THE WREKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 60 cts. for six months. 30 cts for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$3 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Tes ines of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pio-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for

No advertisements inserted in Local Column a Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 personare for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld. An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements on which no specified number finsertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements

one dollar per square for each insertion. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to eccupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired Advortisements kept under the head of "New advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published. Payments for transfent advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at

Remittances must be made by Check, Braft, fostal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the tak of the publisher. Advertisers should always specify the issue of issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issues they desire to advertise ment will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the malling of the paper to his adverse.

# The Morning Star

WILMINGTON, N. C.

By WILLIAM H. BERNAHD.

# EVENING EDITION

Thursday, Jan. 12, 6 P. M.

The Northern Republican papers are in high spirits in their conviction that the Democrats have about aban doned practically all purpose to reform the Civil Service after the Radical and British plan. We would really be delighted if we were assured that such was the fact. But there are Democrats in the Congress and elsewhere who believe in the great virtue of a reform that confines itself to subalterns and never reaches the high officers, and they will make the very ulife and success of their party all depend upon the adoption and perpetuity of British life tenure -a system that removes the appointing power forever from the people, the true source of all power. The Baltimore American is one of your earnest, consistent Radical sheets. It never sees any thing wrong in its party and never finds any thing good in the Democracy. It is an organ and its music is always of the old regulation pattern.

Well, the American is happy. It flatters itself that the civil service principles are at a heavy discount with the Democrats in and out of the Congress. The truth is, among genuine Democrats the imported humbug, with a Republican stamp upon it, has never been much in favor. The American may be discovering an abandonment that has no existence. It says, and we hope it is correct:

"Signs seem to warrant the inference that the Democrats have at length concluded to openly abandon civil service reform. Speaker Carlisle has appointed as chairman of the standing committee on that subject an avowed enemy of reform, and a member of the Civil Service Commission is quoted as promising in the annual report an expose of the humbuggery of the system. This is more manly than the attitude heretofore assumed by the administration and will command more respect if it does not increase the supporters of the party. Anything is preferable to the covert and insidious attacks made upon civil service reform while outwardly professing the sincerest anxiety for its success.

"Many believed when Dickens wrote 'Martin Chuzzlewit" that he had drawn in Pecksniff a caricature, but those who have closely followed American politics in recent years can no longer doubt the reality of the creation. The skilfully worded panegyrics emanating from the White House have so painfully contracted with the enforcement of civil service principles in many States of the Union that the leaders have probably wisely determined not to prolong the wretched sham."

If Civil Service in America, the work in the main of Republicans smitten with Anglomania, shall find an eternal quietas at the hands of the Democrate, the STAR will be happy

A RADICAL AND CIVIL SERVICE.

Senator Hale's assault upon the Administration and the Democratic party for its bad Civil Service record attracted unusual attention. It seems that this Republican is putting on airs about the violations of the law and the removal of Republicans. The STAB does not concern itself with the defence of the party and

the President. It believes the Civil Service theory and law to be unrepublican, undemocratic and unamerican. It is the transfer to our shores of the bureaucratic system of life tenure that pleases monarchs and lords. The STAR has no favors to show to such a system. It is a fraud, and it is admitted that now clerks in the Departments may continue indefinitely in their places. If it is right that a certain set should hold office from term to term, why not ex tend it? Why not overturn at once the great underlying American idea of frequent elections—that officials are responsible to the people, and let Presidents, Governors and all hold office for life and upon good behavior? Can you have too much

of a good thing? But Mr. Hale is not honest in his criticism. He is known to belong to that class of machine politicians who flourished in such a green state under Grant's tyranny, and who thought it altogether proper to raise money out of all employes to help corrupt the ballot and carry elections for the Republicans. He is one of that number of tricksters who indorsed Grant in every usurpation, and left no stone unturned to perpetuate the curse of Radicalism in the South. When he undertakes to rebuke the Democracy for false pledges and bad conduct, it is only another instance of Satan rebuking

So far as we are concerned, we do not care how much Hale and his crowd criticize the Democracy for fooling with the humbug British system. But no one is stupid enough to believe for a moment that the Republicans are the least sincere when they pretend to believe in the virtues of Civil Service. Bob Ingersoll denounces it, and he says if the Republicans were honest they would denounce it also. Bob has taken the measure of the life tenure fraud. If the Republicans can only carry the elections this year they will chop off the head of every Democrat in office and "don't you forget it."

#### RANDALL VICTORIOUS.

The friends of Mr. Samuel J. Randall, Protectionist, of Philadelphia, have fared well at the hands of Speaker Carlisle. When the Speaker was so roundly denounced by so many Virginia and North Carolina papers, some months ago, the STAR stood by him and earnestly eulogized him as ablest and truest of Democrats, with but few exceptions. But he has disappointed us and many other devoted and unfaltering Democrats. He is too much of a Trimmer to measure up to the highest standard. He lacks the nobler and more exalted qualities of statesmanship, we fear. He is too anxious to sacrifice principle at the footstool of expediency and self. In distributing his favors, Speaker Carlisle has especially rewarded Randall, and his Protectionist allies. The Washington correspondent of the New York

"Including the Pennsylvania Protectionist, there are in the present Congress twelve Demograts who voted in the last Congress to prevent any consideration of measures to revise the tariff. Of these twelve, Mr. Randall himself was the only one who held a committee chairmanship. To-day the case is decidedly different. Chairmanships have been given this year by Mr. Carlisle to six of the Democrats who helped the Republicans to stifte tariff Legislation last year while two others have places which Mr. Randall says are equal to chairmansnips, and all are well

There is talk of having one cent postage, (not penny as some papers have it, for we have that now), and we would like to see it come. One cent per ounce will pay. At first there would be a deficit, but so it has always been when there has been a reduction. Forty-five years ago you had to pay 25 cents on a letter at delivery. We hope the inquiry instituted by Senator Beck will be prosecuted by the Committee on Postoffice, and if there is any good reason for believing that the reduction will be to the interest of the people and will be nearly self-sustaining, then let it come. Why not? If the Government can convey letters at one cent without loss, it will be a blessing and a great saving to all but the rich and boastful. Of course a reduction should not occur if it would embarrass for any great length of time the operations of Govern-

We have not seen the text of Senator Coke's speech on the Blair bill. We have no doubt he spoke with force and good sense, as he always does. We would confide as soon in his honesty, ability and wisdom as in any man now in the Senate of the United States. He is right when he says that the purpose of the Blair iniquity is to follow the money voted to the States and to assume jurisdiotion over the common schools. For

Blair bill under any circumstances. We believe it to be a wicked Repub lican plan to make votes for that party, to get more and more possession of the States, to lessen the authority of the States and strengthen Consolidation, and to disregard the limitations of the Constitution. If it becomes a law it will be very apt to destroy the Schools in the end.

Senator Vest, of Missouri, and Senator Morgan, of Alabama, are the two readiest debaters, we believe, on the Democratic side of the Senate. Senator Vest has spoken with his characteristic vigor, earnestness and wisdom in opposition to the Paternal Pedagogy bill. We have not seen the full text of the speech, but quote from an abstract telegraphed:

"Mr. Vest said that in his opinion the bassage of this bill would be worse for the South than war, pestilence or famine He was not surprised at Republican Senators supporting this bill, but expressed surprise and regret that Democratic Senators who had given their lives to a strict construcion of the Constitution and Jeffersonian doctrines were now found to have surrendered all the landmarks of their party in presence of the great temptation of the proposed law. If the dead were permitted to ake any interest in the affairs of the living. what must be the surprise of the majestic spirit of John C Calhoun when he saw his former followers, the strict constructionists and States Rights Democrats of the veiling in both houses of Congress for the old flag and an appropriation? \* \* believed in universal education and would be glad if every child in the United States was taught to read and write But that was not all of education. The highest education was that which taught self respect and self-reliance and individual independence. Without it individuals and communities must deteriorate. This measure was intended to destroy the common school system of the States and put upon it the stamp of federal authority. He was not attacking education, but he was attacking the monstrous, fanatical enthusiasm which represented this bill as a panacea for all the evils which afflicted the body poli-

But the bill of abominations wil probably pass the Congress and become a law, even supposing the President should veto it, which we greatly desire he should do.

We recently mentioned that Gen Armstrong, in charge of the Hampton (Va.) Normal and Agricultural (colored) Institute, and a Northern Republican and soldier, was at one time strongly in favor of the Blair bill, but had changed his opinion. He no longer accepts the wisdom of Blair, and does not believe in the practicalness and judiciousness of Federal aid. We copy from his official report. He says:

"Many have looked to government aid as the only relief. I long had the feeling, but since the marvellous educational progress of Virginia and other Southern States, my pinion has changed. The argument for national educational aid for the ex-slave States has unquestionably weakened. \* Vational aid is certainly of doubtful wisdom, if it must extend to all for the sake of reaching these, for it might do more narm than good I do not believe in the 'Blair bill" as a wholesome measure, and ndeed do not see how the needed aid can now be given, the crying evils remedied, by any national measure. Every year, however, will brighten the outlook.

This is the opinion of a Northern school teacher, after years of experience in managing a large and important negro educational institution in

The New York Times has not much respect for the New Hampshire "crank" and his attempts to raid upon the U. S. Treasury. Referring to his Federal school teaching bill, and the attitude of the Republicans in the Senate this able independent Republican paper says:

"The Republican Senators regard it with mingled feelings. Some of them think it would be a convenient way to get money out of the Treasury; some think it would embarrass the Democrats to send it to the House; some that it would make Republican votes in the South. But everything in connection with the bill has been gone over in the Senate, until every one-always excepting Mr. Blair-is very tired of it, and i t is allowed to go through again, it will be largely because the Senate wishes to preserve its sacred consistency, and refuses to admit that anything it has ever done can be

THE PERIODICALS. The Season for February contains its usual rich variety of novelties, fancy work, colored plates, dress, needlework, embroidery, &c. Price 30 cents a number. There is no better fashion monthly. New York, 81 Beekman Street.

Babyhood, a magazine for mothers and nurses, discusses infant hygiene, methods of nursery, seasonable dress, pastimes, home training, nursery inventions and helps, &c. Price 15 cents a number Published at 5 Beekman Street, N. Y. The January number is to hand.

The Santtarian for November is belated It is an excellent health monthly, ably con ducted. The number before us contains the addresses delivered before the American Health Association held at Memphis. Tenn., from the 8th of November, 1887, to the 11th inclusive. The price of this excellent health monthly is \$4 a year. Dr. A. N. Bell, editor. Published at 113 Fulton Street, N. Y.

# CURRENT COMMENT

-The carefully prepared speech in which Senator Sherman yesterday made reply to the recommendations of the President's message falls far short of what was expected of one who held under a former administration the office of Secretary of the

ively the steong and direct arguments of the message, while the utter absence of novelty either in subject matter or in manner of presentation deprives it even of the interest which would attach to a treatment of the same question by a clever rhetorician. It is Senator Sherman's misfortune that he has been compelled to follow Mr. Blaine. That agile politician, in his meretricious proclamation from Paris, with its rhetorical fireworks, its glittering sophistries and its ad captandum arguments based on misstatement of fact, left no chance for those who came after bim. A discussion such as Senator Sherman has attempted pales in comparison, and seems even colorless and half hearted. - Boston Post, Dem.

-- Quick as lightning the Hon. James G. Blaine flashed across the ocean his reply to the tariff reform message of President Cleveland. A month later, after a careful and deliberate preparation, the Hon. John Sherman arose in the Senate and devoted his energies to an attempted demolition of the President's position. At his first opportunity Catawumpus Foraker sent in a message to the Ohio Legislature calling upon that puissant body to prevent Congress from heeding the suggestions of Mr. Cleveland. Thus it is that Tray, Blanche and Sweetheart, all full-tilt candidates for the presidency, seek to advance their own interests by lifting themselves into prominence by the straps of the President's boots. Verily, verily, doth it seem that the Democratic party has at last both an issue and a leader. -Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.

MR. BROWN ON TAX BEDUC-TION.

#### Washington Post, Dem.

Internal revenue taxes were first collected in 1792, and from that time until 1848 they went into the Treasury in annual sums of less than \$100 up to over \$5,000,000. In 1863 they were renewed, the collections being some \$41,000,000. They were as high as \$310,000,000 in 1866, and last year they were about \$118,000, 000. They are war and emergency taxes, and one strong resson for their continance now is that the emergency still exists.

Owing to circumstances with which Senator Brown is perfectly familar, we are obliged to pay out annually \$80,000,000 in pensions and 0,000,000 in interest upon the pub lic debt, a sum equal to the entire amount of internal revenue collections. The two charges are not ordinary expenses, but they are war charges and nothing but war charges. The plea, therefore, that the emergency is passed is not a good one. Here are war taxes, if the Senator likes to so style them, levied to puy war debts. Let the one offset the

Thirty years ago our net ordinary expenses were less than \$70,000,000; now we spend \$120,000,000 for interest and pensions alone. What sort of a statesman is he who proposes to make whiskey and tobacco free and load us down with \$120,-000,000 more custom house taxation to pay war debts?

But Senator Brown thinks the Georgia mountaineers who make fruit, brandies and whiskies have a hard time of it and ought to be relieved. This is true to some extent, but the evil is in the machinery and not the system, and any one of half a dozen bills now in the House will afford all the remedy any one desires who really intends to observe the

#### All Hight to Tax Whiskey, All Wrong to Tax the Necessaries. Philadelphia Record, Dem.

All reasonable persons admit that a repeal of the tax on whiskey would reduce its cost by the amount of the tax; and it follows at the same time that the Distillers' Trust, organized to control production, would be broken up. The Distillers' Trust was made possible by reason of the internal tax on whiskey, just as the Sugar Trust, the India Rubber Trust. the Besemer Steel Ring, the Coal Monopoly, and many other rings and combinations to plunder American consumers, have grown up under the tariff laws. If the whiskey tax should be repealed whiskey would become very cheap and abundant, as the tax is a great restraint upon consumption, precisely as the duties on clothing, blankets, flannels, salt, lumber, rice, coal and iron increase the cost and lessen the consumption of these commodities. Should the tax on whiskey be repealed the smoke of the still would rise once more in every valley of Pennsylvania, and the retail price of whiskey would be reduced to the old rate of 25 cents a

But the question is whether the cost of whiskey should be reduced and the Government be deprived of a large fiscal revenue, or whether Congress should repeal the burden. some taxes on the raw materials of industry and the necessaries of American households from which the Treasury derives small revenue in comparison with the the taxes imposed upou consumers. The proposiion to repeal the whiskey tax for the sake of maintaining the tax on articles of necessity is a base brike to the appetite which every self-respect. ing American citizen should reject with scorn. Why those who desire to obtain an abundance of cheap whiskey should favor a repeal of the law is apparent; but, why Prohibitionists should favor cheap whiskey can be understood only when we bear in mind the fanatical and irrational spirit with which they discuss the temperance question.

- Dr. John H. McAden is presi-Treasury and who lays claim to a mastery of the principles of finance and economy. It lacks both the National Bank, and L S. Held is presiour part we would not vote for the breadth and the force to meet effect. National Bank of Charlottee.

# FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

#### FIRE RECO . D.

Two Large Buildings in Lowell, Mass., and a Cotton Mill in Philadelphia

LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 12.-Two lat.e four-story brick houses were totally destroyed by fire this morning. The building occupied by the Fire Department and by Companies C. and G., Sixth Regiment, as an armory. In the building were 20,000 rounds of cartridges, which kept up a constant, fusilade, and several kegs of gunpowder, which exploded with such force as to be heard all over the city. Both buildings were completely gutted. The fire alarm telegraph system was rendered use less and every electric light was extinguished. Tee electric light station was in close proximity to the fire, and the wires were destroyed. The buildings were owned by the city and were valued at \$350 The natforms of the military companies with the arms were totally destroyed. At a m. the fire was under control.

The roof of an adjoining building was broken in by falling walls and the house and its contents will be a total loss. It was occupied by grain and hay dealers. It is now thought \$75,000 will cover the

PHILADELPHIA, January 12.- The extensive cotton mill of Rump & Bros., at Hancock and Huntington streets, was completely destroyed by fire about 7 o'clock this moraing. The loss on contents, ma-chinery and building will reach \$75,000, which is almost entirely covered by insurance. Over one hundred hands are thrown out of employment.

#### NEW MEXICO.

Serious Railroad Accident-Three Ladies Seriously and Eight Other Persons Slightly Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Jan. 12 -A serious accident occurred on the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad, about three miles from Coolidge, N. M., yesterday, in which eight persons were slightly injured and three probably fatally. It appears that the firstclass coach attached to the regular passenger train jumped the track and turned over, making a complete wreck of the car. Miss Florence Wilson, from Woolstock, Illinois, had her skull fractured and received internal injuries from which she will probably die The other two persons who have sustained probably fatal injuries are women, whose names are unknown. Owing to the secrecy which prevails amongst the officials of this road it is difficult to learn the exact facts.

### EARTHQUAKE.

Summerville Gets Another Shake-Charleston Slightly Disturbed. by Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 10 .- There was an earthquake shock at Summerville at 9 55 this morning. The disturbance was also noticed by some persons here, though so slight as not to be felt by a majority of the people. No damage and no alarm.

[The shock was very distinctly felt in Wilmington.-STAR ]

The President has sent to the Senate the nomination of Edward S. Bragg, of Wisconsin, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United

One of Baltimore's foremost Commission Merchants, Mr. W. Edwin Chipchase (of Chipchase Bros.,) writes :- A few days since I sprained my left foot, the pain was so severe that I could hardly walk at all I saw your Salvation Oid advertised, so determined to give it a square trial. A few applications relieved me entirely and my oot is now as strong as ever. For the reief and cure of sprains and inflammations I regard it as a preparation of great mer-

# DOBLER & MUDGE,

WHOLESALE

Paper Warehouse.

# Baltimore, Md.

Constantly in stock Every Variety of Paper

used in Newspaper and Job Printing Offices.

# CARLTON HOUSE,

Warsaw Duplin County, N. C. IN LINE OF WILMINGTON AND :WELDON

Railroad, 55 miles from Wilmington.

Table always well supplied with the best the country affords Rates of Board very reasons ble. H. J. CARLTON,

#### REMOVAL. W. E. Springer & Co., 14 No. FRONT STREET.

WE ARE NOW LOCATED AS ABOVE, AND will be pleased to serve our customers at our New Store in Purcell Building Call and dec 81 tf.

# Plows,

HOES, SCYTHES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLE-ments. Sash, Doors, Bitnds, Paints, Oils, Tools, Cut'ery, Tinware, Powder, Shot, Caps, Guns, Pistols, Tinware, Lamps Lamp Goods, and all kinds of First Class Hardware at GEO A PECE'S, jan 8 tf 29 South Front street.

# Think of It!

VOU CAN BE YOUR OWN PAINTER IF YOU buy my Pure Paint mixed to order. I have all kinds of Paints, Oils, Lamps, Glass, Varnish, Brushes, Imported and Domestic Goods Whitewashes, Painters' and Artists' Material, Machine Oils, Mica, Axie Greese, &c Contracts taken.

R L. HUTCHIN,
jan 8 tf Stere No. 12 North Second St.

#### Atkinson & Manning's Insurance Rooms.

NO. 113 NORTH WATER STREET. Wilmington, N. C.

Fire, Marine and Life Companies. Aggregate Capital Represented Over \$100,000,000

#### We Have for Sale CLUE, HOOP IRON, NAILS, BOAP AND FLOUR. Also Cotton and Naval Stores, closely

WOODY & CURRIE, Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C. nov 17 tf WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS

an Me tr

### COMMERCIA

### WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Jan 12, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE -The market opened firm at 39 cents pergellon bid with

sales of receipts later at 40 certs ROSIN-Market firm at 824 cents per bbl for Strained and 861 cents for Good

TAR-Market quoted firm at \$1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Distillers quote at \$2 15 for Virgin and Yellow Dir and \$1 25 for Hard.

COTTON-Market quoted steady on a basis of 9% cents for middling. Quotations at the Produce Exchange were as cents Pib

Ordinary.....7 Good Ordinary......8 7-16 " Low Middling......9 Middling......97 Good Middling......101

CORN-Quoted firm at 60 cents for yellow in bulk, and 62 cents in sacks; white is quoted at 62 cents in bulk, and 64 cents in sacks-for cargoes. TIMBER-Market steady, with quotations

as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, firstclass heart, \$10 00@13 00 per M.feet; Extra Mill, \$9 00@12 00; Good Common Mill. \$4 00@5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00

PEANUTS-Market firm. Prime 65@70 cents; Extra Prime 75@80 cents; Fancy 85@90 cents per bushel of 28 lbs.

RICE-Market quiet. Fair quoted at 41 @42c; Prime 51@51c per pound. Rough -90c@\$1 00 for upland; \$1 00@1 15 for tidewater per bushel.

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### MARKETS.

(By Telegraph to the Produce Exchange.) NEW YORK, Jan. 12, 4 P. M .- Cotton dull; middling uplands 107-16c. Spirits turpentine 424 cents per gallon. Rosin

dull at \$1 074@1 124. Cotton futures quiet; opened and closed as follows: January 10 28@10 28: February 10 89@10 37; March 10 52@10 49; 10 60@10 57; May 10.67@10 65. June 10 75@10.73; July 10 80@10 78; August 10 84@10 82; September 10.47@ 10 40; October 10.09@10.06; November

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 12, 4 P. M -Cotton in fair demand; market firm; middling uplands 54d. Futures closed steady; ebruary 5 35-64d. February and March 5 36 64d, seller March and April 5 37.64d, value; April and May 5 39-64d, seller; May and June 5.41 64d, seller; June and July 5 43 64d, seller; July and August 5 44-64d, buyer; August and September 5 45-64d, buyer. CHICAGO, Jan. 12, 4 P. M.—Wheat— May, 844c asked, Corn—cash, 484c; May,

541c asked. Oats-May, 311c. Mess pork -May \$15 30. Short ribs-cash, \$7 724; Msy, \$8 00@8 024. Lard-May, \$7 70 SAVANNAH, Jan. 12.—Spirits turpentice steady at 41c per gallon. Rosin steady at

CHARLESTON, Jan. 12 .- Spirits turpenine nominal; nothing doing.

# DOMESTIC MARKETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Financial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12 .- Noon. - Money easy at 4@41 per cent. Sterling exchange 484@4841 and 4861@4861. State bonds neglected. Government securities dull and

### Commercial

NEW YORK, Jan. 12 .- Noon. - Cotton dull; sales 55 bales; middling uplands 10 7-16 cents; middling Orleans 10 9 16 cents. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat firm. Corn higher, Pork firm at \$15 25@ 15 50. Lard lower at \$7 67. Spirits turpentine firm at 43c. Rosin fir.a at \$1 071@1 121. Freights steady.

BALTIMORE. January 12.—Flour steady and quiet. Wheat—southern firm with good demand; red 92@95c; amber 95@97c; western steady and quiet; No. 2 winter red on spot 88½c bid. Corn—southern firm and scarce; white 564@58½c; yellow 56@59c; western a shade firmer and dull.

#### Foreclosure Sale. N PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE SU-

perior Court of New Banover County, ren-dered at the April Term, 18-7, in a civil action A perior Court of New Hanover County, rendered at the April Term, 18-7, in a civil action therein pendiog, between Parsiey & Wiggins as Plaintiffs, and Jeremiah J King and L Brown as Defendants, the undersigned commissioner, appointed by said decree, will sell at public and tion, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, on MONDAY, JANUARY 23rd 1858 at 12 o'clock M, the following PAK-CBLS OF LAND, described and bounded as ollows: All the interest, right and demand of the defendant Jeremiah J. Ring in all the real estate belonging to him under deed by virtue of the last will and testament of the 1ste Jeremiah J. Ring, the property herein intended to be conveyed being one undivided fifth Interest in a lot and Premises, being the northwest one quarter of Lot No 5 in Block No. 101, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, and being also the one undivided fifth interest in Love Grove Plantation, lying adjoining the Wilmington and Smith's Creek in New Hanover County.

SOL C WEILL,
Commissioner.

This 16th of Dec., 1837.

### Sale of Cotton Factory, Flouring Mi and Other Valuable Real Estate.

This 16th of Dea., 1837.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED IN TRUST EXECUTED DY VIRTUEOFA DEED IN TRUST EXECUTED to me by A. Hines and wife M. B. Hines, of Surry County, recorded in Book 1, Page 520-521, Register's office of Surry County, on the 2th day of June, 1883, I will expose to sale, at public auction, in Mt. Airy, on Wednesday, the 1st day of February, 1883, the following described Heal Estate, lying in the town of Mt. Airy, on the Ararat Fiver, known as the Hamburg Mills, containing 41% acres. On this is situated a Brick Cotton Factory, fully equipped with Mackinery, a valuable Flouring Mill, Shoe Factory, Storehouse and a number of Tenement Houses This is one of the finest Water Powers in Surry County. The Mill is within one mile of the Railroad, and is one of the finest properties in North Carolina. Terms of sale cash.

J. C. BUXTON, Trustee, dec 28 tds

#### THE CELEBRATED ARRINGTON GAME FOWLS FOR SALE MY GAME FOWLS HAVE A NATIONAL RE

putation. They have fought and won a series of the greatest mains ever fought on this or any other continent, and Fifteen Pairs, on exhibition at Philadelphia in '76, were honored by the United States Centennial Commissioner with the Diploma and Medal.

I have a variety of Colors and most approved Breeds in the United States. I will ship splendid COCKS, of fine size and handsome plumage, per Express, C. O. D., at from \$4.00 to \$6.00 each HENS, \$2.50 and \$3.00 each; or \$7.00 per Pair \$10.00 per Trio. I expect to raise Two Hundred Pairs this Summer, the Finest Games in the World, and will ship Young Fowls of March and April hatch during the months of August, September and Cotober, at Five Dollars per Pair, or Seven Dollars per Trio.

Whoever disputes the superiority of my Birds, will please back the assertion with their stamps.

Mrite for what you want.

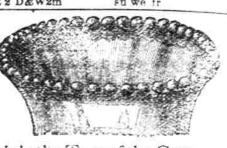
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