PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Auctioneer, Auction and Official advertisements, one dollar per square for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1891.

SETTLING ITSELF.

The so-called race problem is rapidly losing its interest and is no longer regarded with the same concern that it once was for the reason that it is becoming more apparent every year that it is settling itself, slowly but surely and effectually. There is not a Southern State to-day where the negro is the same powerful factor in the destiny of the State that he was ten years ago, and consequently there is no State where his presence is viewed with apprehension. Emigration and indifference to the right of suffrage are doing for the people of the South what the more thoughtful feared a few years ago they would be unable to do for themselves.

Ever since the war the negroes of the more northern Southern States have been moving further South in greater or less numbers every year. The migratory inclination has extended reaching into South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida and even into Mississippi, the land of promise to so many negroes of the Southern border States.

The negroes are of a migratory disposition; they are never better satisfied than when they are on the move, although they may know little or nothing of the objective point which they have in view, and but few could give a good reason why they move. In eight cases out of ten they do it on impulse and not on judgment, which figures very little in the premises.

This has been strikingly and frequently illustrated in the migratory movement from this State, which assumed in some localities the character of a craze, by which old and young, male and female became affected. For twenty-five years this exodus has been going on every year to a greater or less extent, aggregating in this time many thousands, how many cannot be told, for no record has been kept of the number. The same influences have been at work in other States South of us, although, perhaps, not as strikingly manifested, but that it has been at work is demonstrated by the small gain in the black population as compared with the white within the past decade, in these States where the migratory spirit became prevalent.

The large increase in the colored population of Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana, in these counties bordering on the Mississippi will show where most of them have pitched their tents, while other thousands have drifted to the West and driven stakes in Kansas and Oklahoma, where there are probably thirty thousand of them.

While this decrease in the ratio of the colored to the white population has been going on in every State east of Mississippi, it has been effectually settling the race problem while thoughtful people were discussing it and politicians were ranting on it, as one of the great unsolved problems which needed the light of their genius to illumine the way to its solution. While they were doing the ranting the unsophisticated colored brother who was the innocent cause of it all was quietly doing the colonizing,

But, it may be asked, will not the transfer of the preponderating colored population to the States bordering on the Mississippi simply shift the problem and bring them face to face with the dangers from which the other States have so luckily escaped? Yes; but they will have the courage, tact and capacity to meet it when the emergency presents itself, as Mississippi did when action became necessary, and they will do it without a jar, or a ripple on the surface. They will do it by restricting suffrage so as to keep the government in the hands of intelligent and responsible citizenship. This will be done, too, with the acquiescence if not the co-operation of the colored population, the majority of whom when left to themselves and uninfluenced by politicians of their own or of the white race care no more for the ballot which they once enjoyed when it was a novelty and they had exaggerated ideas of its magic influence, than they do for a last year's bird's nest.

There was a time when there was a race problem in the South, but that time has gone by, for it has solved itself, while the esteemed Republican ftatesmen on the other side of the line were working themselves up into paroxysms of excitement over it.

MINOR MENTION.

The friends of the ship subsidy steal in the House of Representatives were so determined to carry it through that they made it a special order taking precedence of those regular appropriation bills still undisposed of. It is said there is one of the biggest lobbies gathered in Washington to work for this bill that has been seen there for years. That this lobby has not been idle and that it has made its influence felt is attested by the fact that the seats on the Republican side of the chamber are, as Mr. McKinley said, "pretty well filled," so well filled that they can prevent any obstruction on the part of the Democrats. Mr. McKinley was candid enough to inform the Democrats that there were Republicans enough present to carry through all the legislation they had mapped out, and that they intended to do it. This being so where is the use of any debate at all? Why not dispense with that idle formality, quit fooling, and declare the bills they have decided upon passed?

Mr. McKinley solemnly declared in the House Wednesday that he did not believe that the popular verdict of last November, by which so many Republican statesmen were retired to private life, was based on the work of this Congress. It may be some comfort for Mr. McKinley to believe this, if he really does, but it is difficult to see how he can believe it when the main issue before the people was the tariff bill, for which he stood sponsor. When making this declaration, however, he did not undertake to enlighten the country as to what the verdict was based upon although there was an interrogative chorus from the Democratic side inquiring, "What was it?" He was not in a responsive frame of mind and consequently the inquiry was unanswered and unnoticed, but instead he informed his questioners that his side of the House proposed to go on and complete its work, after which the people willgo on and complete the work which they began last November.

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Under the rules adopted by the House of Representatives of this Congress, with the gag attachment, the majority has been able to carry through all legislation it proposed without hindrance by the minority. The result has been some of the most outrageous and infamous legislation, and a record of extravagance never equalled nor approached by any preceding Congress. Notwithstanding the universal demand for retrenchment and reform, notwithstanding the depressed condition of some of the leading industries of the country and the heavy burdens already borne by the people, the appropriations made by this reckless and riotous Congress exceed by over a hundred and two millions of dollars the appropriations made by the preceding Congress. Aside from the partisan schemes which they followed up with such zeal their main efforts were devoted to getting away with as much of the people's money as possible.

***

Illinois is one of the best agricultural States in the West. There is no State in which the farmer should be more prosperous, for in addition to good land the State is traversed by railroads running in all directions, giving quick and cheap transportation for the products of the farmer to the best markets in this country. Central Illinois is within five or six hours by rail of Chicago, the greatest market in the West, within five or six hours of St. Louis, another of the greatest markets, and within a day's distance of the great cities on the eastern seaboard, and yet there is an exodus from that section to Iowa and Nebraska, enticed thither by cheap lands. They are leaving one of the very best sections in the West, with the hope of bettering their condition by starting life anew in another section which has less to offer save cheap lands.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The reappearance of Foraker shows that the only way to be forever rid of a "dead" statesman is to cremate him. Foraker was only slightly roasted.—*N. Y. Continent, Ind.*

—— Certain Republican journals are attempting to defend what they call the reputation of Senator Quay. Such heavy gymnastics are too exhausting to be considered a pastime. They will, of course, be unsuccessful, because Mr. Quay hasn't had any reputation for quite a number of years.—*N. Y. Herald, Ind.*

—— The bill for a Government guarantee of $100,000,000 to the Nicaragua Canal Company has another "Credit Mobilier" scheme in its belly. In fact, the "Credit Mobiler, in the guise of an inside ring called a "Construction Company," is already organized. and is on waiting to gobble the $100,000,000 of public money.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— After six centuries the voice of statesmen in the Christian Church is heard in the land as loudly proclaiming the liberty of the mind and the rights of humanity as in the days of Runnymede and Archbishop Langton. The revival in leadership of the church is a significant feature of the times. The influence of Bishop Potter in behalf of higher politics and of Archbishop Gibbons in aid of workingmen is the same sort of influence that is outspreading from the pulpit of Methodist, of Baptist, of Presbyterian and all other denominations.—*Wash. Star, Ind.*

THAT BLESSED BABY.

The Dear Little Thing and the Wonderful Things it Could Do.

Youth's Companion.

One of the many thousands of wonderful babies was lately brought out for the inspection of a friend of the family.

"Really, Mr. Seacook," said the mother, "I suppose it's perfectly natural for every mother to think that her baby is the smartest one in the world, but our baby just proves it."

"Indeed! What does he do?"

"Everything, Mr. Seacook—everything."

"Does he walk?"

"Why, he's too young for that! The idea of a baby not yet a year old walking! But just let me hold him up in my arms and see how perfectly he executes the Highland fling."

The baby kicks out his legs. Mr. Seacook expresses wonder and admiration and asks:

"Can he say 'mamma?'"

"Oh, no; but you ought to hear him imitate a locomotive."

"Dear me! How does he do it?"

"He puffs out his little cheeks and says: 'Oo! Oo!'"

"Well, now, that is surprising what other remarkable things can the baby do?"

"Oh, Mr. Seacook, you should see him when I take him up in my arms so! He looks up in my face just as sweetly, and breathes!"

The gentleman agreed that at the last the most wonderful baby had been found.

Undisputed Merit.

The great success of the Royal Baking Powder is due to the extreme care exercised by its manufacturers to make it entirely pure, uniform in quality, and of the highest leavening power. All the scientific knowledge. care and skill, attained by a twenty years' practical experience are contributed toward this end, and no pharmaceutical preparation can be dispensed with a greater accuracy, precision and exactness. Every article used is absolutely pure. A number of chemists are employed to test the strength of each ingredient, so that its exact power and effect in combination with its co-ingredients is definitely known. Nothing is trusted to chance, and no person is employed in the preparation of the materials used or the manufacture of the powder, who is not an expert in his particular branch of the business. As a consequence, the Royal Baking Powder is of the highest grade of excellence, always pure, wholesome and uniform in quality. Each box is exactly like every other, and will retain its powers and produce the same and the highest leavening effect in any climate, at any time. The Government Chemists after having analyzed all the principal brands in the market, in their reports placed the Royal Baking Powder at the head of the list for strength, purity and wholesomeness, and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are, in every respect, unrivaled.

STORY OF A MONSTER.

A Mulatto and His Companions Live on Human Flesh.

A dispatch from Rio Janeiro to the New York *Herald* says there is in prison at Salinas, State of Minas Gercies, a monster in human form, and gives the following extract about him from the journal *Cidade de Leopoldina*:

Learning that there had been confined in the jail of this town by the energetic police delegate an individual who for months had been living on human flesh, a desire arose for seeing him, notwithstanding the horror that, as regards him. is inspired in every heart. His name is Clemente Viliza. He is a mulatto, about twenty-eight years old, medium height and of slight body, flat forehead, oblique eyes, with black pupils; deformed feet, with concave soles; a native of this district.

Without the slighest disturbance of manner he replied to my question as to whether it were true that he had been living on human flesh; that not only he, but Basilio, Leandro and others for a long time had been living on this food.

"What purpose led you to practice such acts, barbarous before God and man?"

"To kill my hunger, master."

"How did you make your first victim?"

"I was at Leandro's house when he invited me to eat a piece of a boy that he had killed in a thicket, where the lad was gathering fruit, and as I was very hungry and had no other resource, I accepted the invitation for the first time. On the next day, returning home, I found a woman asleep by the roadside and was at once tempted to kill her. I took a stone and made my first victim, and carried her home to satisfy my hunger.

"Some days after killing Simplicia. Invited Francisca and Severa, who were dying from starvation, to help me eat him.

"When Simplicia's flesh was finished, and I being without any means of satisfying my hunger, Francisca, told me to kill her two children for us to eat, whice I did. Two weeks after, in the same straits, Basilio and I killed Francisca for the same purpose. Afterward I found that Basilio had stolen a shirt from me, and I killed him when he was unsuspiciously gathering roots for supper. I only ate a little of him, for I was arrested two days after killing him. this was the last I killed."

The police found a part of Basilio salted down and the cannibal eating the calves of the victim's legs with a good appetite.

"Does human flesh have an agreeable taste?

"No, it is rather sweetish. The best things I found in those I killed were the brains, tongue and marrow; I suffered slightly from diarrhœa while I was eating people's flesh."

"How did you prepare the flesh for eating?"

"We ate it roasted or boiled with a good deal of pepper."

"Did not the remains of your victims inspire you with fear?"

"When I looked at them I felt a slight tremor"

"Do you sleep well?"

"Perfectly quiet."

"Have you no remorse for having practiced such abominable and wicked crimes?"

"I no longer remember having doee such acts.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

By all means let us have the geological survey. The United States Government will foot half the bill. and it will be thoroughly done.—*Raleigh News-Observer.*

The Democratic party has a proud record, and its essential principles are easy of enunciation. Let us remember that the more planks there are in a platform the fewer people can stand on it, the more articles there are in a creed the fewer people will subscribe to it.—*Newbern Journal.*

There are two serious sides to the free coinage question, and the Southern people who are poor and needy, should mind what sort of a hand they deal. The west has abandoned the eastern idea of protection after having drained the south of millions. The south has been a kicker all the time, and now the west seizes the opportunity to pacify us and to make money and politics for itself. Let the south go slow.—*Charlotte Chronicle.*

Now when a man has subdued his conscience to the extent Mr. Reed's action indicates he has certainly become past master in all arts that require a high grade of villainy. Robbing a bank of half a million dollars would be a tame work for a man who can say to the United States that at a certain moment there were 167 men present in the House of Representatives when, as a matter of demonstrated fact, there were but 146 there.—*Asheville Citizen.*

Advice to Mothers.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP" †

Read advertisement of Otterburn Lithia Water in this paper. Unequaled for Dyspepsia and all diseases of kidney and bladder. Price within reach of all.

PERSONAL.

— Graham R. Tomson, the English poet, is a woman, and her name is Miss Frances Wynne.

— Tippoo Tib is said to be preparing to abandon the wilds of Africa for a season in England.

— Senator-elect Kyle is an "out-and-out free trader," according to Representative Pickler, of South Dakota.

— Senator-elect Vilas is a good French and German scholar, and is fond of Latin. He reads Virgil in the original for entertainment.

— A grand-daughter of Gen. Israel Putnam, Mrs. Lillie Putnum Norman, died at North Adams, Mass., Tuesday. She possessed the sword he carried in the flight from the British down the stone steps.

— Russel Sage would rather risk $1,000 any time on a margin for the possible benefit of a creditor than to dive into his pocket and hand out 50 cents in cash. The habits of his early life remain stamped upon him.

— Henrik Ibsen was a little boor in his boyhood, and even his brothers and sisters disliked him. In revenge for his meanness and unsocial ways they used to pelt him with stones and snowballs.

— Count de Lorgues, an Italian nobleman, is owner of an ancient wood engraving of Christopher Columbus, which is believed to be a true likeness. It will probably have a place in the coming American exposition.

— Mrs. Stanley has been her husband's unfailing companion during all his recent tour, and has been present at his lectures until now. She stayed in Chicago this week while he run up to Milwaukee one evening.

— With a combination of judicial candor, unaffected modesty and dignified self-respect, the Boston pugilist actor says: "I know I am not a Booth, a Barrett, a McCullogh or a Salvini, and I know, too, that they are not John L. Sullivans.

Opinions by the Supreme Court.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Opinions were handed down in the following cases Tuesday:

Joyner vs. Stancell, from Pitt; affirmed.

Skinner vs. Carter, from Gates; no error.

State vs. Best, from Greene; no error.

Claffin vs. Harrison, Vance; affirmed.

Saunders vs. Saunders, Nash; error; new trial.

Whitehead vs. Moorill, Pitt; no error.

Whitehead vs. Blandiford, Pitt; dismissed.

Allen vs. Sallinger, Martin; no error.

Joyner vs. Hines, Pitt; dismissed.

Gatlin vs. Harrell, Edgecombe; certiorari issued.

Jones vs. Hoggard, Bertie; two cases; decided against the plaintiff.

Devereux vs. McMahon; Halifax; affirmed.

Pritchard vs. Baxter, Pasquotank, dismissed.

Staton vs Railroad, Halifax; new trial.

Navigation Company vs. Emry; Halifax; no error.

Saw the Joke at Last.

The English traveller stood on the slippery dock at New York, ready to board the steamer for home. His American friend shook him warmly by the hand and bade him farewell, says the Chicago *Tribune*.

"Be careful in going up the gangway," said the latter. "It is icy. For that matter, however," he added, "it will be 'igh sea all around you for the next six or seven days."

The Englishman with a sad, dreamy, preoccupied look on his face, went aboard the ship.

Years passed, the American, now a gray-haired old man, was sitting down to breakfast one day when a cablegram, just received, was handed to him. It was from his English friend, and contained these words:

"Ha! Ha!"

It had bored its way through his skull at last.

POLITICAL POINTS.

—When the Democrats carry a Rhode Island Congressional District without opposition and talk breezily about continuing to carry State elections in Pennsylvania, times have changed from what they were.—*Wash. Star, Ind.*

—We have now had two years of the Harrison administration, with fair crops, increased "protection," three months of semi-panic. and big business in the sheriffs' offices. Where shall we land after two more years of Republican rule?—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—Our friends the enemy are vastly entertained by the troubles which they imagine beset Gov. Hill. But these are as nothing to the troubles which he has given them by wresting the State from their control and being elected to the Senate.—*N. Y. World, Dem.*

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight year's standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. †

A famous Washington gambler, it is said, will soon go to preaching. He would have begun it ten years ago, but he has only just now found a cure for his cough. It is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"Behold! the world rests and her tired inhabitants have paused from trouble and turmoil, because the customary headache and neuralgia have been cured by Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents a bottle. †

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market Firm at 36 cents per gallon. No sales reported.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 17½ per bbl. for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Firm at $1 35 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at $2 10 for Virgin and Yellow Dip and $1 20 for Hard.

COTTON.—Steady. Quotations at the Produce Exchange were—

Ordinary.....	8⅛	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary....	7 7-16	" "
Low Middling.....	8 3-16	" "
Middling.....	8¾	" "
Good Middling....	9¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton.....	167	bales
Spirits Turpentine.....	214	tasks
Rosin.....	1,260	bbls
Tar.....	592	bbls
Crude Turpentine.....	25	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Financial.

NEW YORK, February 26.—Evening.—Sterling exchange quiet and steady at 486@489. Commercial bills 484½@487. Money easy at 2@3 per cent., closing offered at 3 per cent. Government securities dull but firm; four per cents 121; four and a half per cents 103. State securities entirely neglected; North Carolina sixes 122; fours 96½.

Commercial.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26—Evening.—Cotton quoted dull, with sales to-day of 133 bales; middling uplands 9 cents; middling Orleans 9 7-16 cents; net receipts to-day at all United States ports 17,796 bales; exports to Great Britain 28,650 bales; exports to France 7,776 bales; exports to the Continent 14,059 bales; stock at all United States ports 752,050 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts 1,765 bales; gross receipts 2,947 bales. Futures closed quiet; sales of 72,600 bales at the following quotations: February 8.75@8.76c; March 8.73@8.74c; April 8.82@8.83c; May 8.91@8.92c; June 9.00@9.01c; July 9.08@9.09c; August 9.10@9.11c; September and October 9.08@9.09c; November 9.07@9.08c; December 9.08@9.09c; January 9.16@9.18c.

Southern flour dull but steady. Wheat unsettled and higher, closing easy; No. 2 red $1 10@1 10⅛ at elevator and $1 10⅝ afloat; options opened excited and advanced ⅞@1c on cable news of a poor French crop, reacted on realizing ½@⅝c and closed weak; No. 2 red February and March $1 09¾; May $1 06⅛c; June $1 03¾. Corn less active and stronger; No. 2 65⅜@65½c at elevator and 66⅜@66½c afloat; ungraded mixed and steamer mixed 65@66½; options ⅛@⅜c higher and firm on covering through small movements to marketable points; February 65⅛c; March 64¾c; May 62⅜c; June 61c. Oats ½@¾c up and fairly active; No, 2, 54¾@56c; options fairly active and stronger; February 54¾c; May 53⅞c; July 52½@53c; No. 2 white, March 54¾@55c; May 55⅛@55¼c. Hops dull and weak. Coffee—options opened and closed barely steady and unchanged to 20 points down and quiet; February $17 60; March $17 45@17 60; May $16 85@17 00; spot Rio quiet and steady; fair cargoes 19½@19¾c; No. 7, 18⅛c. Sugar—raw held higher and quiet; fair refining 5¼c asked; centrifugals, 96 test, 5⅞c asked; refined active and firm; low grades ⅛c up; extra 5½@5⅝c; yellow 5 3-16@5⅛c; off A 5⅞@6c; granulated 6⅝c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans quiet and steady. Rice steady and quiet. Petroleum steady and quiet; refined $7 25@7 50. Cotton seed oil stronger; crude, off grade, 23@26c; yellow, off grade 29@30c. Rosin firm, with a fair demand; strained, common to good, $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine dull and nominal at 40½c. Pork quiet and steady. Beef quiet and steady; beef hams firm and moderately active; tierced beef dull but steady. Cut meats quiet and unchanged; middles quiet and weak. Lard opened stronger and closed easy; Western steam $5 97½; city steam $5 55; March $5 96; May $6 05 bid; refined quiet; Continent $6 00@6 25; S. A. $6 75. Freights to Liverpool quiet; cotton ⅛d; grain 2d.

BALTIMORE, February 26.—Flour dull. Wheat—southern firm; Fultz $1 00@1 08; Longberry $1 03@1 08; western steadier; No. 2 winter red on spot and February $1 02½@1 02¾. Corn—southern strong; white 62@64½; yellow 62@64; western firm.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 93¾@94c; No. 2 red 96@96⅞c. Corn—No. 2, 53⅞c. Oats—No. 2, 47@47½c. Mess pork, per bbl., $9 50. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 60@5 62½. Short rib sides $4 55@5 65. Dry salted shoulders $3 90@4 00. Short clear sides $4 80@4 90. Whiskey $1 14.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest and closing: Wheat No. 2, February 93½, 94½, 93¾c; May 96½, 97½, 96¾c. Corn—No. 2, February 53¾, 54⅝, 53⅞c; May 55¾, 56⅝, 55⅞c. Oats—No. 2, May 47⅜, 48¾, 48½c; June 46⅞, 47¾, 47½c. Mess pork per bbl—March $9 45, 9 50, 9 50; May $9 80, 9 85, 9 80. Lard, per 100 lbs—March $5 62½, 5 65, 5 62½; May 5 82½, 5 85, 5 85. Short ribs per 100 lbs—March $4 60, 4 62½, 4 62½; May $4 85, 4 90, 4 87½.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

February 25.—Galveston, quiet at 9c—net receipts 915 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8 13-16c—net receipts 1385 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9⅛c—net receipts 8 bales: Philadelphia, quiet and easy at 9c—net receipts 1,498 bales; Boston, easy at 9⅛c—net receipts 644 bales; Savannah, steady at 8 7-16c—net receipts 3,417 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8¾c—net receipts 4,939 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8¾c—net receipts 619 bales; Memphis, steady at 8¾c—net receipts 1,425 bales; Augusta, steady at 9c—net receipts 918 bales; Charleston, quiet at 8⅞c—net receipts 1,544 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 27, noon.—Cotton—More disposition shown to operate by buyers; American middling 4⅞d. Sales to-day of 12,000 bales, American 9,800; for speculation and export 1,000 bales. Receipts 8,000 bales, American 7,700.

Futures steady—February and March delivery 4 54-64d; March and April delivery 4 53-64d, also 4 54-64d, also 4 55-64d; April and May delivery 4 58-64 also 4 59-64d; May and June delivery 4 62-64d, also 4 63-64d; June and July delivery 5 1-64@5 2-64d; July and August delivery 5 4-64d; August and September delivery 5 4-64d; September and October dlivery 5 3-64 also 5 2-64.

4 P. M.—February 4 53-64d; February and March 4 53-64d March and April 4 53-64@4 54-64d; April and May 4 57-64@4 58-64d; May and June 4 61-64@4 62-64d; June and July 5@5 1-64d; July and August 5 3-64d, seller; August and September 5 5-64d, value; September and October 5 1-64@5 2-64d. Futures closed easy.

An Awful Sore Limb.

Flesh a Mass of Disease. Condition Hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified, and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to-day, and for nearly two years, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of disease to be seen.

REV. S. G. AHERN,
Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Bad Eczema Cured.

The CUTICURA REMEDIES wrought a wonderful cure on me. I was troubled greatly with a severe case of eczema, and after receiving little or no benefit from the treatment of some of the leading specialists here, I procured a set of them and before they were all used the disease had left me. I recommend the CUTICURA REMEDIES as the best and surest cure for all diseases of the skin.

W. NELSON CHAMBERLAYNE,
Concord, Va.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, and purest and best of Humor Remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause, while CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, clear the skin of every trace of disease. Hence the CUTICURA REMEDIES cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

HOW MY BACK ACHES!

Back Ache, Kidney Pains, and Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains and Pain relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killer plaster.

feb 1 D&W 1y we fr

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed,

Is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

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Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a Partnership for the transaction of a WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS under the firm name of

FILLYAW & SCHULKEN.

With prompt personal attention and efforts to please we hope to merit a continuance of the favors shown Mr. O. M. Fillyaw.

Respectfully,
O. M. FILLYAW,
C. H. SCHULKEN.

January 1, 1891. jan 13 tf

Guano Distributors

FOR SALE ONLY BY

GILES & MURCHISON.

feb 22 tf

Balsam Fir Soap.

A BEAUTIFUL ART PICTURE GIVEN FREE with each 25 cents Cake.

For sale by
JNO. B. HANKS, Druggist,
Third St., opposite City Hall.
Telephone No. 109. jan 28 tf