ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square ne day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$250; our days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, 10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; ix menths, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten nes of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fahrs, Festivals, Balls lops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for

No advertisements inserted in Local Column a

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. "wice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-column Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Repect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged or as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate

of cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till fortiski,' at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent,

ne dollar per square for each insertion. All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarerly, according to contract Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exseed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be ejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue of ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted not he Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMIN'GTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 24, '85,

EVENING EDITION.

HOUSE-HOLD SANITATION. The Sanitary Monitor is the name of a monthly journal published at Richmond, Va., by Dr. J. F. Winn, devoted to individual, family and public health. The first number is before us. It is quarto size of fourteen pages, terms \$1 a year. The most important article in the initial number is the annual address of Dr. Robert J. Hicks, before the Medical Society of Virginia in September, 1884. The theme is "Hygiene, in Relation to the Private Family." The subject is discussed with the scientific thoroughness which marks the professional papers of Dr. Hicks. The theme is most important and because it concerns every householder in the land. The STAR has many times from the unprofessional standing-point assayed to enforce the necessity of sanitaand cleanliness in the household. There are at least one hundred deaths annually in the city of Wilmington that need not to have occurred. Thorough sanitation and proper observance of hygienic laws would have saved them from sickness and death. The most important business of a wise and advanced Legislature is to provide for the public health. When the commercial value of one man is considered. aside from any humane interest, the duty of the legislator is apparent, There is a beginning in North Carolina in the agitation of questions concerning the health of the people, but as yet it is but a beginning. People are so ignorant, so careless, so thoughtless that they neglect the simplest laws of health and meet more than half way grim death with

his all-sweeping scythe. A strong appeal is made to the women of the land. To them mainly depends whether there shall be health in the household. So says the learned Dr. Richardson, and so thinks Dr. Hicks and all enlightened physicians. Dr. Hicks, referring to public legislation, shows what it can do where its powers are limited. He says:

"Public legislation, while every way desirable, can do little else than establish general laws of quarantine against the great plagues, enforce vaccination, guarantee the supply and purity of the matter, and see by wholesome inspection that the supply of water is sufficient in quantity and pure in quality, which involves the great question of drainage. But it cannot enter the private house, except in a very general way; it can-not reform the domestic habits, regulate the private policing, or enforce purity in the private wells. On these principles, after all, mainly rests the health of the family. The nation is but an aggregation of individuals. As is the individual, so is the nation, in this respect as in others. Toulon and Marseilles are to day paying the penalty of the filth of their inhabitants."

He says that even consumption is a largely preventable disease. He says that only twenty-six per cent, of deaths by this fell disease is traceable to hereditary influences. He says seventy-four per cent. are

charged to damp air, insufficient food, poverty and filth. We quote:

"It is an admitted fact, abundantly proved by statistics, "that dampness of soil is an important cause of tuberculosis, to the population living on that soil, and that the mprovement produced by draining the subsoil, in lessening the amount of con-sumption is marked.' Are we not individually responsible for the drainage of our

Just here, we may add, that there s abundant evidence, as we believe. to establish the fact that tens of thousands of cases of genuine consumption (phthisis pulmonalis) are curable. It can be cured often, if properly treated, as other cases are cured. Dr. Hicks says:

"I would like to impress upon the public the great fact that tubercle is not a new formation, dependent upon hereditary taint. It is merely an alteration of normal nutrition; a degraded and degenerated tissue, frequently resulting from neglect of trivial complaints in connection with a disregard of ordinary sanitation."

He says again:

"In consumption it is the weakened utritive system that is inherited, just as it is the weakened will and the craving appe-tite for alcohol that is inherited by the drunkard.

'This tendency of medical men to consider more closely the conditions of disease promises the greatest possible benefit to mankind.'

But we cannot follow the lecturer farther. The whole discussion is intelligent and timely. We are glad to add that Dr. Hicks is a native of Granville county, N. C., and until a few years ago practiced in the county of his nativity. He now resides in Fauquier county, Va. Virginia in former years sent some of its best physicians to North Carolina as in the cases of Professors W. T. Howard and Otis F. Manson. North Carolina is glad to be able to return such favors.

ROACH AND THE DOLPHIN.

John Roach may come out better than we at first thought. It seems that the Dolphin was constructed under the supervision of the Advi sory Board of the Navy Department and according to its plans. Roach insists that he is not responsible for the failure of the vessel as he worked according to the model and under orders. The Board gave him the design to work by and it certified as to its completeness. As far as Roach's responsibility is concerned, if his statement is sustained by facts, he is relieved of the suspicion of any premeditated design to construct and palm off an unseaworthy craft. But what of the Advisory Board? What should be done with such a miserable set of incompetents? If Roach is really a skilled ship builder what did he think of the design given him, and while working it out did he believe it would be successful? He must have been satisfied or as an honest and efficient constructor he would have protested against the plan and been saved the mortification of a failure.

The able Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Whitney, has referred the matter to Attorney General Garland. The New York Times says of his

"He is unwilling to allow the people's money to be thrown away in paying for a vessel that may be almost worthless—defective in speed, structural strength, power, and details of construction, and unfitted for use in the kind of service for which she was designed—but he apparently fears that the part played by the Advisory Board in planning her and supervising the builder's work will force the Department to take her and make the best of a bad bargain."

The plagiarizing college essayist for 188 is, alas! a young woman from Spencer, N Y.. who took the Hall prize at Elmira College with an essay on "The Future of the Western Man," which was taken almost bodily from a Century paper by Charles Dudley Warner.—Phil. Record.

Pilfering on commencement occasions is no new thing. Parading one's self in borrowed plumes is as old, we may suppose, as college celebrations. We once heard a Senior at the University speak as his own composition some excellent selections from George Gilfillan's literary essays. We heard another Senior, in the same class, deliver a composition we saw the late Maj. Seaton Gales write for him. We know that persons are often applied to for help, and years ago the writer made a good fee by writing a debate for a student in a certain Southern college. One page of crude original matter is far better than a ream of pirated literature. This is aside from the moral question involved.

A very clever writer, Maurice Thompson, lives in the North but was born in the South. He may be like Cable, only a Yankee living among Southern people. But we do not speak advisedly and will do him no injustice. He is a man of superior gifts and has written several novels that have attracted attention in the reading North. His stories are "A Tallahassee Girl," "His Second Campaign," and "At Love's Extremes." The Baltimore American begins its notice of the last named by saying:

"There is no more graceful writer in the

wer he turns out a piece of literary work it is always complete, each sentence is polished and every chapter is thoroughly

The scene is laid in the mountains of Alabama. Mr. Thompson has also published a book on "Archery and we believe, some years ago, published a volume of stories and sketches of Indiana life.

The appropriation made by Mississippi for educational purposes is considerably larger than it is in any other Southern State. It is \$803,875, or :63 of one per cent. on the taxable property. North Carolina comes next, unless Virginia leads, the report of which we have not at hand, with \$722,153, or .35 of one per cent. of the total taxable property. Alabama realizes \$570,000 or .30 of one per cent.; South Carolina \$389,211, or .25 of one per cent., while Georgia the boasted Empire State, raises but \$483,633, or .15 of one per cent. North Carolina levies more than double the tax that Georgia does, whilst Mississippi is four times heavier.

THE PERIODICALS.

Lippincott's Magazine for July presents its readers with the following bill of fare: On this Side, a story, vii., by F. C. Baylor; A Temperance Pilgrimage, by Henry Frederick Keddell; "Mees," a story. by Charles Dunning: The Next Vacation, by Alice Wellington Rollins; The Pioneers of the Southwest, two papers, I, by Edward Kirke; Dieu Dispose, a story, by Nathan Clifford Brown; Joseph J. Mickley, by J. Bunting; The White-Whalers, by C. F. Holder. Aurora, by Mary Agnes Tickner, is concluded in this issue. A number of short stories, poems and articles of interest upon current topics also appear. 25 cents per copy; \$3.00 per annum. J. B. Lip-

pincott Company, publishers. The Atlantic Monthly for July has the following contents: The New Portfolio, by Oliver Wendell Holmes; The Singular Case of Jesburun Barker, by John Wilkinson The Two Elizabeths, by John Greenleaf Whittier; Childhood in Mediæval Art, by Horace E. Scudder: The Prophet of the Great Smoky Mountains, by Charles Egbert Craddock; Bacchus, by Frank Dempster | would not cheerfully contribute this Sherman; A Mexican Vacation Week, by Sylvester Baxter; A Country Gentleman, by M. O. W. Oliphant; Tempted, by Andrew Hedbrook; A Bit of Bird-Life, by Gliver Thorne Miller; China Speaks for Herself, Daniel De Foe and Thomas Shepard, by Edward Everett Hale; On Horseback, by Charles Dudley Warner; Southwestern Kansas Seen with Eastern Eyes, by M. H. Leonard; Garibaldi's Ideas, by W. L. Alden; Roses, by Nora Perry; England, Russia and India; Two English Men of Letters; Paradise Found; A Chat in the Saddle; Francisque Sarcey: The Contributors' Club Books of the Month. Houghton, Mifflin & Co., publishers, Boston; price \$4 a year.

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- If any rule as to these people is to be established, it would be fairer and better that every postmaster in this section should prima facie be held to be an offensive partisan, and that the burden of proof should be placed, upon him to purge himself satisfactorily. - Macon (Ga. Telegraph, Dem. The common and very just rule of assuming every man to be innocent until he is proved to be guilty, may quite likely be properly applied to Federal officials in the North, where it is held that the Republican party has been guided by an enlightened civil policy. But the case is very different here. The Federal officials in the South were appointed under circumstances that should cause every one of them to be suspected; they were appointed as enemies of our people and institutions, and for the infamons purpose of organizing the negroes against the whites and corrupt. ly influencing our elections, the salaries, perquisites and stealings of the Federal offices being their compensation for this despicable service. The guilty ones may be counted by the hundred; the very fact of their holding office is prima facie evidence of their offensive partisanism and corruption, prima facie evidence that can only be removed by clear and indisputable testimony to the contrary. Not only the Postmaster General, but every member of the Administion should adopt this rule of judging these people, viz: that every offi-cial is guilty until he proves his innocence. - New Orleans States, Dem.

--- Salisbury is the very exponent and exemplar of British aristocracy. His family name is Gascoyne Cecil, and in it is represented the bluest strain of Norman blood in all England. In religious tendencies he rather affects the Exeter Hall school, which is very much interested in the heathen, and favors the propagation of the Gospel among the Jews. Lord Salisbury is extremely passionate in his temper and rather illiberal to others, and straightlaced withal. How he will get on with Sir Henry Wolfe and Baron Worms in the Cabinet-both shrewd men of business and Israelites-is rather a puzzle to understand. - Augusta, (Ga.) Chronicle Dem.

Gladstone in the Commons.

From a Sketch by Mr. T. P. O'Connor. He is the very genius of the place: his presence or absence makes all the difference whether Parliament is infinitely interesting or absurdly dull. The chief reason of this is because he is so frankly human. There is not an emotion of the sensitive and weak human heart of which he is not the ready victim; attack enrages, praise delights, trouble worries, disaster grieves him. Through all the country than Mr. Thompson. The word elegance fitly describes his style, and when gamut of human feeling he passes in dollar.

a single night; and he has a temperament that brings the expression of every emotion without a second's de-lay to his face. This changeable and infinite play of passion is a drama which is carried on nightly in the House of Commons before the general and the public eye; it is a mighty and potent personality displaying befor the whole attentively gazing world the "nudity of his soul." * * Every deduction from Mr. Gladstone's character still leaves him supreme eminence as England's greatest member of Parliament.

THE DISTRIBUTION.

Phil. Record, Ind. A searcher for a foreign consulate from Illinois gives the New York Sun a geograpical list of the diplomatic and consular appointments of Cleveland's administration thus far. New York stands, as the Empire State, at the head of the list, thus: Turkey, Minister Cox......\$10,000 Chili, Minister Roberts...... 10,000 Hayti, Minister Thompson..... 5,000 Second Secretary of Paris Legation

Ottawa (Can.) Consular Agent Hotchkiss..... Bremen, Consul Loening...... Dundee, Consul Wood..... Bellville (Can.) Consul Strong..... Chili, Secretary of Legation Seibert Tien-Tsin, Interpreter Bertrand ... St. John's (Can.) Consul Bertrand . 1,500

Total.....\$47,264 Ohio comes next: Germany, Minister Pendleton ... \$17,700 Frankfort, Consul General Mueller 3.000 Amoy, Consul General Crowell.... 3,500 Honolulu, Consul General Putnam 3,000 Birmingham, Consul Hughes..... 2,500

Total.....\$29,700 How We Reduce the Debt.

Country Gentleman.

Night and day, every day in the year, we are lessening the debt \$100 a minute. This is about the rate at which the United States Government is paying off its indebtedness, and is hardly one third as fast during several previous years. But \$100 a minute amounts to only \$42,560,000 annually, or scarcely 75 cents, during a whole year, for each of the inhabitants of our great country. The most of it, however, is paid by the wealthy, who do not feel it, and by a tax upon a few articles of luxury. But, were it equally divided, there are few who small amount (75 cents) for the sake of sustaining the splendid reputation our country enjoys throughout the world as a prompt, honest, debt-paying people.

Save Your Eyes.

Chicago Current. No man has a right to read on a moving vehicle if his injured eyesight may be transmitted to his posterity. The harm done to some people's eyes by the common practice of reading in the street cars is almost beyond belief. The rapid increase in the number of children wearing spectacles in the public schools is a matter for immediate scientific inquiry. The usefulness of a citizen depends largely on accuracy of vision, and the relations between the eyes and the brain are the most mysterious phenomena of human life." A man should see all there is to see, but he does not often do so.

Timber Used-Plant Trees. In the United States some 150,000 miles of railroad track are now laid. and this rests on 369,000,000 ties, the product of 3,960,000,000 acres, an area larger than the States of Connecticut and Rhode Island. Thirty years are required to grow trees of suitable size, and the average life of a tie is seven years; therefore 16,971,-420 acres of growing forest are needed to supply the annual demands of the roads that now exist. This forest area is larger than New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts.

Times Improving. Phil. Evening Star.

Talk and think as we may, there is not a particle of doubt of the fact that the business aspect of the country is daily becoming more encouraging. If the signs of recovery are not specially marked, things are none the less discernable to those who give them consideration. The times are improving.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

It is becoming too common for "mushroom" institutions, designated colleges, to confer degrees of every kind on undeserving men, and the management of the University has seen fit to call a halt. The "mushroom" colleges will still go on in the business, we suppose. Rutherford College makes it a point every year to distri-bute degrees of D. D. and LL. D. broadcast throughout the land, often on men who in no wise deserve them. Literary fitness or ability does not seem to be considered at all. Popularity alone entitles a man to the bestowal of a degree of doctor of divinity or law. Social position, wealth and influence are paramount to the intrinsic worth of a man and the qualifications that entitle him to a degree .- Concord

Young man if you are acquiring knowledge only to escape work, lay aside your books and turn to some honest trade, make yourself esteemed and honored for the rea worth in you than for the mere outward polish of the person. Let parents imbue the proper view of life into their children, and make them useful citizens instead of educated drones in the world. Get an education young men if you can, but do not let it cause you to turn from the plow handles. Educate yourselves to be farmers, and when the race of life has been run, let it be said of you, "we miss him, he was useful," than, "one more pest out of the way." Leave a name honored by your fellow men, revered by those to whom it is handed down .- Carthage Gazette.

The Silver Coinage.

The great question is as to what shall be done with the standard silver dollars, which are accumulating more rapidly than the public seem to have any use for them. It should be remembered by Congressmen and all others that each of these standard dollars will buy a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters, and that this prince of iron tonics will right most wrongs of the physical system. Any good druggist will give you a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters for a standard silver

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

FOREIGN.

Formal Change in the English Ministry-The Adams-Coleridge Marriage-The Chief Justice Refused to be Present-Fatal Powder Mill Explosion at Lucca, Italy-Cholera Reports from Spain-An English Official Arrested by Russians. (By Cable to the Morning Star. !

LONDON, June 24. - The Gladstone Min istry went to Windsor Castle to-day, and formally delivered up the seals of office. Soon after the members of the new Ministry, formed by the Marquis of Salisbury, arrived and went through the ceremony of accepting office from the Queen and receiv-ing the seals, and making acts of obelsance by kissing the hand of Her Majesty. Great crowds of people were assembled at the railroad depot upon the arrival of the train bearing the new Ministry. The Marquis of Salisbury and Sir Stafford Northcote were loudly cheered, Sir Stafford to an especial degree. Lord Randolph Churchill, on the contrary, was received with mingled cheers and groans.

London, June 24.-Charles Warren Ad ams and Mildred Coleridge, daughter of the Lord Chief Justice of England, were married to day. A maternal uncle was the officiating clergyman. The marriage was private. Lord Coleridge was asked by his daughter to attend her wedding. He refused, and in consequence of this refusal no other member of the family of Lord Coleridge was invited. Invitations were however, issued to and accepted by all of the members of the family of the late Lady Coleridge, and all were present at the wed-

ROME, June 24.—A terrible explosion oc curred to day in the powder mill at Lucca. A number of people were at work at the time, and vary few escaped death or serious injury. The bodies of twelve killed have already been recovered.

MADRID, June 24.—There were 355 new cases of cholera in the infected districts of

Spain, on Monday, and 346 deaths. In the Cortes, yesterday, it was an nounced that the practice of inoculation with cholera microbe would be allowed to be continued as an experiment, a favorable report having been made upon the sub-

BOMBAY, June 24.-Rumors are in circulation here that the arrest by the Russians of the clerk of the British consul at Reshid, Persia, while the bearer of a note from the consul to the Russian commander at Sarakha, was a deliberately designed and carefully planned affair on the part of the Russians. The arrest excites indignation in certain quarters.

MICHIGAN.

Enraged Elephant on a Rampage-He Cleans Out an Audience of Eight Thousand People-Five Builets Shot Into his Hide-No Patalities.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. LAPEER, June 24.- During the performance of a circus here, the large elephant became infuriated and turned upon the eight thousand persons who were assembled under the canvas. He tore up the seats, smashed the furniture, and made havoc generally. Women fainted, children screamed, boys climbed trees, and a general stampede followed. The enraged elephant after cleaning out the canvas made a break for the woods near by, and mired himself in a swamp. After much difficulty he was extricated, but five bullets were shot into his hide to tame him. Amid the panic numbers of limbs were broken and much property was lost and damaged. There were no fatalities.

WASHINGTON.

Proposed Plan for Collecting Commercial and Industrial Data in Certain

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, June 24 -Col. Switzler, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department, has determined to devote his first report on internal commerce to the commercial, industrial and transportation interests of the States east of the Ohio river and south of the Potomac, namely, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mis-sissippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Ken-

information desired. CONNECTICUT.

tucky; and in a short time will set in mo-

tion, under the act of Congress, the ma-

chinery for the purpose of collecting the

Suicide of a Carriage Manufacturer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.1 NEW HAVEN, June 24.-Carnile B. Demorest, of the firm of A. F. & C. B. Demorest, manufacturers of pleasure carriages, with warerooms in New York, and manufactory in this city, killed himself this morning while laboring under a temporary fit of insanity.

Gen. Grant is reported better to-day.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK, Smithville, N. C.

THIS HOTEL WILL BE OPEN FOR THE REception of Guests on the 18TH OF MAY, 1885. The Manager will endeavor to maintain the high reputation of this Hotel, and respectfully

Rates-\$40 per month, \$10 per week; \$2 50 per day. Special rates made for the Month or Sea-HOTEL BRUNSWICK, Smithville, N. Carolina

solicits the patronage of the public.

KAINIT

300 Tons

GERMAN KAINIT.

FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES.

WORTH & WORTH.

Beeswax

HONEY, WHORTLEBERRIES, EARLY FRUITS, and Country Produce generally, are sold on small commissions by JOHN R MARSHALL, General Commission Merchant, No. 24 North Water Street

Retail dealers will do well to give him a call.

Consignments from farmers and village mer chants respectfully solicited. my 24 DaWtf

Hard Times.

VES, TIMES ARE HARD, AND IN ORDER TO YES, TIMES ARE HARD, AND IN ORDER TO practice economy you must buy good goods, such as we profess to keep, and an inspection will prove it. Cooking Stoves the best, Farmer Girl for instance. Refrigerators, Freezers, Fly Fans, and another lot of beautiful Library Lamps just in.

W. H. ALDERMAN & CO., 25 Market Street.

Royal Glue.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, CARTER'S Little Nerve Pills, Carter's Iron Pills, Ham-lin's Wizard Oil, Gregory's Dyspeptic Mixture, and a full assortment of other Patent Medicines

OMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, June 24, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted quiet at 331 cents per gallon, but sales were reported later of 300 casks at 334 cents, an advance of 1c on last re-

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at 90 cents for Strained and at 95 cents for Good Strained, with sales as offered. TAR .- The market was quoted firm at \$1 10 per bbl of 280 fbs, with sales at quo-

CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market firm with sales reported at \$1 10 for Hard and \$1 90 for Virgin and Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted firm, with no sales reported. The follow-

Ordinary..... 8 cents 捉 1b Good Ordinary..... 91 "Low Middling..... 9 15-16 " Middling......101 Good Middling.....10 7-16

ing were the official quotations:

PEANUTS-Market quiet, with sales as follows: Extra Prime 44@47 cents; Fancy 51@55 cents; and Extra Fancy 58@60 cents per bushel of 22 fbs.

RICE-Market steady and unchanged. We quote: Rough: Upland \$1 00@1 10; Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common 41@41 cents; Fair 41@51 cents; Good 51 @5# cents; Prime 5#@6 cents; Choice 61@ 61 cents per pound.

TIMBER-The market continues steady and unchanged, with sales as follows; Prime and Extra Shipping, first class heart, \$9 00@ 10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill, \$4 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton.... - bales Spirits Turpentine...... 240 casks Rosin..... 829 bbls Tar.....

Crude Turpentine..... DOMESTIC MARKETS

liv Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24, Noon.-Money quiet, heavy and easy at 1 per cent. Sterling exchange 485 and 486. State bonds neglected. Governments dull and firm. Commercial.

Cotton dull, with sales reported of 2,057 bales; middling uplands 10gc; middling Orleans 10ic. Futures easy, with sales at the following quotations: June 10.27: July 10.23c: August 10.33c: September 10.13c; October 9.93c; November 9.92c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat lower. Corn lower. Pork dull at \$11 25@11 50. Lard steady at \$6 821. Spirits turpentine dull at 361c. Rosin dull at \$1 171@1 20.

Freights firm. BALTIMORE, June 24.—Flour nominally steady and quiet at quotations: Howard street and western super \$3 00@3 50; extra \$3 60@4 25; family \$4 50@5 55; city mills super \$3 25@3 50; extra \$3 75@4 00 Rio brands \$4 90@5 10. Wheat—southern steady and quiet; western lower, closing dull; southern red 93@94c; do amber 97c@ \$1 00; No. 1 Maryland 98c asked; No. 2 western winter red on spot 931@932c. Corn-southern white easier; yellow firmer southern white 60@61c; do yellow 56@57c.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.)

LIVERPOOL, June 24, Noon.-Cotton dull, with prices generally in buyers' favor; middling uplands 5 11-16d; middling Or leans 52d; sales to day of 7,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export; receipts 13,000 bales, of which 5,100 were American. Futures barely steady; uplands, 1 m c, June and July delivery 5 40-64d; July and August (delivery 5 41-64@5 39-64d; August and September delivery 5 45-64@5 44-64d; September and October delivery 5 43-64@5 42-64d; November and December delivery 5 35-64d

December and January delivery 5 35-64d. Tenders of cotton 300 bales new docket. Sales of cotton to-day include 5,700 baies

Spirits turpentine 27s 9d. 4.00 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, June delivery 5 38-64d; June and July delivery 5 38-64d; July and August delivery 5 39-.64d, sellers' option; August and September delivery 5 43-64d, buyers' option; September and October delivery 5 43-64d, sellers' option; October and November de livery 5 36-64d; November and December delivery 5 34-64d; December and January delivery 534-64d; January and February

delivery 5 36-64d. Futures closed quiet. London, June 24, Noon.-Consols, money 99 9-16.

New York Naval Stores Market.

N. Y. Commercial Bulletin, June 23. Receipts to day, 2,799 bbls rosin and 30 do spirits turpentine. There is very little movement of round lots of spirits, and taken altogether, the market is looking tame, although prices on future deliveries have not varied to any great extent. A marked change is on spot goods, which have been reduced to 36%c, resulting in transactions covering about 100 bbls. The rosin market is quiet but generally steady.

Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, June 23.

The market continues quiet, but steady and unchanged. The sales for the day were only 30 barrels. The official quotations of the Board of Trade were as folows: Fair 5@5lc; Good 5l@5lc; Prime

Rough rice -Country lots 95c@\$1 00; tidewater \$1 10@1 35.

New York Peanut Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, June 23. Prices are held firmly; demands are moderate; quoted at 41@45c for best hand-picked and to 5c asked for some lots,

and 31@31c for farmers' grades. A CARD.-To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D. New York.

A Proclamation.

K NOW YE ALL THAT AT THIS SEASON OF
the year a cool head is desired by everybody.
Be it, therefore, proclaimed that H C. PREMPElti's, No. 7 South Front Street, is the place tp
get an No. 1 Hairqut, Shave and Shampoo All
in need of these commodities are respectfully
requested to call at old No. 7, where there are a
few more left, and the proprietor and first-class
and polite young men are always ready and willing to serve them. Respectfully,
my 31 tf
H. C. PREMPRET.

Stationery

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jy 27 D&Wiv toc or frm nrm jy 27 Listen to Your Wife. The Manchester Guardian, June 8th, 1883, 8978

"Windows" Looking on the woodland ways! With clumps of rhododendroms and great masses of May blossoms !!! There was an interesting group. It included one who had been a "Cotton

pinner," but was now so Paralyzed!!! That he could only bear to lie in a reclining position. This refers to my case.

I was Attacked twelve years ago with Locomoter Ataxy," (A paraly ic disease of nerve fibre rarely e ...

And for the last Five years not able to attend to my business, although Many things have been done for me, The last experiment being Nerve stretching Two years ago I was voted into the

Home for Incurables! Near Manchester May, 1882. I am no "Advocate"; "For anything in the shape of patent" Medicines And made many objections to my dear wife's constant urging to try Hop Bitters. but finally to pacify her-

Consented !

I had not quite finished the first hottle when I felt a change come over me. This was Saturday, November 3d. On Sunday morning I felt so strong I said to my room companions, "I was sure I could "Walk! So started across the floor and back -

all over the house. I am gaining strength each day, and can walk quite safe without any "Stick!" Or Support. am now at my own house, and hope soon to e able to earn my own living again. I have been member of the Manchester "Royal Exchange"
For nearly thirty years, and was most hear ily

I hardly knew how to contain myself I was

congratulated on going into the room on Thursday last. Very gratefully yours, JOHN BLACKBURY MANCHESTER, (Eng.), Dec. 24, 1883 I'wo years later am perfectly well.

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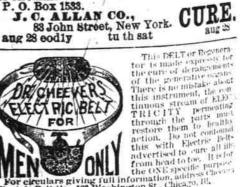
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