PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT. THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news aper in North Carolina, is published daily, except sonday, at \$7 00 per year, \$400 for six months, 2 00 for three months, \$1.50 for two months; 750, or one month, to mail subsoribers. Delivered to ity subsoribers at the rate of 15 cents per week or any period from one week to one year.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday norning at \$1 50 per year, \$1 00 for six months 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One schart one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$250 four days, \$3 00; five days, \$5 50; one week, \$400 wo weeks, \$5 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$94 00 ix months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Tes ines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Bops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ugs, do., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 30 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for "ach subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column any price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Dally will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Svery other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertise

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-spect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra occording to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till for-bid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent

extra. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at A ransient rates.

Remiltances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no is-sue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Dally. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-dress.

The Morning Star. By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

and close scrutiny of its public servants, and a fair and reasonable estimate of their idelity and usefulness. Thus is the people's will impressed upon the whole framework of our civic polity-municipal, State and Federal; and this is the price of our liberty and the inspiration of our faith in the Republic."

President Cleveland insists upon an economical administration of the Government. His remarks on this head are most timely and judicious. The drift is altogether the other way and has been since the war ended. His opinion as to our foreign intercourse is in perfect agreement with the policy of the earlier Presidents. What his views are about a bi-metalic currency can not be learned from the one sentence which refers to the finances. He very wisely insists that the public domain shall "be protected from purloiningschemes and unlawful occupation." He is for treating the Indians fairly,

humanely, honestly, and favors their education and civilization. He thinks, and all good and virtuous citizens will agree with him, that polygamy should be suppressed. He aims a blow at the Chinese. He stands by Civil Service reform, and intimates that he will enforce it. This does not show whether he will retain competent Republicans in office or not, but the general terms he employs would suggest at least that those who come under its meaning, said to be some

15,000 in number, will not be disturbed when they are attentive to business and capable. In fact, he almost says that a party test will not be applied in any direction, for he

"Those who worthily seek public employment have the right to insist that merit and competency shall be recognized, instead of party subservience or the surrender of honest political belief."

When he gave expression to these views there were no cheers among Democrats, as we are told. He deals wisely and well with the negroes. They are citizens, have been citizens for nearly twenty years. and it is too late to discuss it now. They are to

88V8:

the general opinion this evening is President Arthur has been a Republican and his appointments have always shown this. His administration has not been charged with corruption and it has not been particularly wasteful and extravagant. Some of his appointments have been very good and some have been far below

any proper standard of capacity and character. Let the New York Times be heard just here. It says:

"He has used the appointing power in some conspicuous and important instances with sound judgment and for the public interest. He has used it in other cases equally conspicuous, if not so important, with entire disregard for those interests. His course in these cases has been guided by a theory which he will hardly repudiate, that the appointing power may, within cer-tain broad limits, be used as the personal privilege of him who is intrusted with it. This is a theory wholly unrepublican, and no intelligent American can fail to regard it with disapproval and indignation."

There is one thing to be specially noted. The ex-President was clearly in favor of reform in the Tariff, although in this he was not in accord with his party leaders. He showed this in his messages and in his selection of Mr. McCallough for the Treasury Department. He made a much better President than we had reason to expect and he goes out of office far more respected by the whole American people than when he entered the Presidential Mansion.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

At the latest date the following appears to be the situation as to the Indian question: The relations between England and Russia are strained because of the advance of the outposts of the latter in the direction of Afghanistan. At one point the

outposts of the Afghans and Russians are quite near each other and a conflict may occur, it is feared, at

some point. England regards the advance of Russia as unjustifiable as the question of boundaries between Russia and Afghanistan possessions is now under discussion. England holds that Russian outposts are now within the Afghan boundary.

that the whole fuss arose out of the indignation of these men with Mr. Cleveland. But it deserves notice that Mr. Randall and several members known to be devoted to Mr. Randall's political fortunes also voted for the Mills resolution.

# THE LEGISLATURE. Raleigh News-Observer Report. SENATE.

# FORTY-EIGHTH DAY.

THESDAY, March 3. Mr. Kennedy presented a petition from citizens of Wayne, Duplin and Lenoir, asking for a new county, to be called Jarvis.

The debate of the day was on the bill to amend section 1966, of the Code (repealing the law against freight discriminations). Many members spoke to the bill, which was finally tabled.

The following bills passed third readings: To clear out Hogart's creek, Rockingham county; to amend and perfect the public school land (resolution) in favor of James W. Newsom, contestant, to amend chapter 125, laws of 1881; to incorporate Wake Forest Cemetery Association; to extend the Mecklenburg road law to Buncombe, Durham, Granville, Orange and other counties; to make it a misdemeanor for any person to obtain a marriage license under false pretenses or misrepresentation; to amend the Code, volume 2, chapter 29, entitled "Insurance" (amended).

SENATE. NIGHT SESSION.

The special order, the bill to amend the Constitution, making the Commissiouer of Agriculture an executive officer, failed to pass.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, March 3. The following bills passed their final reading: To define the liability of counties for damages in cases of injury on defective bridges; to provide for the collection of fines and costs before justices of the peace; to Cabinet: reenact certain acts amendatory of chapter 48, Battle's Revisal; to amend section 829, of the Code; to amend section 3667, of the Code; to prevent bar-keepers from receiving old clothes, &c., in exchange for liquor; to incorporate the Raleigh road district; to incorporate the town of Mt. Holly; to amend section 2824, of the Code; to make the seduction



# The Opening Proceedings-Galleries Crowded with Visitors-Executive Bession, Etc. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

THE LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, March 5.-The public galleries of the Senate were again to-day crowded to their utmost limits, and long before noon crowds gathered about every loor besieging the doorkeepers in vain for admission,

The Senate clock, which Capt. Bassett with his cane set back ten minutes yester day, had recovered its lost time, and promptly at 12 o'clock the Vice President entered from the door on the left of the President's desk, accompanied by Rev. Dr. Butler, pastor of the Lutheran Memorial Church of this city.

The galleries clapped a welcome to Mr Hendricks, which manifestation its recipient abruptly terminated with his gavel. Senators arose at this summons, and Dr. Butler offered prayer.

Upon its conclusion the Vice President took the chair, and was again greeted with plaudits by the occupants of the galleries He called the Senate to order, and in a voice, which was only audible to the Clerk, called for the reading of the Jour-

nal The Journal having been read, Messrs. Allison, Beck and Voorhees, the committee yesterday appointed to wait on the President of the United States, and inform him that a quorum of the Senate was pres-ent and ready to receive any communication he might deem fit to make, reported that they had performed that duty, and that the President had responded that he would communicate with the Senate forthwith.

> Tar In less than a minute there was an-Cru nounced, "a message from the President of the United States," and O. L. Pruden ap-

peared with the message. Mr. Sherman at once moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Ex ecutive business.

The motion was unanimously agreed to, and at 12 minutes after 12 o'clock the Senate went into Executive session. At 12.40 the doors were reopened, and the Senate adjourned till to morrow at noon.

# WASHINGTON.

The New Cabinet Officers - Virginia's Imbecile Objects to Immediate Confirmation-An Old and Faithful Officer Retained by the President.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, March 5.-The President sent to the Senate this morning the following nominations to be members of his

Secretary of State-Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.

Secretary of the 'freasury-Daniel Man

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, March 5, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted dull at 281 cents per gallon,

with no sales reported. ROSIN-The market was quoted quiet at 95c for Strained and \$1 00 for Good

Strained, with no sales reported. TAR-The market was quoted firm at

\$1 10 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market stea dy, with sales reported at \$1 15 for Hard and \$1 75 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

COTTON-The market was quoted quiet, with small sales reported on a basis of 10 13-16 cents per ib. for Middling, and

100 do on private terms. The following

were the official quotations:

Ordinary ..... 89-16 cents # 1b Good Ordinary..... 9 13-16 Low Middling.....101 Middling.....10 13-16 Good Middling.....11

PEANUTS-Sales reported at 50@55 cents for Extra Prime, 60@65 cents for Fancy, and 70@75 cents for Extra Fancy. Market steady.

RICE .-- ROUGH: Upland \$1 00@1 10; Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common 41@41 cents; Fair 41@51 cents; Good 51 @54 cents; Prime 54@6 cents; Choice 61

#### @64 cents per fb. Market firm. RECEIPTS. Cotton.... 94 bales Spirits Turpentine RS nacks

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# DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Financial. NEW YORK, March 5, Noon.-Money

less active, irregular and easy at 1 per cent. Sterling exchange 4831 and 4861. State bonds neglected. Governments dull.

Commercial. Cotton dull, with sales of 120 bales; middling uplands 11fc; do Orleans 11fc. Futures quiet and firm; sales to-day at the following quotations: February 11.32c; March 11.33c; April 11.45c; May 11.56c; June 11.64c; July 11.70c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat better. Corn higher. Pork dull at \$18 50@18 75. Lard weak at \$7 20. Spirits turpentine steady at 311c. Rosin steady at \$1 20@1 25. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, March 5.-Flour steady, except for lower grades of western and Howard street, which are easier. Wheat-southern nominal; western higher and quiet;

# COMMERCIAL. SCROFULA.

Vanderblit's Money Couldu't Buy It.

The Acworth News and Farmer of this week The Acworth News and Farmer of this week says: Mrs. Elizabeth Baker, living within three miles of Acworth, remarked that Vanderbilts fortune could not buy from her what six bottles of Swift's Specific has done for her. He bottles ment is as follows: For thirty-one years I have suffered almost death from that horrible disease scorfula. For years I was unable to do anything in keeping up my domestic affairs. Last October scrofala. For years I was unable to do anything in keeping up my domestic affairs. Last October I was induced to try Swift's Specific, and used I was induced to try Swift's Specific, and used I purchased four more from Messrs. Northeut & Johnson, which has almost entirely relieved me housework. Before I took the S. S. S. my life was a burden, as my entire person was covered not cars to live. I had tried every known reme-dy, and my case was generally regarded as inco-tant. not care to hye. I had then every known reme-dy, and my case was generally regarded as incu-rable. I had been treated by the best physicians to no avail. I most heartily recommend Swift's

Messrs. Northcut & Johnson, merchants at Ac-worth. say: We know Mrs. Elizabeth Baker per-sonally; we are familiar with her case. She is highly esteemed in this community.

# Rhoumatism Twenty Years.

I have been a sufferer from rheumatism for twenty years, at times with almost intoierable pain. I had the best medical treatment, and took all sorts of remedies, but without relief. Being reduced almost to a skeleton, and not be ing able to walk even with crutches. I was h duced to try Switt's Specific, and it acted like a charm, and I am to-day entirely relieved. Have charm, and I am to-day entirely relieved. Have thrown away my crutches, and am in excellent health. I believe Swift's Specific will cure the worst cases of rheumatism. MRS. EZRA MERSHON, Macon, Ga, Aug. 4, St.

### Communication.

WETUMPKA, ALA., Sept. 28, 1884.—About sir years ago I became afflicted with a very disagree-able skin disease, with large, dry sores and many crusted pimples on my face, hands and shoulder The sore on my shoulder eat out a hole nearly ar nch deep, and the cancerous appearance of one of the sores near my eye alarmed me very much I tried all kinds of treatment, but found nothing that seemed to affect the disease. I finally de-cided to try S. S. S. on advice of a physician and in a short time the scabs dropped from the sore in a short time the scabs dropped from the sores and left my skin smooth and well. I consider s. S. S. the greatest blood medicine made, and the only thing that will cure the disease with which I was afflicted. I think my trouble was the re-sult of a terrible attack of malarial fever, con tracted while farming in the Tallapoosa river swamp. I can be found at my office in the court house at Wetnumka. You can refer to ma

house at Wetumpka. You can refer to me. J. L. Rhopzs, Dep. Sheriff, Elmore Co., Ala. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed



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JOK."

WHEAT

The following bills passed third reading: To incorporate the North Carolina Mill Stone Company; to incorporate the Henderson Savings Bank; to prohibit the sale of liquors in certain localities (Omnibus bill).

# THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1885

# EVENING EDITION

# THE INAUGURAL.

We refrained from all comment upon the Inaugural Address of President Cleveland yesterday because we wished to reflect and to consider more carefully the important declaration of principles. The first words uttered by an incoming, President are weighty and pregnant with the public weal or public woe. Hence his words are to be considered with care and fairness.

The Address as a composition is well done. The style is nervous, lucid and direct. There are a number of sentences that formulate most impressive and important political truths-truths that should be remembered and should constitute the watchwords of a great party coming into power again after the lapse of twenty-four years. It will be well to heed, the patriotic injunctions of the new President in such words as these:

"But the best results in the operation of a government wherein every citizen has a share, largely depends upon a proper limi-tation of purely partisan zeal and effort, and a correct appreciation of the time when the heat of the partisan should be merged in the patriotism of the citizen."

# And again:

"At this hour the animosities political strife, the bitterness of partisan defeat, and the exultation of partisan triumph, should be supplanted by an ungrudging acquiescence in the popular will, and a sober, concientious concern for the general weal."

We are extremely gratified at the truly patriotic utterances of the President as to a faithful adherence to the Constitution. It is a long time since any Chief Executive exhibited in words such a comprehension of the importance of maintaining Constitutional methods and limitations. It is indeed a most auspicious circumstance when we hear the new President so emphatically declaring:

"In the discharge of my official duty I shall endeavor to be guided by a just and unstrained construction of the constitution, a careful observance of the distinction be tween the powers granted to the Federal government and those reserved to the States, or to the people, and by a cautious appreciation of those functions which by the constitution and laws have been especially assigned to the Executive branch of the government.

be treated as citizens, to be improved, to have equal and exact justice, to have all the rights due to citizenship, and along with these they are charged "with all its duties, obligations and responsibilities." Being citizens they are entitled to no special legislation. That is about the meaning of it.

We have not referred to his views on the Tariff. We may not correctly apprehend the meaning of his words. Read in the light of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Kansas case and the authority of the Constitution his words are at least

susceptible of two constructions and we shall be pleased if the Randall men and the Protection papers do not receive some crumbs of comfort from the phraseology employed.

Altogether it is a skilfully drawn document, and if not as direct and emphatic as to some points as many would desire it will please an overwhelming majority of the people and will be deemed satisfactory upon the whole to the Democracy.

We now enter upon an era of good, just, honest, economical government. and we hope the new President will sustain himself well in his great office and that the people will uphold his hands in all efforts to maintain on these shores a free, enlightened, progressive, constitutional Government.

# EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

As a Democratic paper the STAR desires to put on record its judgment of the person who on Wednesday ceased to be President of the United States. All know under what tragic and trying circumstances he went into office. His antecedents were not such as to give earnest of a satisfactory Administration. He was known as a New York Ward politician and that is a poor steppingstone to higher things. But we are quite frank to say that Mr. Arthur has made a much better Chief Executive than we hoped for 'or than the country at large anticipated. He has not made a great President. He has not done anything of a positive sort to give his Administration a

Equally pertinent and impressive memorable place in history. He has,

We are glad to see that Russia does not expect a war and has given orders to its officers to avoid carefully all conflicts with the Afghans but refuses to withdraw its outposts. We do not believe that England desires a war. It is really in no condition for a war. Russia is a tremendous Power, with a huge army and

a good one, and is far better prepared for a fight than England is. In addition Ireland is ready to revolt. As to Egypt England can close up there at will. England's exigency would prove Ireland's opportunity. So we do not credit the specula-

tions of American newspapers, or English either, as to Mr. Gladstone's desire being to get up a war with Russia to divert public attention from the Soudan, and all this to keep from going out of office. We can not accept this without positive proof as being a correct statement of the case, Mr. Gladstone's whole career shows him to be a great peace statesman and great only in peace as a Prime Minister. He is not an immoral, unprincipled, ambitious political desperado, like Beaconsfield was; but he is a wise, honorable, high-toned, peaceloving statesman. He found two wars going on, (the result of Beaconsfield's policy,) and when he took charge he soon ended them. The troubles in

Egypt grew out of the "Jingo" policy of his predecessor. We shall not believe that Mr. Glad-

stone is moved upon by any improper, immoral, aggressive, or ambitious motives in his attitude towards Russia, and we hope that the peace of Europe will not be disturbed by any conflict between the two Great Powers.

There is one curious thing about Legislatures. They will postpone contested election cases to the last of the session just as the Congress does. What is the result? The people have to pay double per diem. This session at least eight men have been paid from two counties where but four ought to have been paid. On Monday the contested election case from Caswell was decided very properly, no doubt, in favor of the Republican contestant, and he comes in at the tail of the session and

of women under promise of marriage criminal. The bill to secure the completion of the W. N. C. R. R. to Murphy, was taken up.

Mr. Galloway moved to strike out section 4.

Mr. Leazer offered a substitute to the effect that the bonds to be returned should be limited to those received merely for labor used on the ine between Nantahala and Murphy. Mr. Robinson said it would kill the bill.

Mr. Leazer asked: Do I understand that unless the State remits the debt of \$26,000 the R. & R. Railroad will not go on with the work? Mr. Robinson said: They would

not go on without that concession. Mr. Leazer's substitute was adopt ed; the vote being 50 to 45.

Mr. Leazer moved to strike out the provision allowing the company to use convicts on other branches and pay for them in its bonds instead of in cash as now. The vote on this was a tie and Speaker Holt decided against the amendment and it was lost.

Mr. Leazer offered a substitute for section 2, limiting the payment therein provided for in bonds to the convict work done on the Murphy branch. Lost-40 to 41.

Mr. Overman offered an amendment that the provisions of the bill shall not be a contract, but shall be liable to change or repeal by the General Assembly of North Carolina. Adopted.

Mr. Leazer offered an amendment the effect of which is to limit the right of the company to pay in bonds for convicts used between Nantahala and Murphy. His amendment was ost, 43 to 50.

Mr. Overman moved to strike out the provision allowing the force of 150 convicts to work down the Tennessee river. Adopted.

The substitute was adopted, and the bill passed, 54 to 33.

Mr. Pearson made an earnest appeal to consider the bill, saying that at present it cost \$137,500 to support our convicts. If this bill becomes a law the Richmond & Danville Railroad will have five hundred convicts for an indefinite period, and while other roads will have no help the State will have to support these convicts. The cost is now \$75,000 in cash derived from taxation and \$62,-500 derived from convict hire. All that will have to come hereafter

ning, of New York. Secretary of War-Willlam C. Endicott of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Navy-William C. Whitney, of New York. Secretary of the Interior-L. Q. C. La-

mar. of Mississippi. Postmaster General-William F. Vilas,

of Wisconsin. Attorney General-A. H. Garland, of

Arkansas. When the Cabinet nominations were ta ken up in Executive session, Mr. Riddleberger, of Virgiana, objected to the imme-

diate consideration of the nomination of Mr. Bayard, stating briefly that he did so because of Mr. Bayard's attitude upon the Irish question. Mr. Riddleberger thought him more English than American.

Mr. Bayard's name being first on the list, the consideration of all went over un-

der the rules of the Senate for a day. One of President Cleveland's first acts, in connection with his official household was his decision to retain O. L. Pruden as assistant to Private Secretary Lamont. Mr. Pruden was appointed by President Grant as the bearer of Presidential communications to either House of Congress, and during so many administrations he has become a familiar figure to all who are connected in any way with affairs at the Capitol. His retention is heartily commended

by members of both parties.

## FOREIGN.

London Telegraph on the Inaugural Demonstration-Insurgent Chiefs of India Proclaim for Bussia.

814c. Rosins are about steady in price; de mands are light. The following are the quo tations: Strained at \$1 22; good strained at \$1 25; No. 2 E at \$1 30; No. 2 F at \$1 40 No. 1 G at \$1 47; No. 1 H at \$1 70 good No. 1 I at \$2 25; low pale E at \$2 75; Pale M at \$3 60; extra pale N at \$4 20; window glass W at \$4 50@ 4 75. Tar is guoted at \$2 00@2 25 for (By Cable to the Morning Star.) LONDON, March 5 .- The Ielegraph says the' inaugural procession in Washington yesterday argued well for the success of the Democratic regime. America holds such 75. an important place in the comity of nations. Wilmington; pitch is guoted at \$1 70@ that it is hardly exaggerated to say that 90. when she is prosperous and happy, the rest of the world sympathises and is benefited thereby.

LONDON, March 5.-A dispatch from Teheran states that the insurgent native chiefs of India have already raised the Fiery Cross and proclaimed in favor of only 62 barrels. Below are the official Russia quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair 5@



Execution of a Wife Murderer in Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] PHILADELPHIA, March 5.-Dr. Albert G. F. Goersen was hanged at the county prison at 10.23 a. m. to-day, for the murder of his wife five years ago.

GEN. GRANT.

His Condition Much Improved. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK. March 5 .- Gen. Grant's con-

dition was much improved to day. He passed an easy night last night, and was said to have rested comfortaly.



New York Stock Market-Feverish and Excited.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) NEW YORK, Wall Street, March 5, 11 A.M. -There was a further decline in the first transactions at the Stock Exchange this morning of 1 to 1 for the more active stocks, which was followed by a rally that carried prices a shade above the closing figures of last evening, a portion of which was lost,

southern red 86@90c; do amber 90@92c; No. 1 Maryland 90c bid; No. 2 western winter red on spot 861c bid. Corn-southern easier and quiet; western higher, closing fairly active; southern white 52@53c; do yellow 49@50c.

POREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, March 5, Noon-Cotton steady, with fair demand; uplands 61 16d; Orleans 61d; sales of 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 21,000 bales, 17,400 of which were American. Futures firm and quiet; March and April delivery 6d; April and May delivery 65-64d; May and June delivery 9-64d; June and July delivery 6 12-64@ 6 13-64d; July and August delivery 6

16-64d Sales of cotton to-day include 5,800 bales American.

New York Naval Stores Market.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce, March 4.

Savannah News, March 4.

FRAUD! CAUTIONII

Many Hotels and Restaurants refill the Las & PERENS' bottles with a spurious mixture and SERVE IT as the GENUINE Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.

THE GREAT SAUCE

OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

SOUPS,

GRAVIES.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GEN-TLEMAN at Mad-

ras, to his brother at WORCESTER,

5 P. M.-March delivery 6 2-64d, buyers option: March and April delivery 6 2-64d buyers' option: April and 'May delivery 6 6-64d, buyers' option; May and June delivery 6 10-64d, buyers' option; June and July delivery 6 14-64d, sellers' option; July and August delivery 6 17-64d, value; August and September delivery 6 29-64d, buyers' option. Futures closed steady.

Spirits Turpentine-The market is quiet			
and steady; merchantable order quoted at 31 <sup>4</sup> c. Rosins are about steady in price; de- mands are light. The following are the quo-	A NEW AND	VALUABLE	DEVI
tations: Strained at \$1 221; good strained			
at \$1 25; No. 2 E at \$1 30; No. 2 F at \$1 40;		A PATENT	
No. 1 G at \$1 471; No. 1 H at \$1 70; good No. 1 I at \$2 25; low pale K at \$2 75; Pale M at \$3 60; extra pale	Water	Closet	Sea
N at \$4 20; window glass W at \$4 50@		FOR THE	
4 75. Tar is quoted at \$2 00@2 25 for	COMPANIE OR TIME	DEPENDENCE (C	in the second

dren or Adults.

NO MEDICINE OR SURGICAL COPERATION The market was quiet, steady and unchanged. The sales for the day were

I have invented a SIMPLE WATER CLOSET SEAT, for the cure of the above troublesome and painful malady, which I confidently place before the public as a 54c; Good 54@54c; Prime 54@6c. Rough rice—Country lots 95c@\$1 00;tide water \$1 10@1 35.

It has been endorsed by the leading resident Physicians in North Carolina. Is now being test-ed in the Hospitals of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and we are satisfied the result will be satisfactory, as it has never failed else where. You can write to any of the Physicians or prominent citizens in Edgecombe Co., N. C. These Seats will be furnished at the following prices: A CARD.-To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South Amer-ica. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York.

POPLAR, - 500 Trade.

Directions for using will accompany each Seat. We trouble you with no certificates. We leave the Seat to be its own advertiser. Address LEWIS CHAMBERLAIN Patentee, Tarboro, Edgecombe Co., N. C. iv 17 D&Wtf

ty 17 D&Wtf

WERCHANTS, BANKERS & MANUFACTURERS SHOULD READ BRADSTREET'S, A WEEKLY JOURNAL OF TRADE, FINANCE, AND PUBLIC ECONOMY.

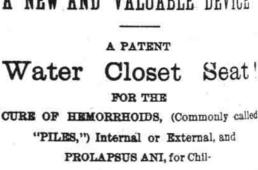
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