IN INVESTIGATION ANNOUNCEMENT. THE MULINING STAR, the oldest dally news aper in North Carolina, is published dally, except onday, at \$7.00 per year, \$4.00 for six months, \$2.00 for three months, \$1.50 for two months; 75c. or one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to ty subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week any period from one week to one year.

PHE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday norning at \$1.50 per year, \$1.00 for six months 50 ents for three months. ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; lour days, \$3 00; five days, \$9 50; one work, \$4 00; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$30 00; its months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten these of solid Nonparell translations. Notices under head of "Dity Items" 25 cents per le for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for ch subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c. are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate of cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

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# The Morning Star

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMIN'GTON, N. C.

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 1, 1885.

## EVENING EDITION

AN INSTRUCTIVE DEBATE.

A debate occurred some two weeks ago in the British House of Lord that shows that all parties in Eng land are united in opposition as purpose as to resisting the aggre sions of Russia in Afghanistan. umber of Lords spoke, the Dake Argyll leading, and the Marquis Salisbury participating. It is under stood that the latter would be tl Tory leader in case of the defeat the Liberals in the next election. H spoke in indorsement of what had been said by the other Lords. The Marquis of Ripon submitted a plan for the defence of India that was i dorsed by the best military author ty of that distant country. As part of the plan, strong fortresse are to be built along the frontier and \$25,000,000 is to be used in con structing railroads. The probabilit is that the threatening attitude Russia will so stimulate railroa building by both Powers that in few years the route to India will n require more than twice the time

Because the prudent and ab statesman at the head of the Govern ment is averse to war and is for ex austing all possible means to ave such a calamity, it need not to inferred that England will surrende her Eastern possessions or allow ther to be threatened without a desperate struggle. Mr. Gladstone knows that Russia has greatly the advantage at present and that Ireland is in too disturbed condition for safety. He knows also that England lacks friends at this time on the Continent. A delay may change all this. It is not an uncommon thing for the nations at war this year to be forming alliances next year. So, possibly, in a year or two, under such changes as time works England may have strong friends in the nations that are now in sympathy with Russia. But be this as it may, it is certain that Eng. land will meet Russia in "the tug of war" whenever she believes that the historic hour has come.

from Wilmington to San Francisco

#### THE BOUNDARY SETTLED.

seems to have been settled at last and after much perplexity and no little alarm. The London special to the New York Herald of the 30th.

"The reply, it says, involves the adospt-ance of the proposals, and practically aet-tles, in a satisfactory manner, the whole question of the Afghan boundary. Both Maruchak and Zulfikar remain in the pos-session of the Ameer. The main features of the work of delimitation have been final-ly fixed, and the Boundary Commission will settle the datails."

yawning gulf of a great war. Nothing but the streme caution and aver-sion of Mr. Gladstone to war have saved England and Russia from one of the most tremendous conflicts of the century. The London News, Labourchere's paper, says:

Mr. Gladstone has crowned his illustrious career by again rendering the country signal service. We must not forget, now that peace is secured, now near we came to a war such as this generation has not seen. Neither mere obstinacy nor skill in diplo-macy could have averted it. This settlement of the boundary

may not mean necessarily that there will be no cause of war in the near or remote future. At any rate the Czar refuses to bind himself not to advance nearer to India, and this gives the Tory organs in England an opportunity to goad Mr. Gladstone for his management of the dispute. Russia is credited with being anxious to preserve peace with England, If this is true then there cannot be war as England meditates no aggressive movement upon Russia. The death of Kaiser William, whenever it shall occur, will change the face of affairs. England will have a staunch friend in the Crown Prince whilst now the father is the fast friend of Russia. The Berlin special to the

Herald, dated 90th ult. says: "Everything points to the fact that the world is to enjoy peace during the coming The Emperor is very much improved

GOVERNMENT REPORT ON FOR

According to the report of the Department of Agriculture hundreds of millions of trees have been planted in Kansas, Illinois, lowa, Minnesota, Nebraska and Dakota. It says that to the South the country must look for its timber supply. It says:

"So far forestry may be said to be an unknown art in the South; yet it is a land of forests. The whole surface of these States; with the exception of Texas, was originally covered with forest growths, and from North Carolina to Louisiana nearly six-tenths of the area is still wooded. All estimates lack accuracy; but of the 500,000,-000 acres south of the Ohio river 400,000, 000, we may say, are still in timber. This forest, vast in extent, is also wonderful in its variety. Nearly every tree found north of the Ohio is found south of it, mingled with many varieties found only in

This is true, we may suppose. But the destruction of forests is very great annually, and when the South has 25,000,000 people, as it must have before many years, the destruction will rapidly increase. By the end of the century the South will have quite 30,000,000 inhabitants, we may suppose. If the slaughtering of the forests should continue in proportion to the increase of population the timber supply will be reduced in a quarter of a century by half the present supply. A wise people always look beyond the present. This country is destined to repeat on a tremendous scale the follies of Europe. When one hundred or two hundred millions of people dwell within our present borders unless tree planting was resorted to on a large scale there would be a deficiency of timber and the climate and productiveness of the country would suffer as has been the case in other coun-

But the STAR has discussed this forestry question often and recently. It repeats its conviction that every State ought to have by law an "Arbor Day," and every man who owns land should be encouraged to plant trees.

## A REVOLUTION IN NAVAL WAR-

The fight in Hampton Roads between the Merrimac and Monitor revolutionized the contruction o naval vessels, and the increased power of guns promises to modify or change the construction still farther. It is said by the Review Scientific that owing to the invention of the screw steamer there is no longer such a thing as the "empire of the sea." The greatest power on the sea will be the nation with the greatest number of swift steamers with which to attack the commerce of the enemy. It says:

"The war vessels will be swift-moving torpedo boats, armed with rams, and carrying a torpedo on a projecting spar. A half dozen of these small craft would approach an iron clad from all sides, and under the smoke of the guns from the vessel being attacked would reach her sides and blow a bolicit with the smoke of the guns from the vessel being attacked would reach her sides and blow a hole in her with entire certainty." who is prepared to say that it will not be, then indeed will the naval warfare of the future be a very dif ferent thing from what it was in the war between the States or what it is to day. As we said recently the Boyton rubber suit may have its own

The views of ex-President Davis as to the future of our country are gloomy but they are founded in a very stand vindicated as to bis course, but of this more hereafter when we are in possession of the facts. It was to the future of our country are gloomy but they are founded in a very accurate diagnosis of the condition of this more hereafter when we are in possession of the facts. It was to the future of our country are gloomy but they are founded in a very accurate diagnosis of the condition of the body politic. Of course what in possession of the facts. It was the says will be misunderstood and the English people, inspired by the troversy that threatened the mightiest war of modern times. England, Russia, all Europe will recognize in the Treasury Department. The promotion of Cashier Whelp-ley to be Assistant Treasurer, announced yesterday, is worthy of all commendation, as being directly in the line of civil service reform.—Boston Herald, Mug. The views of ex-President Davis

important part to play in the sea

fight of the future.

evidently a very close shave to the | misrepresented by many, and especially by Northern newspapers. And yet whilst he prognosticates evil he shows that he is a very close observer of passing events. He is a states man of the past, when there were statesmen. If the following is not sound sense and a true indictment then we are far away from a correct. rvation. He says:

That respect. love and veneration for the Constitution which animated the citizens of the United States before the war-had now departed from our people, and that the system of government erected by our forefathers existed only in name; that disruption at work in our midst which could only be restrained and held in check by force; that the underlying and funda-mental principles upon which our system of government was erected, and upon which the Constitution, as it was before the war, rested, are fast becoming obsolete, forgotten by the old men and never learned by the young; that under the rule of Republicanism during the war and subsequent to it the Constitution was made a rope of sand, and that while the party of so-called liberal ideas was proclaiming universal freedom and equality on the one hand, they were tearing down and blotting out the very safeguards and defences which alone, under our form of government, could secure it to

For the first ten months of the fiscal year beginning with 1st July, 1884, the falling off in internal revenue was over \$7,000,000. The loss was almost entirely on fermented

CURRENT COMMENT.

--- That silver under certain conditions can be made convenient and valuable as a medium of exchange is not to be doubted. It has many of the qualities possessed by goldhardness, durability, ease of coinage, beauty of appearance, and, to a degree, traditional respect and attachment in the popular mind. It lacks the convenience of haudling and permanence of uniform accepted value. The difficulties from these two sources can be avoided. When that is done silver can and should be made an important part of the metallie currency of the nation. The trouble with the polcry of the United States in dealing with silver is that it has defied the fatal effect of variability in the market value of the metal. Acting under the absurd yet not unnatural delusion encouraged by our paper currency during the war, the Government of the United States has undertaken to give by law a fixed value to that of which the value is not and cannot be made stable.- N. Y. Times, Rep.

-- For over twenty years the Republicans were in power, and pretending to give the preference in everything to Union veterans, but they never were able to appreciate a Union veteran unless he was an effective Republican worker. Now that President Cleveland has made the discovery that there are thousacds of Union veteraus in the Dem ocratic ranks, the Republicans are almost dumbfounded. They have been accustomed to look upon a Democratic Union veteran as almost as obnoxious as a genuine ex-Confederate. - Savannah News, Dem.

#### A WRONG IMPRESSION RE-MOVED.

The President Has Not Reappointed a Republican Official in North Caro-

Washington Post. Amid the general satisfaction of the people of this country with the Administration one section of North Carolina is in a terrible state of displeasure and alarm. "My dear sir," said an excited North Carolinian to a Post reporter yesterday, "if that appointment is made it will do more harm to the Democratic party in my State than all the other appointments will do good. He is a Republican partisan of the worst kind." The nnocent cause of all this uneasiness is Collector Young, of the Fourth district, whom the Democrats of North Carolina imagine the President has re-appointed. In making inquiry as to the truth about the matter, the Post reporter elicited the real facts. In 1884 President Arthur abolished one of the three districts of North Carolina, leaving only two, to one of which Young was appointed Collector. Soon after President Cleveland's inauguration he, on the advice of Senator Ransom, reestablished the three districts as they originally were. To do this necessitated a reorganization, and part of Young's district was given to another man. Under these circumstances Young was required to give new bonds, creating the impression that he had been recommissioned. It will perhaps allay the anxiety of the North Carolina Democrats to receive this explanation and know that Mr. Young has not many more days to remain in office. He will before very long be removed, and a Democrat will be appointed as his successor.

MR. GLADSTONE'S HANDI-WORK.

Washington Post-Peace between England and Russia-peace upon terms alike honorable to both parties-seems to be assured at last. The war clouds that but a few weeks ago lowered so ominously have lifted. The horizon, late so angry, is once more serene.

We have no difficulty in discerning by whose hand the change has been wrought, to whose masterly statesmanship and splendid diplomacy the world is most indebted for this auspicious termination to a con-troversy that threatened the might-

vast preparations for offensive warfare going on around them, their pagressions of Massia at the East, their passions appealed to by ash and unwise if not by mercenary and craft counsellors, in and out of Parliament, their pride of nationality stung by imputations upon the courage of the government, were losing faith in the Premier for what appeared his tame

Tory leaders and Tory newspapers everywhere denounced the Fre mier for his halting and indecisive policy. The carlcaturists busied themselves with the "grand old man" in their pandering to partisan prejudice. The ministry, we are told, was in peril of disgraceful overthrow because of its temporizing measures and apparent readiness to purchase peace on any terms. 118 viewo

But the government knew what it was about. It was moving in direction from which neither contumely nor criticism" could divert it. It has kept moving in that direction until the goal of peace with honor is in sight. It is only the opposition to the government that is now disconcerted. As the lustre of Gladstone's triumph brightens the hopes of Toryism fade. What were stigmatized as faults, grave to the verge of criminality, are seen to be virtues so exalted as to sway the destines of a continent.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Asheville Citizen. First Day. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Secretary presented to the Convention a notification from the General Convention of the Protest-

ant Episcopal Church, of proposed changes in the Book of Common Prayer, together with a printed copy of the book, in which the changes proposed are made to appear. The subject was referred to a committee of seven, to be appointed by the Bishop, and to report at the next Convention. The consideration of the Mission-

ary Committee was made the special order for to-morrow after the delivry of the address of the Bishop. The report of the Treasurer was

ubmitted and referred to the Finance Committee. The following committees were

appointed: On Canons-Revs. Dr. Buel, J. B. Cheshire, Jr., E. A. Osborne, and Messrs. John Wilkes and W. L. Lon-

On the State of the Church-Revs. W. R. Wetmore, R. W. Barbour, W. S. Bynum, and Messrs. J. C. Buxton and S. S. Nash. On Finance-Revs. Dr. Sutton and

E. R. Rich, and Messrs. W. E. Anderson, R. S. Tucker and C. M. Busbee On Elections-Revs. E. Wootten, John Huske and W. S. Martin, and Messrs, J. G. Martin and W. L.

On New Parishes - Revs. G. Higgs and F. L. Bush, and Messrs, W. H S. Burgwyn, A. B. Galloway and

Julian Allen. Unfinished Business-Revs. C. T Bland, H. G. Hilton, Dr. G. W Fletcher, Dr. John M. Richardson,

Mr. Geo. P. B. Burgwyn. Second Day.

THURSDAY - MORNING SESSION. The report of Bishop Lyman of his ministrations during the past year, and of the State of the Church, &c., was then read.

The special order, the consideration of the report of the Executive Missionary Committee, was then called up, occupying the remainder of the morning session.

#### OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

Have we not, while witnessing the ex quisite wooing and winning of "Romeo and Juliet," had the hidden poesy of our na-tures to blossom out in sentimental sweetness, and bring up on the magnificen rythm of feeling the golden thoughts that emparadise the flower-fringed borders of Love Land, and have we not been made purer and better and tenderer by feeling it gain? Have we not had our own feelings hallowed and humanity purified by the heart story of "Leah the Forsaken" who was forced to drink the dregs of "Life's foud illusion;" and have not the slumber ng thoughts of some of us been awakene by that sorrowful recital, and borne back again to that deep hidden chamber of mem There is a harp long unswept and a lute

without strings,
There are tresses of bright golden hair,
There are flowers all withered and letters and rings; Hallowed tokens that love used to wear.'

- Wilson Mirror,

Fast girls may learn a lesson from Fanny Madison. Although warm hearted, generous, gifted in mind and person, a steady church-goer, and called after the Lily-em blem of purity—she is now being shown up as void of virtue, undutiful to her parent a practiced deceiver, and willing receiver letters and poems so nasty that they could not be read aloud in court; and made even the baldheaded jurors blush! It shows she was murdered; for if she had had any idea of self-destruction she would not have left any such filth in her trunk,—Raleigh Farmer

#### POLITICAL POINTS.

- Mr. Watterson's conversion to the support of the administration is a counted for on the theory that he's run in the Star eyed Goddess as a clerk in the Treasury Department.—Phil. News, Rep.

- So soon as Mr. Randall remembered that President Cleveland was a firm believer in the one term principle he re-nominated him for 1888. This recalls the thrilling scene in "Box and Cox." "Hat kye, sir, can you fight?" 'No!" "Then come on !"—Phil. Record, Ind.

— The g. o. p. in New York seems to be in a bad way. Senator Warner Miller declares that it has got into a rut, and the Albany Journal, the leading Republican organ outside of the city, bewails the ruinous outrages of the "few hot headed pugnacious spoilsmen" that "run things" at the capital.—Phil. Record, Ind.

PARTS OF THE WORLD FOREIGN.

Paris-Grand and Imposing Spectaele-The Streets Literally Lined with People, but no Disturbance Reported The Afghan Question Definitely many for the Expulsion of the Poles

[By Cable to the Morning Star] PARIS, June 1, 10 A. M.—Although the rain fell during the night; and there was every indication in the early morning of more rain to day, hundreds of thousands of people were abread at day break, already crowding the streets and boulevards through which the great procession will move that accompanies the remains of Victor Hugo to his last resting place in the Pantheon Owing to the crowded condition of the hotels, thousands were compelled to bivouse in the open air all night.

The space around the Arc De Triomphe is already filled with the chief officers of State, members of the Diplomatic Corps, Senators and Deputies.

From all directions come deputations with draped banners and bearing flowers and gigantic wreaths, all moving in the direction of the Arc De Triomphe, the Meces of France to day Never Paris present such a scene. The chestaut trees in the Champs. Elysee are in full bloom, and form a strange contrast to the veiled lights, draped banners and vast her of speciators, all in the habiliments of mourning, that line either side of the im-mense field, and the brilliant uniforms of the soldiers. Large bodies of cavalry occupy the streets leading to the Palace of Blysce, the residence of President Grevy. Minute guns are being fired from the Hotel

des Invalides, and from Fort Valerient. The crowd is very orderly, and at this hour there is not a sign of that trouble so much talked of and written about. The societies are taking the places assigned them in the line of procession. Trains laden with visitors from the provinces and from abroad are constantly arriving, and the enormous crowd already here is ever in-

Noon.—The funeral procession started punctually at noon. The threatening clouds of the morning had disappeared by this time, and the sun shone forth brilliant ly. Many chariots, heaped up with offer ings of the people of France, followed the hearse in the procession. Enormous crowds of people line the streets that form the route of the procession, while other masses of people possess the intersecting streets for a great distance on either side. The buildings are black with people, as is indeed every point from which may be had a view of the unparalleled spectacle

2 o'clock .- The funeral oration which M Frouquet delivered at the Arc De Triomphe touched the hearts of his hearers, and was greatly applauded. The procession is moving without a hitch in the prescribed programme. The police arrested several bearers of red flags, which were unfurled at the starting points or headquarters of several revolutionary societies. There has been,

The singing of revolutionary and patriotic songs, by bands of men gathered beyond the reach of the voices of the orators, interrupted somewhat the unity of the eulogies, but beyond this there was nothing to mar the beauty or detract from the impressiveness of the spectacle.

3.40 P. M.—The funeral of Victor Hugo

up to this hour has been allowed to be con ducted with every mark of respect. The enormous masses of people in the streets maintain an exceptionally quiet demeanor.

LONDON, June 1.—The Standard's St. Petersburg dispatch confirms the Daily News' statement with reference to the set tlement of the Afghan frontier question Many European papers consider that Rus-sia's acceptance of the English proposals is prompted by a desire to prevent the over-throw of the Gladstone Cabinet.

London, June 1.-The supposition that the expulsion of the Russian l'oles from Prussian territory, where they had settled to escape Russian despotism, was due to an understanding between the governments of Russia and Germany, seems to have no sufficient foundation. Russia, it appears, is anything but pleased at the action of the Prussian authorities, and is engaged in the execution of retaliatory measures. Many Germans, who have been residing in Russia, have been forced to return to their native country. Hardly any notice is given them that they will be required to return and much hardship and suffering attend their expulsion. In many instances these refugees reach the German frontier in destitute condition.

Panis, May 31.—The race for the grand prize of the Paris Jockey Club was won by Reluctant; the Condor, second; Extra.

Prince Robert François Phillipe, eldest son of Duke De Charters, is dead, aged 19.

#### TEXAS.

Frenzied Man Mortally Wounds Two Others, and then Drowns Himself - Unprecedented Flood in the Brazos River. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

GALVESTON, May 31.—A special to the News, from Forth Worth, says: "The body of a man, named Charles H. Swink, was found here yesterday in the reservoir near Union Depot. Swink, who was on his way from the East to visit a wealthy brother in Temple, Texas, was dozing in his seat, at Union Depot, a few nights ago, when some confidence men attempted to rob him. The sleeping man awoke, and in the frenzy of alarm began firing at every one in the room, wounding fatally two innocent men, named Hagood and Terboe. Swink then ran panic stricken from the room, and nothing further was heard of him until his body was found to day.

A special to the News, from Hearne Texas, says: "The waters of the Brazos river yesterday reached the highest mark ever previously known. The bottom lands of a great many plantations are submerged to the depth of several feet. The loss on crops in this section will be very heavy. Last night the river had ceased rising."

### ELECTRIC SPARES.

The Washington Post says that Collector Young, of the Fourth North Carolina disriet, will soon be removed, and a Democrat appointed in his place.

Thomas Simons, Assistant Attorney General, in charge of Government eases be-fore the Court of Claims, has tendered his resignation to the President, to take effect une 1st, and Robert Howard, of Rock, Ark., will succeed him.

Daniel Deckart, editor of the Spirit of the Valley, the leading Republican newspaper of Harrisonburg, Va., and known as the founder of various journals, dropped dead of heart disease Sunday morning, aged about sixty years.

#### FINANCIAL.

New York Stock Market-General De cline in Prices. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

New York, Wall Street, June 1, 11 A.
M.—The Exchange did not open until 11
o'clock this morning. The opening prices
are 1 to 1 per cent. lower for New York.
Central, Pacific Mail, Lackawanns and
Grangers, and a shade off for the rest of the
active list, except Union Pacific, which is
unchanged. The opening prices are being
followed by a further decline, especially
for St. Paul.

COMMERCIAL. WIL WINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, June 1, 4 P. M. PIRITS TURPENTINE—The market bid, with sales reported later of 100 casks at

ROSIN-The market was quoted steady at) 85c for strained and 90c for Good Strained, with no sales reported,

TAR-The market was quoted firm at

\$1,10 per tbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations of resolutions, which another CRUDETURPENTINE-Market steady,

with sales reported at \$1 10 for Hard and

\$1 85 for Virgin and Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted steady; with no sales reported. The following were the official quotations Ordinary ..... 8 cents P 15. Good Ordinary. ..... 91

Low Middling. ..... 9 15-16 "

PEANUTS-Market quiet, with sales as follows: Extra Prime 44@47 cents; Fancy 51@55 cents, and Extra Fancy 58@60 cents per bushel of 22; lbs/

RICE, Market steady and unchanged. We quote: Roven: Upland \$1 00@ 10; Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. /CLEAN: Common 41@44 cents; Fair 41@51 cents; Good 54054 cents; Prime 5906 cents; Choice 61@61 cents per 10, 4 ....

TIMBER .- The market continues steady and unchanged, with sales as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, first class heart, \$9 00@ 10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill, \$4 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

#### RECEIPTS.

Ootton .... Spirits Turpentine..... 

DOMESTIC MARKETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Financial. NEW YORK, June 1, Noon .- Money easy at 1 per cent. Sterling exchange 4861 and 488. State bonds neglected. Governments quiet and steady.

Commercial. Cotton dull, with sales reported of 65 bales; middling uplands 10 15-16c; middling Orleans 11tc. Futures barely steady; sales at the following quotations: June 10.90c; July 10.96c; August 10.71c; September 10.40c; October 10.26c. Flour dall and heavy. Wheat lower. Corn lower. Pork dull at \$11 50. Lard weak at \$6 70. Spirits turpentine steady at 3210. Rosin steady at \$1 121@1.15. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, June 1 .- Flour lower and dull: Howard street and western super \$3 25@3 65; extra \$3 75@4 25; family 4 50@5 50; city mills super \$8 25@3 65 extra \$2 75@4 00; Rio brands \$4 90@ 5 50. Wheat—southern lower; western lower with a moderate inquiry; southern red 90@95c; do amber \$1 00@1 03; No. 1 Maryland 96c bid; No.2 western winter red on spot 911@93c. Corn—southern steady; western steady and quiet; southern white 64@65c; do yellow 53@54c.

#### FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star. ] LIVERPOOL, June 1, Noon.-Cottonsteady with fair demand; middling uplands 5 15-16d; middling Orleans 6d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export: receipts 11,000 bales, 7,500 of which were American. Futures steady uplands, 1 m c, June and July delivery 5 58-64@5 59-64d; July and August delivery 5 63-64@6d; August and September delivery 6 3-64@6 4-64d; September and October delivery 5 63-64@6d; October and

November delivery 5 55-64d. Tenders 27,100 bales new docket, - bales

Spirits turpentine 26s 3d. LIVERPOOL, June 1, 4.00 P. M .- Upands, 1 m c, June delivery 5 59-64d, buyers option; June and July delivery 5 59-64d. buyers' option; July and August delivery 6d. sellers' option; August and September de-livery 6 3-64d, buyers' option; September and October delivery 6d, buyers' option October and November delivery 555-64d, huyers' option; November and December

delivery 5 53-64d, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 54-64d, buyers option. Futures closed quiet. Sales of cotton to-day include 6,100 baies

London, June 1.—Consols—4:00 p. m.

#### Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, May 31.

The market was dull, but prices continue steady and unchanged. The sales for the day were 50 barrels. Below are the official quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair 5@51c; Good 51@51c; Prime Rough rice-Country lots 95c@\$1 00; tide-

water \$1 10@1 35.

#### COTTON.

N. Y. Commercial and Financial Chronicle. NEW YORK, May 29 .- The movement of the crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (May 29) the total receipts have reached 6,964 bales, against 7,429 bales last week, 9, 413 bales the previous week, and 8,633 bales three weeks since: making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1884, 4,701,361 bales, against 4,751,662 bales for the same period of 1883-'84, showing a decrease since Sept. 1, 1884, of 50,301 bales. The exports for the week ending

this evening reach a total of 17,610 bales, of which 9,772 were to Great Britain, 771 to France and 7,067 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this even-

ing are now 449,468 bales. Yesterday there was a variable and unsettled market, closing irregular, with the next crop dearer and June lower. To-day the opening was lower, under weak accounts from Liverpool, but afterwards improved, there being few sellers and some demand arising to cover contracts. Cotton on the spot was dull, and on Wednesday quotations were reduced 1-16c. The export demand fell off, and there was but little doing for home consumption. Yesterday there was a better general business report-ed for spinning, but to-day the market was quiet and nearly nominal at 10 15-16c, per pound for middling uplands. The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 211,300

WOMEN

ches and Furines the Bioon, Stimula se Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles terves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates. Clears the complexion, and makes the size smilt does not blacken the teeth, cause headact aroduce constipation—all other from medicinits described. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other from medicints of the manufacture.

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jy 27 D&Wiy too or frm nrm Narrow Escape.

\* \* ROCHESTER, June 1, 1882. "Ten Years ago I was attacked with the most Intense and deathly pains in my back and

"Extending to the end of my toes and to 'Which made me delitious!

"From agony !!!! "It took three men to hold me on my lad t times !

"The Doctors tried in vain to relieve me but to no purpose. Morphine and other opiates!

"Had no effect ! "After two months I was given up to

When my wife heard a neighbor tell what Hop Bitters had done for her, she at once got and gave me some. The first dose eased my brain and seemed to go hunting through my system

for the pain. The second dose eased me so much that I stept two hours, something I had not done for two months. Before I had used five bottles, I was well and at work as hard as any man could, for over three weeks; but I warked too hard for me strength, and taking a hard cold, I was taken with the most acute and painful rheumati-mail through my system that ever was known. "I called the doctors again, and after several weeks they left me a cripple on crutches for life, as they said. I met a friend and told him my case, and he said Hop Bitters had cured him and would cure me. I poohed at him, but he was so earnest I was induced to use them again. In less than four weeks I threw away my

crutches and went to work lightly and kept or using the bitters for five weeks, until i became as well as any man living, and have been so for It has also cured my wife, who had been sick for years; and has kept her and my children well and healthy with from two to three bottles per year. There is no need to be sick at all if these butters are

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