ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; our days, \$8 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$1000; two months, \$1700; three months, \$3400; six months, \$4000; twelve months, \$5000. Ten ines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ngs, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 30 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column a

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertisements:

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

All announcements and recommendations of sandidates for office, whether in the shape of sommunications or otherwise, will be charged at advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remiltances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue or ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Dally. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C. MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 24, 1884

EVENING EDITION

THE COLORED PEOPLE AND DEM-OCRATS!

We do not know whether the excitement among the negroes has been allayed or not. It should be as there is no danger what ever threatening their rights, wages or liberty. The excitement has extended all through the South. The Radical candidate for Lieutenant Governor in South Carolina was a negro by the name of D. A. Straker. He is educated and bears the election of Cleveland with philosophical resignation. An exchange says of his views:

"He declares that it gives the Democrats their great opportunity, and that perhaps it may be the means of obliterating party distinctions in the South and insuring the highest prosperity of both the white and colored races. He cannot see that anything but good can come of the removal of the Federal office-holders who have been the stirrers up of strife between the races, and he thinks that the Democrats can, by moderation and wisdom, unite the colored people with them on one line of political

We understand that one of our own colored citizens, Joe Hill, is doing some wholesome talking to the men of his race. In the Sunday's issue of the Raleigh News-Observer there is a letter from Rev. Garland H. White, a colored parson at Weldon. He asks:

"Why can't we trust Mr. Cleveland and Gen. Scales, when the whole South has been under Democratic control for the last eight years, and the two races are getting along much better now than when under Republican misrule. Mr. Hayes killed the Republican party in the South in 1876, and Mr. Blaine in the North in 1884. So the negro must now vote independently for the good of his country, and not for men's pockets, as heretofore."

This is sensible and timely. The negroes have no good reason for distrusting President Cleveland or Gov. Scales, or the Democracy atlarge. When the Democrats got possession of our State Government they at once went to work to lower the taxes and to educate and improve the colored race. The intelligent men of that race know that a great deal has been done to advance their welfare and to make them better and wiser and happier. Let them try both Cleveland and Scales before they condemn and become afraid.

Since preparing the above we find a special dispatch to the New York Herald from Washington giving an interview with Bruce, the colored ex-Senator from Mississippi, a man of talents and self-respect. He talked freely of Blaine's ugly harangue at Augusta. Here is what he said:

"That speech of his at Augusta will doubtless be the cause of great uneasiness and mental distress among the colored people of the South. Fortunately its effects can only be shortlived. Such utterances were demagogical in the extreme and wholly unwarranted. I think I ought to know something about our people in the South. The greatest harmony exists between the

white and colored races. Blaine's charges of intimidation and violence at the polls are absolute and unqualified falsehoods.

"To day the South is loyal and peaceful. Its people, white and black, are, or were until Mr. Blaine fomented this new antagonism in the right frame of mind to enter onism, in the right frame of mind to enter upon harmonious relations with the people

of the North. They were especially desirous that the pleasant business relations should not be interrupted. This is exactly what Mr. Blaine strikes at, and his Augusta speech has lowered him more in pop ilar estimation than any act of his life.

Blaine was low enough before by reason of his rascalities. He could hardly get lower. The wild, violent speech at Augusta will cause Independent Republicans to rejoice in their course and will make many an honest supporter of Blaine fully reconciled to his defeat. He is the most dangerous demagogue in America because he is the most inflammatory, the most reckless, the most unprincipled .:

BLAINE AND THE SOUTH.

The course of Blaine towards the South is bringing out from papers of all parties a terrible rebuke. Whilst the organs pipe to the dancing of the fellow who tries to stab the South the more generous and decent Republican papers criticize his ill timed and even brutal assault in plain terms. There is such an utter lack of all statesmanship; there is such a wanton bitterness in his assault; there is so much of incendiarism and danger in his angry phillipic that even the better class of newspapers in his own party can neither stomach nor defend him. His injustice to the South is so palpable that no man can fail to see it however blinded by

The meanness of Blaine's attack is rendered conspicuous by his recent praise of the same section when he hoped to draw to his support one or more Southern States. His party through sixteen years of oppression, of wicked, vindictive legislation, and gross violations of the Constitution, brought about such a condition of things in the South as to arouse the indignation and resentment of every true Southron and genuine patriot, and to create a sentiment that was united and strong. In this way the South became solidified. Radical treachery, abuse, vindictiveness and mal-administration, made the true men of the South as one man, and now Blaine indulges a tirade of abuse because the evil machinations of his party created an united South. Northern men can easily penetrate the malice that lurks under the specious plea of the angry and broken down party-hack.

We pointed out the absurdity of Blaine's complaint that because the Southern States all voted for Cleveland that the negroes were practically disfranchised, having no representatives in the Electoral College. We showed that in the eighteen States voting for Blaine the same thing could be said with equal truth of the Democrats in those States The New York Times replies to the same absurdity in this way:

In eleven States not members of the rebel Confederacy—namely, the five new England States outside of Connecticut, in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan. Kansas, and Minnesota—there were some 1,700,000 voters who will be absolutely unrepresented in the Electoral College. These men are entitled to all the privileges of American citizenship; their only disability lies in the fact that they were opposed to Mr. Blame; yet their seventeen hundred thousand votes cannot secure on voice in the Electoral College. The very thought of it must stir the blood of the late Repub-

GORHAM ON BLAINE.

Mr. George C. Gorham, who is a prominent Republican about Washington, and who did own and edit the Republican newspaper of that city, shows up Blaine's defeat of himself in an article telegraphed in advance of its publication. He says, and Mr. Gorham ought to know whereof he affirms:

"The South was made solid by Blnine's defeat of the 'force bill' io 1875 and Hayes's subversion of the Governments of South Carolina and Louisiana in 1877. The South, thus made solid, was broken in 1881 by the Mahone coalition in Virginia despite Mr. Blaine's opposition. He summoned all his resources, including his newspaper organs, to drive Mahone and his followers away from the Republican party, and to restore the solid South by forcing Virginia back into the Democratic fold. After failing in this work in 1882, he finally succeeded in 1883. This year he was quite willing to have Mahone succeed, but the wounds he had inflicted proved mortal. As Mr. Blaine omitted these interesting facts from his speech on the solid South, delivered in Augusta last night, I ask space for them in the newspaper in which I have so often stated them before. If Mr. Blaine had been op-posed to a solid South, even a year sooner, irginia would not have been remanded to her previous condition last year, and would undoubtedly have been joined by North

Under no circumstances could North Carolina have been carried for Blaine. No amount of "soap" or jugglery would have captured its 11 votes. But Blaine has blundered in the way pointed out by Gorham, as he has done all through his dashing and corrupt life. He managed his own compaign badly and he was handicapped from the word "go" with the great burden of his own bad

The suit pending in an English court between Miss Fortescue and Lord Garmoyle, is attracting much attention. The lady is an actress of England.

pure life and the defendant is the son of a very eminent lawyer raised to the peerage many years ago. We believe he was the celebrated Mr. Scarlet, but we are not certain. Lord Garmoyle is sued for breach of promise. He offers to pay \$50,000 damages, and he makes no defence, admitting his engagement and the purity of the plaintiff. We do not pretend to understand why Miss Fortescue is so implacable. If her heart is involved twice \$50,000 would not heal it. If it is not a love affair she should not be too avaricious.

BISHOP PARKER.

Bishop Parker, of New Orleans, preached at Front Street Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday morning. He is a stout man of medium height, with a good phrenological head and strong features. He is not unlike in his general massiveness to Col. R. R. Bridgers. He has been an editor and is a strong and well furnished minister of the Gospel. He is not an orator. His voice is vibratory as if he were suffering from cold. His enunciation is distinct and deliberate. His English is good. He uses words correctly, and he constructs his sentences with reference to brevity and lucidity. His sermon was based on Phillipians 3: 20, 21 It was an interesting presentation of spiritual religion in contrast with worldliness. The arrangement was simple but exhaustive. The theology. was strictly Biblical and, therefore, sound. The discussion was forceful, clear and instructive. He showed, without pedantry, that he was a man of reading, and from first to last he was deliberate, thoughtful and had the important subject well in hand. He is not a great preacher (but few men are) but he is an intellectual preacher with evidently much reserved power. He was announced to preach at Fifth Street Church and we suppose he did, but of that we have no information as we write.

Bishop Parker will preside at the Conference which assembles in Front Street Church on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. The body is very large—numbering over 300 delegates and members. It contains a good deal of talents now as it did when a much smaller body. The sessions will extend through the week, and possibly until Monday night. The public have access to the deliberations of the Conference.

Abram Lincoln was elected President and yet he lacked a million of votes and more of having a majority. When Grant was elected the second time he had a majority of all votes cast. Since then no candidate has had a majority except Mr. Tilden, and he was cheated out of it. Garfield lacked 300,000 votes of a majority. We have pointed this out before, but it is well enough to repeat t inasmuch as Radical organs are grunting at the fact that Mr. Cleveland is elected but has no majority, but a plurality over Blaine.

SOUTHERN OUTRAGES.

What a Representative of a Boston Coffee House Writes Home. Boston Post, Dem.

In view of Mr. Blaine's recent tirade against the South; and his insinuation that the chief occupation of the Southern people is the bulldozing and killing of black men, the following extract from a business letter is interesting to the general

I can't complain of my reception so far, and can say that the business men I have encountered are such perfect gentlemen that it is a pleasure to talk business with them. They invariably invite me into the private office, and most stores here have one, and sit down and give me their attention and hear what I have to say. have been into but one store, so far, to talk business, and come away

without an order. The letter from which the above was taken was dated at Augusta, Ga., but the extract applies to the whole South, the writer having made a tour of all the principal business centres. It was written by a representative of a leading tea and coffee house on Broad street, in this city, a Northern man, who had never before travelled in the South. What he says is in line with what every honest and patriotic man says when he returns from the South. The people there are a good deal more interested in business than in politics. They have no animosity toward Northern business men, and are as ready to buy of Boston house as they are of a Baltimore house. Tea and coffee, it should be remembered, are not articles handled exclusively in this old anti-slavery city of Boston. The merchants of the South can buy them in New Orleans or Baltimore, but they are glad to trade wish Bos-ton men if they can do so to advantage. The present attempt is the first this Boston house has made to introduce their goods in the South, and they are naturally elated at the prospect of an increasing and profitable trade. They are also indignant at the "bloody shirt" appeal of Mr. Blaine, as are all sensible and true

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- If Brother Blaine had been more conciliatory he might have had better luck. But he is a born fighter. -N. Y. Sun, Blaine Organ. A man may have a vicious nature and a malignant tongue without being in any sense a "fighter." During the late war, when other men were fighting, Mr. Blaine furnished the army with substitutes and contract rifles. We do not remember the exact periods in Mr. Blaine's belligerent career when he did his actual fighting. It was certainly when he begged his character at the feet of Mulligan and Fisher. It was certainly not when he ran away from the House investigation and sought refuge in the Senate Chamber. Perhaps it was when he electrified the country by browbeating Representative Belmont. Or was it when he saw his chief shot down in a Washington depot by an assas-sin? Mr. Blaine is bold, brilliant and belligerent, but his belligerency is that of a bully who thinks he has everything on his own side rather than that of a brave, considerate, reliable man. - N. Y. World, Dem.

-- An intelligent business man of Philadelphia (J. S. R.) writes the Times as follows: "Is there any truth in the statement made in James G. Blaine's Augusta speech of November 18th—that the Southern negroes are, almost to a man, disfranchised by means of threats and intimidation? I refer particularly to the paragraph herewith enclosed." Mr. Blaine's statement that the colored voters of the South "are deprived of free suffrage and their rights as citizens are scornfully trodden under foot," is simply a naked untruth, and known to Mr. Blaine to be untrue. The swiftest witness against Mr. Blaine on this point is Mr. Blaine himself. In his letter of acceptance, when he was a suppliant for Southern votes, he declared not only that the passions and evils of war and reconstruction had passed away, but he said-"Can any one doubt that between the sections, confidence and esteem to-day are more marked than at any period in the sixty years preceding the election of President Lincoln?" -- Philadelphia Times, Ind. Rep.

DEPRESSION IN MANUFAC-

N. Y. Times, Nov. 21. It is a little difficult to understand what can be the object in the policy pursued by some of the Republican papers just now of attributing all the depression that exists in manufacturing business to the election of Mr. Cleveland. Beyond a certain pride in keeping up the talk in which they indulged before the election for the purpose of preventing it, there is no intelligible political motive for such a course. There are not any votes to be changed now, and there in no advantage in trying to "make an issue" for the campaign of two years or four years hence. Nothing can be more certain than that the issues on which the people will divide in the future are almost unknown, and they are very unlikely to be those which have attracted most attention recently. The Republican leaders, unless they be much more dull than we think them, will hardly make another contest on the single question of high protection after they have had time to analyze the results of their latest experiment in that line, and to see exactly what they won and lost by it.

WHO SAID IT?

Norfolk Ledger.

Hickory Jackson said: "To the victors belong the spoils." Hickory Cleveland: "Public office is a public trust." - Philadelphia Times, Ind.

Was it Hickory Jackson or New York Marcy who coined the phrase about spoils? We have heard it was of New York origin .- Wilmington If our excellent contemporary, the

STAR, will refer to the "Statesman's Manual" it will find that the phrase originated with Marcy, although it has generally been credited to Jack-

What, Never? Petersburg Index-Appeal.

The following correspondence explains itself: Hon. James G. Blaine, Augusta, Me.: DEAR SIR: Please send me a cor-

Yours truly,
B. F. Jones. rect version of your last speech.

My DEAR SIR: I never made a speech in all my life. Yours truly,
J. G. BLAINE.

Heauming at the Old Stand. Chicago News.

Hon. B. F. Jones, Pittsburg, Pa .:

One of his Augusta friends says Mr. Blaine will now devote himself to making money. Yes, we heard he was fixing matters so as to get back into Congress.

A CARD.-To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV-JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York. †

New.

LL WOOL CASSIMERES FOR BOYS. Ladies' Merino Vests. Ladies' Linen Collars. Corsets, &c., just received.

JNO. J. HEDRICK.

Engines and Boilers for Sale. LIVE SECOND-HAND BOILERS, FROM 15 TO 50 horse power, all good; two second-hand Engines, portable; two new portable Engines, 8 to For sale low by S. W. SKINNER.

THE LATEST NEWS. FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD MARINE DISASTER.

oss of a Schooner and Crew-A Faint ing Wife Prevents Assistance to the

Shipwrecked Men. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] QUEBRO, Nov. 24.—News has been re-Victoire, before reported lost. Two men have just arrived here from Isle Aux Condres. They state that towards nightfall of the 5th instant they saw off the Capes lighthouse a schooner on her beam ends, with a number of persons clinging to her sides and appealing to the lighthouse keeper for assistance. They say the keeper heard them and immediately prepared to go to their rescue, but was prevented from doing so by the fainting of his wife from fright.

NEW YORK.

Whitelaw Reid Declines Senatoria Nomination - Movements of Gov

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ROCHESTER, November 23.—The Demo letter to its editor from Whitelaw Reid, positively declining to be a candidate for U. S. Senator.

NEW YORK, November 24.-Vice President elect Thos. A. Hendricks will leave this city for his home to-night. He will stop on his way at Newark, N. J., to review the Democratic parade. Among his callers to-day was ex-Senator Wallace, of Pennsylvania.

FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Strong and Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Wall Street, Nov. 24, 11 A M.-The stock market opened strong, and the entire list advanced } to } under the leadeship of Grangers, Lackawanna, and Frunk Line shares. At 11 o'clock the market showed a reaction of 1 to 1 per cent.

Bilious Complaints, Constipation, and Nausea, are all relieved and cured by Ayer's

Bank of New Hanover Authorized Capital, - - \$1,000,000 Cash Capital paid in, \$300,000

Surplus Fund, - - - - \$50,000 DIRECTORS :

W. I. GORE, C. M. STEDMAN, G. W. WILLIAMS, ISAAC BATES, DONALD MACRAE, JAS. A. LEAK, H. VOLLERS, F. RHEINSTEIN,

R. R. BRIDGERS, R. B. BORDEN, J. W. ATKINSON. BAAC BATES, President.

G. W. WILLIAMS, Vice President,

an 20 tf 8. D. WALLACE, Cashier IMPORTANT:

A NEW AND VALUABLE DEVICE

A PATENT

Water Closet Seat!

CURE OF HEMORRHOIDS, (Commonly called "PILES,") Internal or External, and PROLAPSUS ANI, for Children or Adults.

NO MEDICINE OR SURGICAL OPERATION I have invented a SIMPLE WATER CLOSET SEAT, for the cure of the above troublesome and painful malady, which I confidently place before the public as a

SURE RELIEF AND CURE:

It has been endorsed by the leading resident It has been endorsed by the leading resident Physicians in North Carolina. Is now being tested in the Hospitals of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and we are satisfied the result will be satisfactory, as it has never failed elsewhere. You can write to any of the Physicians or prominent citizens in Edgecombe Co., N. C.

These Seats will be furnished at the following WALNUT, Polished, \$6.00 Discount to Physi-CHERRY, 5.00 cicians and to the POPLAR, 5.00 Trade.

Directions for using will accompany each Seat.
We trouble you with no certificates. We leave
the Seat to be its own advertiser. Address
LEWIS CHAMBERLAIN Patentee, ty 17 D&Wtf

Molasses, Bagging, &c. 150 Hhds Prime CUBA MOLASSES.

100 do do P. R. do 500 Half Rolls Standard BAGGING

1000 Bales New ARROW TIES. 500 do Pieced do

500 Bbls FLOUR, 100 Bbls SUGAR, 200 Bags COFFEE,

Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.,
All at Lowest Prices.
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A WEEKLY RELIGIOUS AND FAMILY NEWSA paper and the Organ of the Methodist Protestant Church in North Carolina, is published at
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Terms, \$2 00 per annum, in advance.
The eligibility of its location, the number and
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COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 24, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 29 cents per gallon, with sales reported later of 35 casks at 291

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at 90 cents for Strained and \$1 00 for Good Strained, with sales reported at quo-

TAR .- The market was quoted firm at \$1 40 per bbl of 280 fbs, with sales at quo-

tations. CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market firm, with sales reported at \$1 00 for Hard and \$1 60 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

COTTON-The market was quoted steady, with sales of 400 bales on a basis of 10 cents per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary...... 72 Good Ordinary..... 9 Low Middling...... 94

Middling......10 Good Middling......10 3-16

RECEIPTS. 795 bales Cotton.... Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin....

Orade Turpentine..... DOMESTIC MARKETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Financial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24, Noon.-Money uiet, lower and easy at 1@11 per cent Sterling exchange 481@4811 and 485@ 4851. State bonds quiet. Governments

Commercial.

Cotton quiet, with sales to-day of 180 pales; middling uplands 10 7-16c; do Oreans 10 11-16c. Futures firm, with sales at the following quotations: November 10.21c; December 10 24c; January 10.35c; February 10.46c; March 10.61c; April 10.73c. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat 1@1c better and quiet. Corn 1@1c lower and dull. Pork dull at \$13 50@13 75. Lard weak at 7 25. Spirits turpentine 32c. Rosin \$1 20@1 27. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 24 .- Flour dull, as ollows: Howard street and western super \$2 25@2 65; extra \$2 75@3 37; family \$3 50@4 50; city mills super \$2 25@2 75 extra \$3 00@3 75; Rio brands \$4 62@4 75. Wheat-southern fairly active and firm; western higher, closing steady; southern red 84@85c; do amber 90@92c; No. 1 Maryland 89@89ac; No. 2 western winter red of 187(4)187c. Corn—southern active and lower; western lower and fairly active; southern white 45@46c; yellow 44@461c.

POREIGN MARKETS.

IBy Cable to the Morning Star.? LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24, Noon.-Cotton quiet and rather easier; middling uplands 54d; do Orleans 5 15 16d; sales of 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 12,000 bales, 8,400 of which were American. Futures dull at a decline; uplands, 1 m c, November delivery 5 44-64d; November and December delivery 548-64@544-64d; December and Janua-ry delivery 5 44-64@5 45-64d; January

@5 54-64d; April and May delivery 5 56-64 @5 58-64d; May and June delivery 5 61-64d; June and July delivery 6d. Breadstuffs firm and improving. Corn-new mixed 5s 3d. Wheat—California No. 1, 63 6d@6s 9d; No. 2, 6s 4d@6s 6d; red western spring 6s 6d@6s 8d. Long clear

and February delivery 5 48-64@5 47-64d

February and March delivery 5 49-64@5

50-64d; March and April delivery 5 55-64

middles 41s; short 43s. 2 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, November delivery 5 44-64d, value; November and December delivery 5 44-64d, sellers' option; December and January delivery 44-64d, sellers' option; January and February delivery 5 47-64d, sellers' option; February and March delivery 5 50-64d sellers' option; March and April delivery 5 53-64d, buyers' option; April and May delivery 5 57-64d, sellers' option; May and June delivery 5 61-64d, buyers' option: June and July delivery 6d, value. Futures

Sales of cotton to-day include 6,900 bales

New York Naval Stores Market.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Nov. 22. Spirits Turpentine is steady but slow merchantable order quoted at 314@32c. Rosins are held steadily; demands light. Quotations. Strained at \$1 20@1 25; good strained at \$1 27\frac{1}{2}; No. 2 E at \$1 35 @1 37\frac{1}{2}; No. 2 F at \$1 42\frac{1}{2}; No. 1 G at \$1 50. No. 1 H at \$1 50. \$1 50; No. 1 H at \$1 65; good No. 1 I at \$2 20@2 25; low pale K at \$2 75@2 87\frac{1}{2}; Pale M at \$3 50@3 62\frac{1}{2}; extra pale N at \$4 20@4 25; window glass W at \$4 50@4 75. Tar is quoted at \$2 00@2 25 for Wilmington; pitch is quoted at \$1 70@1 90.

Savannah Rice Market.

Savannah News, Nov. 23. The market continues steady and unchanged The sales for the day were 52 bbls. Below are the official quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair 5c; Good 58c; Rough rice—Country lots 90c@\$1 00;tide

water \$1 10@1 25. Raleigh Register.

Early in February—as soon as the printers re-ceive the necessary material—the publication of

RALEIGH REGISTER, North Carolina Democratic newspaper, will be commenced.

The RESISTER will be printed weekly until the great political campaign of 1884 begins. It will then be issued twice a week, or as often as may be useful or necessary to the Democratic party in North Carolina. It will be printed from new and beautiful type, on good white paper, and though it may not be large enough to hold all at once all the good things that glowing prospectuses sometimes promise, yet the application of a thorough knowledge of how to use them will put into its thirty-two broad columns all the news, much good reading, and a complete history of what is done in North Carolina. Mr. Hale will be editor of the RESISTER.

what is done in North Csrolina. Mr. Hale will be editor of the Register.

The price of the Register will be \$2 a year; \$1 for six mouths. Pay for your home paper, and then remit for the Register. Those who remit \$2 to this office will receive as

A PREMIUM,
either volume ordered of "Hale's Industrial Series." Two volumes are now ready:
The Woods and Timbers of North Carolina.—
Curtis's, Emmons', and Kerr's Botanical Reports, supplemented by accurate County Reports of Standing Forests, and illustrated by an excellent map of the State. 1 volume 12mo.
Cloth, 273 pp., \$1.25.
INDUSTRIES OF NORTH CAROLINA—IN THE COAL AND IRON COUNTIES.—Emmons', Kerr's, Laidley's, Wilkes', and the Census Reports; supplemented by full and accurate sketches of the Fifty-six Counties. and Map of the State. 1 volume 12mo. Cloth, 425 pp., \$1.50.

Address RALEIGH REGISTER, jan 19 D&Wtf Raleigh, N. C.

ADVERTISE IN

Merchant and Farmer,

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It has a large and increasing circulation in the heart of the Pee Dee country, the best Cotton section of the two States.

It is a desirable medium of communication with both the Merchants and Farmers of this section, and particularly with those of Marion and Mariboro Counties. It is therefore the paper for the Business Men of Wilmington. J. D. McLUCAS,

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I. 'I was taken sick a year ago With billious fever.

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I

Could not move! I shrunk! From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doe toring for my liver, but it did me no good I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters rectly my appetite returned, my pains left

me, my entire system seemed renewed as it by magic, and after using several bottles am not only as sound as a sovereign, weigh more than I did before. To Ho Bitters I owe my life." R. FITZPATRICK. Dublin, June 6, '81.

"Maiden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen-I suffered with attacks of sick headache." Neuralgia, female trouble, for years if the most terrible and excruciating manner No medicine or doctor could give me re lief or cure, until I used Hop Bitters. "The first bottle

Nearly cured me;" The second made me as well and strong as when a child. "And I have been so to this day.

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious "Kidney, liver and urinary complaint "Pronounced by Boston's best physi-

"Incurable !" Seven bottles of your Bitters cured him

and I know of the "Lives of eight persons" In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters,

And many more using them with great "They almost Do miracles?" -Mrs. E. D. Shock How to GET Sick.-Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise: work 100 hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters:

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name, nov 13 D&W1v toc&nrm tu th sat ch m Buffalo Lithia Water

FOR MAI ARIAL POISONING

USE OF IT IN A CASE OF YELLOW PEVER DR. WM. T. HOWARD, OF BALTIMORE.

Professor of Diseases of Women and Children in

the University of Maryland Dr Howard attests the common adaptation this water in "a wide range of cases" with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs, in Greenbrie County, West Virginia, and adds the follow "Indeed, in a certain class of cases it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abiding debility attendant upon the tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially

from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the Cachexia and Sequelsi neident to Malarion. Fevers, in all their grades and varieties, to certain forms of Atonic Dyspepsia, and all the Affections Peculiar to Women that are remediable at all by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to that from schat mineral graders I have seen the most state from what mineral waters I have seen the great est and most unmistakable amount of good accrue in the largest number of cases in a general way I would unhesitatingly say the Buffato Springs, in Mecklenburg county, Va." DR. O. F. MANSON, OF RICHMOND, VA., Late Professor of General Pathology and Physic logy in the Medical College of Virginia: "I have observed marked sanative effects from the Buffalo Water in Malarial Cachexia, Antonic Dyspepsia, some of the Peculiar Affections of Women, Anomia, Hypochondriasis, Cardiae Pulpiutions, &c. It has been especially efficacions in Chronic Intermittent Fever, numerous cases of this character, which had obstinately withstood the usual particle having been restored to perfect hadily

remedies, having been restored to perfect health in a brief space of time by a sojourn at the Springs. DR. JOHN W. WILLIAMSON, JACKSON, TENN. Extracts from Communication on the Therapeutic Action of the Buffalo Lithia Water in the "Firginia Medical Monthly"

"Their great value in Malarial Diseases and Sequelas has been most abundantly and satisfactorily tested; and Lhave no question that it would have been a valuable auxiliary in the treatment of the epidemic of Yellow Fever which so terribly afflicted the Mississippi Valley during the past summer. I prescribed it myself, and it gave prompt relief in a case of Suppression of Urine, in Yellow Fever, and decidedly mitigated other distance. tressing and dangerous symptoms. The patient recovered, but how far the water may have contributed to that result (having prescribed it in but a single case) I, of course, cannot undertake to say. There is no doubt, however, about the fact that

its administration was attended by the most beneficial results." Springs now opens for guests.
Water in cases of one dozen half gallon bottles
5 per case at the Springs.
Springs pamphlet mailed to any address.
For sale by W. H. Green, where the Springs pamphlet may be found.

THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor,
ap 10 tf nrm Buffalo Lithia Springs, Vs

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