PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news-ARE MORNING STAR, the onless daily news-paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at \$6.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub-scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY). - One square ADVENTISING RATES (DATLY).—One square one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$300; five days, \$350; one week, \$400; two weeks, \$650; three weeks, \$850; one month, \$1000; two months, \$1700; three months, \$2400; six months, \$4000; twelve months, \$0000. Ten lines of which isometreal type make one supersolid Nonpareil type make one square.

Ail announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted ; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author swithheld.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or mn advertisements,

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordi-nary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for tructly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements on which no specified number of in-sertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date discontinuance Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements,

one dollar per square for each insertion. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy

any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertosements" will be charged fifty per cent, extra.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time accually published

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper retrigence, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to singract,

All pannouncements and recommendations of candi-dates for office, whether in the shape of communica-tions or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regu-lar business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues any desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named is advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor aly be responsible for the mailing of the paper to

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

now even by such a crude and ill-digested scheme as this sub-treasury one, the heaviest cost of which would fall upon the farmers themselves if put into operation.

which these ranting organs will take That it is a crude and ill-digested scheme, and that it would not benegood care not to recognize. fit the farmers, but only a small proportion of them if established, if it Some of the Democratic papers in really benefitted any, is shown by Alabama have been apprehensive for sometime that the action taken by Mr. Carlisle when he points out the fact that the bill only makes provicertain Farmers' Alliances in that State in bringing forward a caudision for the building of warehouses in about one-third of the date for the governorship threatened counties of the United States, party disruption and disaster, but these apprehensions were shown to and those the richest counties, be groundless, when on Saturday where there is really the least after a warm contest Kolb, the farmneed of them, if needed at all, leavers' candidate, was defeated and he ing the other two-thirds without any. and friends moved to make the nom-This amounts in practice to an unination of his successful competitor, just discrimination in favor of the Thos. G. Jones, unanimous, pledging rich against the poor counties, and him their hearty support, Mr. Kolb in favor of the wealthier minority volunteering to make a canvass of against the poorer majority. This poor majority who get none of the the State for him and the ticket. The farmers who belong to the Albenefits would have to pay their pro-

portionate part of the tax to establish this system for the benefit of the are too much interested in good govminority better situated financially than themselves.

the poor and that its tendency has

plished all its friends claim for it. Th

\$250,000 worth or less. But it is

claims attention, while the less for-

ignored. There isn't the first ele-

destruction of the Democratic party One of the strongest objections to the protective system aside from its on which the South is dependent for good government. They are not gounconstitutionality has been that it is in the interest of the rich against ing to do it.

liance, as well as those who do not,

ernment in the South, to be instru-

mental directly or indirectly in the

votion to the Union and the old flag,

and throughout all these proceedings

not one word hostile to the Govern-

ment under which we live was ut-

* *

tered by any one. These are facts

been and is to make the rich richer The organization of the Confedand the poor poorer, an objection erate Memorial Literary Society at which could be brought with Richmond, the object of which is to equal appropriateness against the collect by gift, purchase or othersub-treasury plan even if it accomwise books and other literary productions, etc., pertaining to the war county which produces \$500,000 between the States, is a movement worth of farm products ought to be in the right direction, and one which much better able to take care of itshould have been inaugurated years self, to pay its debts, and to get ago. In this way in time may be along without Government aid than gathered in available form the mathe county which produces only terial from which the historian may write the South's side of that great only the county which can produce a struggle. There should be organhalf a million dollars worth which ized in every Southern State a similar association to co-operate with tunate sixteen hundred are totally the Richmond Society.

themselves to do. Oh times! oh, manners!!

It seems to me that there is a singular lack of appreciation of facts, and also a looseness of statement, pervading this entire argument of counsel. These gentlemen speak of themselves repeatedly as "eounsel of the tax-payers." I deny that they occupy any such position. The taxpayers of Wilmington, by a considerable majority, voted a subscription ister, Dcm. of \$100,000 to the W. O. & E. C. R. R. Co., and they have never, to this date, expressed any wish to evade the obligation they voluntarily assumed; still less have they authorized the employment of counsel to aid them by technical objections to escape from the obligation, on the faith of which the Railroad Company has gone forward and built the road. These counsel are employed by the 'Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington," and are not "counsel for the taxpayers" save only in the sense that our property will be taxed to pay the fees of coun-

sel-unhappily. After a somewhat hackneyed quotation from "a very famous character," the counsel for the Mayor and Aldermen, having sufficiently indulged themselves with sneers at the Trustees, proceed to give the reasons which induce them to urge the said Trustees to violate the obligations assumed in the tripartite agreement. They say "the construction of the road was not begun within the time" (i. e. within twelve months from the ratification of the act) "according to the true intent and meaning of the act '

Mark you: It is not denied that the construction of the road was begun within twelve months, but these gentlemen, of counsel for the city, with overweening confidence in their own perspicuity, claim to have discovered that such construction was not so begun according to the "intent and meaning of the act." Now admit for argument sake, that they are right as to the "intent and meaning"-what have the Trustees to do with these?

It is confessed that the terms nominated in the bond were complied with by the Railroad Company. It is to be supposed that the city authorities, under the advice of the city attorney, did satisfy themselves as to the fact of the commencement of

nally failed to grasp the merits of

"A claims that B owes him a debt.

claim, but insists that B shall bring

suit to establish that he does not owe

it. There, gentlemen, is the case in

Such is not the case at all, either in

There is nothing "tripartite" about

Here is the case: A agrees to pay

B a certain sum of money upon the

completion of a specified work, and

completion of the work it is clearly

"Save me from my friends."

the question they discuss.

Note their illustration:

a nutshell," say the counsel.

a nutshell or otherwise.

this case.

CURRENT COMMENT

- There is a good deal of retributive justice in this world. Mrs. Canfield, of Kansas, who wrote a letter about a year ago severely crit-icising the course of the Southern whites toward the blacks, was a candidate for school director at her home a few days ago and was deteated by a negro washerwoman .- Mobile Reg-

—— The equestrian statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee, which is to be unveiled at Richmond to-day, evidences the strong affection in which the people of the South have enshrined the memory of one who was to them a hero. And even those who neither fought under his banner nor shared his convictions will recognize his dauntless courage, his deep devotion to an idea, and his calm submission to defeat. In his own person Gen. Lee illustrated those high mental and moral qualities that appertain to the highest type of American manhood. -Phil. Record, Dem.

----- The man whom the South honors to-day is one of the most impressive characters the world has ever seen. He rose superior to defeat and supreme over disaster and ruin. It does not matter in contemplating such a man a man as Lee what opinion is held of the cause for which he fought. This leader was, in the general view, greater than the cause. If he had flourished in an earlier and happier period he might have to-day the homage of every American as he has the homage of the South .- Wash. Star, Ind.

PERSONAL.

- Mlle. d'Alee, niece of ex-Empress Eugenie, at her wedding received gifts which were valued at \$1,600,000. - Mr. Gladstone has rented the

bales; to the channel ---- bales; stock at Raith estate at Kirkcaldy, Scot., where all United States ports 184,898 bales. he intends to spend the coming autumn. - Archdeacon Farrar says he desires to impose a limited period of celisales to-day of 102,800 bales at the folbacy upon the English clergy, being of lowing quotations: June 12.35@12.36c the opinion that it is a choice between celibacy and beggary.

 The clay pipes which Alphonse Daudet smokes originally belonged to Gustave Flaubert, who, on his death, left them, together with other things of more value, to Daudet.

@5 35. Wheat quiet and firmer; No. 2 - Annie Besant, who is soon to red 94% cat elevator; options fairly acvisit America to preach theosophy, is a tive and irregular; closing firm; No. 2 red. most interesting platform orator. She

COMMERCIAL. Wheat steady: demand holders offer sparingly Corn steady; demand fair new me

American.

WILMINGTON MARKET western 8s 5%d. 2 P M-American midd

STAR OFFICE, June 2. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .-- Quoted steady at 341/2 cents per gallon. No sales reported.

ROSIN .- Market steady at \$1 15 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.-Firm at \$1 35 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at \$2 70 for Virgin, \$2 35 for Yellow Dip and \$1 25 for Hard.

COTTON .- Steady at 11 cents for Low Middling, 11½ cents for Middling and 1134 cents for Good Middling.

---RECEIPTS. Cotton. 5 bales 302 casks Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin...... 1,276 bbls bbls 64 Tar.... Crude Turpentine..... 44 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial. NEW YORK, June 2 .- Evening. Sterling exchange quiet and steady an 485@487. Money tight at 5@12 per cent.; closing 12 per cent bid. Government securities dull but steady; four per cents 122; four and a half per cents

Commercial.

for consumption and 382 for export;

middling uplands 121/2c; middling Or-

leans 12 11-16c; net receipts to-day at

all United States ports 548 bales; ex-

ports to Great Britain ---- bales; to

France — bales; to the Continent 721

10.62c; February 10.66@10.67c.

diseases constitutionally. Cotton dull; sales of 115 bales, also for last week not before reported, 299 bales

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh. from chitls, Rheumatism, Kidnet and Liver Disease, Chills and From I male Troubles, in all lis forms, and in fact, every Discass known to the Human System

Net receipts - bales; gross receipt: Beware of Fraudulent Initation 5,055 bales. Futures closed steady, with See that our Trade Mark July 12.46@12.47c; August 12.27@12.28c meachigugs September 11.35@11.36c; October 10.78 Send for head Hotors -1 @10.79c; November 10.58@10.59c; De cember 10.57@10.58c; January 10.61@ given away by 3 8 10 EALWER -Southern flour dull; common to fair extra \$2 50@3 00; good to choice \$3 15 ian 11 DAW IN

CAUTION W. L. Douglas is and and

Exterminates the Mutules and system, and when that in their ache or pain No matter what a simple case of Malavia Lorence ... eases, we cure them all at the :

CAUSED BY MICROBES

Radam's Microbe Killer

Sales to-day included to comp

4 P. M .- Cotton - Futures 3

ler; July and August 6 16

August 6 37-64d, seller, August

tember 6 37-64d, seller, Sente

64d, seller; September and ra

86-64d; November and Decom

64@5 57-64d. Futures cloud

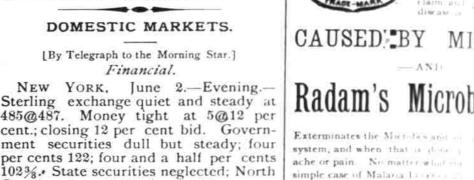
near months and steady for a

NOTHING SUCCEEDS

LIKE SUCCESS

64d, seller: June and July Galante

Carolina sixes 1241/2; fours 102. NEW YORK, June 2.-Evening-



TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1890.

THE SUB-TREASURY SCHEME.

The reply of Senator Carlisle to B, F Howard, of Alabama, published in the STAR of Sunday, stating his objections to the proposed subtreasury scheme for the relief of farmers is the clearest and most forcible statement of that case that we have yet seen. It is entitled to tha more consideration because written by a man who represents an agricultural State, who, it he had been actuated by the desire to win popular favor at the expense of honesty and candor, might have taken the opposite side of the question. Representing, we might say, a constituency almost exclusively agricultural his sympathies are naturally with them, and when he takes a position seemingly at least antagonistie to them it is apparent that he is actuated by a sense of duty and devotion to principle which mark the leader and statesman, honest enough and brave enough to differ from his friends, and point out their errors when he believes them wrong.

The sub-treasury scheme is but the outgrowth of the paternalism springing from the protective tariff system, which has been carried to such an extreme that many honest people have lost sight of the nature of our government and of the purposes for which it was established.

Paternalism has taken such root that nearly all the industries of the country look to the Government to take care of them, at the expense of other industries, and to levy tribute upon other industries that to be any more vetoes on this line they may be made profitable to those who see fit to put their money into them. Agriculture, the greatest and most universal of all the industries, has been the most self-dependent, and the last to put in its plea for Governmental care, and | themselves into a high state of exwhen it does so now after a quarter citement over the unveiling of the of century of self-dependence whilst other industries were seeking and reaping the benefits of this un-American protective paternalism only shows how far the demoralization of protection has extended, and what its effect has been. Had other | the moument but pay warm tribute

nent of fair play in that. This is only one of the objections,

and not the strongest either, to this crude scheme. There are others stronger, both from a business and a constitutional stand-point, but this alone should be sufficient to condemn it in the estimation of the farmers themselves in whose interests it is conceived and advocated.

MINOR MENTION.

The Reed gang in the so-called | federate dead are buried, where a House of Representatives believe that the victors are not only entitled be, should not be erected to perpetto the spoils, and that the "majority," to put in their own phrase,"shall rule," but that the majority shall get the benefit of the greater portion of the appropriations for special objects. In accordance with this idea the Committee on Public Buildings has decided that when they report in favor of one public building asked for by the Democrats they will report

in favor' of two asked for by Republicans and in this proportion they have reported so far. This is surely taking a practical view of politics from a legislative standpoint, and shows what honest

custodians of the public interests the raiders who run this Congress are. The merit of the appropriations asked for has nothing to do with the case. The Republicans claim two buildings out of three if they have to build them at country cross-roads. And notwithstanding this dispropor-

tion of public building bills reported and passed, the first one that . Mr. Harrison concluded he would try his veto on was one for a Southern town, and the probabilities are if there are they will be about in the proportion of two to one against the Democrats. or rather the South.

Some of the extreme Radical organs in the North have worked monument to Gen. Lee at Richmond last Thursday, the display of Confederate flags, &c., but the liberalminded press of the North, Democratic, independent and non-political, not only commend the erection of industries not been, with unjustifiable to the character and virtues of favoritism, protected there never Gen. Lee. As a matter of fact, while STATE TOPICS.

The citizens of Poplar Tent, Cabonds to the trustees, and bound them barrus county, have organized a Meto deliver said bonds to the railroad morial Association for the purpose company so soon as ten miles of road of erecting a monument in memory were completed. of the Confederate soldiers buried in the cemetery there, of whom there are twenty-two, a greater number work done by them, as a reason why than are interred in any other cemethey should not have bonds to which they are clearly entitled, under the tery in the county. This is a comterms of the tripartite agreement, mendable movement. There is not

upon the completion of ten miles of a cemetery in the State where Conthe road. I maintain that the sole question for the trustees is: Have monument, however humble it might ten miles of the road been completed? It seems to me that the counsel for uate their memory. the city, able as they are, have sig-

[COMMUNICATED.]

Wilmington, Onslow & East Carolina Railroad Bonds.

It was once said "there is nothing new under the sun," but when I read in your issue of Sunday last the argument of counsel for the City, in the form of a letter addressed to Messrs. George Chadbourn, Isaac Bates and William A. French, Trustees, 1 was forced to think that Solomon was mistaken in the above aphorism.

Is it not a new thing for counsel employed in an important case, to rush into print and argue it before the public, instead of before the Court instituted to hear and determine the points at issue? As, however, these gentlemen,

learned in the law, have elected to discuss this case before the public, as their jury, it will not, I trust, be thought amiss if one of the jury thus selected shall question the soundness of the argument, as well as the accuracy of some of the statements therein.

In the first place, it seems to me that the letter of counsel is justly liable to criticism, both as to style and matter. It treats the trustees with disrespect, and even contempt. They are repeatedly informed that they are mere "stakeholders;" they are compared to highwaymen, demanding "your money or your life;" and the counsel express themselves as disappointed in their estimate of the "high character" and "known integrity" of the "stakeholders." am not the champion of the trustees,

but I do assert that they are gentlemen without reproach, both as to character and integrity, and should in this discussion be so treated.

Are they mere "stakeholders?" A stakeholder is one with whom bets are deposited. Did the city authorities, when they deposited their bonds with the trustees, merely mean to construction, and also as to "intent is not a particularly pretty woman, but and meaning" (if these latter affect the question) before they issued the her face is attractive and full of force.

- Nina F. Layard read a paper on the 5th of May before the Victoria Institute in London, in which she combated some of Darwin's theories regarding rudimentary organs in man. This is said to be the first time that a scientific

It is now too late to be urging 'mala fides" on the part of the railpaper of a woman has been read before road company, in the preliminary the society.

POLITICAL POINTS.

-The Republican party loves the soldier precisely as it does the negrofor the vote he casts-Utica Observer

- The economical fit of the President only extends to the voting o public building bills for Democratic towns, and hence the subsidy grabbers and pension agents are not restraining their ardor to any extent .- St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Dem.

- Why did it occur to the Republican National Committee in 1888, when A will not sue B to establish his in need of vast sums of money to corrupt elections, to "fry the fat" out of certain classes of manufacturers? Because they had grown fat off the high tariff.-Cleveland Plain Dealer, Dem.

- Blaine's friends are making strong declarations just now that the Secretary of State no longer has the Presidential bee buzzing in his bonnet. He is reported as favoring some other Republican candidate for the honor, while himself will be content to be again a Senator from Maine. Mr. Blaine is evidently a wise man in his day, if these

to secure good faith on both sides reports be true. He realizes that the they mutually agree that the said sum deluge for his party is coming in 1892 shall be deposited with C, to be paid and he hastens to get it in out of the to B so soon as the latter shall have rain. He is not pining for more record satisfied C that the work has been as a defeated candidate.-N. Y. Star, done. Upon the evidence of the

the duty of C to pay over the money For over fifty years MRS. WINSLOW'S to B in spite of any protests on the SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by part of A unless enjoined by law. mothers for their children while teeth-Perhaps the most extraordinary ing. Are you disturbed at night and part of this entire letter is the attack broken of your rest by a sick child sufmade by counsel on their own clients, fering and crying with pain of Cutting who, on reading, may well exclaim, Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value Say Counsel: "The election for is incalculable. It will relieve the poor subscription was held on March 1st, little sufferer immediately. Depend 1888, and on March 14th, 1888, the upon it, mothers, there is no mistake subscription was made and the triabout it. It cures Dysentery and Diarpartite agreement was executed. rhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, Why this was done in such haste is a cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, repart of this interesting story which does not concern us now." Such is duces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children the statement of counsel, and such teething is pleasant to the taste and is the insinuation of bad faith-to draw the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the it mildly-which they throw out against their clients, the city author-United States, and is for sale by all drugities, because of the "haste" with gists throughout the world. Price which the agreement was executed. twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and I really feel it a duty, and a pleasask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, receipts 20 bales; Mobile, firm at 1134c or that have given such universal satisfaction We do not hesitate to guaran-

une 94 % c; July 951 ac; August 94 7 ac Corn active and stronger; No. 2, 401, @ 40% c at elevator; options moderately active and steady: June 4014c; July 411%c; August 41%c. Oats firmer; options quiet and easier; June 3238c; July 32c; No. 2 spot 34 4 @35 1/2 c; mixed Western 32@35 1/2 c. Coffee-options closed steady and quiet: June \$17 40@ 17 45; July \$17 15@17 20; August \$17 00 spot Rio steady and quiet; fair cargoes 20c. Sugar-raw active and firmer; fair refining 47%c; centrifugals, 96 test, 512c; refined fairly active and firmer; (4 15-16@5 1-16c; extra C 5 3-16@5 5-16c. white extra C 5 1-16@51/2c; yellow 4 13-16c;off A 51/2@558c;mould A 6 5-16c; standard A 6 3-16c; confectioners A 5 15-16c; crushed $6\frac{1}{26}$ c; powdered $6\frac{1}{26}$ c; granulated $6\frac{1}{4}$ c; cubes $6\frac{3}{8}$ c. Molasses -foreign firmer at 19½c for 50 test: New Orleans quiet; common to fancy 31@45c. Rice quiet and steady; domestic 5c; Japan 5@6c. Petroleum lower; refined \$1 30. Rosin steady; strained. common to good \$1 42½@145. Spirits turpentine dull at 37½@37%c. Pork quiet and steady; mess \$13 75@14 25; extra prime \$11 00. Beef firm; extra mess \$7!25@7 50; beef hams strong at \$16 50; tierced beef firm; city extra India mess \$12 50@13 00. Cut meats quiet and weak; pickled bellics 518@538c shoulders 5@51%c; hams 9% @10c; middles quiet and easy; short clear \$6 00. Lard barely steady but quiet; cash \$6 2712; city steam \$5 80: June \$6 26; July \$6 38. Freights steady; cotton

jan 11 6m 5-64d; grain 2d. CHICAGO, June 2 .- Cash quotations are as follows: Flour unchanged. Wheat -No. 2 spring 92@921/2c; No. 2 red 02@921/2c. Corn-No. 2, 33%c. Oats -No. 2, 2634c. Mess pork \$13 20@ 13 25. Lard \$5 95@5 97½c_ Short ribs \$5 10@5 20. Shoulders \$5 20. Short

clear sides \$5 60@ 5 70. Whiskey \$1 09. The leading futures ranged as follows -opening, highest and closing. Wheat -No. 2, June 9238, 9258, 921/2; July 921/2 9336, 9316; August 9112, 93, 9234. Corr -No. 2, June 3314, 3358, 3312; July 3378 3418, 34. Oats-No. 2, June 2658. 267 26³4; July 26³8, 26³4, 26¹9; August 24¹8, 24³8, 24¹4. Mess pork per bbl—June \$13 25, 13 27¹9, 13 20; July \$13 40. 13 471/2, 13 371/2; August \$13 55, 13 55, 13 471/2. Lard per 100 lbs-June \$6 00 6 00, 5 971/2; July \$6 121/2, September \$6 35, 6 35, 6 30. Short ribs per 100 lbs-June \$5 171/2, 5 171/2, 5 121/2 July \$5 30, 5 30, 5 25; September \$5 4716

5 471%, 5 45. BALTIMORE, June 2 .- Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat-southern quiet and steady: Fultz 86@92 cents; Longberry 86 @92 cents; western dull: No. 2 winter red on spot 89 cents. Corn-southern quiet and steady: white 42@45 cents; yellow 40@411/2 cents; western casy.



By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Juue 2.-Galveston, nominal at 11580 -net receipts 10 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 121%c-net receipts 6 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 125% c-net receipts - bales: Boston, firm at 12% c-net receipts 10 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 1278cnet receipts 207 bales; Savannah, quiet at 12c-net receipts 102 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 11% c-net receipts 131 bales; Memphis, nominal at 11% c-net

-net receipts 75 bales; Augusta, firm



TOHN H HALL ny 17 D&Wiy sa tu th i Whiskey Habite TRIF

feb 18 D&W1v

ORKNEY SPRINGS. SHENANDOAH (0., 3.3

CUMMER RESORT 108 111

Pleasure The finest climate in firginias. Climate very saluto the Average mean temi crature mini in

The large number of different controlled by the Company, make sort of all this highly favored set

ties from the offensive intimation contained in the above quoted sen-I do not believe there was anything foul in the "hot haste," as alleged, with which the agreement was

SYRUP.'

executed. I beg to add in conclusion, that I ave no necuniary interest in the

ant duty, to defend our city authori-

tence

Dem. Advice to Mothers.

