All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column at

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate of cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to eccupy any special place, will be charged extra secording to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till foroid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisemente" will be charged fifty per cent.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remilitances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld Advertisers should always specify the issue or ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his adverses.

# The Morning Star

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C. WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 3,11884.

#### EVENING EDITION

REFORM IN THE CONGRESS.

We have observed that there was a movement on foot by the Manufacturers to form a "National Protective Tariff Association." The name betrays the purpose. It is to be organized for the protection and perpetuity of the present War Tariff. This is significant in view of the late election and the prostrated condition of the industries of the country. It is stated that the Tariff Reformers hail with satisfaction this movement of the Protectionists as it represents the real purposes of the Republican party in the face of its ing with logic and common-sense. meaningless declaration at Chicago where it pretended to favor reform and reduction. The formation of a Reform Association will be certain to follow the Protective Association. The initial steps are said to be already taken. It is not a Free Trade League, but will make an advanced movement in favor of a policy that shall antagonize monopoly and excessive bounties and high taxation. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Times, referring to this new project of the Reformers

"The most specious argument held out by these reformers is that if internal taxation be abolished it will be necessary, in the interest of revenue alone, to levy a tax on imports so high that it will afford all the protection our now full grown industries should have if they are to be kept in a wholesome condition and if the aim of protection be to accomplish the greatest good for the greatest number. This will be the text of their sermon. Republicans welcome the prospect of a contest of this character. They say that the only thing which defeated them this year was the impossibility of forcing the issue of the tariff."

So the battle will be a long and fierce one. Either the principle of taxing fifty-five millions of people for the exclusive benefit of three or four millions must become incorporated for all time into the policy of the United States, or this system, declared by the Republican Supreme Court in the Kansas case, to be nothing else than "robbery," must be abandoned and henceforth every freemen shall have the right to sell the annual interest, \$103,653,866. The where he can sell highest and to buy Secretary next discusses the silver where he can buy cheapest.

now as they were during the last session, but are not in favor of a the Times (a Protection paper), says:

"Their purpose now is to take up a few articles this session, which will be sufficient to excite discussion, and leave sweeping measures for another time, when a Democratic administration will have opportunity to show its hand."

It is now said, but it will be in order to receive the statement with several degrees of allowance. that the Reformers mean to divide

readers may see what is reported at this early stage in the session.

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF TREASURY.

Secretary McCulloch's report is lucid and intelligent document. He evidently a man of excellent qualifications for his office. He clearly leans to a reduction of the tax now levied under the War Tariff. He favors a reduction of taxes on raw materials, but favors a Commission to consider the whole question. This is also favored by the President. Of course a Commission means delay, but if the present Tariff can be scientifically readjusted and reduced by such a Commission composed of the Secretary of the Treasury and certain members of he House, as Mr. McCulloch pro poses, then we will be content to delay however desirable it is that taxes should be lowered at once. But will the Commissecure the desired end? Will the Randallites and the Protection Republicans favor the report of such a Commission? We doubt it, and because the President two years ago favored a reduction of the Tariff, and the Republican Tariff Commission reported favoring a reduction of the present Tariff on an average of 20 or 25 per cent, and yet Randall fought reduction and led off 41 Democrats, and the Republicans fought it and the Morrison bill was defeated.

So there is no guarantee that the Commission favored by the able Republican Secretary of the Treasury will be successful, even though there is a delay of a whole year or more.

Secretary McGulloch discusses the causes of the present depressed condition of the manufacturing interests. He shows bow when the farmers suffered from low prices because of a restricted market, that the cure was found only when the foreign fields were reached and the products of our farms found customers abroad. He thinks the cure of depressed manufactures lies in wider markets-in the customers abroad. If we restrict American products, whether of farm or factory, to home cousumption was are a ruined people.

The able Secretary favors the removal of the tax on tobacco. We gave our own views yesterday. He considers tobacco a necessity. Curious that. A man forms a vicious habit for opium or absinthe or whiskey or tobacco and the tax must be regulated so as to relieve him because it has become a necessity. Bah! To us this seems play-

The Secretary of the Treasury is in earnest in his discussion of the dreadful condition of our merchant service. He believes that the only way to bring back to life the shipping interests of the United States is to remove all tax on foreign articles that enter into ship building. American ships cost very much more than those built in Europe and hence the materials used must be free of duty He favors paying bounties to our steamship lines, as he believes that without this the carrying trade will remain with the foreign lines. He thinks American manufacturers will not construct vessels without help in the way of subsidies from the Government. The Charleston News and Courier takes a better view of the matter when it says:

"If ships can be built under amended laws as cheaply here as in Europe, American capital, at all events, will not be put in foreign steamships any longer. The tendency, on the contrary, will be to attract foreign capital for investment in the United States. It is true that the European steam-ship lines which led the way in the great traffic by steam power have received Government aid, but Mr. McCulloch will remember that this aid, so far as Great Britain is concerned, was not confined by its terms to British vessels. Any company that could carry the mails under the re-quired conditions was entitled to carry the mails, whether the ships were owned in Great Britain or not. This is entirely different from the class of subsidy that Mr. McCulloch advises, and which is not likely to find much favor with Congress."

The public debt has been reduced \$1,347,948,622 in nineteen years, and Secretary next discusses the silver his party by refusing to support a moderate and reasonable measure of It is said that the Reformers in view the President takes as to the the Congress are as eager for a fight | danger of continuing the coinage of silver. The coinage now amounts to \$147,573,221. He fears that gold general bill. The correspondent of will cease to be a metallic standard if the coinage of silver continues. He suggests the withdrawal from circulation of all "one" and "two" dollar notes, and the gradual retiring of the "five" dollar notes. He also thinks that the "trade" dollar should disappear from circulation by law. Such are some of the points presented in the able report of the new Secre-

and 35 per cent. from internal tax and 9 per cent. from various sources The total ordinary expenses were \$244,126,244.33. These were divided as follows: Pensions 55 millions; army \$39,500,000; navy 17 millions; civil expenses 22 millions; miscel laneous 44 millions; interest on public debt 55 millions.

Mr. Gladstone's Redistribution bill as offered in the British House of Commons makes no change in the membership of Ireland or Wales, gives six more member to England and twelve to Scotland. The Radicals are preparing to oppose. The Tories may oppose although it is reported otherwise. The Irish Home Rulers may go into opposition also, If all this should happen the probability of the defeat of the bill would be good. The New York Times's special from London dated Dec. 1st

"Mr. Leonard H. Courtney, Advanced Liberal from Liskeard, has offered to Mr. Gladstone his resignation as Secretary to the Treasury in consequence of the omis-sion from the Redistribution bill of the sion from the Redistribution bill of the principle of minority representation. Mr. Courtney, with Henry Labouchere, of Northampton; Sir John Lubbock, of London University; Joseph Cowan, of Newcastle on-Tyne; and other Radicals, have formed an opposition which is strong in talent but is weak numerically. The Irish party is satisfied that there has been no reduction in its membership, but its members are afraid that the provision of the bill abolishing, borough representation unbill abolishing, borough representation un-der a population of 15,000 will result in unseating one-half of the Parnellites. Mr. Parnell feels confident that the result of the new grouping will atrengthen his fol-lowing, but before giving the hill his sup-port he will hold a conference with the members of his party. The Tories give the bill a cool adhesion but will fight its de-tails in the committee."

Gov. Hamilton, of Ohio, has decided that his Republican brother, Leman, is entitled to the certificate of election. This will give the Republicans one majority in the Legislature, thus securing the election, we suppose, of Black Jack Logan. We anticipated the decision of the Governor. It has come to pass that men decide for their party in the face of facts and evidence to the contrary. When we learned that a partisan Governor had the matter in his hands we gave up.

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

- Mr. McCulloch recommends. among other things, the removal of the present internal revenue tax on tobacco, which he cannot regard as an article of luxury on account of the comfort that is supposed to give to so many consumers of the weed. Tobacco, however, is a luxury, and the best that can be said for it is that some persons are not harmed by its use so far as they know. But if tobacco be an an article of necessity the removal of the small internal revenue duty now imposed on it would not benefit the consumer. I was positively claimed last year that the tobacco growers and manufac-turers pocketed three-fifths of the earlier reduction in the tax, and the removal of the remaining tax of eight cents a pound will simply put eight cents a pound additional into the pockets of those interested in the growing and manufacture of tobacco. It is admitted that the internal revenue tax on tobacco is a war tax, but it has been reduced, step by step, until it has nearly reached the vanishing point, while the war taxes on articles which are undeniably articles of necessity remain without reduction, or are actually increased. Con-gress will have little regard for the masses of the people, if it abolish the tax on tobscoo in preference to reducing the duties on articles which no family in the United States can Comfortably do without Charleston

But there is a bevy of newfledged, unhatched and indiscreet protectionists in the State of Georgia, not representing the intelligent sentiment of the Democratic party in that State, who appear disposed to turn an intended jubilee over the election of Mr. Cleveland into a sort of Randall apotheosis in the name of protection. In the face of the fact that within the past two years the Democratic party has twice openly repudiated Mr. Randall and his works by refusing to make him Speaker of the House when he was a candidate for that place, and by refusing to name him for the Presidency when he was a candidate for the nomination; and, also, in face of the fact that Mr. Randall, on his part, has as distinctly put himself in opposition tax reduction, the protection hurrah set up among the Georgia cotton factories has a picturesque and picayune grotesquences about it that makes us smile.—Phil. Record, Ind.

MORRISON AND THE TA-RIFF.

N. Y. World. Washington, Dec. 1.-Representative Morrison, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, was asked to-night by a reporter if he thought there was any probability of the enactment of any tariff legislation during the present session of Congress. He replied that that was that the Reformers mean to divide the country on the Tariff issue alone, and to draw the line deeper between Randall and his little band of "Democratic-Republicans" and the true Reformers. We give this that our formers. We give this that our formers. We give this that our formers. We give this that our formers and to divide the country on the Tariff issue alone, the replied that that was a matter about which the general public were almost as well informed as himself. He had only arrived in the city last night, he said, and had not had an opportunity to find out how other members felt with regard to report of the new Secret that was a matter about which the general public were almost as well informed as himself. He had only arrived in the city last night, he said, and had not had an opportunity to find out how other members felt with regard to report of the new Secret that that was a matter about which the general public were almost as well informed as himself. He had only arrived in the city last night, he said, and had not had an opportunity to find out how other members felt with regard to report of the Treasury.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood. Cc., I will send a recipe that will cure you weakness, early decay, loss of manhood. Cc., I will send a recipe that will cure you weakness, early decay, loss of manhood. Cc., I will send a recipe that will cure you the city last night, he said, and had not had an opportunity to find out how other members felt with regard to report of the the deen using Brown's Iron Bitters of the blood."

Mr. Wm. Brewer, Smithville, N. C., says: "I had chills and fever; Brown's Iron Bitters of the blood."

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to a further effort at this session to reduce taxation.

"I do not propose," he said, "to attempt any experiments, but if up-on inquiry I find that there is reason to think that a bill proposing a mod-erate reduction could pass at this session, I shall certainly bring in such a bill."

Speaker Carlisle said to a reporter to night that it was not probable that there would be any general tariff legislation at this session. There is not time, he said, and the fact that a new Administration is about to come in makes Democrats and Republicans alike disinclined to attempt anything like a general revision of the tariff now. There will be, he said, some tariff legislation this session, because the question of enacting the necessary legislation to carry the Mexican treaty into effect will come before the House, and should the Senate ratify the treaty with Spain the House will be called upon to enact the legislation necessary to carry that treaty into effect.

He said that it was possible that some attempts would be made at this session to remedy certain inequalities in the present tariff; but it was too early to predict the result. With respect to any general revision, he said, that even should they all agree that such a revision should be made, when they came to settle upon the details they would find such a difference of opinion that months would be needed in which to complete the work. He was equally well convinced that nothing would be done in the matter of cutting down the internal revenue taxes, because should such an attempt be made, it would precipitate the whole question of tax reduction.

#### HARMONIOUS VIEWS.

N. Y. World.

Secretary McCulloch stands fairly on the Democratic platform and on the principles maintained by the

In regard to the tariff he concedes that "relief from the present burden of taxation is urgently and justly demanded," and recommends:

First-That the existing duties upon raw materials which are to be used in manufacture should be removed. This can be done in the interest of our foreign trade.

Second - That the duties upon the articles used or consumed by those who are the least able to bear the burden of taxation should be reduced. This also can be effected without prejudice to our export trade.

When Mr. Blaine and his organs were charging the Democracy with Free-Tree we branded the charge as a falsehood and defined the Democratic position almost in the words of the Republican Secretary.

### ESTIMATES FOR 1885-286.

Proposed Increase of Upwards of Righty-Two Millions of Bollars. The following estimates have been

submitted to the House Committee on Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886: Military Academy Fortifications. ..... 7,303,000 Consular and Diplomatic. 1,623,176 Navy ..... 30,651,010 Postoffice....

56,099,169 Indian Bureau ........ 7,328,049 Army ..... 26,110,489 Legislative, Executive and Judicial ..... 22,366,500 Agricultural ..... Sundry Civil ...... 32,326,402 District of Columbia.... 1,740,073 Rivers and Harbors ..... 8,177,400

The increase of the estimates for the next fiscal year are \$82,816,077 over the appropriations of the present year.

Increase of the Public Debt. The debt statement just issued shows the state of the public debt

Increarse during November Decrease of debt since June 30, 1884... Cash in Treasury...... Gold certificates outstand-82,143,249 1 Silver certificates outstand-Certificates of deposit outstanding..... Refunding Certificates out-

Fractional currency (not including amount estimated as lost or destroyed).... 6,974,279 36

President Cleveland's Church. Ben; Perley Poore. The new President will have his unmarried sister and probably one of his married sisters to preside over the

domestic arrangements at the White House, and it is understood that there will be more simplicity and less attempt at display than there has been since the time of Buchanan. President Cleveland will attend the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, the present pastor of which I had stopped taking all other medicines is the Rev. William Alvin Bartlett, and only used Brown's Iron Bitters, and if is the Rev. William Alvin Bartlett, who was his college classmate.

#### The Party of Hillteracy. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

As the controversy over the Democratic majorities in the illiterate States is not yet closed, we may state a proposition which may make the controversy more clearly understood. This is that if no citizen were allowed to vote unless he was able to read and write, the Republican popular vote would be cut down at least a million. Which is the illiterate

# THE LATEST NEWS. FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

FOREIGN

Reported Death of the Mahdi-De velopments in the Morin-Hugues Scandal in Paris.

London, Dec. 8.—A dispatch from Don-gola, to Reuter's News Agency, says: "The Mudir has received news that the Mahdi is dead and that his followers are dying very fast." (By Cable to the Morning Star.)

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The apartments of M. Morin, the man shot the other day by M'me Clavis Hugnes, have been searched. In them important documents were found, including a list of witnesses suborned by M'me LeNormand to testify against her husband. She wished to obtain a divorce, and engaged the services of a private de tective agency to prove that a guilty con-nection had existed between her husband and M'me Clavis Hugues.

## MARYLAND.

The Electoral College Declares for Cleveland and Hendricks.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Annapolis, December 3.—The Maryland Electoral College met here at noon. General Bradly T. Johnson was made President, and Harry E. Mann, Secretary. of the College. H. H. Kudy nominated Grover Cleveland, of New York, for President. dent. He received eight votes. Col. Clement Sullivan nominated Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, for Vice President. He received eight votes, and the ballots were so declared and announced.

#### TEXAS.

Official Presidential Vote-Large Increase Over 1880.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. AUSTIN, Dec. 8 .- The official vote of Texas, just completed, is as follows: Cleve-land, 223,208; Blaine, 88,358; Butler, 3,321; St. John, 3,511; Lockwood, 2. Total vote, 818,395. Cleveland's plurality over Blaine, 134,855; Cleveland's majority over all 128,-021. As compared with the Presidential vote of 1880 Texas shows an increase of 85,298 votes.

#### FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Weak and

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK, Wall Street, Dec. 8, 11 A.M. Stocks are lower this morning. Prices declined 1 to 1 per cent., Lackawanna and New York Central being the weakest shares. Near 11 o'clock there was a rally of 1 to

#### ALABAMA.

Birmingham Reclects Its Old Mayor. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. BIRMINGHAM, Dec. 3.—The city election took place Tuesday. A. J. Lane, the present Mayor, was reelected by a two-

hirds majority.

#### A BALTIMORE SENSATION.

Lady Whose Life Was in Imminen Peril Rescued By Her Musband. Among the many pleasantly located and section of the city of Baltimore, that of Mr. William A. Thompson, at No. 208 North Bond street, would strike a visitor as possessing more than ordinary advan-tages for home life. Mr. Thompson is highly esteemed among a large circle of friends, is a prominent member of Marley Lodge No. 107, I. O. O. F., and is generally well known in that section of the city. In order to confirm certain statements which had come to him indirectly, and thereby secure data for an interesting article, a reporter called at Mr. Thompson's residence. Mrs. Thompson, being asked for, soon made her appearance and greeted her visitor with that degree of kindness and civility which is already an evidence of in-telligence and refinement. She readily

consented to tell the story of her peril and

her timely rescue from death. We give

I grew emaciated, could not sleep, entirely lost my appetite, and was truly the most

miserable woman imaginable. My whole nervous system was shattered. I never

expected to get well, and my friends have since told me that they expected to learn of

my death at any time. One day my husband purchased a bottle of Brown's

took Brown's Iron Bitters to gratify my

husband. After using three bottles I began to feel better. When I had finished the fourth bottle my husband and friends were able to notice a great improvement in

my general appearance. My appetite returned, and I could eat anything without the least bad effects. I rapidly grew stronger and more fleshy. When I had

taken six bottles I knew that I was a well

woman, and at the present time I never

felt better in my life, and have gained for-

ty-five pounds in flesh. I firmly believe

I had not used that I am satisfied I would

strength. I heartily endorse it as the best medicine for such cases."

Mrs. L. T. Carter, Lilesville, N. G., says: "I have been using Brown's Iron Bitters for five years, and can truthfully say its virtues exceed the recommendations for impurities of the blood."

Mr. Wm. Brewer, Smithville, N. C., says: "I had chills and fever; Brown's Iron Bitters was just the medicine needed. I highly recommend it."

her statement in her own words:

Breadstuffs advancing. Wheat—California No. 1, 6s 10d@7s 1d; No. 2, 6s 8d@ 'I have been a sufferer for fully seven teen years, during which time I have en-6s 10d; red western winter 6s 8d@6s 11d. dured the most awful misery of mind and Corn-ew mixed 5s 5d. Lard-prime westbody. My illness became most alarming about five years ago. I was attended by Professor Yates and Doctor Stephenson, of this city, both of whom stated that I had 2 P. M.-Uplands, 1 m c, December delivery 548-64d, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 48-64d, buyers' opthe most aggravated case of nervous dysand January delivery 5 48-64d, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 51-64d, sellers' option; February and March delivery 5 54-64d, sellers' option; March and April delivery 5 57-64d, value; April and May delivery 5 60-64d, buyers' option; May and June delivery 6d, sellers' option; June and July delivery 6 3-64d, value; July and August delivery 6 6-64d, value. Futures quiet. pepsis and indigestion they had ever at-tended or heard of. I am now nearly 60 years of age, and was told by my physicians that owing to my advanced life the process of cure would be slow and difficult, I waited patiently for the expected relief, but seemed to grow worse, until finally I concluded I had to die. I could not eat value. Futures quiet. the smallest morsel without suffering the most terrible agony. My whole body was racked with pain and misery. Frequently I had night sweats, and, believing that I was dying, would send for my friends and neighbors. My limbs would become rigid and cold, and I have often thought I was Sales of cotton to-day include 4,900 bales New York Naval Stores Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Dec. 2. paralyzed, for I completely lost all power of action, and would lie in bed gasping for breath. During all this long period of suffering the doctors afforded me no relief.

Spirits Turpentine-The market is about steady, with light demand; merchantable order quoted at 32c. Rosins-Trading is light, with prices generally steady. Quotations: Strained at \$1 20@1 25; good strained at \$1 274; No. 2 E at \$1 85; No. 2 F at \$1 42; No. 1 G at \$1 50; No. 1 H at \$1 70@1 75; good No. 1 I at \$2 25@2 35; low pale K at \$2 87; @3 00; Pale M at \$3 62; @3 75; extra pale N at \$4 25; window glass W at \$4 50 @4 75. Tar is quoted at \$2 00@2 25 for Wilmington; pitch is quoted at \$1 70@1 90. Iron Bitters and begged me to try it.

I had no confidence in medicine of any kind. I believed my case hopeless, and expected to die suddenly in one of the sinking spells, which I experienced about three times each week. I, however, Savannah Rice Market.

Savannah News, Dec. 2. The market continues steady and unchanged The sales for the day were 51 bbls. Below are the official quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair 5c; Good 5fc; Prime 54@54c.
Rough rice—Country lots 90c@\$1 00; tide water \$1 10@1 25.

New York Peanut Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Dec. 2. PEANUTS.-Demands are fair at steady rices. The quotations are as follows: 44 @5c for extra and fancy hand-picked; farmers' grades at 3@4c.

Premature Loss of the Hair May be entirely prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE. No other compound not be alive to day.

I most cheerfully recommend that medicine to everybody. There are hundreds of my friends who daily congratulate me upon possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair. It soothes the variated scalp. It affords the richest lustre. It prevents the hair from falling off. It promotes its healthy, vigorous growth. It is not greasy nor sticky, It leaves no disagreeable odor. It kills dandruff. my friends who daily congratulate me upon my complete restoration to health and vigor, and I gladly give any desired information to those who feel interested in my remarkable cure." Mrs. Thompson is now a hale, hearty and vigorous lady, and judging from her present appearance one would not suppose she had ever been seriously ill.

Mrs. R. M. Terry, Raleigh, N. C., says: "I suffered with chills and dysentery. Doctors afforded me no relief. Took Brown's Iron Bitters, and regained health and strength. I heartily endorse it as the best medicine for such cases." druff.
Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are known as

# The Biggest

FIRE INS. COMPANY IN THE WORLD IS THE "Old L. & L. & G.,"

which pays all losses without discount. Over \$33,000,000 paid in the U.S.

Jno. W. Gordon & Smith

'I felt weak and debilitated; Brown's Iron

Bitters greatly improved me."

Mrs. E. H. Bowling. Wake Forest College, N. C., says: "I have unbounded confidence in Brown's Iron Bitters. Its virtues

are truly wonderful."

Mr. H. T. Jackson, Hertford, N. C., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters has proven itself to be a valuable remedy for chills and \*

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 3, 4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market

was quoted quiet at 281 cents per gallon,

with sales reported later of 100 casks at 281

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm

at 95 cents for Strained and \$1 00 for

firm, with sales reported of 50 bales on a

basis of 10% cents per to for Middling.

The following were the official quotations

PEANUTS-Market steady, with sales

at 55@60 cents for Extra Prime, 65@70

cents for Fancy, and 75@80 cents for

RECEIPTS.

Good Strained, with no sales reported.

\$1 60 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

Ordinary..... 72

Good Ordinary ..... 9

Extra Fancy.

Low Middling..... 94

Middling......10 Good Middling.....10 3-16

Spirits Turpentine.....

Rosin.....

Tar.....

Crude Turpentine..... 176

DOMESTIC MARKETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

Financial.

strong and higher at 1@2 per cent. Sterling exchange 4801@481 and 4841@4841. State

bonds quiet. Governments firm.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3, Noon.-Money

Cotton firm, with sales to-day of 408

bales; middling uplands 104c; do Or-

eans 102c. Futures steady, with sales at

the following quotations: December 10.45c:

January 10.59c; February 10.67c; March

10.77c; April 10.88c; May 11.00c. Flour

firm at \$7 221. Spirits turpentine steady

at 32c. Rosin steady at \$1 20@1 271

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3 .- Flour quiet and

steady; Howard street and western super

\$2 35@2 65; extra \$2 75@8 37; family \$3 50@4 50; city mills super \$2 25@2 75; extra \$3 00@3 75; Rio brands \$4 62@4 75.

Wheat-southern scarce and firmer; west-

ern higher and dull; southern red 83@85c;

do amber 90@92c; No. 1 Maryland 861@

87c: No. 2 western winter red on spot

791@791c. Corn—southern firmer; western

inactive and firm; southern white 45@46ic;

COREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star )

dull, with only retail business doing: mid-

dling uplands 5ad; Orleans 5 15 16d;

sales of 8,000 bales, of which 500 were

for speculation and export; receipts 14,000

tures dull and inactive; uplands, 1 m c, December and January delivery 5 49-64@ 5 48-64d; January and February delivery 5

51-64@5 50-64d; February and March de-livery 5 58-64@5 54-64d; March and April delivery 5 58-64@5 57-64d; May and June delivery 5 62-64d; July delivery 6 4-64d. Tenders to day 1,900 bales new docket;

bales, all of which were American. Fu-

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 3, Noon.-Cotton

yellow 45@46c.

dull and heavy. Wheat quiet. active. Pork firm at \$12 75@13 00.

"I was taken sick a year ago With billious fever. "My doctor pronounced me cured, but got sick again, with terrible pains in my

ack and sides, and I got so bad I Could not move! I shrunk! From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doc oring for my liver, but it did me no good I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Di rectly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles. am not only as sound as a sovereign, but

Dublen, June 6, '81. "Maiden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen-I suffered with attacks of sick headache." Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner. No medicine or doctor could give me re

weigh more than I did before. To Hop

Bitters I owe my life." R. FITZPATRICK.

TAR-The market was quoted firm at ief or cure, until I used Hop Bitters. "The first bottle \$1 40 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quo-Nearly cured me:" The second made me as well and strong s when a child, CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market firm,

"And I have been so to this day." with sales reported at \$1 00 for Hard and My husband was an invalid for twenty ears with a serious "Kidney, liver and urinary complaint, COTTON-The market was quoted

"Pronounced by Boston's best physi-"Incurable !" Seven bottles of your Bitters cured him

and I know of the "Lives of eight persons" In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more using them with great benefit. They almost Do miracles ?" -Mrs. E. D. Slack.

How to GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

Mone genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name, nov 13 D&WIV toc&nrm tuth sat chm

#### Buffalo Lithia Water FOR MAI-ARIAL POISONING

USE OF IT IN A CASE OF YELLOW FEVER

DR. WM. T. HOWARD, OF BALTIMORS. Professor of Diseases of Women and Children in

the University of Maryland Dr Howard attests the common adaptation this water in "a wide range of cases" with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs, in Green-brier county, West Virginia, and adds the follow-

"Indeed, in a certain class of cases it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abiding debility attendant upon the tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the Cachezia and Sequelsi noident to Malarious Fevers, in all their grades and varieties, to certain forms of Atonic Dyspepsia, and all the Affections Peculiar to Women that are remediable at all the short anexal collections. by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to state from what mineral waters I have seen the great-est and most unmistakable amount of good accrue in the largest number of cases in a general way I would unhesitatingly say the Buffalo Springs, in Mecklenburg county, Va." DR. O. F. MANSON, OF RICHMOND, VA.,

Late Professor of General Pathology and Physiclogy in the Medical College of Virginia: "I have observed marked sanative effects from the Buffalo Water in Malarial Cachexia, Antonic Dyspepsia, some of the Peculiar Affections of Women, Anomia, Hypochondriasis, Cardiac Palpitations, &c. It has been especially efficacious in Chronic Intermittent Fever, numerous cases of this character, which had obstinately withstood the usual remedies, having been restored to perfect health in a brief space of time by a sojourn at the Springs."

DR. JOHN W. WILLIAMSON, JACKSON, TENN. Extracts from Communication on the Therapeutic Action of the Buffalo Lithia Water in the "Virginia Medical Monthly" for February, 1877.

"Their great value in Malarial Diseases and Sequela has been most abundantly and satisfac-torily tested; and I have no question that it would torily tested; and I have no question that it would have been a valuable auxiliary in the treatment of the epidemic of Yellow Fever which so terribly afflicted the Mississippi Valley during the past summer. I prescribed it myself, and it gave prompt relief in a case of Suppression of Urine, in Yellow Fever, and decidedly mitigated other distressing and dangerous symptoms. The patient recovered, but how far the water may have contributed to that result (having prescribed it in but a single case) I, of course, cannot undertake to say. There is no doubt, however, about the fact that its administration was attended by the most beneficial results."

Springs now opens for guests.
Water in cases of one dozen half gallon bottles
55 per case at the Springs.
Springs pamphlet mailed to any address.
For sale by W. H. Green, where the Springs
pamphlet may be found.
THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor,
ap 10 tf nrm Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va

# White Meal Yeast.

VERY VALUABLE PURE YEAST POWDER.

of the ladies of Wilmington, I feel no hesitation n commending it to the public. It is elegant for

Having been thoroughly tested by a great many

It is made by Miss Hodges, of this city, of pure regetable matter, and she refers to

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Mrs. Samuel Northrop,

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