UT WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

The Morning Star

WILMINGTON, N. C.

REDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1888.

National Democratic Ticket.

For President : GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York.

For Vice-President : ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Ohio.

for Presidential Electors at Large ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover County. REDERICK N. STRUDWICK,

of Orange County.

District Electors:

- AT DIST. -
- D DIST. -JOHN E. WOODARD of Wilson.
- DIST. -CHARLES B. AYCOCK of Wayne.
- ITH DIST. EDWARD W. POU, Jr., of Johnston.
- Tru Dist. J. H. DOBSON, of Sur
- ry. JTH DIST .- SAMUEL J. PEMBER-TON, of Stanly.
- TH DIST. -L. CAMPBELL CALD-WELL, of Iredell.

STU DIST. - THOMAS M. VANCE of Caldwell.

9TH DIST. -

State Democratic Ticket.

For Governor DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake County

For Lieutenant-Governor THOMAS M. HOLT, of Alamance County.

For Secretary of State : WILLIAM L SAUNDERS, of Wake County.

For State Treasurer DONALD W. BAIN,

soap business is completely done for and hereafter cleanliness will not be next to godliness. But his statement has only caused the leading soap manufacturers of New York to laugh at Higgins. The N. Y. Times interviewed them and says:

"They were unanimously of the opinion that the reduction of the tariff on laundry scap, the article mainly made by Higgins. would have no effect on trade, for the materials are so cheap that it can be manufactured at a price that will leave no fear as to the result of competition with English manufacturers. It may have the effect of reducing slightly the profits of the American manufacturer, but the article will be produced at such a low price as to prove of considerable gain to the consumer.

"Messrs. Colgate & Co., of 55 John street, are among the largest soap manufacturers of the city. Members of the firm said yesterday: 'Mr. Higgins's prognostication is certainly dismal one, but, nevertheless, it is absurd. The Mills bill will certainly not cause us to shut down The reduction of the tariff on laundry soap is not likely to do us any injury or affect our business in any way."

The same news comes from Schultz & Co., with big factories at Zanesville, Ohio. While they are "strongly in favor of Protection we are not afraid of the Mills bill, nor have any faith in Mr. Higgins's prophecy." So this soap bubble bursts, and Mr. Higgins realizes that he has been a little 'too previous." But you will find these fables almost in every issue of Republican sheets.

THE NORTHERN COLORED VOTE. There is a genuine split threatened in the negro vote in New York State. Thus far a very cousiderable deser tion has occurred. They have no confidence in Chinese Harrison and Money-bags Morton, who imports cheap contract labor from Europe. The New York Star says:

"They discredit, too, the Republicanism of the railway attorneys, the land sharks. and the monopolists who conducted the Chicago Convention. And they do not believe in dear clothes and cheap whiskey, as inculcated in the Chicago platform There are 10,000 colored citizens in New York city. According to the most conservative estimates, they will cast 4,000 votes for Cleveland and Thurman. According to the estimate of the most sanguine colored Democrats, they will wheel into line 7,000 strong for the Democratic ticket. The colored citizens of the metropolis are now forming a Democratic

and necessaries the cry goes up from the Money Devil, the Plutocrats, the Monopolists, their newspaper organs and tooters-"Free Trade, Free Trade, Free Whiskey, FREE WHIS-KEY, Free Smokes." But the people are not fools as they will find.

It is a noticeable fact that some of the regularly trained actors in New York are trying to establish a school of the drama for the education and disciplining of aspirants of the stage. The school is now open under the charge of the well known playwright and actor, Mr. Boucicault.

The Baltimore Sun says:

"The first class, numbering fifteen, will be paid small salaries, perhaps \$10 or \$15 a week, and will begin the study of plays at once, and when they have made sufficient prograss will give public performances every Wednesday afternoon at the Madison Square Theatre. As occasion demands, the first class will furnish recruits to play parts in regular companies The second class will be drilled by Mr. Boucicault, and its most competent members will be promoted to the first class when vacancies occur. The third class will go through the same sort of dramatic training, and its members will be promoted to the higher classes as their talents may merit '

It looks as if the drama and the theatre are to continue as a part of modern civilization, and it is, there fore, of prime necessity that some thing should be done to improve the acting and prevent the stage from being filled by sticks and nincompoops. The country needs artists not mechanical mouthers.

The Eastern Republicans are much disturbed over the deliverance of their party at Chicago upan the silver question. Everybody knows that heretofore Monopoly and the Money Devil have owned the Republican party. But from some strange freak the fellows in charge at Chicago slipped in a silver plank and this disgruntles the Eastern

bondholders no little. Boston Republican bankers are out in condemnation. Here is a sample of their talk as reported in the Post:

"I am a Republican, but I cannot stand County Committee, and are organizing a on the Chicago platform. 1 should cer-Democratic colored cinb in every Assembly | tainly construe the silver plank in the Re-

Worth its Price ? Dr. Felix S. Oswald Price \$5 a year. Published at 253 Fifth avenue, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- - It is exceedingly gratifying to notice the kind and complimentary way in which our esteemed contemporary, the Constitution, refers to the Hon. Roger Q. Mills and the tzriff bill which bears his name. It is sincerely to be hoped that none of our other esteemed contemporaries will take occasian to quote the sentiments expressed by the esteemed Constitution a few months ago re specting Mr. Mills and his bill .--Savannah News, Dem.

--- The war tariff organs are vehemently denying that the woollen manufacturers are in favor of free wool. It doesn't matter whether they are or not. 'I he people of this country are in favor of cheaper clothing, and they are bound to get it some time. But the fact remains, and 18 not denied, that only three years ago the National Association of Wool Manufacturers "unanimously approved" and sent to the Secretary of the Treasury an argument for free wool. -N. Y. World, Ind.

- The great fight, therefore, is which shall hereafter rule in the country. Democracy or Radicalism? After November either one or the other of the two national parties must disintegrate. In case the decision of the voters is in favor of the Republi cans, a monied aristocracy in the North, and a chaotic society, in which the negro will predominate, in the South, will be the experience of the future. If it is in favor of the Democrate, a non-sectional, conservative and wise Government, fair and equal to all men, and maintaining popular rights and popular liberty will be the result. - Richmond Times,



Dem.

The free whiskey question formed a decided stumbling block in the way of one or two of the orators at the Republican ratification meeting on Tuesday evening. The Hon. Thos. B. Reed, in the course of his remarks, said: "Think of it, the Republican party in favor of free whiskey, and the Democratic party in favor of temperance." One may think of it, and think at passing strange that a great political organization such as the Republican party once was, a party of moral ideas, should have descended into the condition in which it now flounders. The removal of the internal revenue tax from whiskey does imply an enormons reduction in the selling price of that article, its enlarged consump tion, and a consequent tremendous increase in drunkenness, with its at tendant social evils. The Republi cans should certainly be willing to accept Mr. Blaine's authority on this subject, and he is authority for the assertion that State regulations would be powerless, under our constitution, to prevent the manufacture and sale of intoxicating spirite on a greatly extended scale. There is no winking of this fact out of sight, whatever the

many of his old lady admirers in New Hampshire. It has long been known that this treasury emptier is a crank, but he has never before posed as a fighter from Fightville. The "Southern brigadiers" would do well to give Blair a wide berth.

A Tariff Increases Prices Report of the Commission, volume 1 page 250

In the testimony taken before the Tariff Commission at Long Branch, N. J., on July 27, 1882, Mr. S. G. Rosengarten, of Philadelphia, representing the manufacturers of quinine, said: "The object of the tariff is to make the article higher."

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at WM. H. GREEN & Co.'s Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints Coughs, Coids, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and ali throat and lung diseases quickly oured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free; large size \$1 Every bottle warranted.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 30. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market opened firm at 331 cents per gallon, without sales; later 50 casks sold at 33g cents and later still a small lot at 331 cents. ROSIN-Market quiet at 70 cents per bbl for Strained and 75 cents for Good Strained.

TAR-Market quoted firm at \$1 60 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE--Distillers quote the market firm at \$1 70 for Virgin and Yellow Dip and \$1 00 for Hard. COTTON - Market quoted firm on

basis of 91 cents for middling. Quotations at the Produce Exchange were as follows:

Ordinary..... 7 cts # 10 Good Ordinary..... 8 9-16 Low Middling... 9 5-16 Middling..... 92 Good Middling.....10 1-16 - 6 - 6.6 ----RECEIPTS. Cotton ... 15 bales Spirits Turpentine..... 299 casks Rosin.... 398 bbls Tar 34 bbls Crude Turpentine 47 bbls DOMESTIC MARKETS.

strong, active and higher and 22@3c above Saturday; No. 2 red cash 821@824c; July sold at 82%c, closing at 83%c bid; August 811@831c; September 821@818c. Cornquiet; No. 2 mixed cash 431@431c; August sold at 424c, closing at 424c bid; September 421@421c. Oats firm-No. 2 cash 241@25c: August 224c bid; September 221c Whitkey steady at \$114 Provisions higher and in good demand. Pork \$15 for job lote. Lard-prime steam held at \$8 75 Dry salt meats-shoulders \$7 50; longs \$8 50; clear ribs \$8 621; short clears \$8 871. Bacon -shoulders \$8 25; longs \$9 40; ribs \$9 371@9 45; short clears \$9 621@9 65 CINCINNATI, July 30 .- Flour firmer

-family \$3 50@3 70; fancy \$3 75@4 00. Wheat active-No. 2 red 80@83c. Corn firm-No. 2 mixed 461@48c. Oats easier -No. 2 mixed 33@34c. Pork firm at \$14 75. Lard firm at \$8 50. Bulk meats in good demand and higher-short ribs \$8 75. Bacon active and stronger-short clear ribs \$10. Whiskey steady at \$1 14. Hogs firm and higher—common and light \$5 40@6 80; packing and butchers \$6 35@

BALTIMORE, July 30. -Flour fairly active and firm: Howard Street and western super \$2 50@2 85; extra \$3 00@3 85; family \$1 10@4 50; city mills super \$2 50@2 65 extra \$3 25@3 75; Rio brands \$4 60@4 85. Wheat-southern active and higher; Fultz 87@91c; Longberry 88@92c; western strong and higher; No. 2 winter red on spot 901@ 904c. Corn-southern quiet and firm; white 60@62c; yellow 57@59c; western

\$6 70.



By Telegraph to the Morning Star. July 30.-Galveston, steady at 9 15-16c--net receipts 3 bales, all new; Norfolk, steady at 10gc-net receipts 37 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 10%c-net receipts 5 bales; Boston, quiet at 10% - net receipts 161 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 111c-net receipts 12 bales; Savannah, firm at 10c-net receipts 26 bales, 1 bale new; New Orleans, nominal at 101c-net receipts 58 bales; Mobile, firm at 91c-net receipts 67 bales; Memphis, steady at 94c-net receipts 622 bales; Augusta, firm at 101c-net receipts 25 bales; Charleston, quiet at 93c-net receipts 54 bales.

ceived at Memphis was classed strictly middling and sold at 19 1-16c)

(Note.-One bale of new Florida cotton re-

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcere, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. I is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by WM. H. GREEN & Co. 1

STREEN MARKET By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, July 30, noon.-Cotton firm and quiet-middling uplands 5 9-16d: Orleans 5#d. Sales of 8,000 bales; for speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 7,000 bales, of which 3,500 were American. Futures firm at an advance-July delivery

5 37-64@5 38-64d; July and August deivery 5 35-64@5 36-64d; August and September delivery 5 29-64@5 30-64d; September and October delivery 5 19 64d December and January delivery 5 10-64d; September delivery 5 30 64d

BEST BEER BP VERGNER & ENGEL BREWINGD BEER AND DIGESTION

What Dr. Hare, of the University of Pennsylvania, Says About It.

Dr. H. A. Hare, demonstrator of experimental therapeutics and instructor in physical diagnosis in the University of Pennsylvania, says the physician is frequently puzzled when prescribing for a convalescent as to which alcoholic beverage of a mlid and pleasant character he can recommend with the least fear of "upsetting" the stomach, The writer has, therefore, attempted to decide

this question. Before passing to a direct consideration of the methods employed and the result obtained it is necessary that a few physiological and therapeut cal points be brought forward. Every one knowe that alcohol retards digestion in the test tube, but alds it in the stomach ; and while these fartineen somewhat paradoxical, they are, in reality, perfectly logical, for the following reasons :

In the test-tube we have a given quantity of digestive fiuld on which the alcohol may act, and we cannot have any increase in the quantity of that fiuld, because it is surrounded by glass walls In the stomach the alcohol acts quite as muchaa the digestive ferment as it does on the test inte but it also, by the presence of that viscus, excitor the gastric glands to such an extent that an errore of gastric juice is secreted sufficient to counterbal ance any anti-digestive influences. In other words, the action of the spirit on the living time is greater than its action on the digestive ferments Theoretically, alcohol should never be used in indigestion or in conditions of gastric weakness. practically, every physician of experience or elacation gives alcohol under just these circum stances, and, very properly, too, gives the stronger alcoholic preparations instead of the weater. In typhoid fever we give brandy or whisky in the first stages, almost solely for the purpose of in creasing digestion.

It is also known, by those interested in such matters in the profession, that beer alds digestion but little, or at all, by means of its alcohol, since that constituent is present in so diluted a form and In such small quantity that it can neither add digestion to any extent by acting on the coats of the stomach nor retard it by influencing the digestive fluid. It should not be forgotten that while all alcoholic fluids theoretically retard gastric digestion, that beer does so much less than brandy or whisky owing to its small amount of alcohol, and while, as has already been shown, this fact rather obtains against its practical use, that this is overcome by the carbonic acid and bitter principles of the beer which stimulate, excite and act as bitter tonics on the gastrie glands Beers, to be wholesome, should, therefore, con tain carbonic acld and bitter principles to a fair degree, the alcohol taking a subservient and all most useless role so far as digestion is concerned. To sum up the results of these experiments, we find that the beers examined varied in their action as much as fitty-nine minutes, and that while most beers do not retard digestion in all probability in the stomach, that others, such as those mentioned In the first part of the table, aid digestion very materially.

/ Wake Croaty

For State Auditor : GEORGE W. SANDERLIN, " Wayne County.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction SIDNEY M. FINGER, of Catawba County.

For Attorney-General . THEODORE F. DAVIDSON, of Buncombe County

For Judges Supreme Court JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin County. JAMES E. SHEPHERD, for Beaufort County. ALPHONSO C. AVERY, of Burke Cousty.

For Congress -Sixth District : ALFRED ROWLAND, of Robeson County.

TARIFF FABLES EXPOSED.

You will find in the Republican papers any amount of Tariff Fables ovidently intended for grown up prople with the intelligence of chiltron. It is only by false statements, giossings, manipulations, boastings, and figures that lie, that they hope to betool the people. We will give a specimen or two of the fables resorted to and paraded in the Repub lican prints.

Mr. William Whitman, of Boston, 14 President of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers. He denies that woollen manufacturers favor free wool and challenges the Springfield Republican to name one. That able Independent Republican quickly accepts the challenge and 424.7.8

'As to the challenge to name any woollen manufacturers in favor of free wool, we would simply say that we have not space to enumerate such a long list, but here are a few who have within the last six months declared that to be their position Arthur T Lyman of the Lowell company; H. M. Farr of the Farr Alpaca company of Holy. oke; Mr. Chaffee of the Mendicott company of Windsor Locks, Conn.; Beach & Co. of Hartford; Charles H. Merriman of Provience: George Bullock of Conshohocken Penn ; Walter Aikep of Franklin Falls, N Nye & Wait of Auburn N Y Bleakie of Boston : Rowland G. Hazard of Punce Dale, R I : Jesse Metcalf of Provilence, and James Dobson of Philadelphia. John L. Houston of Thompsonville, and a hundred others in favor of free carpet wools and indifferent as to other wools. We will go further, and say that the manufacturers of the woollen association are not and never have been more than nominally in favor of

district of the city. The movement is a political exodus from the Rppublican Darty Surely the signs thicken that the

cause of honest government and just taxation is prospering, and that Cleveland and Thurman are gaining strength every day. While the Northern men of color are deserting the old corrupt party that has bam boozled and bled them so often, what will the Southern black men do? The probability is that they will continue blindly to follow the lead of the Republican party that has long

name. There are four colored lawyers in New York. They will support Cleveland and Thurman as will 40 per cent of their race in the great city. The leading lawyer is T. M. Stewart, from South Carolina. He practices chiefly in the Supreme Court. He belongs to a Democratic Club.

ago outlived its usefulness and good

In Indiana there will be a considerable split in the negro vote. George T. Downing, a leader of the colored vote at Newport, Rhode Island, is out in a letter favoring a division in the colored vote.

REPUBLICANS IN 1882 AND 1888

In June, 1882, the Republican Convention of Maine met and took the very position that Blaine urged in his Paris letter of several months since. It declared that "We are unalterably opposed to the abolition or reduction of the internal revenue tax on liquors, and demand that all possible reductions of taxation shall be

made on necessaries, and not upon

luxuries." The Michigan Republican Legislature of 1883, adopted a resolution requesting their delegation in the Federal Congress to use their influence and vote against any legislation for the removal of the whiskey and beer tax. But in 1888, the Republi can party has become the Free Whiskey party, and they in open National Convention declare:

WE FAVOR THE ENTIRE REPEAL OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS RATHER THAN SUBRENDER ANY PART OF OUR PROTECTIVE STATEM

In opposition to such legislation as this the Democratic party of the whole United States is pledged to

blican platform as a declaration in favor of the freer coinage of silver. * * The object of that plank is to tickle the silver men and make a bid for their support."

The STAR is a silver paper and has no objection to the Republicans changing front on the gold question and favoring a double-standard, the standard of our fathers.

Robert H. Cowlrey in the Presidential candidate of the Union Labor party. He has been setting forth views in the shape of conundrums. It will interest such so called Democratic papers as favor a High Tariff to wrestle with them. We copy some as they are full of pith :

"Have you ever seen a protected manufacturer pay higher wages than he was compelled to?

If protection prevents us from selling in foreign markets, does not protection make less work instead of more?

'If wages are increased by protection, why do these protected manufacturers indorse protection and spend large sums of money to uphold it? "if protectionists desire to pay high

wages, why do they always employ the cheapest labor they can find? "If unprotected industries pay the same wages as tho e that are protected, are they not as valuable, and, if so, why burden them by making them pay heavy taxes to the protected ones?"

These questions cannot be honestly and fairly answered without giving Protection an exceeding pair of blackeyes. If you think otherwise, try it.

The STAR's prophecy will soon be realized as to the nature of the Radical Tariff in the Senate. It is an. nounced that the Sugar Tax will be cut down very largely; the Rice Schedule will be sharply cut, and the Tax on fruit brandy and alcohol for arts, so-called, will be repealed, and a probable entire repeal of the Tobacco Tax. This is the Radical plan of relieving the laboring man of the burdensome taxes on his household necessaries. It is like giving a fellow a smell of attar of roses to cure a raging toothache. It is singing the tail of one wasp when you ought to clean out a whole nest full of the stingers. The Senators are not re-

ported as favoring Free Whiskey. They have heard it thunder lately.

THE PERIODICALS.

The Eclectic for August is not as interesting to us as usual, but it has able and interesting articles from such leading Britpast good character of the Republican party may be.

The Moral Side of It. N. Y. Times, Ind Rep.

Some months ago the "uncrowned King" of the Republican party expressed the opinion that it would be a great mistake to abolish the internal revenue tax on whiskey, because it was a great and to the temperance cause and had decreased the con sumption of whiskey per capita at least 40 per cent. "There is," "a moral side to this question." The Indianapolis Journal, the special home organ of the Republican candi date for President, is one of those Republican newspapers which boldly accept and defend the unwholesome free whiskey plank of the platform of the party. It says: "Whenever you hear anybody yawping about the free-whiskey plank of the Republican party on temperance grounds, set him down as a fraud.

All advanced temperance thought favors the repeal of the Government tax on liquors. The objection to the free whiskey plank comes only from the advocates of free trade too dishouest and cowardly to confess their real opinions." Here we have the chief spokesman of Gen. Harrison. at his own home, in effect characterizing the most significant part of Blaine's Paris message as a "yawp" and setting the man himself down as a "fraud."

Workingmen are organizing building associations. They want to own the houses they live in - it will be better for the country when they do. Well, the tax on lumber collected by Alger and his friends in Michigan

is \$1 out of \$5. If the lumber to build a cottage costs \$500 the tax is \$100.

The Mills Bill abolishes this lumber tax. Do the workingmen object under continued good crop advices. o free lumber?

By Telegraph to the Morning Star MATULTICAL

.144 YORK, July 30 .- Noon. -- Money easy at 1@14 per cent. Sterling exchange 4851@486 and 4871@488. State bonds neglected. Government securities dul! but steady

Naw YORK, July 30, Evening-Sterling exchange weak at 4861@4881. Money easy at 1@11 per cent. Government securities dull and steady: four percents 1278; four and a half per cents 1078. State secutitics neglected: North Carolina sixes 122; fours 924

Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 30 -- Noon.-Cotton quict and steady; sales 140 bales; middling iplands 11c; middling Orleans 111c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat higher Corn better. Pork frm at \$15 00@15 50. Lard tirmer at \$9 05. Spirits turpentine quiet at 35+@35+c. Rosin quiat at. \$1 05@1 17+ Freights steady

NEW YORE, July 30. Evening.-Cotton quiet; sales to-day 94 bales, Saturday's corrected sales 234 bales; sales last week. not before reported, 12,168 bales for export and 1.618 bales for spioning; middling uplands 11c; middling Orleans 11+c; net receipts at all U. S. ports to-day 589 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,474 bales to France 132 bales; to the continent 700 bales; stock at all United States ports 182.510 bales. Southern flour closed firm with fair demand: common to fair extra \$3 00@3 90; good to choice \$4 00@5 10. Wheat stronger and 11@21c higher; options ruled feverish, closing strong at near best: No. 2 red August 931@951c; September 931@95c; October 941@951c; May \$1 00@ 1011. Corn quiet but firmly held: No. 2 August 531@541c; September 531@543c; October 531@59c. Oats quiet and gene-rally steady: No. 2 July 351@351c; August 301c; October 29c; No. 2 spot 36@ 361c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee -fair Rio nominal; options 10@20 points lower: No. 7 Rio July \$10 70@11 00; August \$10 50@10 70; September \$9 90. Sugar dull and more or less nominal; refined quiet. Rice steady. Petroleum steady Cotton seed oil quiet. Tallow steady. Rosin dull at \$1 08@1 071. Potatoes dull Spirits turpentine steady at 351c. Hides in light demand. Wool firm and quiet. Pork quiet and firm. Beef steady. Cul mests stronger but quiet; middles nominal. Lard-western steam \$9 12; Septem. ber \$8 96@8 98; October \$8 85@8 96 Freights dull-cotton 5-64d; grain 14d. Cotton-Net receipts 982 bales; gross receipts 982 bales; futures closed steady, with sales to-day 37,000 bales at the following

quotations: July 10.93@10.94; August 10.90 @10.91c; September 9.72@9.73c; October 9.52c; November and December 9.42@9.43; January 9.48@9.49c; February 9.55@9.56c March 9.62@9,63c; April 9.70@9.71c; May 9.78@9.79c.

Hubbard, Price & Co's cotton circular says: Considerable activity prevailed again to-day, but the market took a backward turn and a large proportion of the recent investmens in August contracts appeared to be sold, though none apparently by a clique. Outside features appeared as hitherto, and were even better if anthing. Advices from Liverpool were favorable. Prices for near positions were 2-64 higher, but the bull efforts or last week failed to obtain the support hoped for, and there seemed to be an absence of sufficient confidence to hold the position. A small gain of five points on August at the opening was followed by a sharp decline of twelve points from the highest, closing at the lowest point of the

day, and seven points below Saturday's prices. New crop months were freely sold

Tenders of cotton 5,400 bales new docket. Wheat strong and higher; prices are checking business; halders offer sparingly. Corn firm; demand fair; new mixed western 49 7d

Sales of American to-day include 6,200

LIVERPOOL, July 30, 4 P. M.-Cotton -Uplands (l m c)-July 5 38-64d, seller; July and August 5 35-64d, buyer; August and September 5 30-64d, seller; Septems ber and October 5 19-64d, seller; October and November 5 12-64d, buyer; November and December 5 10-64d, buyer; December and January 510-64d, seller; January and February 5 10-64d, seller; September 30-64d, seller. Futures closed steady.

bales.

Syrup of Figs

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to Dispel Headaches, Colds, and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup

Company, San Francisco, Cal. At wholesale and retail by ROBT. R



Thus, in the case of the BERGNER & ENGEL BREWING COMPANY'S Tannhaeuser it will be noted that even in the test-tube the 'average delay In gastric digestion equaled but

I MINUTE 30 SECONDS.

From Medical News, June 11.

The TANNHAEUSER BEER is a Special Brewing of the BERGNER & ENGEL BREWING COMPANY, and unquestionably the Finest Light Beer extant. It is brewed from the finest Pale Canada West Barley Malt and Saazer Hops, and highly recommended for its tonic and nutritive qualities.

ELEGANTLY PACKED

FOR FAMILY USE.



OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO MAKE THEM THE tu th sat

ments, and a bound horticulturists Come and see or write to : Real Estate Agent, Maxton, Robeson Co.. N. C. de 15 17

Points for the Workingmen. Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.

