ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$6 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$30 00; dx months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$30 00. Ten ines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pic-Nics, Scolety Meetings, Political Meet ags, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 30 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for acch subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at

No advertisements inserted in Local Column

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate, twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-pect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged or as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates spect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate of cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

advertisements discontinued before the time outracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent

one dollar per square for each insertion.

Payments for transient advertisements must be sale in advance. Known parties, or stranger-ith proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-try, according to contract. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at cransient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue or somes they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

# The Morning Star

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1885.

EVENING EDITION.

# THE VIRGINIA CASES IN COURT.

Probably no opinion of equal interest has been delivered by the Supreme Court of the United States in some years to that on the Virginia Coupon cases. It is an opinion that does not affect Virginia alone but may seriously affects other States. The case is worth considering at some length.

The Court holds that when a taxpayer has made a tender of coupons -which is the interest on the bondsto a tax collector that he is not bound to pay the tax in some other way if the coupons are declined, but he may rest securely in the fact that he has made a full and sufficient tender and that a tax collector who shall attempt to collect by force afterwards by levying on the tax-payer's property does it at his personal peril and will not be protected by any legislation of the State.

This looks like a righteous decision. A State issues bonds and promises to pay accruing interest. It does seem fair that when that interest, in the shape of coupons, is offered in payment of taxes that it should be valid payment and should relieve the tax-payer from all subsequent

The Supreme Court, in its decision, declares in effect that the acts of the Virginia Legislature aimed to destroy the tax-paying power of the coupons are null and void. It says the coupons are valid and the bondholders are protected and sustained.

Four of the nine Judges dissented. They contend in their opinion that "the eleventh amendment is not intended as a mere jingle of words, to be slurred over by cunning subtleties and artificial methods of interpretation." Now this eleventh amendment forbids that a State should be sued by an invidual. It says:

"The judicial power of the United States hall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State."

The dissentients are Chief Justice Waite and Justices Bradley, Miller and Gray. The opinion just delivered is thought by some to contradict a previous opinion of the Court delivered in 1883. The New York Times discusses the matter elaborately, and says that the case previously decided "involved practically the same issue" as the recent cases. In

the decision of 1883 the State was sustained. The Times says:

"The decision seems in its essential principle to be a reversal of that of 1888, and viewed in that light the only member of the court who appears in an inconsistent position is Mr. Matthews."

Matthews-a corrupt fellow at best -was on the side of Virginia in 1883; he now delivers the opinion adverse to Virginia. The Times further says: "Notwithstanding Mr. Matthews's opin-

ion of two years ago, the decision which he delivered yesterday declares that the suit against a collector of taxes is not a suit tute the State in his place or justify his ac-tion by its authority for the reason that the law under which he has assumed to act is void. The State cannot pass a law which is forbidden by the Constitution of the United States, and any one assuming to act under such a pretended law is personally liable for his acts in violation of the rights

But aside from the legal aspects of the question, what will be the effect upon Virginia? The Governor will at once call the Legislature together. Some say that the commons schools of the State will have to stop. But this is not absolutely certain or necessary. Even the judicial and administrative machinery may be imperilled, as some seem to think. But this will not follow. The revenues of the State are said to be some \$3,000,000. The interests requires \$1,400,000. This will leave \$1,600,000 to carry on the State operations, which is very much more than North Carolina has. There is nothing in the situation that is alarming. Virginia is abundantly able to meet her honest obligations. She is in a prosperous condition. Her people, if necessary, know how to make sacrifices for the maintenance of the credit and honor of the State. Repudiation of any sort on the part of a great Commonwealth is a bad busi-

The decision may affect other States. It may compel other States to meet obligations they have been disposed to shirk. How it will operate as to the future of parties in Virginia we may not undertake to

#### ENGLAND AROUSED.

For the first time in two weeks we are inclined to the opinion that there will be war between Russia and England. Russia has grown so insolent -so pugnacious, that England is simply forced to fight. If she will not fight now, after the overbearing her people, and the way to do this is the and warlike attitude of Russia -after an overt act that means war or means nothing, then indeed has England fallen from her high position as one of the great Powers—as a nation as great in war as she is in peace. Russia not only refuses to disavow what General Komaroff has done in attacking the Afghans and seizing Penjdeh, but refuses to make any explanations whatever. Not only this, but as the New York Times says:

"Moreover, complaints are made of the size of Sir Peter Lumsden's escort, of Lord Dufferin's durbar at Rawalpindi, and of his menacing speeches. If England does not fight upon this it is a fair inference that she will not fight at all, and that Russia may advance to Herat or to Candahar without effective opposition.

The news from London of the last two or three days is more warlike than before. The peace-loving Premier has asked for a war credit. At last he realises that England is humiliated, and now he thinks that there must be war He asks for \$55. 000,000. The forces in the Soudan will be at once taken to India if war is declared against Russia. We like peace and dispise war; but we are tired of seeing the insolent Muscovites tweaking the nose of our English progenitor, and we will be satisfied to know that John Bull will hit back sharply and quickly.

But what a war it will be if it comes! Russia is a tremendous war power. She has the best of soldiers. They fight far better now than in the Napoleonic wars or even in the Crimean war. The Chicago Current says pertinently:

"The Russians fought terribly at Plevna. With the weapons now in the hands of nearly all the soldiers of the world, war between 'civilized' peoples comes near enough to butchery to confuse most people's ideas of the two things. More men were killed at Plevna on both sides than either Turkey or Russia was willing should be written down in history. Accordingly, the ac-counts of the siege were not only written 'officially,' but the bones of the dead were eventually dug up and used for various commercial purposes. Scientific war has become so destructive of life that it is not safe to disclose the facts to patriotic popu-

Mr. N. D. Sperry is an active Republican. He has been postmaster at New Haven for twenty-four years. He has made a most efficient and honest official. The Washington just come from the biggest revival Post says of him:

"Mr. Sperry had run the office to the atisfaction of the public, appropriated no stamps and kept its accounts straight. The New Haven office is said to have ranked in efficiency with the New York office, and Mr. Sperry, though a red-hot partisan outside, was a non-partisan postmaster inside. He therefore laid the same claim to consideration that was urged in the case of Mr. Pearson."

His term has expired and strange to say the President has appointed as his successor, Bejamin R. English, son of ex-Gov. English. We are glad of this change just as we would have been glad if Pearson had been left out in the cold. Turn

appointed Minister. So Mr. Keiley's resignation was opportune if enforced.

Prof. Edward S. Morse, of Salem, Mass., is experimenting with solar rays for heating and ventilating buildings. He ex-pects to succeed, and believes he has already furnished the crude apparatus that will be ultimately perfected.—Augusta

Men of science think that the heat of the sun will be yet so utilized as o run machinery, furnish heat and so on. In an interesting series of articles on "The New Astronomy" that recently appeared in The Century this theory was discussed. A Frenchman has printed papers by the heat of the sun, the rays therefrom furnishing the motor and thus turning the press. Ericson, the American inventor, has improved upon the French discovery. Both machines are represented in The Century arti-

The cholera is attracting the at tention of the authorities in Wash ington and a quarantine is the talk for all the Atlantic ports. This would seem to be imperatively necessary. An ounce of preventive is the thing needed. The question of the rights of States might come up and to save all doubt or complaints the quarantine should be enforced by State authorities. It is more than doubtful, under a strict construction of the Constitution, if the Federal Government has the legal right to disregard State authority and establish a quarantine at points of danger.

The Norfolk Landmark regards the decision in the Coupon cases as a very serious matter, and advises the people of Virginia, in town and county, "to pay their taxes in money and not to tender coupons." It says in the conclusion of its discussion:

"Our treasury ought not to be crippled, least of all, by our own people, and we should all show that if the State has lost her autonomy she has not lost the devotion of

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

--- The theory has been promptly advanced by the friends of Senator Mahone that this decision will help to enhance that gentleman's political importance in Virginia and will promote his chances of election to the Governorship of that State. No doubt, in politics, the politician is sometimes served by the branding of the doctrine that he preaches. It depends simply in this instance upon the question whether the people of Virginia are disposed to support Mahone in opposition to the judgment of the Supreme Court of the United States, or to recognize the authority of the august tribunal which has merely told them that they ought to pay their debts. It must be admitted that Senator Mahone has the advantage of leadership in a movement which, having been inspired by a false conception of what is due to the integrity of a State, will probably be provoked to more bitter partisanship by this adverse judicial decision, and will make the repudiation issue a prominent one in the gubernatorial compaign. - N. Y. News, Dem.

- After the remarkable speech made by Mr. Evarts in Boston on Saturday afternoon Senator Dawes made one still more remarkable. That of Mr. Evarts was distinguished by the perfectly developed vapidity of his interminable periods, but it had the merit of some genuine humor in the introduction, and of a clear invitation to vote the regular ticket whether you approve of it or not. This invitation is not on a high level of political morals, but from a man of Mr. Evarts's antecedents and expectations it is comprehensible, and will not be taken for more than it is worth. But Mr. Dawes's speech was at once demagogic, ignorant, and pretentions, and, coming from a leader of the party in the staunch Republican State, from the man who holds the seat of Charles Sumner in the Senate of the United States, and who aspires to direct the thought of his party, it was, in the assumption that his party would listen to it with patience, simply insulting .- N. Y. Times, Rep.

#### WHOLESALE MORMON CON-VERSION.

Chicago Herald.

"Talk about a change of heart, said a long-haired and big whiskered man at the Rock Island depot. "I've you ever see."

"Where was that?" asked a by-

"Why, out in Western Utah," the first speaker continued. "We had a Mormon settlement in Millard coun Secretary Whitney, Bullimore American. ty and we thought we were getting along mighty slick when all of a sudden the United States grand jury fell on us like a snowslide and clapped us all in jail. There was more'n hundred of us, and when we come to talk the matter over we came to the conclusion that it was a good time to repent. So we held a revival right there in the jail and sent for the preacher, one of the Methodists, and I'm blamed if he didn't have us been left out in the cold. Turn them all enrolled inside of an hour. The District Attorney paroled us just them all out is the right way.

According to "good authority," the women. Do you see that welt just over my ear? Well, that's where I caught the broom that my third wife dusted me with. The other receive Mr. Keiley, the newly not to receive Mr. Keiley, the newly not to receive Mr. Keiley, the newly not receive Mr. Keiley not receive Mr. Keiley not inside of an hour. The district Mr. A Card. To all who are suffering from provided the out of the women. Do you see that welt weakness, early deay, loss of manhood, the women. Do you see that welt weakness, early deay, loss of manhood, the women. Do you see that welt weakness, early deay, loss of manhood, the women. The stock market was irregular at the core of manhood, the women. The stock market was irregular at the core of manhood, the women. The stock market

"Will the conversion be permanent ?" asked a listener.

The stranger hitched up his trou sers and taking a long breath observed: "As to the others I don't know, but the jail and the broom cured me. I'm off for Jersey, and it will take the whole United States army to bring me back again."

THE BLUNDERS OF BAYARD

Wash. Special to Cincinnati Enquirer, Dem Secretary Bayard is the typical civil service reformer. At all events he thus posed in the Senate. In his position as Secretary of State, however, he has made more removals than any other member of the Cabinet. With the single exception of the appointment of Mr. Phelps to England, the President has let Mr. Bayard have his own way. Hence all the mistakes thus far made under the new dispensation are directly chargeable to him. It is useless to deny that Mr. Basyard has not made blunder after blunder in his diplomatic appointments Two general ideas seem to dominate them. These are blue blood and Southern affiliations. Of the many appoinments made by him, four-fifths are from the Southern States. There can possibly be no objection to this, but in his selection of men from this quarter he has wholly ignored the voice of the representative men of the South, and made his selections for personal rea-

One of Gordon's Bespairing Letters. LONDON, April 16 .- Gen. Gordon. t appears on December 14th last wrote a letter to Gen. Wolseley say-ing: "The state of affairs here (Khartoum) is such that one cannot foresee further than five to seven days. After that the town may at any time fall. I have done all in my power to hold out, but I own that I consider the position new almost desperate. I say this without any feeling of bitterness towards the English Government, and state it merely as a fact. If the town falls it is a question whether it will be worth while for the Government to continue the expedition. It is certain that the fall of Khartoum will insure the fall of Kassala and Se-

#### Coming at an Inopportune Time, New York Sun.

He began telling her of his love in impassioned tones, when suddenly her face became perfectly expressionless, her eyes assumed a far away. whither am I drifting look, and all interest in life seemed departed. "Pardon me," he said, coldly,

"your evident indifference leads me to believe that my words are distasteful to --" "N-not a-at a-tall, George," she

articulated, with great difficulty, "b b-but I f feel th-that I'm a-a-about to s-s-sneeze-aw, chew-hasp-chewshoo! There! Now, George, as you were saying -- " and "

# Alas! Alas!

From Mr. Randali's Philadelphia Times. Washington, April 19.—About the worst bit of misfortune that the President has had is the protracted sickness of Samuel J. Randall, whereby the Administration has been deprived of the benefit of his saracious counsels at the moment when they would have been of the greatest value. But from Mr. Randall's sick chamber have words of wisdom and timely counsel gone forth now and then, and I am glad to say that there is good prospect that the time is not far distant when Mr. Randall will be able to participate with his accustomed activity in affairs of mo-

# OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

We know of our own knowledge and have heard from creditable men that the sheriff had through negligence allowed many former residents of the county who were able to pay the taxes against them, to move to other counties and States without paying anything at all. And that many men, now residents of the county, have not paid taxes for three and four years back. Now is it right that these amounts should be allowed the sheriff when by an effort it is evident he might have made the collections? And it is not only the sheriff's fault, but it is the fault of the board of commissioners that the amount of unpaid taxes is so great. Why is it that no action has been taken against insolvents for two or three years past ?- Carthage Gazette.

Instead of manufacturing our own most abundant native woods and ores into the different articles we need and also make them a source of revenue, we buy almost every article of wood and iron ware that is used on the farm or about the house, from the North. We arise from a Northern made bed stead, walk over a Northern made carpet and stir up the fire with a Northern made shovel and tongs, or start it from a Northern made match. We cook our meals on a Northern manufactured stove, eat on a Northern made table from Northern made plates with Northern made knives and forks, and pick our teeth with a wooden splinter boxed up and sent down to us from the ever busy and money gathering North. -Hickory Carolinian.

# POLITICAL POINTS.

- The rascals object to be turned out and a number of the honest men to being turned in .- Phil. Times, Ind. Rep. - An esteemed conte

calls Sacretary Whitney an Apollo Now, Apello's favorite fish was a dolphin. But the Dolphin is by no means a favorite with - There is manifestly a very un-

fair disposition on the part of several journals that do not approve of certain acts of the administration to place the blame upon the shoulders of Secretary Bayard. This is wrong. We understand that for everything done by this administration the President himself wishes to be considered responsible.—N. Y. Sun, Ind.

Cigareties smokers who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade cigarette, will find the Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes far

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

FOREIGN.

London Excited over an Explosion in the Admiralty Office in Whitehall-Several Persons Injured and the Office a Complete Wreck-Origin of the Explesion Not Yet Determined. (By Cable to the Morning Star.)

London, April 23, 11.30 A. M.—Great excitement was caused in the Admiralty Office, in Whitehall, at 11 o'clock this forencon, by an explosion in a room in the basement of the building. The firemen and police were promptly summoned, and all of the gates of the Admiralty building were closed and a special guard at once posted. No persons were allowed to enter or depart from the premises until a tho-rough examination could be made. It is supposed that the explosion was caused by a premature discharge of a projectile which had been sent to the Admiralty for exam-

LONDON, April 28.—The explosion occurred in the Secretary's department. Mr. Edwin N. Swarnson, assistant secretary and principal clerk, received a severe scalp wound. It is said that other officials were also injured, but none so seriously as Mr. Swarnson. It is now believed that the explosion was not accidental, but that it was caused by dynamite. A large force of detectives, under Inspector O'Hagan, has been posted around the Admiralty building, and no one is allowed to leave until after identification.

12.30 P. M .- The explosion this morning badly damaged the room in which it occurred and set it on fire. The officials and

firemen soon extinguished the flames.

The Cabinet Ministers were immediately informed by telegraph of the explosion, and were furnished with all of the facts in connection there with that were ascertainable at the time. A special messenger was dispatched to the Home Office, and Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Home Secretary, was thus notified of the affair. Mr. Sproston Caine, M. P., Civil Lord of the Admiralty, was summoned by telegraph, and he shortly afterwards arrived on the scene of the explosion.

1 P. M. Iv is now regarded as certain

that either gun cotton or dynamite was used to cause the explosion. Mr. Swainson's room, in which the explosion took place, was made a complete wreck. The adjacent corridors were very much damaged, while all of the windows fronting on the Horse Guards' parade grounds were blown out. Several of the inspectors of explosives attached to the Home Office were promptly on the ground, and are making a critical examination of the wreckage. No arrests have been made up to this hour, nor has any one been detained even on suspicion. No clue of any kind whatsoever has yet been obtained as to the origin of the explosion.
2 P. M.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt

and Col. Majendie, Chief Inspector of Explosives, are making a careful and personal examination of the wreck. No official statement of the cause of the explosion has yet been made. The walls and other principle parts of the building are uninjured. In addition to a severe scalp wound, Mr. Swainson also suffers from a severe concussion of the brain. It is expected, however, that he will recover from his injuries.

# PENNSTLVANIA.

Disastrous Fire in the Town of Sharpsburg-Loss \$75,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.! PITTSBURG, April 23, 2.30 A. M.-A fire at Sharpsburg, Pa., started in the saloon of Thos. Murphy, on Tenth street, shortly before 1 o'clock, and quickly communicated to the adjoining buildings on both sides. Three stores and four dwellings are now burning, and the flames are spreading in six directions. The town has no facili-ties for subduing the flames, and assistance has not yet arrived from Pittsburg. Sharpsburg is a thriving borough of about 5.000 inhabitants, with many fine buildings and manufacturing establishments, and is

situated six miles north of this city. 8 A. M. The fire is burning flercer than ever, and not a drop of water has been thrown on the doomed buildings or those endangered. No assistance has arrived but it is expected momentarily. In the meanwhile the citizens are powerless to prevent the spread of the flames. Fifteen buildings have already been destroyed and twenty families are rendered homeless. The excitement is intense. The loss at this hour cannot be approximated, but it will

8.20 A. M.—The Alleghany Fire Department has just arrived, and was greeted with cheers. They are doing good service and have the fire now under control. One entire block of buildings has been con-sumed entire. The loss will foot up \$75,-

# TEXAS.

Terrific Cyclone—Several Houses Demolished and a Number of Persons Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] GALVESTON, April 23 .- A special to the

News, from Mexia, Texas, says: "The Prairie Grove neighborhood, eight miles south of Mexia, was visited about 2 o'clock yesterday by a severe cyclone, causing serious damage to life and property. A two-story school house, in which were about fifty children, was blown down and torn to pieces, killing one child and wounding several children. The casualties were as fo lows: Fourteen year old daughter of J. P. Swing, killed; Estelle Cook, leg broken; two children of E. Herring, leg and arm broken; two children of Mr. O'Hara, leg broken and injured internally. The house of Mr. J. McKinnon was blown down, seriously injuring the owner. The storehouse and postoffice, owned by J. D. Hughes, were demolished and the goods promiseuously scattered. The residences of M. B. Cox, H. Thempson and T. J. Williams, were demolished. Larkin Gentry's house, some distance from the village is also reported as demolished and himself, wife and child killed. Other serious results are probable as the country is thickly set-tled in the direction of the cyclone."

# GEN. GRANT.

No Worse, If not Bester, than Yester-

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] New York, April 28.—The temperature in Gen. Grant's room last night was so high that he did not sleep continuously through the night. His rest was broken, but the entire time of sleep was about six hours, the same as on Tuesday night. The General would have arisen and dressed at 7 o'clock this moraing, but Dr. Douglas advised him to remain at ease yet an hour more. The General did so, and between 7 and 8.30 he gained nearly an hour of eleep. He then arcse refreshed, and is in no wise worse, if not better, than yesterday? FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-Irregular and Lower.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

irregular. Pacific Mail has been prominent for its strength, and all Gould stocks in fact have been strong. Transactions continue light, and the bulls talk very confidently this morning of higher prices. The loaning rates continue easy; New York Central loaning at 1-128@1-64, and others flat to 1 128 At 11 o'clock Grangers and Gould stocks are a shade higher than at the open ing, and New York Central, Lake Shore Lackawanna are a fraction lower. Oregon Railway & Navigation rose from

sales for the first hour were 50,000 shares.

### WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, April 23, 4 P. M.

ROSIN-The market was quoted quiet at 90 cts asked for Strained and 924 cts for

TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 10 per bbl. of 280 lbs. with sales at

and \$1 55 for Virgin and Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted steady, with small sales reported on a basis of 10% cents per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary . . . . . . . 81 Good Ordinary..... 98 Low Middling...... 10 1-16

PEANUTS-Market quiet and steady with sales reported at 45@50 cents for Extra Prime, 55@60 cents for Fancy, and

RICE-Market steady and unchanged. We quote: Rough: Upland \$1 00@1 10: 41@41 cents; Fair 48@51 cents; Good 58 @61 cents per pound.

TIMBER-Market steady. Prime and Extra Shipping, first class heart, \$9 00@ 10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill. \$4 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

Spirits Turpentine..... Tar.....

# DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

easy at 1 per cent. Sterling exchange 486 and 488. State bonds quiet and steady. Go-

Cotton steady, with sales to-day of 425 bales; middling uplands 10%; middling Orleans 11tc. Futures quiet and steady, with sales to-day at the following quotations: April 10.76c; May 10.78c; June 10.88c; July 10 97c; August 11.04c; September 10.79c. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat lower and weak. Corn dull and lower. Pork dull at \$13 00@13 25. Lard steady at \$7 20. Spirits turpentine steady at 321c. Rosin steady at \$1 05@1 08. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, April 23.-Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western super \$3 25@5 62; extra \$3 87@4 25; family \$4 25 @5 25; city mills super \$8 25@3 50; extra \$3 75@4 00; Rio brands \$5 00. Wheat southern steady and quiet; western lower, closing dull; southern red \$1 04@1 06; do amber \$1 08@1 19; No. 1 Maryland \$1 05 bid; No. 2 western winter red on spot 971 @974c. Corn—southern higher with an active demand; western firm and dull; southern white 59@61c; do yellow 57@58c.

# By Cable to the Morning Star. 1

LIVERPOOL, April 28, Noon.-Cotton quiet, with a fair inquiry; middling uplands 54d; middling Orleans 5 15 16d; sales today of 7,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export; receipts 11,000 bales, of which 9,900 bales were American. Futures steady. Uplands, 1 m c, April and May delivery 5 53-64d; May and June de-livery 5 54-64@5 55-64d; June and July delivery 5 58-64@5 59-64d; July and August delivery 5 62-64@6 3-64d; August and September delivery 6 2-64@6 3-64d; September and October delivery 5 63-64d October and November delivery 5 53-64d; November and December delivery 5

Spirits turpentine 24s. 3d.
Good uplands 6d; middling uplands
64d; low middling 54d; good ordinary
64d; ordinary 54d. Good middling Texas
61-16d; middling Texas 515-16d; low middling Texas dling 5 18-16d; good ordinary 52d; ordinary 51d. Good middling Orleans 5 15-16d; low middling 5 13-16d; good ordinary 52d; ordinary 51d.

4 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, April delivery 5 54-64d, sellers' option; April and May delivery 5 54-64d, sellers' option; May and June delivery 5 55-64d, buyers' option; June and July delivery 5 60-64d, sellers' option; July and August delivery 6d, sellers' option; August and September delivery 6 3-64d, buyers' option; September and October delivery 5 63-64d, buyers' option; October and November delivery 5 63-64d, buyers' option; tion; October and November delivery 5 58-64d, sellers' option; November and December delivery 5 50-64d, buyers' option. Futures closed firm. Sales of cotton to-day include 5,300 bales

New York Naval Stores Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, April 22. Spirits Turpentine—The market is held steady, but quiet, the sales of a jobbing character; merchantable order quoted at 31fc. Rosins—Market slew and unchanged. Following are the quotations: Strained at \$1 06; good strained at \$1 10; No. 2 E at \$1 22; No. 2 F at \$1 30; No. 1 G at \$1 45; No. 1 H at \$1 70; good No. 1 I at \$2 25; low pale K at \$2 75; Pale M at \$8 40; extra pale N at \$4; window glass W at \$4 50. Tar is quoted at \$2 00@2 25 for Wilmington; pitch is quoted at \$1 70@1 90.

Savannah News, April 22.

Victims of youthful indiscretions, suffer-

67 to 70 on small transactions. The total

## COMMERCIAL.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 29 cents per gallon bid, with sales reported later of 25 casks at

Good Strained, with no sales reported.

CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market steady. with sales reported at \$1 15 for Hard

Middling......108 Good Middling.....10 9-16

70@75 cents for Extra Fancy.

Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common @5% cents; Prime 5%@6 cents; Choice 61

# RECEIPTS.

8 bales

NEW YORK, April 23, Noon.-Money

vernments steady.

# POREIGN MARKETS.

The market was quiet, steady and un-changed. The sales for the day were 71 bbls. Below are the official quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair 5@51c; Good 51@ Sic; Prime Si@6c. Sauce of life and Sic. Rough rice Country lots 950@\$1 00; tide water \$1, 10@1 35.

Savannah Bice Market.

ing from nervous debility, lack of self-confidence, impaired memory, and kindred symptoms, should send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise, giving means of certain cure, with numerous testimonials. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 668 Main Street, Buffalo, New York.

# PINKEYE.

A Remarkable Cure of a Horse

Col. James L. Fleming, a prominent grocery merchant, a member of the firm of Fleming & Lofton, Augusta, Ga., makes the following state. Swift's Specific:

In the fall of 1883 I had a valuable horse with with a severe case of pinkeye, which resuited in the most fearful case of blood poisoning I hare ever seen. After eight or nine months of destree ever seen. After eight or nine months of doctor ing with every remedy that I could

ing with every remedy that I could hear of, I unable to move, because of swollen limbs. He was as large as a man's body and number of large sores on his body and other number of large sores on his body and other number of large sores on his body and other and I was advised to end his sufferings with the shot gun. He was a valuable animal and idd in search for another remedy more effication. I knew it was invaluable to the human family as a blood purifier, and why should it not be for the animal as well I did not hesitate, but sent last July to Atlant I began the treatment with 4 oz, of S. e. for a supply.

I began the treatment with 4 oz. of S. S. S. and

I began the treatment with 4 oz. of S. S. 2014
4 oz of water three times a day. This I continued for a week. Then I increased the dose to go oz. of each, and continued for a week. Then I increased to 8 oz. and run it a week. When I went back to 6 oz. again. The result was that at the end of the first week the horse had a fair appearance of the second week even greater in the end of the second week even greater in were healing nicely, and the horse manifested a desire to move about. At the end of the thim week he began to show gain in flesh, and had a full appearance. I used in all about 15 bottles of Swiin's Specific, and when I quit its use the horse had only four small sores left on him, and they healed up immediately.

In August last all symptoms of the interest of the second water and they healed up immediately.

and the horse has done a mule's work on my fame.

I regard it one of the most remarkable eves i
have ever known Thus the great medicine has
proven a boon to the animal as well as to the ha Augusta, Jan. 9, 1885. Send for Book on Blood and Sain Diseases

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO. jan 20-D&W1y

25 YEARS IN USE.

SYMPTOMS OF A

a feeling of having neglected some duty Westiness, Distiness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache ever the right eye, Restlessness, with atful dreams, Highly colored Uring and CONSTIPATION. TOTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change offeeling as to astonish the sufferer.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILL Renovates the body, makes healthy fish, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle;

jan 30 D&W 1y su we fr

IMPORTANT!

A PATENT

Water Closet Seat'

"PILES,") Internal or External, and PROLAPSUS ANI, for Chil

I have invented a SIMPLE WATER CLOSET SEAT, for the cure of the above troublesome and painful malady, which I confidently place before the public as a

Physicians in North Carolina. Is now being tested in the Hospitals of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and we are satisfied the result will be satisfactory, as it has never failed elsewhere. You can write to any of the Physicians or prominent citizens in Edgecombe Co., N. C. These Seats will be furnished at the following prices:

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WALNUT, Polished, \$6.00 | Discount to Physichery, 5.00 | cicians and to the Poplar, 5.00 | Trade.

Directions for using will accompany each Seat.

We trouble you with no certificates. We leave the Seat to be its own advertiser. Address

LEWIS CHAMBERLAIN Patentee,

Farboro, Edgecombe Co., N. C.

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Gents and Boys' Goods, HANDSOME STOCK JUST OPENED.

Ginghams and Sursucker,
White Goods, Hosiery.
Linen Collars, Jewelry.
Rusching and Laces—cheap.
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up immediately.

In August last all symptoms of the disease passed away, and up to date no signs of the return of the trouble have made their appearance.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age TORPID LIVER Less of appetite, Bowels costive, Painir the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a dis-inclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with

They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stoolsan produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.T.

tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood \$1. Sold by druggists.
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NEW AND VALUABLE DEVICE

CURE OF HEMORRHOIDS, (Commonly called

NO MEDICINE OR SURGICAL COPERATION NECESSARY.

SURE RELIEF AND CURE It has been endorsed by the leading residen

ly 17 D&Wt

THE GREAT SAUCE

LEA & PERRINS GRAVIES, ras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PER-RINS that their sauce is highly es-teemed in India and is in my opin-ion, the most pala-

HOT & COLD