THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year. 60 cents for six months, 80

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY) .- One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks. \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates. Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week,

two-thirds of daily rate. Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple ann uncement of Marriage or Death. An extra charge will be made for double-column of

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at he option of the publisher, and charged up to the date

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements, one dollar per square for each insertion. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occup any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent, extra. Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parkes, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether it who shape of communica-tions or otherwise, will be the test as advertisements. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space of advertise anything due to their regular business will nout extra one or at transfert rates. Remittances must be made to Check. Draft, Postal Money Order. Express or in New Sect Letter. Only such remittances will be a tibe risk in the publisher. Advertiser- strong diagram - - - relissue or issues an advertiser contracts of during the time his adv - sent to him rall only be responsible for the latter of the paper to

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 30, 1890

#### SOUTHERN PROGRESS.

Col. McClure, editor of the Philadelphia Times, has made a tour recently through several of the Southern States, and on his return published an editorial descriptive of what he witnessed, which, coming from as excellent a source as that, is a superb advertisement for the South. He was at the Alabama State Fair, held at Montgomery, where he delivered an address. Speaking of the display at the fair he says.

The Montgomery Exposition, now just closed, was a most interesting study to any Northern visitor who has been accustomed to the State Fairs of Pennsylvania. It exhibited the remarkable progress that the South is making in the cultivation of the fertile lands of that region. We have seen many State exhibitions of the Agricultural products of Pennsylvania, where we point with just pride to our excellent farms, but we never witnessed a display of the products of the field that equalled the display of the farmers of Alabama.

The idea, he says, which prevails in the North that the progress of the South is wholly or chiefly in iron and coal is a very much mistaken one, for great as that has been and is, in advancement her agriculture has kept abreast with the growth of other industries. In all the States east of the Mississippi (his tour was confined to these) from the Virginias and Kentucky down to the Gulf the progress in agriculture has been rapid which he attributes in a great measure to the fact that the large plantations of anti-war times are yielding to the small farms, which are worked by the owners or lesses and as a result there is better tilinge with a corresponding increase of products.

Even in Missis ipp, that much misunderstood and mass misrepresented State, he says there are evidences of substant do gress on all sides. As an illustration he cites the city of Meride: "v to only agricultural wealth to quitaen its growth, to-day exhibiting more energy, more progress and better agriculture than can be found in any of our agricultural towns in Pennsylvania, and capital is as safely invested there as in any section of the North and at increased rates." He regards the South's advancement in agriculture as one of the most hopeful signs of great and permanent prosperity.

We quote the conclusion of this interesting editorial because it gives the views of one of the most observant and cool-headed among the ablest of Northern editors, from the leading city of Pennsylvania, which is a rival of the Southern Iron States in the iron business, and for the further reason that it corroborates the views that we have frequently expressed in these columns as to the South's being the point to which the Northern home-seeker will ultimately and in the near future turn. He says:

Alabama logically leads her sister

of wealth, because there is no State in the Union with an equal combination of wealth in field, in forest, in mine, in mill, and in natural highways to the markets of the world, and it is specially gratifying to note that while her cities suddenly created by her profusion of iron, coal and limestone in close proximity, have sprung up in startling suddenness, but on sure foundations, her fertile lands, capable of outstripping Pennsylvania in wheat and corn and equaling any State in cotton, have made her agricultural industry rapidly advance in both product and profit, and her forests of virgin timber are now greatly swelling the wealth of the State.

Ten years ago Birmingham, the first of the iron centres of the far South, was a straggling village skirted with forest, and conservative business men feared the permanency of its growth; but to-day it is a substantial city of 30,000, with infant cities springing up around it, and business credit is now as well established there as it is in conservative Philadelphia. Nor is Birmingham alone as a alandmark of industrial growth. A score of industrial centres have grown up in Alabama, as well as other scores in Georgia and Tennessee, with Atlanta and Chattanooga as their centres, and all of them give very evidence of certain, sale and marvelous advancement.

"It is a fact not generally understood in the North, that the industrial growth of the Southern States east of the Mississippi, and especially the agricultural growth, has been more rapid, more substantial and more satisfactory to emigrants, than the industrial growth of the new States of the West. The climate is more salubrious; the access to markets is vastly better; the certainty of crops is much greater, and the variety of products is many times multiplied. Indeed, if the industrial people who start from the Eastern States to find new homes for their families in new sections of the country, were intelligently advised of the countless advantages the South offers them over the far Western States. the whole tide of industrial emigration would speedily turn from the boasted sway of empire toward the setting sun and settle down in the Sunny South. It must be so sooner or later, and soon at the latest; and the sooner it is so. the sooner will our migrating industrial neople best employ their opportunities.

This is the judgment not of a Southern man, who might be inflienced by partiality for his own section, but by a disinterested, intelligen, of erver from a rival section, es candidly of what he h s ! what he knows. Such artido much to turn Northern the . . Southward.

#### MINOR MENTION.

Mr. Cleveland is the victim of misplaced confidence. A few days ago Mr. Nelson A. Acers, who was Internal Revenue collector for the State of Kansas under Mr. Cleveland. wrote to him a letter intimating that some Democrats elected to the Legislature might vote to return Ingalls to the Senate, to which Mr. Cleveland replied as follows:

"There is no one thing of the same grade of importance which has resulted from the recent election or which ought to please Democrats and decent people so much as the prospects of the retirement of Ingalls. I do not know what kind of a Democrat it would be who would not labor in season and out of season to prevent the return to the Senate of this viliner of everything Democratic, who has been put forward by the Republican party to pour out abuse too bad for even decent Republicans, and who was made the presiding officer of the Senate to crown their insults to our

There is not a line nor a word in this which is not true, but still Mr. Cleveland was very much annoyed when he saw it in cold print. He says it was a private and confidential atter and that the man to whom it was written had no right to betray his confidence by rushing into print with it. If Mr. Cleveland wrote it as a confidential communication and it was so understood, of course the man did wrong to print it, but there is nothing about it of a private or confidential character. It speaks of Mr. Ingalls as a public man, not as a citizen, and criticis es him only in his public capacity, and we see no occasion why Mr. Clevel and should be riled at the man who published it, thinking that i reby he was contributing to p. the rean of this "vilifier of easy

thing Democrarie" to the Sende Mr. . . . . . . . . . not now President of the Jamed States, but a pi va" zen and there is no more improvity in his expressing his vie v. . el v about any public chara : c : in there is in any other

zer, doing so. If he has operate about public men, as public men, which he objects to making public, he should not write them. Bi as a matter of fact he need not feel sore over this, nor need Ingalls, They are even now. On a former occasion, when Mr. Cleveland was President, Mr. Ingalls indulged in some very caustic criticism of him, and afterwards said he was very much annoyed at seeing it in print, for it was uttered in social intercourse and was not intended for the public ear. This is the first opportunity that Mr. Cleveland has had to get even with him and they both

ought to be satisfied now. The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says the Senate will changes its rule to enable the Republicans to close debate, when in the judgment of the majority it should be closed. The Republicans States of the South in the development | it is said, are intent upon passing the

re-Apportionment bill and the Force bill, and this is the only way they can do it, cut off debate after what the majority may deem a "reasonable" discussion and gag the Democratic minority, as the Democratic minority in the House was gagged under the Reed rules. Mr. Edmunds, who under an assumed appearance of fairness, . has as much gall in him to the square inch as any man in the Senate, says this can be done under the Senate rules as they are, without any change, although when the tariff bill was under consideration and a resolution looking to limiting debate was offered he distinctly stated that he would oppose any movement to limit debate, thanking God that there was "one House where there was freedom of debate." But these Republican head-lights can change their opinions very readily when party interests demands it. It remains to be seen whether the Senate in the light of the late expression of popular opinion will defy it by pursuing a course which brought the House into disgrace and brought upon it such a rebuke as was never administered to any representative body in this country before.

Tom Reed, who is now in Washington, has been again interviewed on the recent election, and he gives it as his opinion that the chief reason for the defeat of the Republicans was that the people were not sufficiently informed on the tariff question. And ye. Mr. Reed and his gang did their lever best to prevent the people from being informed on it by adopting the gag rule and choking off discussion. They didn't want the people to be informed on it, and they therefore adopted the gag rule to cut off debate and prevent the Democrats from showing up that job in its true colors. But Mr. Reed is mistaken. The people were informed on it. The campaign of education had been going on, the people were studying and discussing that question as they had never studied or discussed it before, and they understood it better than they ever did before. It was the intelligence and not the ignorance of the American people which laid the Reed gang out on their backs.

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

-- The Republicans have been trying to put the blame for the recent disaster on the women, saying their complaints about the extra cost of things affected the votes of their male relatives, when everybody knows that the higher a bonnet is the better a woman likes it.-Phil.

— The Blue Room of the White House, it is announced, is to be decorated anew at a cost of \$12,000. As this is a pretty heavy expense it would be well for the artist to obtain Mrs. Cleveland's ideas about the designs, etc., so that no change will need to be made within the next six years.-Charleston News and Courier,

- The Tribune announces that the Democrats are "afraid of themselves," because they resolved not to make the blunders to which the Republicans invite them. We cannot return the compliment. The Republicans seem to have the courage of their stupidity to the extent of persevering in the outrages which the people of the country have just so signally condemned.-N. Y, Star,

--- The Indians in Canada number more than one-third as many as in the United States. Yet, strange to say, there are no ghost dances and no eager awaiting the Messiah among the Canadian Indians. But, then, the Indians in Canada are not blessed with such a luxury as a great government bureau and with such kindly protect as agents and post-traders. Why and hey dance nightly ghost dance in the light of he November meon and pray for a Messiah to come quickly and deliver them from their pare-faced benefac-tors.—Phil. Record, Dem.

#### WHEN VANCE WAS YOUNG. The Early Days When He Was Employ-

ed in a Hotel. "Observer," in Asheville Citizen.

I have noticed in your paper that you have been giving short sketches of some of our citizens. I saw Senator Vance on the street to-day, and I thought I would attempt to give the intelligent readers of the Citizen a short sketch about Senator Vance. Senator Vance in his early days was full of fun and ready with the other boys to remove signs and place them in isolated places. I think he was about 18 or 20 years of age when Mr. John E. Patton, owner of Warm Springs, employed him as a clerk in the hotel. Mr. Patton was a very strong Whig; so was his clerk, Mr. Vance. At that time, before the war-I think it was 1848 or 1849-the patronage that came to Asheville sulphur and warm springs was all from South Carolina. I well remember before the war that we did not have twenty people from

eastern North Carolina during any

summer. In front of the old Warm

Springs hotel there was a beautiful

lawn with shade trees where all the

cards and other amusements. Mr. Vance would, when ordered, send out porter, ale and whiskey for the guests of the hotel. The guests were nearly all South Carolina Democrats. Vance would get into heavy discussions with them about the Wnig and Democratic parties. Mr. Vance generally used them completely up in the dis-

cussion. At the close of the season Mr. E. Patton said to Mr. Vance that he was too smart a young man to be fooling about a hotel. When the season closed Mr. Vance went to Chapel Hill and studied law. Afterwards he returned to Asheville, and when quite a young man run for the Legislature against Dan Reynolds, father of W. T., Dan and A. S. R., and was elected by a large majority. From that day his course has been

## THE BIGGEST SAILING SHIP.

Boston Herald.

The Shenandoah, launched at Bath, November 26, is not only the largest craft of any kind ever built in Maine, but she is the largest sailing ship in the world. Her keel is 290.5 feet long and 30 inches deep, made of oak aud hard wood. She has three decks.

The spars are the heaviest ever made in Maine. She will spread 11,000 yards of

Her rigging is wire, and she is the first wooden ship to use turn buckles

in place of lanyards, though many schooners have them. Five thousand tons will be required to load her, and she will tien

draw twenty-seven feet. The ship will carry thirty-eight

#### OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES

The talk about Vance being in danger of losing his seat is all bosh. However, this should not cause the Democrats to relax any efforts toward securing his reelection. Assurance should be made trebly sure .- Reidsville Review.

There has never been an organization vithout outside foes and inside traitors. We have more than once warned the Farmers' Alliance against such two-fold danger, and been boycotted for "criticising the leaders."-Hickory Press and Carolinian. How long will this election of Senator

be agitated? The legislators are elected. A majority of them were instructed to vote for Vance. They cannot go back on it. His election is sure. Now let the matter drop, and spend a little time thinking what can the Legislature do after electing him .- Tarboro Banner. Brower is taking it pretty hard. In

addition to indicting the publishers of the Reidsville Review on a charge of libel, as noted elsewhere in this issue, he had a warrant served on Joseph Bradfield at Winston Monday. In a pair of minutes Bradfield had given bond with the editor of the Republican as surety, and the Daily says Bradfield didn't scare worth a cent. - Greensboro Demo-

### POLITICAL POINTS.

- John James Ingalls still claims that he will be re-elected to the United States Senate, but there seem to be seyeral banana peels in his pathway to the coveted goal. - Nashville American, Dem.

- Some of the painfully virtuous Republican editors are very anxious that Quay should send in his resignation. They seem to be very much shocked because he has not answered the charges against him. - Atlanta Constitution, Dem.

- If the Republican party will only keep its promise to stand or fall by the McKinley Tariff bill, the country will regard it as one of the greatest acts of the g. o. p.'s existence, and in Novembor, 1892, there will be another celebration with a great demonstration of roosters .- Memphis Appeal-Avalanche, Dem.

- By a changed system of bookkeeping in the Treasury, which counts as cash on hand various dedicated and security funds which were not so counted by his predecessor, he hopes to be able to show that there is no deficit. But such a showing will be dishonest, and made for the sole purpose of deceiving the people.-Rochester Union and Advertiser, Dem.

### TW.NKLINGS.

- There are two things that always make a man dream-mince pie and love.-Atchison Globe.

- The woman lives the longest. For any five veteran soldiers long since dead there is an average of 152 widows.

- Married people, it is said, live longer than single ones. It seems longer, any way, to unhappy couples .- Boston

the world who laugh all the way home, and stop as soon as they reach the door. -Atchison Globe. - "The Clymers' reception was a

- There are so many people in

failure. The rooms were not half full." "Well, some of their guests did their best to make up for it."—New York

- "Ah, good morning," said the early bird to the worm. "Looking for a job?" "That's what. Any thing I can do for you?" "You'll about fill the bill, I think."—Sparks.

- "Have you had much experience in Wall street? "Tremendous."

"How long were you there?" "Twenty minutes."-N. Y. Sun.

- First Farmer-I raised a fine crop of wheat this year and lots of potatoes and cabbages. Second Farmer-Well, I did better than that. I raised a \$4,000 mortgage.-West Shore.

- "Y-aa-s," said Gus de Jay, "I'm of a very facetious disposition, don't you know. I'm suah that I'll make a jest when I'm dying."
"Dear me!" exclaimed Miss Gushton,

'how I should like to hear you."-Washington Post. - Boomtown Citizen-O, we have a fine class of citizens here. Our jail is

empty and has been for a month. Visitor-Yes, I judged from the gangs I have seen around the saloons that guests would assemble and play your jail was either empty or so full

it could not hold any more.-Indianapolis Journal.

#### PERSONAL.

-Dr. Koch is a bigger man just now than old Bismarck or old Moltke, or even than the young Kaiser himself.

-Clara Greenwald, of Bernville, Pa., probably is the youngest school teacher in the country. She is but 13, and has taught one term with success.

- Gen. Rice, one of the Alliance candidates for United States Senator from Kansas, starts on his race with his son in the Legislature to vote against

-Camille Desmoulins, the famous journalist of the French revolution. whom Robespierre used until Danton was condemned and then sent to the guillotine, is to be commemorated by statue in Paris. - Mr. Hogg, the Democratic

candidate for Governor of Texas, will have in the neighborhood or 150,000 majority. Yet there are people who will go right ahead declaring that there's nothing in a name.

- Sainton, the violinist, who died recently, was an accomplished artist, and left behind him what he calls the recipe how to obtain eminence. For the greater part of his life he practiced for sixteen hours a day.

- David Meriwether, of Louisville, Ky., Secretary of State in that commonwealth away back in Henry Clay's time, and later Governor of New Mexico, celebrated the completion of his 90th year a few days ago.

Arlington House, Dayton, O. I think that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is perfectly wonderful in its effects, three or four doses cured me of the worst C. L. NORTHRUP.

"I am no orator, as Brutus is-but, as you know me all, a plain, blunt man, that loves my friend" to well too see him ruggling with pain, when a bottle of Salvation Oil will cure him-so here's the twenty-five cents for the great pain-

#### Advice to Mothers.

For over fifty years MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend 9.37@9.38c; March 9.45c; April 9.53@ upon it, mothers, there is no mistake | 9.54c; May 9.61@9.62c; June 9.70c; July about it. It cures Dysentery and Diar- 9.77@9.78c; August 9.81@9.82c; Seprhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and 495 c; May 515 c; No. 2 spot 493 @ ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing 503 c; mixed Western 48@51c. Hops

#### A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Medical Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Longs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon.

Trial bottles free at ROBBERT R. BEL-LAMY'S Wholesale and Retail Drug

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS. Health seekers should go to Sparking Catawba Springs. Beautifully located, in Catawba county, 1,000 feet above sea-level, at the foot of the Blue Ridge mountains. Scenery magnificent. Waters possess medicinal properties of the highest order. Board only \$30.00 per month. Read advertisement in this paper, and write Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son, proprietors, for descriptive pam-

# Industrial Manufacturing Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

TINNED WOODEN BUTTER DISHES DIAMOND BASKETS,

## Berry Baskets,

Fruit and Vegetable Crates, CANDY BOXES,

Orange Boxes, &c., &c.

VENEERS CUT TO ORDER FROM SWEET GUM, POPLAR, SYCAMORE, OAK, ASH,

This Company has an Established Reputation for

the Quality of its Work.

BIRCH, WALNUT, &c.

Can Compete in Prices with any similar Establish

ment in the United States. Orders for Car Load Lots filled on short notice.

Samples and Prices on application.

Factory on Cape Fear River, corner Queen and Surry streets. Address

Industrial Manufacturing Co. WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 2 D&W tf

#### COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 29. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market dull at 361/2 cents per gallon. Sales of

receipts at 36 cents. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 10 per bbl for Strained and \$1 15 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Firm at \$1 55 per bbl of 280 fbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at \$1 90 for Virgin and Yellow Dtp and \$1 20 for

COTTON-Quoted dull at 8% cents 48 lb for Middling. . Quotations at the

Produce Exchange were— Ordinary..... 6½ cts % Good Ordinary..... 7 9-16 " " Low Middling..... 8 5-16 " " Middling..... 81/8 Good Middling.. ... 91/4

RE RC	EIPTS.		- 1
Cotton		349	bales
Spirits Turpentin	e	242	bales casks
Rosin		533	bbls
Γar		113	bbls
Crude Turpentine		1	bbls bbls bbl

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.- Evening-Sterling exchange quiet and steady at 483@4881/2. Money easy, with no loans; closing offered at 4 per cent. Government securities dull but steady; four per cents 12234; four and a half per cents 104. State securities dull and featureless; North Carolina sixes 121;

#### Commercial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Evening.-Cotton quiet; sales to-day of 294 bales; sales last evening, not reported, 67 bales; middling uplands 9 7-16 cents; middling Orleans 934 cents; net receipts to-day at all United States ports 46,290 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,006 bales; exports to France --- bales; exports to the Continent 8,217 bales; stock at all United States ports 673,-

079 bales. Cotton-Net receipts 659 bales; gross receipts 5,995 bales. Futures closed barely steady; sales of 36,300 bales at the following quotations: December 9.16 @9.17c; January 9.27@9.28c; February tember 9.51@9.53c. Southern flour dull. Wheat dull; No.

2 red \$1 031/4 at elevator; options closed firm and 1/8c above yesterday, with trading light; No. 2 red December \$1 02 7/8 c; May \$1 0636. Corn steady and moderately active; No. 2, 601/2c at elevator; options dull; December and May 60%c. Oats dull, weak and 1/2@3/4c lower; options dull and weaker; December 491/2@ dull and weak. Coffee-options steady; closed 5 points down to 5 points up with better cables and quiet; December \$17 25@17 30; May \$15 15@15 25; spot Rio quiet and firm; fair cargoes 1914c. Sugar-raw dull and firm refined quiet and steady. Molasses-New Orleans quiet and steady. Rice dull but steady. Petroleum steady and quiet; refined at all ports \$7 30. Cotton seed oil dull and depressed. Rosin dull but firm; strained, common to good, \$1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine dull at 40@401/2c. Wool quiet and barely steady. Meats quiet and steady. Lard opened weak and closed firm; western steam \$6 25; city \$5 85; December \$6 15 and nominal; January \$6 45 asked. Freights to Liverpool-

cotton 18d; grain 21/2d. CHICAGO, Nov. 29. - Cash quotations were as follows: Flour unchanged. Wheat-No. 2 spring and No. 2 red 92@ 92¼c. Corn—No. 2, 50c. Oats—No. 2, 43@43¼c. Mess pork \$9 00. Lard, per 100 lbs. \$5 85. Short rib sides \$5 25 @5 30. Shoulders \$4 75@4 87%. Short

clear sides \$5 70@5 80. Whiskey \$1 14. The leading futures ranged as follows -opening, highest and closing: Wheat No. 2, November 9214, 9278, 9214c; December 9214, 9314, 9214c. Corn—No. 2, November 5078, 5114, 50c; December 5078, 5114, 50c. Oats—No. 2, November 4214, 50c. 43½, 43¾, 43c: December 43¼, 43¼, 42¾c. Mess pork per bbl—December \$8 90, 8 90, 8 90; May \$11 95, 12 00, 11 95. Lard, per 100 fbs—December \$5 80. 5 85, 5 82½; May \$6 62½, 6 65, 6 65. Short ribs per 100 fbs—December \$5 20, 5 22½, 5 20; May \$6 07½, 6 10, 6 05. BALTIMORE, Nov. 29 .- Flour quiet. Wheat-southern quiet; Fultz 90c@ \$1 00; Longberry 93c@\$1 00; western quiet: No. 2 winter red on spot and November \$1 00; December 94% c. Corn -southern quiet; white 48@57c; yellow 46@57c; western easy.

### COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Nov. 29.—Galveston, quiet at 9 5-16cnet receipts 4,710 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9c-net receipts 3,397 bales; Baltimore, dull and nominal at 9%c-net receipts - bales: Philadelphia, quiet and steady at 9 7-16c-net receipts 1,425 bales; Boston, no report-net receipts bales; Savannah, quietat 9%c—net receipts 939 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 9 1-16c-net receipts 21,131 bales; Mobile, easy at 9 1-16c-net receipts 1,319 bales; Memphis, steady at 9c-net receipts 3,323 bales; Augusta, quiet and steady at 9c-net receipts 1,759 bales; Charleston, steady at 91/2c-net receipts 3,026 bales.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star. LIVERPOOL, Nov. 29, noon.-Cotton dull without quotable change; American middling 5 3-16d. Sales to-day of 7,-000 bales, of which 5,400 were American; for speculation and export 500 bales. Receipts 2,100 bales, all of which were American.

Futures firm-American middling (1 m c) November and December delivery 5 3-64@5 2-64d; December and January delivery 5 4-64d, 5 3-64@5 5-64d; January and February delivery 5 9-64d, 5 8-64@5 9-64d; February and March delivery 5 12-64d; March and April delivery 5 14-64@5 15-64d; April and May delivery 5 17-64@5 18-64d; May and June delivery 5 19-64@5 20-64d; June and July delivery 5 21-64d. Tenders of cotton to-day 1,500 bales new and 500 bales old docket.

-Gen. Boulanger, after spending the winter in Egypt, will return to the Island of Jersey, and there edit a daily newspaper that will be published in

COMPLETE IN

All its Appointments!

--- EVERY VARIETY OF

# PRINTING, RULING

# BINDING!

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.



CAUSED BY MICROBES.

# Radam's Microbe Killer

Exterminates the Microbes and graves them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of dis eases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat a diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarri, Bron chitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fever, Female Troubles, in all its forms, and in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations! See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appear on each jug.
Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer given away by

R. R. BELLAMY.

I took Sick,

Druggist, Wilmington, N. C. Sole Agent jan 11 D&W ty

I took Cold,

# SCOTT'S

I take My Meals,

I take My Rest. AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and ient Consumption BUT BUILT

ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING FLESH ON MY BONES AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK. SUCH TESTIMONY IS NOTHING NEW SCOTT'S EMULSION IS DOING WONDERS DAILY. "TAKE NO OTHER.

we fr su

D. O'Connor REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Wilmington, North Carolina. REAL ESTATE BOUGHT AND SOLD Loans Negotiated on City Property. Stores, Dwellings, O ces and Hall

for Rent, Rents collected. Taxes and 'nsurance Houses and Lots for sale on the monthly instalment ap 19 if

Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co.

OF ENGLAND.

Assets - - \$40,000,000. SMITH & BOATWRIGHT, Agts.

## STOP AT THE BURNS HOUSE,

WADESBORO, N. C.,

COCATED IN THE HEART OF THE BUSI ness part of the Town, and convenient, for Commer cial Men. Table Board the best the market affords. Omnibus meets all Trains.

MRS. J. B. BURNS.