ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square me day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 30; four days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; iz months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten the of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Rops, Pio-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ags, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No advertisements inserted in Local Column at

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate. An extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate coents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to compy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published. Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. Amusement, Auction and Official advertiseme

one dollar per square for each insertion. All announcements and recommendations of pandidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged at

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at

transient rates. Remilitances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be ejected if the real name of the author is withheld. Advertisers should always specify the issue or sense they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 17, 1885.

EVENING EDITION

A STRONG CONTRAST.

This is the year 1885. The war between the States ended in 1865; more than twenty years ago. Were Grant and Garfield representative men of the North, or are Sherman, Foraker, Blaine and Logan? None of these were of a high moral and official type, but two at least knew that the "cruel war was over." It is very certain that the great popular heart of the North is much nearer to Grant and Garfield than to the unworthy quartette named. It is known that Sherman and Blaine are very corrupt men. But our purpose is not to classify or characterize. We wish to place the utterances of Grant and Garfield in opposition to those of Sherman and Foraker. The graves of the murdered President and the here of the North sends forth this pleading voice for peace and reconcilation:

"Grant: I have witnessed since my sickness just what I wished to see ever since the war—harmony and good feeling "Garfield: The man who attempts to

get up a political excitement in this country on the old sectional issue will find himself without a party and without support."

These men fought in the war and both were Generals. Now hear the brayings of the two Ohio bloodyshirt shriekers who never fired a gun in the war, and twenty years after the flags are furled and the dead are buried and the "bruised arms are hung up for monuments" are found "crying havoe" and are for turning loose again the fierce dogs of war:

"John Sherman: To-day the Republican party is faced by a solid South, in which the negro is deprived, substantially, of all his political rights by open violence or by frauds as mean as any that have been committed by penitiary convicts, and as openly

and boldly done as any highway robbery.

"Foraker: By fraud, by violence, by murder, by assassination, by bull-whips and shot guns, the white leaders and Ku Klux clans, by agencies of the most unscru-pulous and diabolical character, by horrible barbarism, such as was practiced at Coushatta and Hamburg, in the murder of the Chisholms, in the massacre at Danville, and in the assassination of Print Matthews in Copiah county, Mississippi, a system of terror was inaugurated and practiced for the last ten years preceding the election, by reason of which the colored Republicans of the South were wholly deprived of all practical benefit of their right of suffrage."

Now the absurdity of such things is easily seen when it is ascertained that the increase of the Republican vote was greater in the South in 1884 than it was in the North. Take Virginia. The Republican vote was some 40,000 greater in 1884 than it was in 1880.

Foraker made a charge as to Chatham county, Georgia. It was that there were 12,000 voters, 5,000 whites and 7,000 blacks, and that there was but one polling place in the county. His aim was to show how the negroes were cheated and prevented from voting. The Savannah News replies to this reckless

which was not true in any particular. We showed that instead of being 12,000 voters there were only 6,000 entitled to vote, because only that number had qualified. We also stated that of the 6,000 fully 4,000 were white voters and only 2,000 blacks. We further stated that instead of being only one ballot box there were four, all located at the court house, and that these four boxes afforded every voter an opportunity

But let intelligent men and well meaning men contrast the utterances of Grant and Garfield with those of Sherman and Foraker.

PIGURES AND FACTS CONCERNING THE FORESTS.

Mr. R. W. Best, of North Caro-

lina, is in Washington connected with the Forestry Department. He has recently published a map that is intended to give at a glance the divisions of all States and Territories as to the distribution of forests, improved lands, &c. He shows that superficial area of the United States is, outside of the District of Columbia and the Indian Territory, 1,856,-108,800 acres. There are 445,000,-000 acres in forest, 285,000,000 acres of improved land, and 1,126, 000,000 acres of unimproved and waste land. At the present rate the forest is disappearing the timber cannot be expected to last longer than twenty or twenty-five years. The trees are disappearing at the rate of 25,000,000 acres every year. Land owners will do well to note that fact. In 1885, the forest product was eighteen thousand million feet board measure, but in 1884 it has grown to twenty-eight thousand million feet. It is estimated that Michigan alone in this year will produce 35,000,000,000 feet of white pine lumber. The report says that the estimated amount cut into lumber in Michigan in 1884 was 5,100,-000,000 feet, board measure, which is about one sixth of the whole amount cut in the United States for

official figures. For some years it has been urging this matter upon Glasgow 26.5, Birmingham 19.9, Belthe attention of its rerders. The fast 35.5, Edinburgh 18.3, Paris 20.4, waste-the slaughtering of the forests of North Carolina during the last hundred years has been something astonishing to behold. While Europe is busy in trying to correct the great evils that have grown out of the cutting down of the forests by planting millions of trees, in the United States the slaughtering has gone on with a blindness and stupidity

that is wonderful. The STAR has in many editorials essayed to teach some important lessons concerning forestry. It has shown by the most incontestable evidence drawn from many countries that the wide destruction of the forests affected seriously the climate, turned productive and rich sections into barren wastes, and superinduced sickness. It has urged upon all men the duty and importance of planting trees every year. It has shown how profitable this is, and it has insisted that it was foolish if not criminal to wantonly destroy the forests. It has urged upon North Carolinians not to fool away their wooded lands for a trifling price, and especially to keep the more valuable trees as they will soon or late become much more profitable. The Norfolk Landmark mentions an interesting feature in connection with the Father of his country.

"In Europe this subject has been studied for generations; and the greatest man the world has ever seen, George Washington, found time over a hundred years ago, amid the cares which oppressed him, to direct his manager at Mount Vernon to plant the seeds of locusts and other trees to provide timber for his plantations to replace that consumed. His example should be fol-

IN OHIO.

The Republicans in Ohio are playing a game that may prove a boomerang. The temperance candidate for Governor is Rev. Dr. A. B. Leonard, of the Methodist Church. He has been accused of drinking to some extent both beer and whiskey. The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette has sent the parson a challenge. It offers to prove all its charges before three Methodist Bishops, and winds up as follows:

"Failing to make good our side of the case we agree to pay such fine as the court may assess, not exceeding \$500, to be applied to whatever charity the court shall we do not care to lower ourselves to the vulgar level of Dr. Leonard. We might call him a liar 20 times a day, but that would only humiliate ourselves, as it would any gentleman, but we propose to meet him before three Bishops of his own church and show that his character is below the level that the code of herein low the level that the code of honor in good society demands."

To this the parson replies that the recent Conference said "there was nothing against him" and refused to disapprove of his course in turning politician. He says the challenge sent him is only a case of whistling in a grave yard to keep its courage

tend to arouse the Methodists and make them rally the stronger to the Prohibition standard irrespective of party. A Methodist layman is reported in the Cincinnati Evening

Post as saying: "The Commercial Gazette is attempting a bluff game that will injure the Republican party more than it will embarrass Dr. Leonard. Every Methodist knows, and every other intelligent man ought to know, that the Bishops of the Methodist Church will not permit Mr. Halstead to use them as tools to injure Dr. Leonard or the Prohibition movement, notwithstanding they are as ardent Republicans as he is.

"The course of the Commercial Gazette is causing a good many Methodists to feel that the leaders of the Republican party in Ohio are willing even to divide the Church if by that means they can crush Dr. Leonard, and, by so doing, serve notice that such is to be the fate of every man who accepts the leadership of the Prohibition movement. The worst thing that could befall the Republican party in Ohio would be the success of the scheme proposed this morning. It would permanently alienate every Republican Methodist who will vote for Dr. Leonard."

If this little war between the Republicans and Prohibitionists shall continue until the election good may come to the Democrats, and Hoadly may be re-elected Governor.

Mortality statistics are full of in struction. Take the month of June. Burlington, Vermont showed 25.4 in the 1,000 inhabitants, while Lowell, Mass., showed but 12.6. Providence, Rhode Island, showed 15.8, which New Haven, Conn., reported 15.2. New York showed 24.2, Brooklyn 22.8, Albany 19.4, Syracase 9.4, Rochester 14.7 and Kingston but 7.4. Coming to New Jersey Paterson reports 21.0, while Philadelphia, Pa., shows 20.0. Wilmington, Del. was 14.8, Cincinnati, Ohio, but 13.6, Detroit, Mich., 15.6, Chicago, Ill. 16.8, St. Louis, Mo., 19.3, Milwaukee 16.3, San Francisco, Cal., 28.0, St. Paul, Minn., 9.1, Baltimore, Md., 18.2. Richmond, Va., 29.8, Mobile, Ala., 27.9, Lynchburg, Va., 26.2, Savannah, Ga., 24.9, New Orleans 29.3. For three months, ending The STAR is pleased to get these | with June, the great city of London showed but 19.2, Liverpool 23.5, Berlin 26.3. Of course in other seasons the figures would be somewhat

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- If John S. Wise thinks that he can gain votes by abusing the people of Virginia, he will find out to his cost that he is mistaken. Hear what he says of the famous Danville riot. The report is from a staff correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch: "I say it was a murder gotten up for political purposes, and before the Senate Committee I proved it." He characterized it as "the disgraceful slaughter of almost helpless men, and the same scoundrels who did it telegraphed you on election day that they were standing in their doors with their shot guns to protect their families. A baser lie-a bloodier murder-was never perpetrated in Virginia. Yet it happened in a community that was fit to perpetrate it. If I were Governor of Virginia and there was a repetition of these thing, I would take the troops and go there and clean them out." Can any Virginian, native or adopted, read such language and then support such a man? The people of Danville are not different from those of other parts of Virginia, and Wise's slander of them is in effect a slander of the whole people of the State, except, of course, the angelic (?) Republicans.—Norfolk

- If there ever was an Administration that put a larger number of notorious characters into office in six months than the present one has, history has forgotten all about it .--Phil. Press, Rep. Oh, no; History has not forgotten, nor ever will forget, how the Fraud Hayes paid with public offices and public plunder every one of the "notorious characters" who helped him to steal the Presidency of the United States.-N. Y. World, Dem.

-- The President returns to Washington to resume his duties, not the least of which is that of listening to the arguments of Mugwumps who insist that Republican office-holders must continue to hold the fort. The President has allowed much of his time to be wasted in attending to the complaints of these people, and it is to be hoped that he will waste no more. Those who are covered by the Tenure-of-Office act, and who cannot be disturbed except for cause without violating the law. must and should be retained; but where there is no conclusive reason for retaining a Republican in office every last one of them should walk out and do it, too, without squealing

Henry A. Wise and His Son John.

Springfield Republican. The Virginia campaign is giving rise to the usual contribution of anecdotes. Candidate Fitz Lee tells a story to the effect that when Gen. Henry A. Wise, the father of the Republican candidate, was retreating to Appomattox, a colonel, seeing the General utterly exhausted and in danger of being taken by the Union forces, secured him a horse, and in the evening went to headquarters to get it back. Gen. Wise sat on a stump, holding the bridle, and upon

gone, and perhaps he will never come back again; but, to tell the truth Johnny was born in the wrong place, and I'll be blanked if he don't get to the wrong place every time you give him half a chance."

THE FRAUDS IN INDIANA.

N. Y. Times, Rep.

The story of the Township Trustee frauds in Indiana, the whole of which is not yet told, shows that in some of the counties of that State the moral sense is a plant that is dying for lack of cultivation. In these days, when fraud and embezzlement are generally discovered without much delay, and the news is promptly circulated by the telegraph and press, there is nothing surprising in the announcement that a County Treasurer here or a town officer there has been false to his trust. Two or three such affairs in one State, made known on the same day, would not attract much attention outside of the towns or counties directly affected. But this is a more serious matter. It is shown, within two or three days of the original discovery, that there are no less than twenty-five counties in Indiana in which Trustees have issued fraudulent orders. From day to day new names are added to the gloomy colony of thieves in Canada. No one knows when the last of these frauds will be reached or how much money has been secured. At one time the sum was estimated at \$750,000.

These Township Trustees were picked men. In some respects their positions and duties resembled those of the Selectmen in New England. They were required to take charge of educational affairs in their respective townships. Naturally they were regarded in their townships as leading citizens, intelligent, active and trustworthy.

THE SOLEMN TRUTH.

New York Sun.

As at present constituted, the United States Civil Service Commission contains not less than three members who are incompetent to execute the law as it stands.

It contains at least two members against whom there are grave and unanswered charges affecting their personal character.

It contains at least one member who is unable to write a letter in grammatical English.

It contains at least one memher who cannot add up a small column of figures with accuracy, but who is perfectly ready to swear to his results and to draw money from the United States Treasury on the strength of his mistaken ciphering.

It contains at least one offensive partisan of the most offensive sort It contains at least one member whose arrogance and offensive personal manners render him unfit to represent the Government in any capacity whatever. It contains one bore, one bully and boor, one ponderous prig and fully three nincom-

Handle the Scissors with Care.

Cleveland (O.) Iron Trade Review. The practice of writing editorials with the scissors occasionally puts some of our contemporaries into ludicrous positions. Here, for instance, is that strong advocate of Protection, the Chicago Journal of Commerce, reproducing as original editorial, word for word, a recent article in the Philadelphia Record (Free-Trade Tariff Reform), on Southern iron manufacture, with never a suspicion that it is thus putting an argument into the mouths of the very men it has been so vigorously combatting. It is well to be discriminating in all things-especially in the manipulation of the sciesors.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

It does not become me, nor your paper to give any estimate of General Grant's ser vices or character. It was not strange that so imposing a demonstration was made and there was so hearty and profound a grief throughout the whole land, and especially throughout the North. I could not but recall a day in May, 1863, when the body of our great hero, Stonewall Jackson, was brought to Richmond. Little chance was there then for the display of sorrow. But how the few men who were not at the front, how the women and children wept! What intensity and agony of grief! No smile, no critical survey, no suggestion— every face indexed the heart, every step showed the sorrow-and in almost tumultuous grief the people saw their idol borne to his long rest. Nor could I help think-ing of the thrill of anguish that pulsed through the whole South when peacefully and after so brief an illness the calm and heroic leader of the Army of Northern Virginia, whose surrender to Gen. Grant practically closed the war, laid down the burden of life. I was sincerely glad that Gen. Grant lived long enough—and his own example had much to do with it-to see passions assuaged, animosities soothed and the wounds of civil war healed,—Rev. W. S. Lacy in N. C. Presbyterian.

There is no denying the fact that their action has caused much dissatisfaction throughout the State, and if the editors and newspaper correspondents of the State had not criticised the action of the trustees, or in some way have stirred them up to an explanation, detriment to the interests of the University would have been realized. We are not an enemy to the University-on the contrary, we are one of its best friends. and approve and endorse its faculty and its plans for future operations; but such changes as have recently been made and such new departures from established cus-toms as that concerned in Professor Phillips' appointment, need to be explained whenever they occur; and whenever we discover that a failure on the part of the trustees, whether through inadvertence or otherwise, has the effect to harm the institution, we shall not fail to speak, both for the gratification of public clamer and the welfare of the University.

- Either the New York Herald or Mr. Randall is very much tangled on the tariff question. It is possible that Mr. Randall desires tariff revision for the puratatement and says:

"Our effort was to correct the impression which Judge Foraker sought to create, and which Judge Foraker sought to create, and which Judge Foraker sought to create, and in a grave yard to keep its courage up. This is the present status of the quarrel. It is believed that the ataway; God only knows where he has away; God only

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLDS

FOREIGN.

Free Fight in a Parisian Meeting between Royalists, Radicals and Communists-Incendiary Utterances of a Leading Irish Newspaper. (By Cable to the Morning Star.)

Paris, September 17 .- A Royalist elecoral meeting was held in the Winter Circus building last night. Many Radicals and Communists forced an entrance and disturbed the proceedings, and a free fight ensued, in which sticks were freely used Many persons were injured. The police, who were in large force outside, refrained from entering the building. The meeting dispersed at 11 o'clock.

DUBLIN, September 17.-The United Ireland, to-day, commenting on Mr. Chamberlain's recent speech, says: 'Twenty-seven Invincibles murdered government officials, attacked judges and jurors, and held this great city and State chattering with terror, until the band was finally broken up because some of its members failed to remember their oath of refusal to open their lips, when, if they had kept their mouths sealed, the Castle star-chamber inquiry would have merely involved a week in prison. Similar organizations would be started in every city, town and village throughout Ireland, if Mr. Chamberlain's argument of Irish weakness is pushed to extremities." The paper then discusses the probable result of England following the policy indicated in Mr. Chamberlain's speeches, and says that "such a course would probably result in a French army landing at Limerick simultaneously with an Irish conflagration in all the principal cities in England, and well planned attacks on various palaces and banks in London.

WASHINGTON.

Resignation of Surgeon-General Hamilton-A Scramble for the Vacant Po-

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 17 .- Dr. J. B. Hamilton has tendered his resignation as Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital service, to take effect November 1st, but is willing to remain in the service with the rank of surgeon. It is expected that he will be stationed at Chicago. Surgeon Storey, Chief of the Purveying and Quarantine Division, is mentioned as Dr. Hamilton's successor; although a strong fight i being made for the office by Vice President Hendricks, in the interest of Dr. Matthews, of Louisville, Ky., and by ex Senator Mo Donald and Wm. H. English, of Indiana in the interest of Dr. Walling, of Indian apolis. Dr. Hamilton was promoted to the office of Surgeon General in 1879, and has held it ever since.

CALIFORNIA.

Plan of the Sugar Refiners to Keep the Eastern Article Out of the Mar-

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AN FRANCISCO Sent 17 -At a join meeting of representatives of the California and American sugar refiners, it was decided to advance the price of sugar two cents per pound. Later another meeting was held, at which it was considered ad visable to advance the price only 11 cents.

A third meeting decided to fix the advance at only one cent over New York prices. It is thought this will be sufficient to keep all eastern sugar out of this market.

The Detroit Base Ball Club yesterday bought the franchise of the Buffalo Club

POLITICAL POINTS.

- If anything mean has happened at Washington during the summer the Democratic administration will have no trouble in proving an alibi.-Bradford

-- "I know that the Republicans in Maine intend to run Blaine for Governor of that State at the next election," said a down East Democrat to a local gossiper, "for it will give him the opportunity he desires-to get back again into active poli tics."- Wash. Special in the Cincinnati En quirer, Dem.

-- One sweetly solemn thought comes to us o'er and o'er and o'er and o'er and o'er and o'er and o'er andore andor &or. That is, that the war is over, long years ago, but there are a great many more men fighting in a great many more battles and a heap sight bloodier ones than ever fought or were fought from 1861 to 1865.—Bur dette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Scenes in Slam.

In Siam they cut the tails of the cats so as to leave each tail an inch long. Then they dye the animals a bright yellow, which makes them look very gay. The ten-inch lizards of Siam crawl on the ceilings and eat flies and mosquitoes. Siamese Princes ot royal blood wear less clothes than a New York street arab. The doctors in Siam prescribe such queer things as crushed spiders. pieces of reptiles, ground serpents, bones, scrapings of the horns of wild goats, stags and rhinoceroses and the scales of fishes and insects. How much better to tell their patients to take Brown's Iron Bitters and be

New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



At 3 o'clock P. M.		
FULF STREAM Saturday,	Sept.	12
BENEFACTOR Thursday,	Sept.	17
REGULATORSaturday,	Sept.	19
FULF STREAM	Sept.	26
FROM WILMINGTON.		
ULF STREAMFriday,	Sept.	18
BENEFACTOR Wednesday,	Sept.	23
REGULATOR Saturday	Sept.	82
FULF STREAM Friday	Oct.	2
Through Bills Lading and Lower Rates guaranteed to and from points and South Carolina.	st Throi	igh rth

t or Passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Theo. G. Eger, Freight Agent, New York. W. P. Clyde & Co., General Agents,

35 Broadway, New York It Is a Fact,

THAT WE ARE SELLING JUST AS GOOD Goods for as little money as any house in this city or State. Fall stocks of Stoves are coming on. We are putting down Wells almost every day. To satisfy yourself make a personal examination of our stock. Your trade is solicited. W. H. ALDERMAN & CO., Roofers and Metal Workers, Se 10 tf

Tar Heel Liniment, LOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE. Ely's Cream Balm and Wel-De-Meyer's Catarrh Cure. Also, a complete stock of Patent Medicines, Drugs, &c., at

&c., at F. C. MILLER'S, Corner Fourth and Nun Sts.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 17, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted dull at 301 cents per gallon, with no sales reported.

ROSIN-The market was quoted steady at 85 cents for Strained and at 874 cents for Good Strained, with no sales reported.

TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 35 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quo

CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market steady at \$1 .60 for Soft and \$1 10 for Hard, with sales at quotations.

COTTON-The market was quoted firm, with sales reported of 200 bales on private terms, and 50 bales on a basis of 91 cents per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary Good Ordinary..... 81 Low Middling..... 8 13-16 Middling...... 918 Good Middling..... 9 5-16 RICE.-Market steady and unchanged.

We quote: Rough: Upland \$1 00@ @1 10; Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common 41@41 cts.; Fair 41@51 cents; Good 51051 cents; Prime 5106 cents; Choice 61@61 cents per 1b.

TIMBER-Market quiet, with sales as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, firstclass heart, \$9 00@10 00 per M feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6,50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill, \$4 00 @5 00; Inferior to Ordinary \$3 00@4 00.

IN BUBILLY.			
e-manus			
Cotton	478	bales	
Spirits Turpentine	78	casks	
Rosin	814	bbla	
Tar	189	bbls	
Crude Turpentine	95	bbls	
		the same of the same of	

DOMESTIC MARKETS

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17, Noon.-Money uiet, steady and easy at 1 per cent. Sterling exchange 4831 and 4851. State bonds neglected. Governments dull and firm.

Cotton steady, with sales reported of 920 bales; middling uplands 10 1-16c; middling Orleans 10 3-16c. Futures dull; sales at the following quotations: September 9.62c; October 9.50c; November 9.49c: December 9.54c; January 9.68c; February 9.74c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat opened #@1c lower and later recovered from the decline. Corn a shade better. Pork steady at \$10 00@10 25. Lard dull at \$6 421. Spirits turpentine steady at 331c. Rosin \$1 02@1 10. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 17. — Flour steady and quiet. Wheat—southern steady; western higher and inactive; southern red 90@ 93c; southern amber 95@97c; No. 1 Mary land 93@93ic; No. 2 western winter red on spot 871@871c. Corn—southern scarce and firm; western firmer and active; southern white 54@55c; yellow 52@53c.

POREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, Sept. 17, Noon.-Cotton

firm, with fair demand; middling uplands 5 7-16d; middling Orleans 51d; sales of 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 3,000 bales, of which 2,900 were American. Futures firm and quiet; uplands, 1 m c, September deivery 5 25-64d; September and October delivery 5 22-64d; October and November delivery 5 19-64d; December and January delivery 5 19-64d; January and February delivery 5 21-64d; March and April deliv-

4 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, September delivery 5 25-64d, sellers' option; September and October delivery 5 22-64d, sellers' option; October and November delivery 5 19-64d, value; November and December delivery 5 18-64d, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 19-64d, sellers' option; January and February delivery 5 26-64d, sellers' option; February and March delivery 5 23-64d, buyers' option; March and April delivery 5 26-64d, sellers' option; April and May delivery 5 29-64d, sellers' option. Futures closed firm and

Sales of cotton to-day include 2,900 bales London, September 15, Noon.—Consols

Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, Sept. 16.

The market is very quiet. The demand is very slow, and business is light. Prices continue barely steady. The sales for the day were only 16 barrels. The official quotations of the Board of Trade were as follows: Fair 44@5c; Good 5@51c; Prime 51 Rough rice-Country lots 95c@\$1 00;

tidewater \$1 10@1 35.

New York Rice Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Sept. 16. A fairly active demand prevails for both domestic and foreign grades. Assortments are limited, and prices are held firm, par-ticularly for the choice styles. Quotations are: Carolina and Louisiana, common to fair, 4½@5½c; good to prime 5½@6c; choice 6½@6½c; fancy head 6½@7c; Rangoon 4½@4½c duty paid, and 2½@2½c in bond; Patna 4½@5c; Java 5½@5½c.

CARLTON HOUSE, Warsaw, Duplin County, N. C.

ON LINE OF WILMINGTON AND WELDON

Table always well supplied with the best the country affords. Rates of Board very reasons H. J. CARLTON,

The Biblical Recorder PUBLISHED BY

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RALEIGH, N. C. REV. C. T. BAILEY, Editor. REV. C. S. FARRISS,) Associates. CHAS. L. SMITH,

Organ of North Carolina Baptists In its 44th Year.

EVERY BAPTIST SHOULD TAKE IT As an Advertising Medium Unsurpassed. Only \$2.60 Per Year.

BIBLICAL RECORDER, Raleigh, N. C

The New Scarborough House, No. 104 N. Water St.,

Is now run under New Management, and is now in First Class Style in every respect. It is without a doubt the place to get the BEST MEAL FOR 25 CENTS that can be furnished in the city. Give me a call and be convinced.

Respectfully,
au 5 tf W. E. BLACK. Proprietor.

Indigestion Cured!

I suffered for more than five years with indizestion, scarcely able to retain the simplest food on my stomach. The burning sensation was all most intolerable, and my whole system was a ranged. I was wakeful and could not sleep and consequently more or less nervous all the time I declined in flesh, and suffered all the usual de pression attendant upon this terrible disease. a word, I was miserable. At last, failing to find relief in anything else, I commenced the use of Swift's Specific. I began to improve at once The medicine toned up the stomach, strengthened the digestive organs, and soon all that bur ning ceased, and I could retain food without difficulty. Now my health is good, and can est anything in the shape of food, and digest it with out the slightest difficulty. I most cheerfully bear this testimony, because there are hundred. suffering as I was, and I am sure they can be as readily healed. Take the prescribed dose after eating, instead of before.

Free from Malaria

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