. L. Nickum, of Springfield, Ohio, writes, "Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of dyspepsia, nervousness, and wakefulness." Mrs. Isabella Smith, of Bucksville, S. C., says, "I was plagued with chronic rheumatism and dyspepsia. Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me of both." One dollar a bottle.

The Biblical Recorder

PUBLISHED BY Edwards, Broughton & Co. RALEIGH, N. C. REV. C. T. BAILEY, Editor. REV. C. S. FARRIS, Associate Editor.

Organ of North Carolina Baptists In its 44th Year.

EVERY BAPTIST SHOULD TAKE IT As an Advertising Medium Unsurpassed.

Only \$2.00 Per Year.

Address BIBLICAL RECORDER, dec 28 ft Raleigh, N. C.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Fire at Haverhill—Narrow Escape from Death of a Number of Persons. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) HAVERRILL, Nov. 20.—The Brickett building, corner of Washington Square and Emerson street, comprising several stores in the basement, the Craigdon house, Mrs. Clark, proprietress, and several boarding houses in the rooms above, was burned this morning. The fire originated in the hotel and quickly spread to the roof, four stories above. The hotel had twenty-nine inmates, who barely escaped with their lives. Several tied their bed clothes together and came down on the outside of the building by this means; one man was killed by falling down on the telephone wire. A baby was tied up in a sheet and thrown to the firemen. Katie Gildarden and Josie Branchon jumped from a fourth story window. The Gildarden girl received fatal injuries, while the other girl was seriously hurt. The losses are as follows: Farthingham & Underhill, druggists, \$10,000—insurance \$7,000; Frank Page, \$1,000—insurance \$500; Mrs. Clark, \$3,000—insurance \$1,500; on building \$3,000, and individual losses \$1,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

FOREIGN.

Cholera Ravages in Naples—Sharp Frost in Paris. (By Cable to the Morning Star.) NAPLES, Nov. 20.—Complete official reports of the cholera in the province of Naples show that there were 14,037 cases and 7,578 deaths, of which number 12,402 cases and 6,820 deaths were in the city of Naples.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—There was a sharp frost again last night, and it is believed it will have a most beneficial effect in repressing the cholera.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Close Vote for Territorial Delegate to Congress. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) PORTLAND, OREGON, Nov. 20.—Official returns from all but one county, and two precincts of another county in Washington Territory, give Armstrong a majority of 9 for delegate to Congress. The county to be heard from gave Birch, Rep., in 1882, a majority of 20. There will be a contest over the result.

FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market—Strong and Higher. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) NEW YORK, Wall Street, Nov. 20, 11 A. M.—The stock market has been strong this morning, and prices advanced 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent. Grangers, Lackawanna, Pacific Mail, New York Central and Lake Shore were the favorites.

Special Sale this Week!

500 OVERCOATS.

LIGHT AND HEAVY WEIGHT.

ALL NEW STYLES, FROM \$25 TO \$35.00.

To make a run we will sell them lower than they have ever been offered for many years.

Children's Clothing!

We have a large stock on hand, all sizes, from \$2.00 AND UPWARDS,

which we will sell lower than manufacturers' cost.

Call and examine for yourself.

A. DAVID, Merchant Tailor and Clothier.

White Meal Yeast.

A VERY VALUABLE PURE YEAST POWDER.

Having been thoroughly tested by a great many of the ladies of Wilmington, I feel no hesitation in commending it to the public. It is elegant for bread, rolls or biscuits.

It is made by Miss Hodges, of this city, of pure vegetable matter, and she refers to

Mrs. A. A. Willard,

Mrs. Gen. Whiting,

Mrs. W. I. Gore,

Mrs. Samuel Northrop,

for the correctness of her statements.

For sale by J. M. L. BOATWRIGHT,

12 & 14 No. Front St.,

Nov 30 ft Sole Agent.

Bank of New Hanover.

Authorized Capital, \$1,000,000

Cash Capital paid in, \$300,000

Surplus Fund, \$50,000

DIRECTORS:

W. I. GORE, O. M. STEEDMAN,

G. W. WILLIAMS, ISAAC BATES,

DONALD MCGRAE, JAS. A. LEAK,

H. VOLLERS, F. REHRSTEIN,

R. R. BRIDGERS, S. E. BORDEN,

J. W. ATKINSON,

ISAAC BATES, President

G. W. WILLIAMS, Vice President,

S. D. WALLACE, Cashier

Call and See

THESE DELICIOUS FRUIT PRESERVES. WE guarantee them to be pure and the flavor as if put up at home. A trial in all we sell. Canned Goods of All Kinds, Fruits, Currants, Pickles, Dried Beef, Oranges and Lemons, Baking Powder, etc. to mention. Call on the proprietors, the best of Cheeses, Hams and Sugar-Cured Shoulders, Coffees roasted and ground. By Steamer to New York. We do not brag on all flour, but we put the best of it in all our flour. BUCKWHEAT MEAL and GRAMM'S FLOUR. Parties wishing Preserves at retail will please send orders.

For sale by F. G. & N. ROBINSON.

Library Lamps.

ANOTHER LOT OF LIBRARY LAMPS JUST ARRIVED.

For sale by GILLES & MURCHISON,

38 & 40 Mulberry Block.

COMMERCIAL.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 20, 4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was quoted at 29 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 100 casks later at 28 1/2 cents.

ROBIN—The market was quoted firm at 95 cents for Strained and \$1.00 for Good Strained, with sales reported at quotations, being an advance of 5 cents on last reports.

TAR—The market was quoted firm at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm, with sales reported at \$1.00 for Hard and \$1.60 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

COTTON—The market was quoted steady, with sales reported of 150 bales on a basis of 10 cents per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary..... 7 1/2 cents # lb. Good Ordinary..... 7 " " Low Middling..... 9 " " Middling..... 10 " " Good Middling..... 10 3-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Common..... 775 bales

Spirits Turpentine..... 197 casks

Rosin..... 190 bbls

Tar..... 175 bbls

Crude Turpentine..... 115 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Financial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, Noon.—Money strong at 10 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange 48 1/2 @ 48 1/2 and 48 1/2 @ 48 1/2. State bonds quiet. Governments firm.

Commercial.

Cotton quiet, with sales to-day of 315 bales; middling uplands 10 7-16; do Orleans 20 1-16. Futures steady, with sales to-day at the following quotations: November 10.35; December 10.80; January 10.35; February 10.55; March 10.68; April 10.81. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull. Corn lower and dull. Pork easy for speculation and export; receipts 9,000 bushels. Lard—southern firmer; American Futures quiet at a decline; uplands, 1 m c November and December delivery 5 47-64; December and January delivery 5 48-64 @ 5 47-64; January and February delivery 5 52-64 @ 5 51-64; February and March delivery 5 55-64 @ 5 54-64; March and April delivery 5 58-64 @ 5 57-64; April and May delivery 5 60-64 @ 5 61-64; May and June delivery 6 1.

Breadstuffs dull and without quotable change. Bacon—long clear middle 14 1/2; short 4 1/2. Cheese—American fine 5 7/8 @ 3 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, November and December delivery 5 48-64, value; December and January delivery 5 48-64, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 52-64, value; February and March delivery 5 55-64, buyers' option; March and April delivery 5 58-64, buyers' option; April and May delivery 5 60-64, buyers' option; May and June delivery 6 1-16, value. Futures easy. Sales of cotton to-day include 8,500 bales American.

3.30 P. M.—Good uplands 5 1/2; middling uplands 5 1/2; do ordinary 5 1/2; good middling Texas 5 1/2; low middling 5 1/2; good ordinary 5 1/2; ordinary 5 1/2; middling 5 1/2-16; low middling 5 1/2-16; good ordinary 5 1/2; ordinary 5 1/2.

Sales for the week were 69,000 bales, of which 87,000 bales were American; speculation 4,900 bales; export 7,400 bales; actual export 13,000 bales; total imports 88,000 bales, of which 78,000 were American; stock 427,000 bales; American 284,000 bales; foreign 263,000 bales, of which 252,000 bales are American.

3 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, January and February delivery 5 50-64; February and March delivery 5 54-64.

5 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, November delivery 5 48-64; ordinary 5 48-64; good and December delivery 5 48-64, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 47-64, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 52-64, buyers' option; February and March delivery 5 55-64, buyers' option; March and April delivery 5 58-64, buyers' option; April and May delivery 5 60-64, buyers' option; May and June delivery 6 1-16, buyers' option. Futures closed steady.

Benj. W. Davis,