HER'S ANNOTHCEMENT. THE MOUNING STAR, the oldest daily news sper in North Carolina, is published daily, except onday, at \$7 00 per year, \$4 00 for six months, \$2 00 for three months, \$1.50 for two months; 75c. or one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to dy subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week or any period from one week to one year. THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday agraing at \$1 50 per year, \$1 00 for six months 56 ents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One source ne day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; our days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, 10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; ix months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten these of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls tops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per the for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Tvery other day, three fourths of daily rate.

Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only halfrates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate deents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till for tid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transien ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "Net divertisements" will be charged fifty per cen

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

All announcements and recommendations of condidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-erly, according to contract. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-eed their space or advertise any thing foreign to heir regular business without extra charge at ransient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue of ssues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted not the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his advicess.

## The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 1, 1885.

## EVENING EDITION.

OUR COLLEGES.

There is steady growth and improvement in North Carolina col leges. The University is preparing for higher and greater achievements. It has increased facilities, will have a larger faculty, has more and better buildings, is increasing in patronage and is altogether on the upward grade. With a strong faculty and an abundant apparatus it ought to be able to live without endowments or the inducements of free scholarships.

Davidson College is making changes in its faculty. Rev. Dr. Lefevre of Baltimore, the newly elected President will probably be able to give a fresh impulse to the institution, and to increase not only its claims upon its friends but to attract a large number of students. Other changes have been made in the faculty. The endowment is such as to give stability to the college and to make it subserve an important end for education in North Carolina and in fact for other States.

Trinity College, under the new order of things, promises a wider usefulness and a more efficient corps of teachers. The three generous and appreciative laymen who have come to its support, and for three years will keep it agoing, ought to be appreciated by the Methodists of the State, and the appreciation ought to be manifested by an endowment that shall be ample, and shall guarantee perpetuity and a broader sphere of labor. Coll

Wake Forget College is doing well It has a good endowment, ample and excellent buildings, a thoroughly large and growing denomination in the State, and is well patronized. It last commencemet the Trustees offered free tuition to the sons of all ministers of all denominations of

bristians in the State. The other smaller colleges are do-Cabarrus county; Yadkin College, have no doubt of it. Mr. Craddoc in Davidson, and Rutheford College. are all thriving, more or less.

The female colleges and seminaries are numerous and are generally well patronized. The Baptist and Methodist Colleges at Murfreesboro; the Methodist College at Littleton; the Baptist Seminary at Oxford; Peace Institute and St. Mary's at Raleigh; Greensboro Female College; the Baptist Female Seminary at Thomasville; Charlotte Female College; the school of Misses Nash and Kollock at Hillsboro; the College at Statesville; the Salem Academy-these and other leading schools are en-

portant sense the hope of the State. Wilmington has excellent female schools, but of these we will not write at length as they have been often noticed in our local columns.

The male schools of the State are well sustained and are doing a gracious work. The State is much blessed in having some of the best classical schools in the Union. From one end of the State to the other are to be found schools for boys that are deserving of the confidence and support of parents and guardians. While the boys since the war have not had as good a chance for higher education as the girls have had we hope there is a change for the better and that henceforth the young men will be as well educated as the young women of the State. North Carolina cannot afford to have her sons less informed and less thoroughly trained than are the girls. No Commonwealth can long flourish that is deprived of well educated men. Higher education is a necessity, and every parent who can do so, owes it to his sons to give them a liberal, and if possible, a more advanced education even.

We think it can be said with truth that each year witnesses a deeper interest in the progress and improvement of the schools of the State. The public are taking a profounder and more general interest in the closing exercises of both male and female institutions. The College Commencements are becoming the great attractions for mid-summer. The best speakers and writers in the State are found addressing the girls and the boys. People generally are becoming more appreciative of the importance of school education. The faithful teachers in the State are now valued at their worth, and they are at once respected and honored.

There is still room for growth and improvement. It ought to come to pass that a graduate of any North Carolina college or seminary o academy would be qualified not only for the practical duties of life, but for following some special calling, engineering, teaching or some other calling requiring aptitude and exact training. The standard of examinations should be made steadily higher, and the course of study should be thorough rather than all-wide. The general grade of scholarship should be elevated and graduating classes, should be the best advertisement a school could possibly have.

The STAR feels a genuine pride in the schools of the State. It believes they are an ornament and an honor to North Carolina. The middle-aged and the oldest citizens should take a decided interest in the growth and improvement of the public schools A well educated young woman or young man-educated in the best sense-educated morally and mentally,-should be greeted heartily upon being graduated as a genuine addition to the moral, intellectual and material forces of the State.

APPRECIATION ABBOAD.

There is one thing in which the Northern people are not hide-bound or selfish. They will read Southern books, buy and praise them. It is perhaps not too much to say that Southern writers of genius are more accurately and more highly appreciated in the educated North, and more particularly in its cultured cir cles, than they are in the South. This is so with every poet and novelist that the South has produced, unless we are to make an exception in Poe. Owing to the very caustic way in which he went for Northern and, particularly, New England writers, and especially Longfellow, Poe has capable faculty, is the pet of its not been as popular as he would have been in refined and scholarly Northern circles. After Europe began to has a bright future before it. At its give Poe great prominence and French and English critics wrote of him as the greatest American poet the South began to speak more confidently of his merits.

Probably "Uncle Remus" has real ing a work that is benefiting the ly more thorough appreciation in State. North Carolina College, in the North than in the South. We (Miss Murfree) finds her surest way to fame and money through Northern channels. We suspect that Sidney Lanier has ten real admirers in the North to one in the South, and Paul H. Hayne has possibly more readers of his volume of poems in New England than in any five Southern States. We suppose that "Christian Reid" and John Esten Cooke and others are much more indebted to the North than to North Carolina. the native State of the one, and to Virginia, the native State of the

We do not stop to consider why it gaged in a noble work and are is that the South fails to appreciate sending out educated girls who are its best writers. The fact remains in the years to come to be in an im- that the criticisms in the leading with the grip almost of despair.

Southern papers are much less cor dial, and, in the main, much less acute and just, than the criticisms in Northern papers and periodicals of the best class even when Southern authors are under consideration.

Sidney Lanier was a man of genuine genius. He reflected credit upon our country. His poems prose writings are warmly eulogized in the cultured centres in the North Able men, thinkers and scholars, are his heartiest admirers.

Unquestionably Harry Timrod was a true singer, a man of fine poetical genius. He has not been surpassed by but two or three of our Southern poets, if by so many. He has written some charming verse, and among them is his fresh, pastoral poem called "Katie." Not long ago the New Orleans States had a criticism upon it that was savage and unjust. It showed no sort of insight into the real merits of the delightful verse. Such criticism was unworthy of any provincial paper.

The Washington special to the New York Sun says that the Secretary of State, Mr. Bayard, is sure to leave the Cabinet. There is a reported lack of harmony between the President and his Secretary of State The Sun, Butler organ, says:

"The objections to Mr. Bayard are cumu-lative, and no degree of patience, leniency, or ingenious explanation, can conceal either the present drift or ultimate result. That result is that Mr. Bayard will presently leave

This looks emphatic enough, but the Washington correspondent of the Times, Mr. Charles Nordoff, an able, cautious writer, says that it is all lie, and that the President says "there is no truth whatever in this dispatch, so far as it asserts an alleged lack of harmony between himself and Mr Bayard." Secretary Whitney gives the Sun's report the lie direct, and Seretary Lamar mildly says "it is not true."

The Mormons are moving upon Mexico. They have two emissaries at work in the City of Mexico, and they are about to buy large tracts of land in the northern part of the country. A colony is already loca ted at Cruces not far from the Gulf of California. It is believed that the purpose is to build a city of refuge for polygamous Mormons. What the Mexican Government will do about it remains to be seen.

OUR TABLE.

THE ANGLER'S GUIDE BOOK AND TOUR-IST'S GAZETTEER of the fishing waters of the United States and Canada, 1885. Compiled and edited by William C. Harris, editor of the American Angler, New York. The American Angler Duodecimo 259 pages. A page and a quarter in all that is devoted to North Carolina,

WITHOUT A HOME, by E. P. Roe, with illustrations, by H. McVickar, New York, Dodd, Mead & Co., publishers. Paper, large octavo, 98 pages, price 25 cents. Mr. Roe has great popularity as a writer of novels. This particular novel has met with a large sale. No American author has so many readers.

A DISCIPLINED THUNDER-BOLT

Archibald Forbes Gives his Impres-

London Daily News. Were I called on to define Prince Frederick Charles in two words I should style him a disciplined thunderbolt. The first time I ever saw Prince Frederick Charles was on the afternoon of Mars la Tour. About noon on that bloody day Bazaine out there in front of the anberge of Gra-velette had bidden adieu to his master, the Emperor, and had ridden forward to the great plain on whose face lie the villages of Flavigny, Vionville, Mars la Tour and Rezonville, to find that the Prussians were standing athwart the plateau block-ing the outward march of his army toward Verdun; that, indeed, hours before Alvensleben had bidden Reinhaben commence the offensive with his Brandenburger horsemen. For five hours a desperate battle had been raging furiously. Adventleben had been indeed true to his duty. With his single army corps during those

dreadful hours of fighting and slaugh-ter he had been parring the progress of the whole French army. Five there mostly on the bare plain, had given pause to a hundred thousand Frenchmen, But at what a cost! Alvensleben's two divisions, Stulp-nagel's and Buddenbrock's had lost one-third of their strength. The ininfantry had been so pressed that he had been forced to adopt the expedient of hurling cavalry at the muzzles of the chassepot. From Bredow's gallant horsemen he had not asked too much. They had achieved their mission; they had pierced line after line of French infantry, and had sabred the gunners of the batteries be-hind, but they had ridden back into their position short by one-half of the strength with which they had commenced their heroic charge. The village of Flavigny was a shambles. its gutters running blood. The plain around it was strewn thick with dead and wounded. Well might Alvensleben, with anxious eyes, scan the verge of the plateau for reinforce-ments, for he was engaged up to the hilt—not a man stood in reserve. He

was holding on grimly, but it was

At the head of the ravine up which the road winds from Gorze down in the valley on to Flaviery up there on the plateau, I lay among he brushwood watching the jurid scene. Suddenly behind me on the steep ascent of the road I heard the clatter of many troops. A calvacade was approaching at a hand gallop. Out to the front alone rode a square-shouldered chief in a red tunic, sitting its big bay with a firm, easy se His strong lined face was intent, yet calm; he spoke over his shoulder to the man riding on his back . It was Prince Frederick Charles, at the head of his staff, who had ridden up from Pont-a-Mousson, following his own maxim of moving direct upon the cannon thunder. Out on to the bare plateau he rode, among the whistling bullets and the bursting shells, and as if by instinct galloved straight for the knoll behind Flavigny, where Alvensleben stood in the fire surrounded by what remained of his staff. It was strange, but, as if by the advent of this one man, the face of the battle magically changed. Broken troops fell into order and began to push forward. The batteries massed and concentrated their fire on points where it told. Reinforcements he had ordered as he had ridden forward came burrying on to the plateau and joined in the fight, cheering as they deployed and opened fire. Le Bouf had been pressing down from the northward, and threatening Avensleben's flank: but now Kraatz Koschlan's battalions were available to confront him, and when they had been too severely punished to maintain their position a headlong cavalry charge crumpled up the head of Le Bouf's attack. The sun went down on a field retried for the Germans by the cool

of a cavalry division in line, and then the wearied soldiers were able to take up their bivouacs. I saw the Prince that night ride into Gorze, where his quarters were for the night. The little place was pandemonium. Only in the centre of the narrow street was there a clear thoroughfare. Along the house fronts were ranged a double row of wounded men, lying there on the rugged pavement. The blaze of krankentrager moved about, shed a lurid light on a scene of singular yet awful picturesqueness. As the Prince rode along the poor wounded fellows recognized their chief, and a feeble cheer ran along the lines of the maimed. The stern soldier was moved, To right and to left he threw his words of kindly commiseration and encouragement. He told his "kinder" that the day had been won by the Prussian arms, and bade them be of good cheer for they had

skilful generalship of Prince Fred-erick Charles. In the twilight he

swept his front clear by the charge

CURRENT COMMENT.

done their duty as good soldiers of

the Fatherland.

--- Mr. Randall is said to have written an article on the tariff which is to appear in the first number of a new magazine to be called Dixie. It is supposed that all doubt as to his position on the tariff question will be removed by the article. People are anxious to know whether Mr. Randall has really changed his views or only the terms which he uses to express or conceal them. - Savannah News, Dem.

- Says the Wilmington (N. C.) STAR: "Brooklyn has but one church building to every 2,624 inhabitants, and yet is called the City of Churches. Wilmington has probably twenty-five or thirty church buildings to 20,000 inhabitants." We had always thought that the title "City of Churches" was originally conferred upon Brooklyn because it had no theatres, public halls or places of amusement, its people being thus condemned to choose between crossing the East River to New, York, or going to the churches, the only accessible public resorts for intellectual gratification .- Phil. Record.

--- The Richmond Dispatch cannot improve its position by saying that "the worst of enemies, or any rate the poorest of friends, is the man who expresses sympathy for you at the same time that he sides with your enemy and admits that you are in the wrong," and that "such a friend Virginia has found in the News and Courier." There is no question of friendship or enmity in this business. The sole consideration, from the standpoint of the States generally, is whether Virginia has not wronged herself and every State in the Union by furnishing the Supreme Court of the United States a reason, or pretext, for the farreaching decision in the Bond cases. Public dishonesty, as we are constrained to call it, exposed Virginia to the clutch of the Supreme Court. It was her own act. Virginia suffers, and other States are threatened, because the Legislature of the "Old Dominion" undertook to impair the obligation of the contract with the holders of tax-receivable coupons of State bonds .- Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

Origin of to Praribus Univident

Representative J. Randolph Tucker, the intimate friend of Carfield, relates that the latter once asked him if he knew where the national motto, "E Plaribus Unum," came from, Tucker admitted that he did not. "Well," said Garfield, "it comes from a description in Horace of the preparation of a Roman salad;" and he turned to it. There, surely enough, was the list of ingredients, and the remark that the result was 'e pl uribus unum."

- Neal Dow would in all probability never have been so opposed to liquor if he had not inadvertantly run up against some of the Maine brand.—Boston Post.

THE LATEST NEWS. PROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WASHINGTON

Appointments by the President and Attorney General. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington, July 1.—The President ade the following appointments to day: Wm. W. Rockhill, of Maryland, to be

Charles Denby, Jr., of Indiana to be econd Secretary of Legation of the United States to China. The President also appointed Mattle K Chismon, to be postmaster at Hampton

The Attorney General has made the following appointments in the Department of Justice, to fill vacancies caused by removal: Frank Strong, of the District of Columbia, to be general agent, at a compensation of

\$10 a day; Leigh Chalmers of Texas, and J. Monroe Heskill, of Maryland, to be examiners at \$8.s day; D. A. Fisher, of Ohio, to be examiner, at \$6 a day; Edward W. Watson, of Mississippi, and

H. J. May, of Indiana, to be assistant at-

torneys, at \$3,000 per annum;

Benjamin Wilson, of West Virginia Lewis Cocheron, of New Jersey, and T. P. Dewes, of Penn., to be assistant attorneys, at \$2,500 per annum; Felix Brannigan, of New York, to b assistant attorney, at \$2,000 per annum.

These appointments took effect to-day. FOREIGN.

Member of Parliament on the Irish Measures-The Cholera in Spain-Honors to Archbishop of Bublin-The English Turf.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LONDON, July 1.-Lord Arthur William Hill, member of Parliament for Down, Ireland, and Comptroller, in an election peech, referred to the recently proposed bill for the renewal of the crimes act, and said such measures were in his opinion needless, as the ordinary laws were sufficiently ample for the government of Ireland. The present land act, he said, was a failure. He would support the land purchase bill which the Liberal Government had proposed.

MADRID, July 1 .- The returns for Tuesday from the cholera districts of Spain are as follows-new cases 1,155, deaths 442. DUBLIN, July 1 .- Rev. Dr. Walsh, re-

cently appointed by the Pope Archbishop of Dublin, has been summoned to come to be consecrated. This summons is regarded as a signal mark of honor. LONDON, July 1. - At the Newcastle and

Joseforth Park summer meeting, to day, the race for the Northumberland plate of .000 sovereigns was won by R. Craig's (formerly J. R. Keene's) five year-old chestnut horse Blue Grass; C. J. Anson's threerear old bay colt hambledon second; K. Jardin's five year-old brown horse Greenback third. There were seven starters.

NEW YORK.

The New Collector and Naval Officer Enter Upon their Duties.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, July 1.-Collector Robertson this morning delivered to the new col-lector, Mr. Hedden, the key and books of the custom house. There were only a few depaties and heads of department present when the ceremony was performed. For the next hour the new collector was busy wearing in his deputies according to law. All of the old deputies will be retained for

Mr. Robertson will remain in the custom house for a day or two until his successor becomes acquainted with the duties attached to his office. He will then resume

Silas W. Burt, the new naval officer, was at his post this morning. There will be no change in the personnel of his office for the

Mr. Bettie, the new surveyor, had not put in an appearance up to noon.

ARIZONA.

Engagement Between the Apaches and Lt. Davis' Force-Reports of the Losses on Each Side. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOMBSTONE, July 1 .- A. J. Hancke, a miner, brought news yesterday from the frontier of an engagement between the Indians and whites last Thursday, thirty miles southeast of the frontier, in which it is reported thirty six Indians and sixteen Americans were killed, and several wound ed. To day further information is received from San Bernardino, through Thomas Crocker, whose ranch is situated on the trail from Fort Bowie to Sonora. He reports an engagement between the entire force under Lt. Davis and the Apaches. Fifteen Indians were killed and fifteen to twenty taken prisoners. The loss to the whites is not stated.

VIRGINIA.

Tobacco Factory in Liberty Destroyed

By Telegraph to the Merning Star. LYNCHBURG, July 1.—The large brick obacco factory of Mathews & Wright, at Liberty, and a frame factory adjoining, were destroyed with their contents by fire last night. Loss \$35,000.

Colored Democrat Buried with Honors. Norfolk Landmark.

Harry Pritchard, a well known and respectable colored Democrat of Berkley, who died on Friday morn ing, aged 70 years, was buried yesterday with marked honors by the white Democracy. The funeral sermon was preached yesterday from his late residence at 3 o'clock p. m., by the Rev. Samuel Jones, colored, assisted by the Rev. Stephen Barrett. Mr. Charles Gibbs was the conductor of the service. The undertaker was Mr. John T. West. The following well known sterling white Democrats acted as pall-bearers: Messrs. N. M. Sykes, John Mergan, P. Pritchard, M. C. Keeling George Stell Thomas Williams. On account of voting the Democratic ticket the deceased had for years been persecuted and ostracised by his race, but he was always well defended and cared for by the Democrats, and in his last sickness he was tenderly ministered to.

Semething to be Happy About. When a man is only a little better, he looks up and is more cheerful than he was. Mr. John W. Williams, of White Rock Arkansas, had long been an invalid and sufferer. He now writes: "I have been much pleased with Brown's Iron Bitters and now believe that I am perfectly well. No physician could have secured a better result than that in his practice. To be had of any respectable druggist.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Inman. Station D. New York.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, July 1, 4 P.M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 341 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 150 casks at that

ROSIN-The market was quoted steady at 90 cents for Strained and at 95 cents for Good Strained, with sales as offered. TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 10 per bld of 280 fbs., with sales at

quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market firm, with sales reported at \$1 10 for Hard and \$1 90 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

COTTON-The market was quoted firm, with no sales reported. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary..... 81 Good Ordinary..... 91 Low Middling..... 9 15-16 Middling......101 Good Middling.....10 7-16

PEANUTS-Market quiet, with sales as follows: Extra Prime, 44@47 cents; Fancy 51@55 cents, and Extra Fancy 58@ 60 cents per bushel of 22 lbs.

RICE.-Market steady and unchanged We quote: Rough: Upland \$1 00@ 10; Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common 41@41 cents; Fair 42@51 cents; Good 5#@5# cents; Prime 5#@6 cents; Choice 61@61 cents per lb.

TIMBER.—The market continues steady and unchanged, with sales as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, first class heart, \$9 00@ 10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill, \$4 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

ECHEIPTS.

Cotton.... Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin.... Tar..... Crude Turpentine...... 131 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.1 Financial.

NEW YORK, July 1, Noon.-Money quiet, irregular and easy at 1 per cent. Stering exchange 4842 and 4854. State bonds neglected. Governments dull and steady. Commercial.

Cotton steady, with sales reported of 995 bales; middling uplands 104c; middling Orleans 10%c. Futures barely steady, with sales at the following quotations: 10.37c: August 10.45c: 10.27c; October 9.97c; November 9.88c; December 9.88c. Flour dull and easy. Wheat higher. Corn better. Pork dull at \$11 00@11 50. Lard firm at \$6 75. Spirits turpentine steady at 364c. Rosin steady at \$1 20@1 221. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, July 1 .- Flour easy and dull at quotations: Howard street and western super \$3 00@3 50; extra \$3 60 @4 25; family \$4 50@5 20; city mills super \$3 25@3 50; extra \$3 75@4 00; Rio brands \$4 90@5 10. Wheat - southern firm; western higher; southern red, new \$1 10@1 20; southern amber 97c@\$1 00; No. 1 Maryland 97tc bid; No. 2 western winter red on spot 931@931c fresh. Corn -southern higher; western firmer; southern white 67@68c; do yellow 56@57c.

POREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, July 1, Noon.-Cotton dull without quotable change; middling uplands 5 11-16d; middling Orleans 52d sales to day of 7,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 400 bales, all of which were American. Futures quiet and somewhat inactive; uplands, 1 m c, July delivery 5 41-64d; July and August delivery 5 41-64@5 40-64d August and September delivery 5 45-64d September and October delivery 5 45-64d

November and December delivery 5 37-64d. Tenders of cotton 36,700 bales new and 300 old docket.

4.00 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, July delivery 5 40-64d, buyers' option; July and August delivery 5 40-64d, buyers' option; August and September delivery 5 45-64d, buyers' option; September and October delivery 5 46-64d, sellers' option; October and November delivery 5 39-64d, value; November and December delivery 5 37-64d, sellers' option; December and January de-livery 5 37-64d, sellers' option. Futures

Bales of cotton to-day include 5,300 bales

LONDON, July 1, Noon.-Consols, money 99 5-16; 4 p. m. 99§.

New York Rice Market.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce, June 30. RICE-There is a fair degree of activity at strong prices. The following are the quotations: Carolina and Louisiana, com mon to fair, 41@51c; good to prime 51 @6c; choice 61@61c; fancy head 61@7c Rangoon 44@44c, duty paid, and 24@24c in bond; Patna 42@5c; Java 58@\$c.

Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, June 30. RICE-The market was quiet, steady and unchanged. The sales for the day were 51 barrels. The official quotations of the Board of Trade were as follows: Fair 5@ 51c; Good 51@51c; Prime 51@51c, Rough rice—Country lots 95c@1 00; tidewater \$1 10@1 35.

New York Peanut Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, June 30. A firm market noted under fair demands quoted at 41@5c for best hand picked and 31@4c for farmers grades.

POLITICAL POINTS.

- It might be in the interest of civil service reform to reform the Civil Service Commission. - Galveston News.

- If Gov. Hoadly could be induced to make the race for Governor in Ohio again with the understanding that success in carrying the Legislature would return Allen G. Thurman to the United States Senate, the State might be easily carried .- N. Y. World, Dem. olda o

- The politicians are dissatisfied, but as far as heard from the business men of New York are well pleased with the ap-pointments made by President Cleveland in that city. If the Administration can continue to please the masses it can do without the admiration of the bosses. -Phil. Re-

- Prince Louis Napoleon starts n a few days on a tour of the world, going first to Japan and Australia ...

Wip's in the Bud." Sad to say, many a good thing attains to nothing more than a fair beginning. On the other hand, it is a matter for congratu-lation that the growth of some evil things

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters

ANSWERED. The question has probably been asked thousands of times. "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe 180% Physicians recognize Iron as the best restorative leading shemical firm will substantiate the assertion deading shemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any collections that there are more preparations of iron than of any collective that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. However, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactors from combination had ever been found BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does headsche, or produce constitution—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS medicines do. DROWN STRUMBITTERS cures Indigestion, Billionsness, Weakness, Dyspepsin, Malarin, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain in the Tired Feeling, tremerate Deprinty, rain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralside, January and Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralside, Side, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears the effect is usually more rapid and marked up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness lar, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron jurious, Physicians and Druggists recommend it.

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when I felt a change come over me. This was Saturday, November 3d. On Sunday morning I felt so strong I said to my room companions, "I was sure I could So started across the foor and back. I hardly knew how to contain myself for

l over the house. I am gaining strength such lay, and can walk quite safe without any Or Support. I am now at my own house, and hope soon to be able to earn my own living again. I have been a member of the Manchester "Royal Exchange"

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