#### "ublisher's Announcement.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news-Monday, at 36 00 per year, 38 06 for six months, 31 51 for three months; 50 cts for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

THE-WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 60 cts. for six months, 30 cts for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$250; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$400; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$94 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meet ings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column a any price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$160 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

An extra charge will be made for double-column umn advertise

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-spect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till for-bid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per sonare for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra seconding to the position desired

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

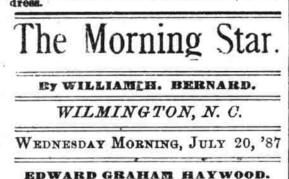
Payments for translent advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge as transient rates

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no is-sue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Dally. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-dress.



popular. - That is to say, he did not indulge in anecdote or illustration. His speeches were philosophical elevated, eloquent and statesmanlike. They were too purely abstruse and intellectual and subtile for the universal mind to grasp. But as manifestations of ability they were the finest speeches delivered in the State in the memorable year of many Presidential tickets and impending war. Mr. Badger and Mr. Henry W. Miller were both Electors on other tickets. Haywood's speeches were the most thoughtful and attractive to the cultivated. Mr. Badger's forte was not the stump. He was forty-five years old before he made

a political speech. It was delivered in the Court House at Oxford in 1844. He said that was his first appearance as a political speaker. The Senate and the bar were his proper arenas. There he was unapproached by any man North Carolina ever had at the bar or ever sent to the Senate. Mr. Gaston might rival him in some particulars, but in eloquence, in the most exquisite English, in the most luminous and perspicacious thinking, in clearness of statement, in lucidity of arrangement, in readiness of retort, in powers of memory, in wit, in humor, in sarcasm, in dramatic description, in superb acting he has never been equalled by any North Carolinian. Mr. Benton,

so long in the U. S. Senate, from Missouri, was a very able man, almost of the first rank. He was able to hold his own in debate when the great debaters and orators and philosophical statesmen of the country were in that august body.

But we have been betrayed into an unanticipated parenthesis. Col. Haywood, like Mr. Badger, was at people? his greatest at the bar. He was essentially a lawyer, although he was

a man of excellent reading in some other departments and was familiar with some of the masters in literature.

tone. It is headed "Mr. Blaine Should Call a Halt." It appears to argue as if a Democrat would be elected President if Blaine should be the Republican candidate. If this is true it will be a good thing for the Democrats if Blaine is the choice. But how will you go about satisfying Mr. Blaine that he is not as strong or stronger than Sherman or any one else? So much in earnest is the Ameri-

can in getting rid of Blaine as i prospective candidate that it does not hesitate to intimate that Blaine must be ruled out. Its closing words are not to be misapprehended. It 8378:

"Mr. Cleveland is in, and has intrenched himself. His people are learning the processes of administration. If they have not done well, they have not wrecked the coun-They defy any attack but the strong-Is it then seriously proposed to recover the lost ground under the very leadership that caused the loss? Could anything be more fatuous? "If Mr. Blaine does not call a halt on

his following, the Republican party must do so for itself. It has great duties to the country. It is concerned for public matters of high moment. It owes nothing to Mr. Blaine. It gave him its best effort, and failed. It must go forward."

UNDEMOCRATIC AND UNREPUB LICAN.

Is a life-tenure in office democratic or republican? Is it in accord with the genius of free institutions that a set of men should go into office under examination as to qualification and then continue in office for twenty, thirty, forty or even fifty years? Is an aristocracy of office-holders a thing to be desired in a free country? Must a law be enacted that shall deprive the people of the right to change their own officials? Shall the power of selection

for office be taken from the people in that government that is of the people and by the people and for the

This is precisely what Civil Service does and proposes to do. A travelling Commission to select officers is substituted for the will of the people. In fact by the Civil Service Those who were best qualified to law the whole business of regulating estimate his legal acquisition and and selecting officials is for ever ta-

you when you verbally presented the invitation of the citizens of St. Louis that the coming encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic would be the first held in a Southern State." And yet for ten years the Republican organs have invariably lumped Missouri in as a part of the "Solid South" in all their divisions of the electoral votes and in all their abnae of the "rebels."--New York Evening Post. At a period when the popu-

larity of a magazine lske Scribner's has been vastly increased by the publication in its pages of certain letters by Thackeray, Mr. Howells's zeal in ignoring Thackeray -- who, like Dickens and Scott, was not a realist in the Russian manner -- appears at least curious. Granting, however, that Mr. Howells is right in his opinion that the best fiction is the best real ism, how very tiresome to the average novel reader would this world be if every novel writer agreed with him and worked on his theory Clever and interesting as Mr. How ells is, a score of Howellses would be a surfeit. Variety is the spice of literature, as of life. Give us the author of "Silas Lapham," but give tions as follows: Prime and Extra Shipus Sand, and Balsac, and Hugo, and Scott, and Dickens, and Eliot, and a good deal of Thackeray, also Who, after rambling gently through an instalment of "April Hopes," would not gladly turn to Robert Louis Stevenson and Rider Haggard for wholesome stimulant? It is a good thing that there are so many sorts of men, and so many sorts of books, hereabouts.--G. E. Montgomery in Boston Post.

WILMINGTON STAR. Scotland Neck Democrat.

The Wilmington STAR is by all odds the most readable and best gotten up daily in the State, and by far the ablest and soundest on all political and economic questions of the day. When it fails to reach our office, we feel like our best friend and the friend of the people and of the great party founded by Jefferson was absent. Would to God we had a hundred daily STARS in North Carolina like the daily STAR of Wilmington. If we did the independence and liberties of the people would be beyond the reach of the tyrants ceptre and the bed rock principles of the party would ever be the measures. We don't remember to have ever seen an unsound principle advocated by the STAR. It is as true to the principles and doctrines of the party as the needle to the pole. Long may she shine in the hearts and around the family altars in the old commonwealth of North Carolina to encourage, stimulate and move to noble deeds.

## COMMERCIAL.

# WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, July 19, 6 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market opened dull at 30 cents per gallon, with sales of 100 casks at 291 cents.

ROSIN-Market steady at 821 cts per bbl for Strained and 871 cts for Good Strained. For better grades quotations are as follows: E 95c@\$1 00; F \$1 00@\$1 05; G \$1 10; H \$1 15; I \$1 \$0; K \$1 40; M \$1 55; N \$1 80; W G \$2 10; W W \$2 30. TAR-Market quoted firm at \$1 30 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales of receipts at

quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Distillers quote at \$2 00 for Virgin, \$1 95 for Yellow Dip and \$1 10 for Hard. COTTON -- Market quoted nominal on

basis of 101 cents for Middling. No sales. The following are the closing quotations at the Produce Exchange:

7	Ordinary	cts # 1b	
•	Good Ordinary 9 1-16		11
			0.5
96	Middling	18.41	1.1
of	Middling	4.4	2.2
ie	TIMBER-Market steady, with	i qu	iota-

ping, first class heart, \$8 00@10 00 per M. feet: Extra Mill, \$6 00@7 50; Good Common Mill. \$3 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

PEANUTS-Market firm. Prime 55@60 cents; Extra Prime 65@70 cents; Fancy 80@82 cents per bushel of 28 lbs.

### RECEIPTS.

Ootton.... Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin ..... 1,140 bbls

Tar Orude Turpentine..... DOMESTIC MARKETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

Financial.

NEW YORE, July 19 .- Noon. -- Money easy at 4@44 per cent. Sterling exchange 4821@4821 and 484@4841. State bonds dull but steady. Government securities dull but steady

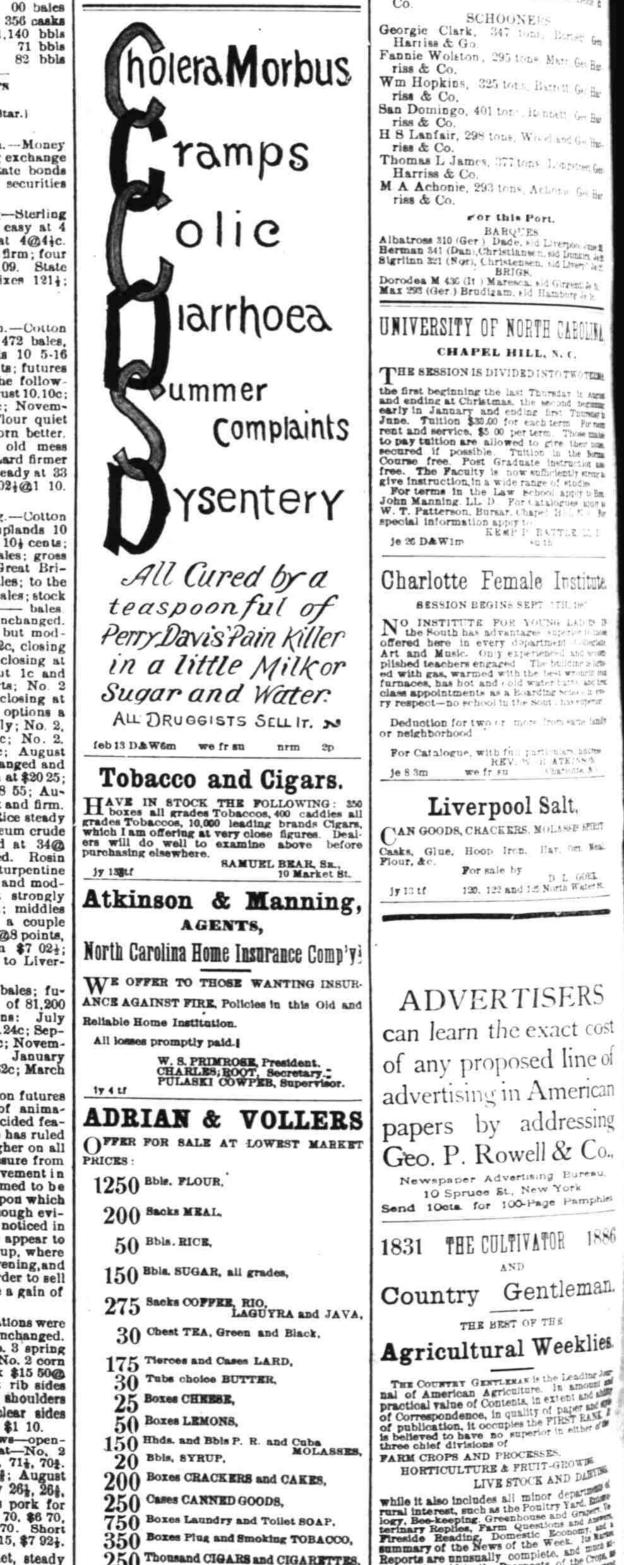
NEW YORK, July 19, Evening-Sterling exchange dull but firm. Money easy at 4 @5 per cent., closing offered at 4@44c. Government securities dull but firm; four per cents 1271; three per cents 109. State bonds steady: North Carolina sixes 1214: fours 96.

#### Commercia

NEW YORK, July 19-Noon,-Cotton quiet but steady; with sales of 472 bales, at quotations: middling uplands 10 5-16 basis of all political and economic cents; middling Orleans 10; cents; futures opened steady, with sales at the following quotations: July 10 05c: August 10 10c



68s. Lard-prime western 35s. LIVERFOOL, July 19, 4 P. M.-Cottonniddling uplands (1 m c) July delivery 5 38-64d, value: August and September delivery 5 36-64d, seller; September and Oc. tober delivery 5 25-64d, seller; October and November delivery 5 19-64d, seller; November and December delivery 5 14-64d, value; December and January delivery 5 18-64d, buyer; January and February delivery 5 13-64d, buyer: September delivery 5 38-64d, seller. Futures closed quiet but steady. Sales of cotton to-day included 8 500 bales American



250 Thousand CIGARS and CIGARETTES.

5000 Lbs. SNUPP, Plain, Sweet and Salt,

MARINE DIRECTOR List of Vessels in the Port of Willion ton, N. C., |July 20, 1855 This list does not embrace vesses and BARQUES Capella (Ger.), 297 tons Co Agatha (Nor.), 260 tota bane Frida (Nor.), 380 to: & Co Erns (Ger ) 582 ker & Co Argo (Nor.), 601 Fannie Wolston, 295 tons Mart Gen Wm Hopkins, 325 tots, Battell Gen San Domingo, 401 tor . 10 ntett (m. n. Thomas L James, 377 tons Longitude M A Achonie, 293 tons, Achons, Geon-

Albatross 310 (Ger ) Dade, and Liverpon duel Herman 341 (Dan), Christiansen, sid Dunni, 42 Sigriinn 321 (Nor), Christensen, sid Liter, BRIGS.

Since George E. Badger and Judge Pearson died it is very doubtful if North Carolina has had as able, as thoroughly furnished, as scientific a lawyer as Col. Edward Graham Haywood whose death was announced in yesterday's STAR. He died suddenly Monday night in Raleigh where he was born, and where he had resided all of his life. He was prob ably in his 57th year. He was the son of the late Senator William H. Haywood, who was considered the best equity lawyer of his time. Col. Haywood was prepared for college by the late J. M. Lovejoy, of revered memory, and educated at an Episcopal College in Maryland, if we are not mistaken. He and the writer of this were classmates at Lovejoy's. The late David M. Carter, Gen. Junius Daniel, Louis E. Henry, a very bright and promising youth, and a half dozen others, were of the class. As far as known to us, this writer alone survives. Mr. Lovejoy said to us more than once that it was the best class-the most intellectual-he ever taught. Of the class Haywood was the finest in intellect unless Carter was abler. We rather think Carter had the most logical mind as he had the greatest talents for the acquisition of languages. He was the ablest man in our class at the University and there were some sixty-four members.

Ed Graham, as the boys called him, was an unusually handsome boy, and dressed with a fastidious neatness and costliness of attire that none rivalled. He was unusually precocious and gave decided promise of his subsequent distinction. He delivered an address at one of the Lovejoy commencements that was so good that the boys, with the boys' injustice and envy, said either his father wrote it or his friend Col. D. K. McRae. We have but little doubt that it was his own work for he was intellectually extremely clever, as we have said.

He married Miss Mag Henry, a most lovely and beautiful woman, and a daughter of the late Hon. Louis E. mentioned above. Mrs. Haywood was one of the most charmpowers had the highest opinion of him. He probably received larger

fees than any lawyer ever identified with the North Carolina bar. He was strictly a scientific lawyer and his range of studies was wide and accurate. The only lawyer left who can fairly be said to be so scientific and learned is Marcellus V. Lanier, Esq., of Oxford, of whom Chief Justice Pearson remarked about 1875. that if there was any more learned lawyer in North Carolina than he was that he did not appear before the Supreme Court. Mr. Lanier is not only learned at law but he is familiar with five or six languages, can read German as English and reads his Greek Testament every day and possibly his Hebrew Old Testament. Col. Haywood was a man of large frame and grew stout with age. He was some five feet ten or eleven inches high, and had a big brain in a big head. He had a system of mnemotechny of his own, and once thought of publishing it. He could recall any date at will. He published some of his more elaborate arguments. The last production we read from him was his excellent and original address upon the Life and Character of the late Bartholomew F. Moore, another great North Carolina lawyer. We believe that Col. Haywood's last appearance as a public speaker was at Wilson some few years ago on a Tenth of May celebra-

tion if we are not mistaken. He was a man of superior abilities, and he deserves to be numbered among the great lawyers of our State. He served in the Confederate army as Tieut, Colonel.

#### OPPOSITION TO BLAINE.

Mr. Blaine's popularity with his party is giving great distress to those editors and politicians in the Republican party who prefer another man. We can not say, a better man, for these very editors and politicians are generally willing to take John Sherman, as corrupt a man as

Blaine, and less moved by kind and patriotic sentiments and feelings. The recent indications go to make plain that Sherman is less popular Louis D. Henry. She was sister of than Blame. It is manifest that even in the North-west the Maine politician has a greater influ-

ken from the people, and is given to a roving commission.

Let it not be forgotten that the system proposed is British-is altogether undemocratic. It destroys the whole underlying principles of a representative Government. Public opinion under our system is the great corrective of abuses and wrongs. But the British life tenure utterly destroys and denies all this. The Louisville Courier Journal states this great principle in a very few

words. It says : E: "Party is the agent for executing the will of the people, and office is its vehicle. The divorcement, then, of office and politics means the abandonment of representa-

live government. That is the whole idea in a nut-shell, and all the clamor about fitness and merit-as if parties were not equally interested in obtaining them-cannot make out anything of the Mugwump view but a purpose to take the Government further from the people and nearer to the plutocracy, which is seeking to establish an imperial oligarchism, under the name of a republic, and on the ruins of our admirable system of National and State federation, with its coequal powers, and just limitations resting directly on the consent of the governedthat is the public opinion of the people readily ascertained at the polls."

The new-fangled British system i utterly and irretrievably undemo cratic and unrepublican.

THE PERIODICALS.

The Musical Herald for July has two pieces of choice music and "lots of good reading." Price 10 cents. Musical Herald

Co., Boston, Mass. Lippincott's Monthly Magazine for August has the following contents: A Land of, Love, a Novel, Sidney Luska; The Homesickness of Ganymede, (a 'Poem), Edith M. Thomas: The Truth about Ouida, Edgar Fawcett; Latent, (a Poem), Kate Putnam Osgood; Bed, Louise Imogen Guiney: My Unknown Friend, (a Sonnet), Frank D. Stickney; Life for Life, (a Story), Hjalmar H. Boyesen; The Sorrow of the Sea, (a Poem), William H. Hayne; Social Life at Yale, Arthur Edmunds Jenks; Reconciled, (a Sonnet), Kate Vannah: The Keely Motor Secret, C. J. Bloomfield Moore; Is the Base-Ball Player a Chattel? John Montgomery Ward; Our Monthly Gossip, a complaint anent the Calendars, J. M.; Book-Talk, Wm S. Walsh. Price 25 cents a number or \$3 a year. J. B. Lippincott Co., Philadelphia

The Writer, a monthly magazine for literary workers, is published in Boston, Mass. Number four is out and for July. Price 10 cents a number or \$1 a year

CURRENT COMMENT.

- The Memphis Appeal may be too strong in its presentation of The Logic of Protection. Louisville Courier-Journal.

Messrs. Powderly & Co. want for eigners excluded from this country. Why not, indeed? Why should not the whole protected interests insist on this as an essential point of the work of protection? Why, indeed, have they not all been Know Noth ings from the beginning to the finish?

For, see you, the exclusion of foreign workingmen from the United States is precisely the same in its bearings on protected labor as the exclusion of foreign-made goods. From the workingman to his work the step is short, and a barricade against immigration is identically the same in principle as a system of prohibition duties on imports.

They do these things better in France. The proposition has been recently broached and submitted to a legislative commission that all foreigners should be forthwith placed under v special capitation tax of peculiarly formidable magnitude.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

By his fidelity to his trusts, by his devotion to his people, by his honesty, eloquence and good common sense, Senator Vance fills a larger space in the affections of our people than any other man in the State. He is to-day the broadest man in North Carolina. Our people like him because there is more of the man about him than there is of the small politician. He speaks what he believes, and that belief is always the result of observation, information and a well balanced mind. - Warren ton Gazette

With a Republican high tariff Benate, the Democratic party of the last Congress was defeated in every movement towards Tariff reform. In the extra session of Congress, probably to be called early in the autumn, our party will introduce a ta-riff reform bill. If it is carried, money will be easier. If it is lost, the blame wil rest on the Republican majority in the Seuate, combined with those pseudo-Democrats, the Randallite protectionists. It the bill fails the party will then attempt the revenue question. Some relief must come to the oppressed people, and will come if the Democratic party has the power to bring it about .- Winston Sentinel

But we do care much for the perpetuation of the principles of the party and the success of the party. We are not concerned about men. We don't worship men. We adhere to what we conceive to be principle and not to Cleveland's or any other man's coat tail. We shall be glad when newspaper editors discover we are not trying to curry favor with them. We shall rejoice when politicians discover we are not running a paper for their benefit. We shall be glad when the Mugwumpa and

September 9.72c; October 9.57c; November 9.48c; December 9.47c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat higher. Corn better. Pork steady at \$16 25@16 75; old mess pork steady at \$15 25@15 75. Lard firmer at \$7 071. Spirits turpentine steady at 33 cents. Rosin steady at \$1 024@1 10. Freights firm.

NEW YORK, July 19, Evening .- Cotton quiet; sales 506 bales; middling uplands 10 5 16 cents; middling Orleans 104 cents; consolidated net receipts 2,817 bales; gross receipts --- bales; exports to Great Britain 8,136 bales; to France 49 bales; to the continent ---- bales; sales ---- bales; stock in all United States ports ---- bales. Southern flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat, spot a shade stronger but mod erately active; No. 2 red July 82c, closing at 82c; August 82 5-16@824c, closing at 824c. Corn, spot advanced about 1c and options 1@11c on bad crop reports; No. 2 July 454c: August 464@464c, closing at 46%c. Oats, spot 104c lower: options a trifle better on deliveries after July; No. 2, 34@34ic; mixed western 34@36c; No. 2. July 331@34c, closing at 331c; August 314c, closing at 32c. Hops unchanged and quiet. Coffee, spot fair Rio firm at \$20 25; No. 7 Rio not quoted; July \$18 55; August \$18 70@18 85. Sugar quiet and firm. Molasses dull and nominal. Rice steady and in moderate demand. Petroleum crude 51@61c. Cotton seed oil quoted at 34@ 35c for crude; 421@44c for refined. Rosin steady at \$1 05@1 10. Spirits turpentine dull at 321@321c. Wool firm and moderately active. Pork quiet but strongly held. Beef quiet and unchanged; middle dull and nominal. Lard opened a couple of points higher, later fell back 6@8 points. closing heavy. Western steam \$7 021 August \$6 99@7 06. Freights to Liverpool steady.

Cotton-Gross receipts 1,945 bales; futures closed steady, with sales of 81,200 bales at the following quotations: July 10.18@10.20c; August 10.23@10.24c; September 9.73@9.74c; October 9.59c; November and December 9.51@9.52c; January 9.55@9.56c: February 9.61@9.62c; March 9.67@9.68c.

Greene & Co.'s report on cotton futures says: There was a fair amount of animation shown without any very decided feature except that the general tone has ruled steadier and the cost ranged higher on all months. The absence of pressure from 'long" cotton and some improvement in tenor of Liverpool advices seemed to be about the only visible influences upon which a better feeling was founded, though evidences of manipulation could be noticed in some cases. Especially did there appear to be an inclination to bid August up, where the gain amounted to over last evening, and this was supposed to be in order to sell other months. New crop made a gain of 6 points and was very firm.

CHICAGO, July 16 .- Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet and unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 694@70c; No. 3 spring wheat nominal; No. 2 red 73±c; No. 2 corn 881c; No. 2 oats 261c; mess pork \$15 50@ 16 00; lard \$6 67; 66 70; short rib sides (loose) \$7 90@7 95; dry salted shoulders (boxed) \$5 90@6 00; short clear sides (boxed) \$8 45@8 50. Whiskey \$1 10. Leading futures ranged as follows-open ing, highest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 July 704, 704, 694; August 704, 714, 704. Corn—No. 2, July 38, 884, 384; August 384, 394, 384. Oats—No. 2 July 264, 264. 264; August 261, 261, 261. Mess pork for the year \$12 00. Lard-July \$6 70, \$6 70, \$6 67]; August \$6 75, \$6 75, \$6 70. Short ribs-July and August \$8 15, \$8 15, \$7 92]. Sr. Louis, July 18 .- Flour quiet, steady

and unchanged. Wheat closed at i@ic below yesterday: No. 2 red cash 724c;

