PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news-paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at \$6.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub-scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks, \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make any months. solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., wil be charged regular advertising rates. Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line

for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subse-No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week,

two-thirds of daily rate. Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the

An extra charge will be made for double-column or

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death. Advertisements on which no specified number of in

sertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Adver tisements" will be charged fifty per cent, extra. Advertisements discontinued before the time con-

Payments for transient advertisements must be made n advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communica-tions or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regu lar business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues bey desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named they desire to advertise in. the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1890.

A STUPENDOUS FRAUD.

never thought of remodelling the tariff until they were whipped into it | the Senate. Mr. Evarts held Friday by public sentiment and then when | that the Senate had no right to rethey undertook it it it was not with vise the returns of the territorial canthe view to lessen the burdens of vassing board and that this was "the which the people complained, but to numbug the people and to placate the men who demanded still more protection for many of the numerous industries which were already pro-

For nearly thirty years they have been building up the infant industries" with a high protective tariff, higher on many things now than it ever was, and still the "infant industries," which it seems never outnursing and coddling and spoonfeeding for thirty years the infants haven't yet got strong enough to stand alone. If at the end of thirty years they are still infants that need | canvassing board. They go behind to be nursed how long will it be, under the present nourishing system of protection, before they are able to | find justification for the canvassing

took the tariff matter in hand seems to have devoted itself first to quieting the wailing of these infants and | interesting to have his opinion on next to humbugging the people by making them believe there would be a great reduction of the tariff duties, and at the same time delude the farmers by pretending to give them protection on their farm products. In all these respects the bill as drafted by the majority of the committee is an unmitigated fraud and shows that McKinley and his co-tinkers didn't know what they were doing, or that Sey were knowingly perpetrat-

When the first bill was put in shape and its substance given to the public Mr. McKinley estimated that the revenue would be reduced about \$60,000,000. This bill raised such a racket that the committee decided to revise it and the result was another bill which Mr. McKinley thinks will make a reduction of \$20,000,000; which, it may be remarked, is a pretty heavy tumble from \$60,000,-000 in a few weeks. This is, o course, after estimating the increased revenue from imports on which the tariff has been raised, making the net reduction \$20,000,000.

Now a treasury expert who has been put to work to figure up and estimate the results gives it as his conclusion that there will not be any reduction at all, but an increase of \$12,000,000. This treasury expert is more apt to be correct than Mr. McKinley and his co-laborers on the committee who seem to have been floundering along from the beginning in a confused and tangled way, undoing or trying to undo one day some protected interest pleaded or raised the war whoop.

There is a cut of \$27,000,000 on sugar; the free list will make a reduction of about \$6,000,000, and other reductions will foot up somewhere about \$5,000,000, \$38,000,000 in all, so that it the treasury man's figures are right these \$38,000,000 will be made up, which added to the \$12,000,000 will give a revenue of \$50,000,000, which will come out of the people in some way, and be levied on those things which are used by the greatest number of people, such as wool and woollen goods, hemp, flax, earthenware, glassware, tin-plates, &c., in all of which the tariff taxes have been increased. This means that the people will pay, if the McKinley fraud should pass, \$50,000,000 more of tariff taxes than they did before Mr. McKinley and his co-tinkers undertook the work of remodelling the tariff and of reducing the revenue.

The most shameful feature about this fraud, is the pretended protection it offers to the farmer, in the increase of the duties imposed upon farm products. The total amount of imports of agricultural products last year was \$56,636,385, of which nearly \$18,000,000 was in tropical tracted for has expired charged transient rates for time fruits and nuts, and nearly \$14,000,-000 in tobacco, in the former of which our farmers are not interested at all, and in the latter only a limited number who grow a certain kind of tobacco, so that the total amount of imports upon which protection is given in which the farmers generally are interested, would not foot up more than \$25,000,000, as compared in round numbers with \$600,000.000 of exports. For the ridiculous protection they get on these \$25,000,000 | for the workman. and of imports, they will have to pay ten fold in the increased taxes if the the bill as manipulated by McKinly & Co. passes.

MINOR MENTION.

There seems to be a lack of harmony among the Republican Senators as to the power of the Senate to go behind the returns to decide as to The Republican tariff tinkers whether the Democratic or Republican claimants are entitled to seats in proposition of the constitution, of the safety of the Senate, and of the States." Mr. Evarts is regarded as the great legal and constitutional luminary on the Republican side of the Senate, and they held him in reserve to bring up the rear and close up any gaps that his Republican colleagues might have left open. Mr. Hoar, Spooner and other Republicans, however, argued that the Republican candidates for the Legislagrow their infancy, cry out for more | ture from Silver Bow county were protection than ever. After all the elected because there were in one of the precincts 134 votes cast by "aliens," which gave the Democratic candidates a majority, but which were thrown out by the Republican the returns, where Senator Evarts declares they have no right to go, to board for throwing out votes and de-The McKinley Committee when it claring the minority candidates elected. After this constitutional opinion by Mr. Evarts it would be the right of the House of Representatives to go behind the returns in the Congressional districts, unseat Democrats and put Republicans in their places, as they are doing. There seems to be, if Mr. Evarts be correct, and Reed and his gang correct, one kind of a constitution for

> In their eagerness to make some more Republican Senators and Representatives the Republican solons in Washington are not influenced by such small matters as population. When they want a few Senators lug in some more territories, if they happen to be of the right political admitted and the two territories to be admitted have not population all combined, to equal New York or Pennsylvania, and yet they will give the Republican party twelve Senaof these States. Wyoming hasn't to those that are. more than 80,000 population.but she will walk in with two Senators. Idaho not more than 100,000, and she will walk in with two more. They took Nevada in for the same reason that they are taking these frontier settlements in now, to get a couple of Senators, and for ten years her population has been dwindling down, the mining camps having been deserted, until it now numbers no more than 35,000. But she has her two

the Senate and another for the

House, or an India-rubber one, that

stretches to suit.

diculous farce this whole business is

It is now pretty well settled that there will be no World's Fair at Chicago before 1893 to celebrate the discovery of America by Columbus, but the Senate Committee favors in the meantime the celebration of the event with an international naval display in New York harbor, another at Hampton Rhodes, and a civic display in Washington some time in the spring preceding the opening of the Fair. The Government is expected, of course, to appropriate liberally to these shows, which may amuse the people who care to see them. If Congress had taken a sensible view of this question, had not wasted the time it did in haggling over the place to locate it, and had decided in favor of Washington where it was originally intended by the suggesters of the World's Fair that it should be held, it would be held at the time contemplated, would be a grand offer of which the country would be proud, and there would have been none of that disgusting wrangling over it between rival cities.

Already some of the manufacturers are beginning to take advantage of the proposed new tariff bill to cut down the wages and get more work out of their employes. The Hartford Carpet Manufacturing Company has reduced the pay of its operatives and increased the hours of work from fifty-four to sixty per week, giving as a reason the proposed increase of duty on carpet wools. They expect to pay the extra duty and get even by taking it out of their workmen in reduced wages and extra time. The high tariff is a big thing

STATE TOPICS.

Asheville is coming to the front as a city of hotels. Notwithstanding the fact that she has some very fine hotels already, she lacks hotel accommodations. Others are to be built. J. H. Inman, President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company favors building one to cost \$250,000 and will submit the matter and urge it upon the board of managers. Asheville is becoming a favorite resort of Northern and Western people, many of whom were unable during the past winter to find accommodation in the hotels and had to go to Florida.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- One disheartening thing about these Western cyclones is that as yet they have shown no disposition to take the mortgages with them.-Phil. Times, Ind.

- It is asserted that no wool is produced in the Argentine Republic except coarse grades for carpet manufacturing. This is a mistake. Some of the finest wool in the world is raised in Argentinia; but it does not come to this country because of the prohibitory duty upon it .- Phil. Re-

-- The Senate passed the bill against Trusts yesterday, only one vote, that of Mr. Blodgett of New Jersey, being recorded in the negative. The almost unanimoue vote he could be happy, for there was not of the Senate seems to show that the bill is passed to be passed, and not to be enforced or to amount to anything .- N. Y. Sun, Dem.

- Some of the Republican newspapers commend Senators Hawley and Frye for the stand they took against extravagant pension legislation, but the united efforts of these newspapers, and Messrs. Hawley and Frye, cannot restrain Republican and Democratic demagogues in their wild pension schemes. It is a source of some gratification to know that most of the demagogues are in the Republican party.-Savannah News, Dem.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRAT'N

The Plan for Settling Disputes Between Nations of this Continent Without an

Appeal to Arms.

Philadelphia Press. Several guesses of what the plan will be have been made, but the Press is now able, for the first time. to give an outline in terms necessarily general, but still exact, of the and Representatives they go out and scheme of arbitration. The report of the committee provides that whenever any differences shall arise be- stethoscope, with the addition that it tween any nations of the American is able to transmit all voice sounds complexion. The four new States hemisphere, they shall be referred to to a distance. The combined arbitration. If the nations in dis- transmitter and receiver is four pute so agree there can be a single and one-half inches long from bitrators" is meant, the agreement | ton to the centre of the ear-piece. specifies, a nation or nations of this continent not interested in the dis-

cannot agree upon a single arbitraof nations be involved the arbitra-If an odd number of nations be indecision in which the minority decline to acquiese, it is provided that such refusal shall not invalidate the

decision of the majority. Another important feature of the proposed agreement is that no country can be compelled to submit to arbitration when an international dispute involves its independence. In other words, it will be allowed to fight for its life, and arbitration is not to be made a shield for annexation. For example, if Paraguay were to fall into difficulty with Brazil, and the big republic should assert its side of the dispute in such form as to involve the autonomy of its weaker neighbor, the other American powers would refuse to sanction such a proceeding of arbitration. Indeed, the terms of the agreement of arbitration are such as to make it probable that in such case the weaker power would be protected by other members of the International American

STORY OF A NECKLACE.

The Manufacture of Pearl Beads in th

Time of Louis Quatorze. The pretty duchess of Fife has been photographed in evening dress with a single string of pearls about her neck, says the Ladies' Home Journal. There is somehow about this string of beads a singularly pure and girlish air, and it is the one necklace that is always in good taste for a young girl. As you clasp the string of pearl beads about your own neck I wonder how many of you know of the romance connected with those which were first made?

Love, which governs all the world, comes in this story. In the time of Louis XIV. there was a maker of pearl rosaries and necklaces who was famous for the exquisite beauty that he gave them. The ladies came from far and near to buy these wondrous beads, for from no one else could they be gotten. Vainly did his rivals try to imitate the perfect whiteness and polish of the beads manufactured by him. With all his prosperity he was very unhappy and dreaded to sell his necklaces because of the poison (said to be mercury) with which he used to dent Harrison one or two sleepless day his son was astonished to hear him say, as he sold a particularly beautiful pearl rosary: "Infamous man that I am! May this crime be

Soon after war was declared between France and Flanders, and the ld man was very happy because he thought no more necklaces would be ordered. His only son was about to be married, and the sweet little girl whom he had chosen so pleased the father that he said: "Ask of me Teeth? If so send at once and get any thing, for I am glad to have so sweet a daughter." With great glee she answered: "Oh father make for me one of those beautiful necklaces, such as only you can make." The unhappy man was speechless with horror, and wandered through the woods all night wondering what in the world he would do. When the energy to the whole system. "Mrs. day time came he threw himself on a bank beside the water to rest, and there floating on the top was an iridescent substance at which he could not help but look; it seemed so like his own perals. He searched twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and for it and found that the effect was ask for ."Mrs. Winslow's Soothing caused by the scales of a Syrup. small whitefish. He collected some, experimented with them, and succeeded in producing with them the whiteness and polish for which he had formerly been forced to use the poison. On the wedding day he clasped around the neck of the beautiful bride the handsomest string of pearls that he had ever made, and as he kissed her sweet, red lips he knew a particle of poison in them. The truth of the story lies in the fact that to this day the method of making pearl beads discovered by Martin Jacquin is still the only one. So if you wear about your neck a string of beads like that which delighted the heart of the lovely Ursula, and if you have to thank the man for having invented a necklace free from that taint of poison, you must remember that he perhaps never would have made his great discovery if the whim of a women had not driven him to it.

A NEW TELEPHONE.

An Important Invention of a Chicago

A new telephone has been patented by a Chicago inventor, known as the stetho-telephone. It can be used over a common telegraph wire without any battery assistance whatever. The operator places a receiver to the ear and a transmitting button against the side of the throat, as it is both a transmitter and receiver. It takes its name from the manner of using it. The instrument is said to have all the capabilities of the ordinary arbitrator. By "arbitrator" or "ar- the centre of the tronsmitting but-The transmitting button projects about two inches from the side of the tors against two from either pute, but at the same time friendly instrument, and is in a convenient position to be placed against the side In acting as arbitrator or arbitra- of the throat when the ear-piece is tors, a nation or nations are to be placed in its proper position against represented by some high official, the ear. Holding the instrument possibly a President or Secretary of | with its transmitting button pressed State. In case the contending parties | lightly against the throat, the actual movements taking place in and about tor, there may be two, or as many as | the larynx are conveyed by the butthere are nations involved in the | ton to the electrical parts of the incontest at issue. If an even number strument, and through them sent over the line to the distant receiver, tors will have to appoint an umpire. | in which the most perfectly formed words are produced. A company terested in the contest, the decision has been formed in Chicago to manof a majority shall rule, unless oth- ufacture the instrument, and if it what they did the day before, when | Senators all the same. What a ri- | majority of the arbitrators reach a | minish the price of service. erwise agreed beforehand. When a proves successful it will greatly di-

PERSONAL.

- Mark Twain smokes 300 cigars

a month. - Mrs. Stanford supports several free kindergardens for the poor in San Francisco.

- William Lloyd Garrison, announces the fact that he "glories in the

name of free trader. - Alton Augier, who goes as United States Consul to Rheims, was once an opera singer in Europe.

- Frederic A. Ober, the Mexican traveller, has gone to the coast of South America in search of fresh material for

- Valorous Taft, of Upton. Mass., s one of the largest men in the Bay State. His weight is over four hundred

- E. J. Pope, recently had a great run of lucky at Monte Carlo. The number 32 came up twice three times in succession, and Pope won 100,000 francs. - Little Joseph Hoffmann, who is living at Eisnach, practices steadily at

his home, composing more or less, but has not played in public since he left this country. - Berry the English hangman, has been offered a salary of \$250 a week to appear upon the English provincial stage in the character of executioner.

He refused the proposition in the haughtiest way. As any officer of the English Government he could not accept such an offer.

POLITICAL POINTS.

- Speaking of hides, the Repubhean hide will be hung up to dry in a little less than two years, and a fifteen per cent. tariff will not save it.-Kinston (N. Y.) Leader. Dem.

- Speaker Reed's famous minority rule may serve very well for throwing a few Democrats out of their seats in the House, but it does not extend to Indiana and Ohio, as the late elections in those States demonstrate; In these States it still requires a majority to cons titute a quorum or put a Republican into office. - Phil. Record, Dem.

- There was a Democratic landslide in Indiana, Ohio and Michigan municipal elections yesterday, Republican losses and defeats being the rule. This, taken in connection with Iowa's recent flop and the ominous murmuring from Minnesota, ought to cause Presigive them their great beauty. One i nights at least. By placing his ear to the political ground the portentous rumbling may be distinctly heard. In this connection it may be well to keep an eye on Mr. Blaine, When the wind sits in the shoulder of his sail he will not be stayed for .- Chicago Mail, Ind. ---

Advice to Mothers.

For over fifty years MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price

A Safe Investment. Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Medical Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Longs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at ROBBERT R. BEL-

LAMY'S Wholesale and Retail Drug

Read advertisement of Otterburn Lithia Water in this paper. Unequaled for Dyspepsia and all diseases of kid-ney and bladder. Price within reach of

FLOUR, BACON, MOLASSES'

1.500 BBLS. FLOUR—ALL GRADES,

150 Boxes D. S. SIDES, 100 Hhds, and Bbls. P. R. MOLASSES

100 Bbls, New Orleans MOLASSES,

200 Cases LARD,

50 Bbls. CAROLINA RICE

75 Bbls. SUGAR, 100 Sacks COFFEE,

250 Kegs NAILS, 50 Bbls. DISTILLERS' GLUE,

100 Boxes TOBACCO,

100 Cases LYE,

75 Cases BALL POTASH, 50 Cases STARCH,

Snuff, Candles, Soap, Wrapping Paper, Twine, &c
For sale low by
mar20tf WILLIAMS. RANKIN & CO.

CLYDE'S New York & Wilmington STEAMSHIP COMPANY.



FANITA. Saturday, Ap'l 12
GULF STREAM W'nesday, Ap'l 16
BENEFACTOR Saturday, Ap'l 19 From Wilmington. GULF STREAM. Friday, Ap'l 11
BENEFACTOR. Tuesday, Ap'l 15
FANITA Thursday, Ap'l 18
GULF STREAM. Tuesday, Ap'l 22 Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't,

Wimington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, 5 Bowling

Green, N. Y.

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COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, April 12. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 381/4 cents per gallon, with sales of

receipts at quotations. ROSIN.-Market firm at \$1 15 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained. Better grades reported at \$1 35 for I, \$1 50 for K, \$2 20@2 25 for M, \$2 40@2 50 for N, \$2 50@2 60 for W G, and \$2 65@2 75 for W W.

TAR.-Firm at \$1 45 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at \$2 85 for Virgin, \$2 25 for Yellow Dip and \$1 25 for

COTTON.-Firm at 10% cents for Middling. Quotations at the Produce Exchange were— Low Middling 1038 cents # 16

Good Middling 111/8 PEANUTS-Prime 41/2@43/4 cents per pound. Extra Prime 4%@5 cents; Fancy 51/8@51/4 cents.

Cotton	4	bales
Spirits Turpentine	93	casks
Rosin	592	bbls
Tar	285	bbls
Crude Turpentine	11	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial.

NEW YORK, April 12.-Evening.-Sterling exchange quiet and barely Money easy with no loans steady. and closing offered at 3 per cent. Government securities dull but steady; four per cents 122; four and a half per cents 1031/2. State securities neglected; North Carolina sixes 1231/2; fours 96. Commercial.

NEW YORK, April 12-Evening.-Cotton steady; middling 115gc; low middling 11 3-16c; good ordinary 10 5-16c; net receipts - bales; gross receipts 375 bales: forwarded 25 bales, sales 49 bales all to spinners; stock at all United States ports 137,851 bales. Total to-day-net receipts at all ports

1,249 bales; exports to the continent 1,825 bales; stock 312,720 bales. Total since September 1st-net receipts 5,615,020 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,564,895 bales; to France 461,529

bales; to the continent 1,469,799 bales: to the channel 6,227 bales. Cotton-Net receipts - bales; gross receipts 375 bales. Futures closed very steady; sales 61,300 bales at the fol lowing quotations: April 11.60@11.61c; May 11.61c; June 11.61@1162c, July 11.63 @11.64c; August 11.62@11.63c; September 11.02@11.03c; October 10.61@ 10.62c; November 10.41@10.42c; De-

cember 10.40@10.41c; January 10.42@

10.43c; February 10.45@10.47c. Southern flour firm and quiet. Wheat unsettled, clossng steadier, with options dull; No. 2 red 91 4c at elevator; options active but irregular and 38@58c down. closing steady; No. 2 red April 911/8c; June 90%c; July 901/2c; August 891/2c. Corn higher and active, chiefly for export; No. 2, 3934@40c at elevator; options moderately active and firm; April 3958c; May 39%c; June 40c; July 4012c Oats quiet and firm; options fairly active and firmer; April 30c; May 2958c. June 291 c; No. 2 spot 30@3014c. Hops easy and quiet. Coffee-options closed steady, 10@20 points lower and quiet; April \$17 60@17 70; May \$17 50; June \$17 20@17 25; July \$17 05@17 15; Rio on spot steady and quiet; fair cargoes 201/cc Sugar-raw firm and quiet; fair refining 3; refined active; mould A 61/6c. Molasses-foreign quiet; 50 test 21c; New Orleans steady. Rice firm and in good demand. Petroleum firm; crude in barrels at Parker's \$7 30; refined here \$7 10. Cotton seed oil strong. Rosin firm Spirits turpentine dull. Pork-No prices here because of the wild speculation in Chicago, and an advance there of \$3 50; although subsequently showing a decline there of \$2 25. Beef steady and firm; tiered beef steady. Cut meats firm; middles strong; short clear \$6 25. Lard higher prices because of squeeze in pork at the West and dull; Western steam \$6 70; city steam \$6 15; options-April \$6 70; May \$6 71; June \$6 74 bid; July \$6 80; October \$6 95. Freights steady; cotton 1/8d; grain 21/6d.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Cash quotations firm as follows: Flour and 3@10c higher. Wheat-No. 2 spring 871/2@881/4c; No. 2 red 871/2@881/3c. Corn—No. 2, 321/3c. Oats—No. 2, 231/3c. Mess pork \$13 25. Lard \$6 40. Short rib sides \$5 50. Shoulders higher. Short clear sides higher. Whiskey \$1 02.

The leading futures ranged as follows

-opening, highest and closing. Wheat -No. 2, April 84, 90 4, 88; May 84 4, 90, 88½; June 84½, 90,88¾. Corn—No. 2 April 31¼, 31½, 315; May 31½, 32½, 32¼; July 33, 33½, 33¾. Oats—No. 2 May 23½, 23¾, 235%, June 23½, 23½, 2358; July 2312, 2324, 2324. Mess pork per bbl—May \$11 55, 15 25, 13 25; June \$11 65, 15 25, 13 3712. Lard per 100 lbs—May \$6 30, 64712, 64212; June \$6 3712. 6 50, 6 45. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May \$5 371/2, 5 60, 5 521/2; June \$5 40, 5 60,

BALTIMORE, April 12.-Flour active and higher: Howard street and western super \$2@2 50; extra \$2 75@3 65; family \$3 85@4 50; city mills Rio brands extra \$4 25@4 50. Wheat-southern quiet graded 1 cent lower. Fultz 83@88 cents Longberry 85@89 cents; western steady No. 2 winter red on spot and April 865 @86% cents. Corn-southern quiet and steady; white 39@42 cents; yellow 38@ 39 cents; western strong.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. April 12-Galveston, firm at 10 15-16c -net receipts 88 bales; Norfolk, firm at 11c-net receipts178 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 113/6@111/c-net receipts - bales; Boston firm at 11%cnet receipts 44 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 11%c-net receipts 52 bales; Savannah, quiet at 10 15-16c-net receipts 344 bales; New Orleans, firm at 11 1-16cnet receipts 410 bales; Mobile, nominal at 10%c- net receipts 5 bales; Memphis, firm at 11c-net receipts 108 bales; Augusta, firm at 11c-net receipts 219 bales; Charleston, firm, and held higher at 10%c-net receipts 124 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star. LIVERPOOL, April 12, noon.—Cotton -ptices show a tendency to higher rates; American middling 61/8d. Sales 7,000 bales; for speculation and export 500 bales; yesterday's sales were increased

can; receipts 28,000 bales, of which 7.200 bales were American. Futures steady- May and June delay ery 6 11-64d June and July delivery 13-64d; July and August delivery 14-64d; also 6 15-64d; August and Septem ber delivery 6 12-64d; September delivery 6 15-54d; October and November de

by later business by 2,000 bales Amer

livery 5 49-64d. Wheat firm; demand fair, holders offer sparingly. Corn firm; demand fair; new muker

western 3s 6 4d. 1 P. M.-American middling 61 ad sales to-day included 5,600 bales Ameri can. Futures: April 6 10-64d, seller April and May 6 10-64d, seller, May and June 6 12-64d, seller; June and July 6 15-64d seller; July and August (14-64d, buyer; August and September 3 14-64d, buyer; September and October 5 58-64d, buyer; October and November 549-64d, value. Futures closed firm London, April 12.—Spirits turpenting

NOTHING SUCCEEDS

LIKE SUCCESS.



CAUSED

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