

### PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except on Sundays, at 60 cents per year, in advance, for three months, 20 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 10 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.25; four days, \$2.50; five days, \$2.75; one week, \$3.50; two weeks, \$6.00; three weeks, \$8.50; one month, \$10.00; two months, \$17.00; three months, \$24.00; six months, \$40.00; twelve months, \$60.00. Ten lines of solid nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hope Races, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, etc., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be received if the real name of the author is withheld.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triplicate advertisements.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, etc., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued until ordered to the contrary by the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Announcements, Auction and official advertisements, one dollar per square for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent extra.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay on quarterly, according to contract.

All communications and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of commending or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed the space or to insert anything foreign to their regular space without extra charge of printer.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only 100-cent stamps will be taken by the publisher.

When any advertiser will always specify the issue or issues in which he desires to publish, and, if possible, name the particular advertisement, he will be sent him at the time the advertisement is published, and the advertiser will be responsible for the making of the paper to the address.

## The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

### WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1890.

### THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Sometime ago Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, introduced a resolution in the Senate providing for the submission to a vote of the people of the States an amendment to the Constitution changing the manner of electing U. S. Senators, and providing that they be elected by the people instead of by the Legislatures of the respective States. A few days ago Mr. Henderson, member of the Judiciary Committee, introduced in the House a joint resolution of a similar character, which was recommended by the Committee, all the members voting for it except two. These resolutions are an indication, to say the least, of how the Senate is coming to be regarded by a large portion of the American people. That as a legislative body exercising the functions for which it was originally organized and established it has lost caste with the people cannot be denied and that it is becoming a very serious question whether the manner of electing the Senators had not better be changed is also very apparent. In point of intelligence, with the exception of perhaps a half dozen members, the Senate does not rank above mediocrity, and it has become far more noted for the large bank accounts of a considerable number of its members than for its large brains. With the exception of Ingalls, who is bright, sparkling and snappy, but shallow, there is not a man on the Republican side who would attract attention in an ordinary deliberative assembly. Evarts may be a great lawyer, but he is not a great Senator, and Edmunds who assumes the role of leader, more, perhaps, on account of his age than for his ability, in the better days of the Senate wouldn't rank more than a second or third rate man. He walks around, looks wise, strokes his beard and puts on an air of superiority, which with a good many people passes for superiority and gives him a reputation to which he is not justly entitled. The intellect in the Chamber is on the Democratic side. Remove the ablest of these and the life and spirit it would be taken out of the Senate and it would become as cold, sluggish and uninteresting as so many mud-turtles.

But it is not a lack of brilliancy, nor even of ordinary ability which has caused it to lose caste among the people. It is the fact that dollars have become its distinguishing characteristic and it has got to be a roosting place for men without capacity, and sometimes without a surplus of character, who by the turn of fortune's wheel have become very rich and seek a seat in the Senate to gratify a whim or an ambition, unless they are actuated by the mercenary motive to aid the corporations to

which they belong by furthering their interests as Senators.

It has come to be so now in most of the Northern and Western States that a poor man does not think of becoming a candidate for that position knowing too well that in nine cases out of ten he would be beaten by the man that shook the money bags. Hence the large preponderance of men of wealth from those sections. The people have very little influence in the selection—for they are not elections proper—of Senators and consequently take very little interest in them, and have very little confidence in them. They are regarded simply as money kings who have worked their way into the Senate by the magic influence of their wealth, and who have no interest in common with the people whom they profess to represent.

The only section in which the poor man stands any chance of election is the South, and occasionally in the West, where the Democrats may be in the majority in a State. Mammon has not become mighty enough in the South yet to elect the Senators, and for that reason the Southern Senators are superior as a body to the Senators from the money-bag States.

The people realize the fact that while wealth controls Legislatures as it does they have nothing to expect from the Senate, and that the only way to make it what it was intended to be, a body representing the States and the people, and not the mere millionaire delegates of capital and corporations, is to bring it closer to the people, make it responsible to the people and let the people's voice decide who the Senators shall be. Then perhaps the Senate will again show more character and more capacity, if less money. But there is no probability of this resolution meeting with favorable consideration, for while it might pass the House, it would be strangled in the Senate, for the Senators would feel that in favoring it a majority of them would be signing their own political death-warrants, and they like Senatorial life too well to invite their own execution.

### MINOR MENTION.

The Republican bosses in the House of Representatives are getting scared at some of their own pension schemes, and tried to dodge the Service Pension bill by suspending the rules and passing on the House an amendment to the Senate Dependent Pension bill, giving a pension of eight dollars a month to all dependent soldiers over sixty years of age, or to the widows and children of soldiers. After a short tussle this effort to dodge and pass a substitute bill involving thirty-five or forty millions of dollars annually was defeated. The Service bill, which they were trying to dodge, would add \$750,000,000 to the pensions according to their own estimates, and this they concluded on reflection, and influenced, perhaps, by the protests of Senators Hawley and Hale, was going a little steeper than the people who pay the bills would stand. The cavalier manner in which they dispose of pension bills, however, is illustrated by the fact that they would rush through without debate or a chance for amendment a bill involving an expenditure of \$35,000,000, or \$40,000,000 in addition to the present colossal pension appropriations.

The tariff tinkers have a hard time adjusting the tariff so as to reconcile conflicting interests and placate the owners of the large and small industries whose money and votes are necessary to the g. o. p. Under the new revised tariff a duty has been put upon lime at the solicitation of Congressman Dingley, of Maine, in the interest of some of his constituents who are engaged in the business of lime burning. This was a swipe at Massachusetts and other portions of New England which had been importing lime from Canada. They don't like it, but neither do the wood choppers of Maine, who now demand a tariff duty on wood to compel the protected lime burners to buy their wood from them instead of importing it from Canada as they have been doing. What is bothering Mr. Dingley now is how to placate the wood choppers and avoid making the lime burners mad by putting a tax on wood.

The farmers in New Jersey don't seem to be much better off than the farmers in Kansas and other Western States. Within the past few days the sheriff of one county has sold two hundred farms to satisfy mortgages. New Jersey is a manufacturing as well as an agricultural State, but that great "home market" which protection gives seems to be a myth

there as well as in the far West, where the farmers are burning their corn, for which they have no market. In the meantime while the New Jersey farms are being knocked off under the sheriff's hammer to satisfy mortgages and the farmers of the West are burning corn for fuel, the protection champions are trying to humbug them by giving them protection on products the importations of which wouldn't amount to a drop in the bucket, and are improving the "home market" by putting a higher tax on many of the things the farmer has to buy.

Senator Vance had the floor in the Senate Monday in the argument of the Montana contested Senatorships. He reviewed the evidence, showed by the facts that the Republican claimants had no right to the seats which they claimed, and illustrated by some pertinent anecdotes the absurdity of some of the so-called arguments made in their behalf by some of the Republican Senators. He did not hope by anything he might say to reverse the edict which had already practically gone forth to seat these men regardless of law, facts or justice, but he did bring the fraud out in such bold relief that only the blindest of the blind could fail to see it. Fraud is the order of the day now in Senate and House and it is perpetrated with such a supreme indifference to the opinion of honest people, and such boldness as to almost entitle it to admiration. The sneak thief is despised but, in the estimation of many, the highwayman who goes out and holds up and robs a stage has some of the elements of the hero in him.

### STATE TOPICS.

The Charlotte Chronicle says there is but little opposition in that city to the issuing of \$75,000 of city bonds for the improvement of the streets. In progressiveness and vim, considering size and population, Charlotte will compare favorably with any city that we know of, North or South, and she is indebted for the position she now holds among Southern cities to the energy and push of her people. This it is that by encouraging the building of railroads has made her a railroad center, with all the advantages that this implies. The item of \$75,000 will be a very small one in return for good streets, and it will be money well invested.

Rockingham county is becoming excited over the proposed removal of the county seat from Wentworth to Reidsville. This subject has been more or less agitated at times for several years, but Wentworth being the more central point, and already having the court house and jail, the idea did not meet with much favor except by people in the lower end of the county. Since the destruction of the jail by fire the subject is again mooted, and Reidsville is bestirring herself with a vim that will put the Wentworth people on their mettle.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

The McKinley tariff bill increases the duty on iron ties three times more than it is now. This is supposed to be for the encouragement of the Southern planters, who are supposed to be Republicans.—*Memphis Commercial.*

The best evidence that the world progresses in liberality is the praise and encouragement which widely separated religious bodies now extend to one another. It means, not gush, but real appreciation of the ends of all religion.—*Washington Star, Ind.*

Instead of wasting his time in writing shoo-fly anti-trust bills in Washington, Mr. Sherman should go back to Ohio and help Mr. Hayes with the poultry. Now that there is to be a tariff on eggs, Mr. Hayes' business will be greatly increased.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

The Republicans are after the scalps of the Prohibitionists in Iowa, and are flaunting the fact to the breeze. When another campaign comes on the Prohibitionists will unseat their dirk-knives and go after the Republicans, just by way of keeping even, and then it will be interesting—to the Democrats.—*Chicago Mail, Ind.*

### IRELAND'S HERO.

Parnell is Coming to This Country to Lecture.—*Pittsburg Post.*

It is newly rumored that Charles Stewart Parnell will soon come to America for dollars. He will get them, it is said, by lecturing. Some of the descriptions of Parnell are remarkable for inaccuracy. Scarcely one agrees with another on the make-up and presentability of the Irish leader, and yet there is nothing remarkable about him. He is tall, slender and courteous, and has the air of confirmed ill-health. His cheeks are pallid, his neck thin and his shoulders bowed. In manner he is absolutely and indubitably the most imperturbable man in the British Parliament, and

when it is remembered that he is the target night and day for an endless amount of abuse and assault his composure is all the more wonderful. His popularity is not only with the people, but with the great men of England as well. No matter how bitter the denunciation of the Irish leader may be by the conservatives, there is always a deep and wholesome sentiment of admiration for the uncrowned King of Ireland. All the talk about the great sum of money which he receives is absurd. If he had an income of \$10,000,000 a year it would not be conducive to his comfort in the slightest degree, for his diet is restricted to the commonest food. He does not care for fine clothes and his life is passed constantly in study and work.

### WOMEN AND MEN.

The Kind of a Man a Woman Likes. Women, says the Ladies' Home Journal, like manly, not lady-like men.

They like honesty and purpose of consideration.

They like men who believe in women.

They like their opinions to be thought of some value.

They like a man who can be strong as a lion when trouble comes, and yet, if one is nervous and tired, can button up a shoe, and do it with an amount of consideration that is a mental and a physical bracer-up.

They like a man who can take hold of the baby, convince it of his power, and get it to sleep after they have been worrying with it, and walking with it, until their eyes are tired and they feel as if they had no brains.

They like a man who is interested in their new dresses, who can give an opinion on the fit, and who is properly indignant at any article written against women.

They like a man who knows their weakness and caters to them; who will bring home a box of candy, the last new magazine, or the latest puzzle sold on the street, that will do more than his duty in entertaining everybody for the whole evening.

They like a man who is the master of the situation—that is, who has brain enough to help a woman to decide what is the best thing to do under the circumstances, and who has wit enough to realize, when one of them is stubborn, when one of them is properly indignant at any article written against women.

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present and surprising success may be due. At all events, the handsome whistler is basking in the sunshine of yellow gold guineas, with now a soprano, then a silvery tenor and alternately a flute, piano, violin and orchestral accompaniment. Habitués of Saratoga and Long Branch, Coney Island and the White Mountains will recall the difficulty this now prosperous mocking-bird had to fill a parlor at fifty cents admission. At the London Polytechnic Stanley charged a guinea a ticket and with the patronage of the Duke and Duchess of Fife did not begin to do the business Mrs. Shaw is doing.

### PERSONAL.

Patti says that every note of Wagner means something. Every note of Patti means to her about \$150.

O'Donovan Rossa's twenty years of banishment from Ireland will expire next year, and he will then make a visit to his native land.

Ex-Gov. Swineford, of Alaska, will start a daily paper at West Superior. He predicts that in ten years that city will have 100,000 inhabitants.

John Bargar, of Hope, Ind., received notification of the allowance of back pension to the amount of \$17,000, but says he will not come with the good news that he died almost immediately of heart disease.

Thomas Seymour Denton has invented the word "manuprint," verb, adjective, and noun, for work done with a typewriter. It is at once more accurate and suggestive than "manuscript" for such work.

Emperor William, of Germany, is a very hearty eater. He gets away with four meals a day in royal style. He eats ham and eggs for breakfast, game and salads for luncheon, soups, fish and roasts for dinner, and hot sausages and beer for supper. He has grown very fleshy of late.

The richest professional mendicant in the country is "Blind Johnny," of Philadelphia. He is 60 years of age and is worth about \$20,000. He travels from Chicago to Washington, from there to Baltimore, and ends up in Philadelphia, spending about three months in each city. He has made all his money as a mendicant.

### POLITICAL POINTS.

With a tariff tax on eggs, the American rooster will crow half an hour earlier than usual, thus giving the honest farmer more time for his day's work.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

Senator Quay is suspected of knowing a great deal about the means used to put Benjamin Harrison into the White House. His hook is firmly fixed in the Presidential nose.—*Little Rock Gazette, Dem.*

The provisions of the new tariff bill proposing a bounty of \$2,000 a ton on raw silk will have a tendency to rejuvenate the cocoon hatcheries of California and give the heathen Chinese on the Coast some excuse for remaining.—*Omaha Bee, Dem.*

This recs. to be another "off year," and Democrats seem to be sweeping things in the great cities of Chicago and Milwaukee. If things go on at this rate, the Democrats will make up some fine morning and find themselves in possession, not only of Iowa, but of Illinois and Wisconsin; besides there are indications that Minnesota is shaky. If Illinois should fall in with the Democrats, what will all the new States profit the G. O. P.—*Louisville Times, Dem.*

### ORIENTAL JEWELRY.

How the Asiatic Artist Imparts Peculiar Beauty to Gems. *The Spectator.*

The Asiatic who carved in jade and sunk deep inscriptions on the sapphire could have faceted precious stones just as well as the cutters of Amsterdam, who, till lately, used no machinery, but he did not want to do it. He wanted subdued effects, and made of the garnet a carbuncle, which is a miracle of color without glare, or he cut out, as in many emeralds we have seen, a mere corner, so that the beholder, instead of being bothered with flashing green in his eyes, should peep at will into great depths. We do not say he was altogether right—as regards the diamond he was altogether wrong—but we may rely on it he knew his business, and when he failed intended to fail. His intense appreciation of turquoise was due not only to admiration for its color—which, after all, can be matched only by one or two flowers—but to its being the one gem that, for all its brilliancy of color, does not flash. To this hour the high-class Asiatic loves the cat's eye as the European can never do, because the light in it gives no pain, but reveals itself through a sort of dusky shade. The European has made lovely jewels, and will make lovelier, but he will never make the same jewel as the Asiatic, who, with inimitable art, will take from gold all its glitter without diminishing by one iota the perfection of its shade of color, and will hand you a bit of enamel in which the green is as bright as the emerald, the red as fiery as the ruby, and the whole as restful to the eye as a piece of turf.

### A WHISTLING WOMAN.

The Tremendous Success Mrs. Shaw Has Had in London. *New York World.*

English society has taken up Mrs. Shaw, the well-known New York whistler, who barely succeeded in making her expenses in and about this city. She has rented the Princess Hall in London for a series of entertainments, and with the assistance of instrumental and vocal soloists, has a very delightful programme. Acting on the suggestion of a shrewd countryman, Mrs. Shaw put herself in the highest market, charged a guinea admission and made herself tremendously swell by having the performance begin at 9 o'clock. The plan worked like a charm. Every seat in the house was sold the first night and they have kept right on selling to cultivated people. To the staid English women there is something "slightly improper" about a whistling woman. She is, of course, an Americanism, and necessarily something of a sensation, to which idea some of her

### COMMERCIAL.

#### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 8.

SPRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 37 cents per gallon bid, with sales later at 37½ cents.

ROSIN.—Market firm at \$1 15 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained. Sales of better grades reported at \$1 45 for I, \$1 70 for K, \$2 30 for M, \$2 45 for N, \$2 60 for W G and \$2 75 for W W.

TAR.—Firm at \$1 45 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at \$2 20 for Virgin and Yellow Dip and \$1 20 for Hard.

COTTON.—Quiet and steady at 10½ cents for Middling. Quotations at the Produce Exchange were—

Low Middling.....10½ cents per lb. Middling.....10½ " " Good Middling.....11½ " "

PEANUTS.—Prime 4½@4¾ cents per pound; Extra Prime 4½@5 cents; Fancy 5½@5¼ cents.

#### RECEIPTS.

Cotton,..... 14 bales  
Spirits Turpentine..... 06 casks  
Rosin..... 1,221 bbls  
Tar..... 470 bbls  
Crude Turpentine..... 4 bbls

#### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

#### Financial.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Evening.—Sterling exchange quiet but firm at 48@48 1/2. Money easy at 4@4 1/4 per cent. Government securities dull but steady; four per cents 122; four and a half per cents 103 1/2. State securities dull but firm; North Carolina sixes 123; fours 96.

#### Commercial.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Evening.—Cotton dull, sales of bales; middling uplands 11½; middling Orleans 11½; net receipts, 4,034 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the continent 2,092 bales; stock at all United States ports 528,361 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts 1,437 bales; gross receipts, 672 bales. Firm at the following quotations: April 11.49@11.50c; May 11.52@11.53c; June 11.54@11.55c; July 11.57@11.58c; August 11.56@11.57c; September 10.98@10.99c; October 10.59@10.60c; November 10.40@10.41c; December 10.30@10.40c; January 10.41c; February 10.45@10.47c.

Southern flour firm. Wheat stronger and irregular; No. 2 red 88¼@89¼c at elevator; options active, closing steady; No. 2 red April and May 88¼c; June 88¼c. Corn firm and moderately active; No. 2, 38¼@38½c elevator; options dull but firm; April 38¼c; May 38¼c; July 39¼c. Oats fairly active and stronger, options fairly active and firmer; April 29¼c; May 29¼c; June 28¼c; No. 2 spot 29½@30¼c. Hops weak and quiet; State 13@18c. Coffee—options closed steady and unchanged to 10 points down; May 17, 20@17 1/2; July 17, 20@17 1/2; Rio on spot quiet and steady; fair cargo 20½c. Sugar—raw steady; fair refining 13-16c; centrifugals 96 test 5½c, refined quiet; C 4½@4¾c, off A 5 7/16@5 3/8c; mould A 6 3/16c; confectioners 5 3/8c; cut loaf 7c; powder 6 1/2c. Molasses—foreign 17½@17 1/2c; test, 21c; New Orleans steady; common to fancy 31c@45c. Rice firm, with a good demand. Petroleum easier; refined \$7 10. Cotton seed oil strong. Rosin steady, strained common to good \$1 25@1 30. Spirits turpentine firm at 43c for spot, and 41½c to arrive. Turpentine quiet and firm. Beef firm; beef hams strong, tierced beef dull. Calf meats strong; shoulders 5½c; middles firm. Lard quiet and steady; Western steam \$6 50; city \$6 00; April and May \$6 49c; June \$6 54, July \$6 60. Freights easy; cotton per steamer 60@61; grain \$3.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Cash quotations are as follows: Flour firm with an advance of ten cents asked by dealers on some brands. Wheat—No. 2 spring and No. 2 red 80@80 1/4c. Corn—No. 2, 30 1/4@30 3/8c. Oats—No. 2, 22 1/2@22 3/4c. Mess pork 10 00@10 03 1/2c. Lard \$6 12 1/2@6 15c. Short rib sides \$5 17 1/2@5 20c. Shoulders \$4 50@4 60c. Short clear sides \$5 50@5 60c. Whiskey \$1 02.

The leading futures ranged as follows:—opening, highest and closing. Wheat—No. 2, April 80, 80 1/4, 80 1/4; May 80 1/2, 81 1/4; June 80 1/4, 81 1/4, 81 1/4; Corn—No. 2, April 29, 29 1/4, 29 1/4; May 29 1/4, 29 3/4,