ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square me day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; our days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, 10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; ix months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten tines of solid Nonpareli type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Rops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ugs, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per ine for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate.
Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-column r triple-column advertisements. Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged sor as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate to cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued 'till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transient ates for time actually published.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertise one dollar per square for each insertion. All announcements and recommendations of

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or stranger-with preper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at translent rates.

Remiltances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the rick of the publisher. Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be ejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or sues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted n the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his advices.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMIN'GTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 14, 1885

EVENING EDITION,

THE VIRGINIA OUTLOOK.

Gen. Mahone is the best party organizer in Virginia. This is his reputation, and in it consist his strength and danger. The Lynchburg Advance, edited by a shrewd politician, of the 12th inst., says of his calcula-

"That he has some hope of success there can be no doubt. It is stated, for instance, hat he claims 6,000 majority for Wise in the second, or Norfolk district, and 8,000 in the fourth or Petersburg district. It is said, also, that he claims 3,500 majority in the ninth, or Abingdon district, which would give Wise an aggregate majority of 17,500 in the State, to be overcome by the seven other conceded Democratic districts. If Gen. Mahone is correct in his estimates, of course the vote of the State will be as close as it was in the Presidential election of last year, and Fitz Lee's majority will

But Maj. Glass, the editor referred to, does not accept this calculation as correct. He thinks the people are fully aroused and that a sweeping victory awaits the Democrats in November. He places Lee's majority at 20,000. All the speculations as to the result we have noticed in Democratic papers are favorable, and if victory does not crown the efforts of the Democrats there will be widespread disappointment throughout

It is to be noticed that there is a change in the reports. Two weeks ago Democratic papers were saying that Mahone had no hopes of electing the State ticket and was fighting merely to capture the Legislature and secure his own election-and a fat office for Wise. But now the most sagacious of Virginia editors says that Mahone has some hope of success. We are well satisfied in our own mind that Virginia is safe and that Gen. Lee will be elected by some 10,000 majority. Mahone is spending his money with a free hand and he has other help in the same

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND

REPUBLICAN ORGANS. Attorney General Garland is still the victim of unmanly and mean thrusts at the hands of Republican editors. The Philadelphia Press is an organ. It is rarely ever fair. It can find nothing in a Democrat that pleases it. Is it not singular that people should attach any importance to the opinion of any paper of this kind-of either party-that is rankly partisan, and goes to work, not to find and tell the truth, but to pervert facts, slander character and make party capital. An organ's opinion is really of no value. It is generally paid to say what it says, and hence the truth is lost sight of completely. Here is what the Press said of Attorney General Garland and the telephone suit:

"Attorney General Garland will sell his telephone stock at present prices. The attempt to work up a bull movement by suing the other company has petered out."

In view of the letter of the Attorney General and his full explanation of the matter at issue, such a reflec.

tion as that is incomparably infamous and base. Other Republican organs are engaged in this dirty work of personal defamation. Mr. Garland has had nothing to do with the bringing of the suit against the Bell Telephone Company. Mr. Garland owns considerable stock in the Pan-Electric Company, and hence the attempt to make it appear that he connived at a suit against the Bell Company because it would be to his personal advantage.

Mr. John Goode, Solicitor General, is alone responsible for the action of the Department of Justice. Mr. Garland not only did not have anything whatever to do with the bringing of the suit, but did not know that it was to be brought. But says the Philadelphia American, another Republican organ that can never find anything to approve in a Democratic Administration, but condemns and

"It may be that it was thought con venient to cover Mr. Garland's connection by a second evasion, not unlike the first. There may have been no more than an understanding that the suit would be brought if an application were made, and that it had better be made when Mr. Garland was taking his vacation. In a word, the defence does not meet the case. Mr. Garland owes to the public, and especially to those who have thought well of him-in which number we wish to be reck oned-a much ampler and more explicit denial than this. if he can make one."

Mr. Garland emphatically denies that he has had anything whatever to do with the suit, and he says squarely that he had no knowledge that it was to be brought until he earned of the fact by telegraph. Among those who know him this will be sufficient. He has character, and his statement will be believed among all honorable men of all par-

UNFORTUNATE LEGISLATION.

The legislation in the States ought to be so judiciously and wisely done as to foster enterprises and invite capital. There has been a decided tendency in some of the States by repressive and discriminating laws to make capital timid or to exclude it altogether. It is not believed that this was the intention, but the result was the same as if it was. Legislation needs to be cautious lest on the one hand it is hostile to the capitalists, and on the other hand lest it fail to protect the interests of the people. In some of the States south of us capital has been driven out by unfriendly legislation. This is unfortunate, for it not only injures the prospects of States indulging such egislative experiments, but it also hurts their neighbors and gives Southern law-makers generally a name for hostility to foreign capital, to which they are not entitled and do not covet.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record has this to say of this unfriendly legislation:

"The South is greatly in need of capital to develop her vast resources, build new railroads and increase her banking capital, and yet, instead of offering every possible inducement to attract the favorable consideration of capitalists, her legislators, or at least many of them, apparently make it their special study to see what they can do to make capitalists suspicious of the South Certainly there can be no excuse for legislation of this character. It only serves to hinder the progress of the whole South, and to keep away millions of dollars that under other circumstances would be invested in that section. These laws not only do harm to the State which makes them, but to the whole South, as they cause capitalists and ousiness men generally to feel a degree of uncertainty regarding what might be done rext in the way of hostile legislation that prevents many investments which would

If the legislation of the States was more judicious than it is there would be more money brought to the South to be lent on real estate security. It is strange that when so many tens of millions of dollars are unemployed in the North that none of it finds its way into the South. It can be easily lent at 5 or 6 per cent with proper security, while it is going a begging at 1½ and 2 per cent in New York. How much the laws have to do with keeping the money out of North Carolina we can not say, but it is certain that the men who will lend money to farmers at 6 per cent will be doing them a great kindness.

We are sceptical as to the reported probable alliance between Parnel and the Liberals. As we said yesterday such an alliance would be natural in the light of English history. The Tories have always been the enemies of Ireland, whereas all that is beneficent and kindly and progressive in English treatment of Ireland has come from Whig or Liberal inspiration and advocacy. Of all the British leaders, past and present, Mr. Gladstone has shown himself the truest friend of Ireland. So in that sense it would be natural for the Home Rulers and Liberals to unite as against the Tories. The New York Times, something of a Tory advocate, takes this view of the report:

"The suspected alliance between Mr. Gladstone and Parnell is not impossible,

but it is very improbable. Parnell's ideas as announced, have been so irreconcilable with the principles cherished by the great Liberal leader that such a combination would be extremely difficult. Nor does there seem to be any ground of expediency on which it could be based. Parnell has been devoting all his energies to securing such a division of parties in the new Par liament as would leave to him the balance of power and make it impossible for either party to govern without him. He would not abandon that plan unless it were plain as now seems likely-that Mr. Gladstone could command a clear majority without his aid, and in that case there would be no inducement for Mr. Gladstone to make

Gov. Cameron finds another warm defender in Gen. V. D. Groner, of Norfolk, who is regarded as the leader of the Republicans in his section. He is profoundly amazed at the attack upon the Governor. He says there is bitter personal feeling between Cameron and Mahone, but the former is perfectly loyal to his party. He says Cameron condemns the plan of party organization that gives Mahone unlimited power and insists that a change should be made. In this Cameron is sustained by a great many other Republicans. Gen. Groner says of Mahone's power:

"He can appoint every district, county and precinct chairman in the State, and, therefore, can dictate who shall be the party nominees for every office, from Governor down to Overseers of the Poor in every county and magisterial district."

Rev. Dr. Arnold, the celebrated Master of Rugby and historian, in 1836, in a letter writes of 'Lynch' law." See letter to W. W. Hull March 17, 1836, in Stanley's "Life." So the origin of that law is not as published recently we take it. An account said it took its name from one Lynch in South Carolina. In one of Sir Walter Scott's letters written before 1816, he speaks of the hot water cure that is now so much resorted to and often with signal benefit. See Lockhart's "Life."

THE PERIODICALS.

The Art International for October 8th i splendid number of a popular household journal devoted to art. It strikes our inartistic eve that this is a most admirable weekly publication, and specially adapted to all studying decorative art, embroidery, &c. Price 15 cents a number, including two supplements. Published at 38 and 39 West 22d street, New York.

The Sanitary Monitor for October contains, among other papers, Inhumation and Cremation Compared, by J. E. Chancellor, M. D.; Prevention of Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever and other Infectious Disea-es, by J. H. Raymond; and Education of People in Sanitation Dr. J. F. Winn, editor, Richmond, Va. Yearly subscription \$1.

Babyhood for October, like previous numbers, is well adapted to the end in view-to furnish instruction for those having charge of infants and young children. Price 15 cents a number or \$1 50 a year.

Literary Life is the title of a well printed and well edited illustrated monthly magazine published at Chicago at \$1 per year. For this sum you get a volume containing some 350 octavo pages. It is a publication of some merit. We published yesterday an article from it by Joaquin Miller.

WILLIAM GILMORE SIMMS

His Last Days-The Closing Scene From Paul H. Hayne's "Anti-Bellum Charleston," in Southern Bivouac.

I could not but remark how aged he had become. Five years of "hope deferred" and of final despairing agony-for his whole heart had been with the South in her struggle for self-government and for constitutional right against the "banded world' -had done the work of half a lifetime. His hair was thinned and white, his beard grizzled, his fine forehead scored with wrinkles, and over the once fiery eyes a film rested as of unshed tears!

Simms, utterly impoverished and aboring only for the sake of his children, took a contract in New York in the autumn of 1868, for three romances, all to be worked at the same time!

"I got," he says, "advances of money on each of these books, and the sense of obligation pressing upon me I went rigidly to work, concentrating myself at the desk from the 20th of October 1868, to the 1st of July, 1869, nearly nine months, without walking a mile in a week, riding but twice, and absent from work but half a day on each of these occasions! The consequence was, I finished two of these books, but broke down upon the third, having written during that period three thousand pages of manuscript!"

Such a tour de force at his age and in his condition of health really killed him. Eleven months of continued physical suffering followed. Indigestion in its worst form, dyspepsia, catarrh, and finally dysentery, combined to sap his already en-

feebled frame. His patience and consideration for others were beautiful to see. All the old dominance of manner and hardness of tone had disappeared. All skepticism and doubt also, in reference to religious matters, seem to have melted forever in the glory of dawning immortality. His bosom friend, the Rev. James Miles (author of that remarkable work, "Philosophic Theology") stood by his death-bed and received his faltering but fervent confession of faith in the

mercy of the atoning Christ. At last the end came. On the af ternoon of June 11, 1870, his worn

closing upon his illustrious English brother, also just summoned to his award, had sunk into the mystic

His nature was cast in a large, lib-eral mold. Virtues and defects

were alike conspicuous. Too often for safety or prudence he wore his vizor up, and, like Coeur Da Leon in "Sherwood" forest, invited many a treacherous shaft from ambuscade! But such enemies were badly worsted. He struck with the logical battle-ax a downright blow, and your small caitiff generally succumbs to that style of rgument.

Simms was, indeed, a typical Southernor of the ante-bellum period, a period which not a few persons now a-days, calling themselves South ern men, are in the habit of despising, depreciating, or referring to with "bated breath" as the epoch of "darkness and Egyptian bondage,"

Yes, a virile and upright spirit constitutionally incapable of fraud or meanness, and chastened, at last, into pathetic gentleness, a man greatthan his works produced as they had been, under circumstances of peculiar trials, but which nevertheless, it may be predicted, "NON OMNEM MORITURAM !"

WE SIMPLY LET THEM ALONE.

Norfolk Landmark.

Some of the Mahone people com plain that they are ostracised. W understand that Mr. Wise is eloquent on this point, and if half we hear is correct the men who have proved themselves political Ishmaelites on this theme grow lachrimose when they discuss it. But what right have they to complain? They have allied themselves to the worst elements, white and black, in the Commonwealth. They have filled the air with ribald abuse of the best and purest men among us. They have been violently aggressive from the beginning of their career, and have ridden rough shod over every sentiment of decency, and every right of the citizen which they could trample down. They have inflamed negroes against whites; and have solemnly charged the Democracy of the State with being "murderers and assassins." In their political walk and conversation they are not men to excite affection, command confidence, or win respect; and they have received just what they have earned. But the outcry which they make is entirely in keeping with their characters. They expect to denounce the Democracy, to wrong individuals, to outrage public sensibility, and then to be received as if they were equal in morals and delicacy, and patriotism with the men who have been true to the fame and interests of Virginia through good and ill re-port! * * * They have planted themselves, through Gen. Mahone and Mr. Wise on the ground that service in the Confederate army disqualified men for service in the army or navy; and they have, through Mr. Wise, called for the repeal of the Thurman amendment, which, for the first time, since the war, gave Southern white men a fair show before

juries in Federal Courts. They have ruled us by a legislative caucus under the control of one man, They have attempted to give us the infamous Commissioners Bill; and, in short have attacked us in our personal and in our public rights. All this has been done in a vindictive temper. Friends were to be rewarded and enemies punished; and the State was deluged with a torrent of abuse of all who dare oppose the one

After offenses, of which we have barely given a hint, the authors of the iniquities we have mentioned complain of the narrow and proscriptive spirit of the white Democrats of Virginia; and do so with as much propriety as a burglar would display if he complained that the man whose house he attempted and in part robbed should decline his association. We do not revenge ourselves on these people. We simply let them

The Mary Anderson Party.

There was a youth who said to Johnny O'Brien: "I love Mary Anderson." "Are you organized?" in quired Johnny, with some anxiety. Because, if you are, we can carry this election by a large majorityused to train in your army myself We all did. We all do. By heavens if we could get the Mary Anderson party in proper condition we could sweep everything before us." But alas! men and Mary grow old, and Hamilton Griffin runs the love and

"Able, Live, Sound," Tarboro Southerner.

spoils the politics of half the world.

The STAR, of Wilmington, the oldest daily paper in the State, has completed its eighteenth year. For thorough and perfect system in make up, bright, able, live, apt and sound editorials, news miscellany and good local, the STAR hasn't a superior south of the Potomac.

It is the pride and perfection of our State journalism.

POLITICAL POINTS.

- The Democratic party is now in a position of advantage where wise, con-scientious and courageouse leadership might keep it for a quarter of a century.— Galveston News.

- Every little insignificant country in the world is following the example of France and Germany, and piling up restrictive and burdensome tariff duties upon American goods.—Madison(Wis.) Democrat.

-Will the Democratic party break but indomitable spirit passed through the "sombre gates" into the realm of all realities; passed, we might fancy, before the clang and echo of their

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

THE OHIO ELECTION.

Conflicting Reports as to the Result in Hamilton County - The Legislature Claimed by the Republicans - Few Returns of the Qubernatorial Vote. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

CINCINNATI, Oct. 14 .- At 10 o'clock this norning the returns from Hamilton county, and even from Cincinnati, were not all in. This fact is cited by both parties as evidence of fraud, and both the Commercial Gazette and the Enquirer openly charge the opposite party with fraudulent prac-tices. The Enquirer claims that the Democrats have carried Hamilton county by over 1,000 majority—electing all their candidates for the Legislature and county officers. It claims that the Legislature will be Democratic in both branches by a majority large enough to remove all danger and disputes. Unofficial footings from 175 of the 206 precincts in Hamilton county give Foraker 31,006, Hoadly 28,976, and Leon-

The Times Star has returns from all of the city precincts except four, which put a phase upon Hamilton county. The totals are: Foraker 32,487, Hoadly 30,584, Leonard 886. If this is accurate, and it has confirmation from at least one other source, it would show that the Republicans have carried their entire legislaive ticket, with the possible exception of Robert Harlan, who runs behind the

CINCINNATI, Oct. 14.-Estimates made here on the Legislature, excluding Hamilton county, give the Republicans 17 Senstors and 60 Representatives. The Legislature is composed of 37 Senators and 110 Representatives, of which 74 would be the majority on joint ballot. This would make the Legislature Republican without Hamilton county. Chairman Bushnell, of the Republican State Committee, estimates follows: Senate-17 Republicans, with four close districts to hear from; House—58 Republicans, with six close counties to be heard from. This excludes Hamilton county.

Toledo, Oct. 14.—Thirty seven of the orty three precincts in Lucas county, including Toledo entire, and the remaining six estimated at the vote of two years ago, ive the Republicans a majority on the State ticket of between 200 and 300. The Republicans elect one Representative and the Democrats the other. The Senatorial ticket has about the same majority as the State ticket. The Republicans will probably elect all their county officers, except sheriff and commissioner, which the Democrats carry by about 200. The Latest.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 14 -The Democratic State Committee claim the election of 51 members of the House of Representatives certain, and 12 doubtful; and 21 sure in the

The figures given for Hamslton county in a previous dispatch have been further verified, and it is now confidently claimed by the Republicans that they have elected the entire Legislative ticket in Hamilton county, except possibly Robert Harlan for Representative; and that the Democrats have elected the clerk, prosecuting attorney and a member of the Board of Control. Complete returns for the county have not yet been made. It is charged that in one precinct there were 200 more votes than registered voters.

FOREIGN.

War Imminent in the East-Great Activity in Turkish Military Circles-London Standard on the Triple-Alliance - Accident to an Ocean Steamer-Madrid Free of Cholera. (By Cable to the Morning Star.)

London, October 14.—The hopes entertained last night of a peaceful settlement of the Roumelian question have been shattered this morning by the receipt of a dispatch from Constantinople, stating that the conference has formally declared that the Porte has disavowed the Bulgaro Roumelian answer. Further news is awaited with considerable anxiety.

LONDON, October 14.-The Standard of this morning says: "The situation in the East has become more clouded within the past forty-eight hours. The problem could be dealt with effectually if the Triple-Alliance were united, as it pretends to be. The problem now for Bismarck is, how to settle the pending difficulties, so as to prevent Russia and Austria from fighting. If the latter agree to insist upon status quo, or to force Servia to agree to it, Greece will be satisfied, and Bismarck will concur, but there appears to be little chance that they will agree. It is not for England to act as a principal in the miserable dispute, which is only of secondary interest, though she might cordially assist f Germany and Austria make the request."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct 14.-Great acvity prevails in military circles throughout Turkey. Troops are being hastily armed and equipped for immediate service. The Sultan has determined to fight against the further dismemberment of Turkey, and large bodies of troops are being rapidly con centrated on the frontier at strategic points within easy striking distance of Bulgaria, Greece and Servia. Troops, horses and field guns are being dispatched to the front night and day. The Moslems are enthusiastic and are volunteering in large numbers. A conspiracy has been discovered at the Palace, which has led to the exile of Said Pasha, ex Grand Viceroy.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 14.—A four-masted teamer has been sighted from Galleyhead, county of Cork, having in towathreemasted vessel, which is supposed to be the overdue steamer Sednon, which sailed from New York September 19 for Genoa and MADRID, Oct. 14.—There has been no

case of cholera in Madrid for a fortnight. TEXAS.

Forty Thousand Bollar Fire in Gains-

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] GALVESTON, Oct. 14 .- A special to the News, from Gainsville, says a destructive

fire broke out here at midnight, last night, in the grocery store of J. C. Drew, on the main square. The Red River National Bank building, adjoining the grocery, was badly damaged. The large drug store of Gilcreest & Black, adjoining the Drew building on the south, was gutted. The upper floors of these buildings were occupied by the Western Union Telegraph Co., and by lawyers. The furniture warehouse of M. H. Pierce, in the rear of the Bank, was considerably damaged. The total loss exceeds \$40,000; fully insured. It is suspected that the fire was of incendiary origin. The Red River Bank resumes business today in other quarters.

The President this afternoon appointed Thos. R. Jarnigan, of North Carolina, to be U. S. Consul at Osakad Heoga, Japan.

Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are perfect preventives of constipation. closed in glass bottles, always fresh. all druggists.

Dull Trade.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS. JUDI clous buyers will take the hint. Every thing in the way of Summer Goods now being sold regardless of cort. White Goods, Gloves, Mitts, Fans, etc. Those elegant Paris Mulis at 37% ets, worth \$1.00. A good stock of Table Goods, Towels, etc., always on hand.

JNO. J. HEDRICK. JNO. J. HEDRICK.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 14, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted dull at 331 cents per gallon. Saies reported of 125 casks at 33 cents.

ROSIN-The market was quoted steady at 75 cents per bbl for Strained and 80 cents for Good Strained.

TAR-The market was quoted firm at \$1 40 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales reported at \$1 30 per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market steady at \$1 50 for Virgin and Yellow Dip and \$1 00 for Hard. COTTON-Market quiet, with sales of

about 50 bales on a basis of 9 5-16 cents

per Ib for Middling. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary... ---Good Ordinary..... 8 5-16 Low Middling..... 9

Middling..... 9 5-16 Good Middling 9} RICE-Market steady and unchanged We quote: Rough: Upland \$1 00@1 10 Tidewater \$1 15@1 30. CLEAN: Common 41@41 cents; Fair 41@51 cents; Good 51 @5# cents; Prime 5#@6 cents; Choice 6#@

61 cents per pound. TIMBER-Market steady, with sales as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, firstclass heart, \$900@10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill; good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50: Good Common Mill, \$4 00@ 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

PEANUTS-Market steady at 44@47 cents for Prime, 51 cents for Extra Prime. and 55 cents for Fancy, per bushel of

RECEIPTS.

Uotton.... 1,428 bales Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin..... 962 bbls Tar..... 374 bbls Crude Turpentine.....

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

(By Telegraph to the Morning, Star.) Financial.

NEW YORK, October 14, Noon.-Money active, steady and easy at 1@2 per cent Sterling exchange 4834 and 4854. State bonds dull but firm. Governments dull but strong.

Commercial.

Cotton dull, with sales reported of 218 bales; middling uplands 9 15-16c; middling Orleans 9 15-16c. Futures quiet and easy, with sales at the following quotations: October 9.66c; November 9.64c; December 9.66c; January 9.75c; February 9.88c; March 9.99c. Flour steady. Wheat better. Corn better. Pork dull at \$5 the Lard steady at \$6 271. Spirits to steady at 364c. Rosin steady at \$1 02@ 1 10. Freights weak.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14.-Flour firm with fair demand; Howard street and western super \$3 12@3 60; extra \$3 75@4 35; family \$4 50@5 12; city mills super \$3 00 @3 50; extra \$3 75@4 35; Rio brands \$5 00@5 25. Wheat—southern strong and higher; western active and highersouthern red 97c@\$1 00; southern amber \$1 03@1 04; No. 1 Maryland 981@99c; No. 2 western winter red on spot and October 93@94c. Corn-southern dull and nominal; western steady; southern white 49@50c; yellow 50@51c.

POREIGN MARKETS.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.) LIVERPOOL, October 14, Noon.-Cotton dull, with prices generally in buyers' favor; middling uplands 51d; middling Orleans 54d; sales of 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export; receipts 5,400 bales, all of which were American. Futures dull at the decline; uplands, I m c, October delivery 5 25-64d; October and November delivery 5 21-64@5 20-64d; November and December delivery 5 20-64d: December and January delivery 5 20-64d; January and February delivery 5 22-64d; February and March delivery 5 25-64d; March and April delivery 5 28-64d; May and June delivery 5 34-64d

Tenders of cotton 400 bales new and 600 bales old docket. Sales of cotton to-day include 6,200

baies American. 5 P. M.—Uplands, 1 m c, October delivery 523-64d, buyers' option; October and November delivery 5 21-64d, buyers' option November and December delivery 5 20-64d buyers' option; December and January de livery 5 20-64d, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 22-64d, buyers' op tion; February and March delivery 525-64d buyers' option; March and April delivery 28-64d, buyers' option; April and May de livery 5 31-64d, buyers' option; May and June delivery 5 34-64d, buyers option. Futures closed firm.

New York Naval Stores Market. N. Y. Commercial Bulletin, Oct. 13.

Receipts to-day, 2,768 bbls rosin, and 305 do spirits turpentine. The market for spirits turpentine was more quiet on the spot, as well as for futures. Holders put the price up to 361c, which stopped all business except in such parcels as jobbers positively needed. The London spot market was lower by 8d. Option trading dull and prices easier. Low grades of rosin are slow of movement, but finer qualities are in demand at better prices.

Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, Oct. 18.

The market is quiet, though firmer, and offerings are generally held at 1@1c higher than current quotations. The total sales for the day were only 98 barrels. The official quotations of the Board of Trade were as follows: Fair 44@44c; Good 5@ 51c; Prime 51c. Rough rice—Country lots 80@90c; tidewater \$1 00@1 15.

about steady prices. Quotations are: 41@ 41c for best hand picked, and 3@31c for farmers' grades.

New York Peanut Market.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Oct. 13.

Peanuts have a fair jobbing demand at

Wanted, DURING THE FALL AND WINTER, CASH orders for Peanuts, New River Oysters, Salt or Fresh Fish, Fish Roe. Oranges, Lemons, and other Tropical Fruits, or any other Merchandise. Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Country Produce generally. Will buy, or sell on commission, all kinds of Country Produce.

JOHN R. MARSHALL,

Gen. Com. Merchant, 24 N. Water St., se 9 D&Wtf Wilmington, N. C.

Children's Shoes

IN GREAT VARIETY AND AT LOW PRICES

\$1.50; good value.

The BEST \$3.00 MEN'S GAITER in the State at

Geo. R. French & Sons.

00 11hi

One Experience of Many

Having experienced a great deal of "Trouble!" from indigestion, so that I came near losing my

My trouble always came after eating any

For two or three hours at a time I had to

go through the most Excruciating pains. "And the only way I got"

"Relief!" Was by throwing up all my stomach contained !! No one can conceive the

pains that I had to go through, until "At last?" I was taken! "So that for three weeks lay in bed and Could eat nothing !!!

My sufferings were so that I called two doctors to give me something that would stop the pain. Their efforts were no good to me

At last I heard I good deal 'About your Hop Bitters! And determined to try them.' Got a bottle-in four hours I took the

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