THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at \$6.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks, \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates. Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each-subse

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, we thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for extrictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for

An extra charge will be made for double-column Advertisements on which no specified number of i sertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at he option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Adver-tisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra,

Advertisements discontinued before the time con-tracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to

dates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regu-ar business without extra charge at transient rates. Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

The Morning Star

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 17, 1891

THE TIN TAG PARTY.

The Republican party in Ohio might be called the tin tag party, for all the idiots who belong to the clubs are running around tagged with little pieces of tin made in the shape of buttons with "American tin" stamped on them. This is a trick of the tin-tariffites to fool somebody into the belief that the tin-plate industry is already an established one in this country, and they point to it as one of the grand results of the McKinley tariff. Great is the little tin tag, great is cheek and great is humbug, and great idiots are the people who permit themselves to be fooled by such a cheap and gauzy fraud.

of mind who became interested in these little tin tags with which Mc-Kinley marked his dupes, took the trouble to post himself about these tags which were performing in the role of first products of our tin-plate manufactories, and found that they are made of tin-plate imported from Wales, and that the only thing American about them is the word "American" stamped on them and the American simpletons who wear them in the belief that they are really American tin. All of the numerous tin-plate factories which have been erected by Republican editors have not yet manufactured genuine American tinplate enough to make these little buttons with which the McKinley manipulators tag their unsophisticated dupes. If one of the softs who wear these tags were to go into a tin shop and ask the proprietor for a dinner pail, a basin, a cup or anything else made out of American tin plate the proprietor, if he were honest, would reply that he didn't have it in the shop and never saw

Some tin-plate has been made in this country, in small quantities, about enough to send to Republican conventions to show as samples of the great strides the tin-plate industry was making under the robust impetus given it by the McKinley tariff, but nearly every bit of this was nothing American about it but the boxes in which it was packed for carriage and the nails which held the boxes together.

But it answers the purpose of humbug, the game which the Republican party engineers are playing, as they have played it in every campaign. They are exalting tin and decrying silver, in which the people have far more interest than they have in all the tin tags the buttonshops can turn out or in all the tin horns this side of Jericho.

But they are not fooling anybody | several dispatches coming from dit- | vertiser, Ind.

much by their tag devices unless, perhaps, it may be some of the simpletons who wear the tags, for all ordinarily intelligent people in this country who read the papers and keep up with the current events of the day know that there is as yet nothing in this country that can be correctly called a tin-plate manufactory. The alert newspaper reports have run down the alleged proprietors of all the new tin-plate factories that have been announced and have as yet failed to find one where a genuine article of tin-plate was made, or attempted to be made.

If it were left to the Republican editors we would soon have more tin-plate factories and more tin-mines than we could shake a stick at. Unfortunately for the business neither the factories nor the mines materialize and we are substantially in the same tin-shopeless and tin-mineless condition in which we were before McKinley whacked on his \$8,000,000 a year in addition to the \$7,000,000 the American people had been paying to put the tin-plate industry on its feet, and keep it there until it got strong enough to stand and toddle

Of all the monstrous frauds this tin-plate tax is the worst, and of all the arrant humbugs this little tintag trick is one of the cheapest and most transparent. It is about the size of the frauds who are resorting

MINOR MENTION.

In a letter to Gen. W. F. Enochs

member of Congress for the 12th Ohio district, who wrote for information in reference to the delay in the settlement of pension claims, Commissioner Raum gives some facts which show what an immense machine the Pension Bureau has become. On the 1st of July, he says. there were 523,737 claimants who have never been pensioned prosecuting claims before the bureau, and there were pending in the shape of claims for increase of pensions and duplicate claims under different laws 395,689 cases, making a total of 929,426 claims pending. During last year the Department received 154,-817 communications from members of Congress making inquiry in regard to the status of certain claims, at the rate of over 500 a day. In addition to these there were received from claimants, their friends and attorneys, 1,170,660 communications, making inquiry as to the status of claims, at the rate of 3,800 per day. The receipt of all these was acknowledged. Claims are now being acted upon at the rate of about 3,000 a month and Gen. Raum hopes to be able to turn out 350,000 certificates during the present fiscal year, which will be an increase of 100,000 over last year. But this will not dispose Some person of an enquiring turn of more than one third of the cases pending and still they continue to come in. Gen. Raum gives the soothing information, however, that he thinks money enough has been appropriated to meet the demands for this year without creating a

The Republicans are hedging on the silver question by declaring openly or substantially for the free coinage of American silver. The Pennsylvania Republican convention declared for the coinage of American silver, while the New York convention declares that the Act of July 14, 1890, provides for the purchase of the silver product of the American mines. By American mines they mean the mines of this country, although the word would cover as well the mines of other portions of this continent. As a matter of fact the law of July 14, 1890, calls for the purchase of more silver bullion than can be secured for coinage purposes from mines of this country. According to the Director of the Mint the product of our mines last year was 54,500,000 onnces, 8,791,598 of which were used in the arts, leaving 45,-708,403 for coinage purposes. The act of July requires the U.S. Treasurer to purchase 4,500,000 ounces a month, which would be within 500,-000 ounces of the total product of the mines of this country. Deducting American tin-plate was made of iron from this the amount used in the plates imported from Wales, dipped arts it would leave a shortage of in tin imported from Wales. There over 8,000,000 ounces a year to be purchased from foreign countries, so that the declaration of these Republican conventions in favor of the comage of American silver practically does not amount to much, but if construed closely would reduce

rather than increase the coinage. There seems to have been some methodical lying done about the reported seizure of the Island of Mitylent by the British, which turns out to be a fake. It was not, however, simply a delusion or a scare, for the

ferent sources show too much method for that. It may possibly have been started, as some think, to influence the stock and other markets, and again it may have been started as a feeler of European sentiment, or perhaps as a hint to Turkey and Russia of what might be done in an emergency. Fake or no fake, the incident is not without significance. The fact that a division of the British fleet is manœuvring in that particular locality at this particular time, and the further fact that a landing had been made, even by a party of pic-nicing officers, without going through the formality of saying anything about it, are not without significance either. What was alleged to have been done, it is shown could be done on short notice.

STATE TOPICS.

The Lenoir Topic in speaking of some of the crop yields in that vicinity, says one farmer raised a thousand bushels of oats, some of the land yielding as much as seventy-five bushels to the acre. After harvesting this crop he cut a crop of crab grass from the same land, which he considers as valuable as the oat crop. A gardener in Lenoir raised an immense crop of Irish potatoes, the average size of which was very large, some of them weighing as much as two pounds and a half. In view of the fact that the soil of our State produces grain and vegetables so well and so abundantly it may seem strange that we import so much grain, flour, &c., from other States, and that we depend almost exclusively on other States for the Irish potatoes consumed in our cities and towns. In the fall and winter it is almost impossible to find a home-grown Irish potato for sale in the town stores, and the people who use them buy those that are shipped from the North and pay for them about two dollars a bushel, when just as good, if not better, can be raised in any part of North Caro-

Roswell P. was the favorite Flower with the New York Democratic convention. Roswell is a daisy, and he is reported to have a bar'l, which may be interesting information for Mr.

BOOK NOTICES.

The October number of Peterson' Magazine is filled with choice reading matter and fine illustrations. This is one of the magazines that never disap points and is always looked forward to with eagerness. In addition to the literary productions, the fashion, needlework and household departments are full and attractive. Address Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

The September number of the Boston Musical Record has been received. It has long been one of the best musical publications of the country and the present number is the equal of any of its predecessors, both in reading and musical matter. Published by the Oliver Ditson Co., with Dexter Smith as editor.

The September number of the Home-Maker presents an interesting and varied list of contents. One of the objects of this publication is to give information on subjects of interest to the housekeeper. Every number contains something in this line, while some of the articles are of imestimable value. Published by the Home Maker Company, 44 East 14th street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— With two Interstate Commissionerships, a Judge Advocate Generalship, one or two Cabinetships and a raft of Circuit Judgeships to fill, the President may be truly said to have a busy Fall ahead of him. He will have use for all the ozone and energy he can store up from the salt air of the sea beach, or by jaunts in the September glories of the hunting fields .- Phil. Record, Dem.

-- It appears that the Tennesnessee tin mine, from which Mr. Niedringhaus ordered 30,000 pounds of tin, has about shut down and turned its workmen out. Some of the tin-tax papers are of the opinion that this is the result of a conspiracy among the English directors of the mining company to discredit the new tariff laws; and, of course, they demand a higher tax, to compel, as they say, the development of this property. The tariff mania is a fearful thing, and when it takes hold of the mind the ravings of the victim are piteous .- Louisville Courier Jour-

- If Professor Dyrenfurth had succeeded in producing the reported rains in Texas, the showers could by no means have been so profuse as the liberal amount of lying about them has been. Telegrams throughout the country were intended to convey the idea that Dyrenfurth had done something toward accounting for the \$9,000 of the people's money which Congress foolishly expended on this freak. But while the Professor was proclaiming the success of his experiments the Texas newspapers were saying that there was not a drop of rain within miles of the meteorological mountebank. We must, therefore, assume that the Professor is a dynamic and prismatic prevaricator .- N. Y. Ad-

THE PALMICO DISTURBANCE.

Gov. Holt Orders the Protection of the State Officials Even if the Militia Has to be Called Out.

Gov. Holt has written the follow-

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 12. To the Sheriff of Pamlico County. DEAR SIR: I am informed from the most reliable authority that officers of the State and their assistants while engaged in the execution of their duties in the county of Pamlico, were a few days ago violently raided and assaulted by a band of armed and lawless men, and that it will be dangerous, if not impossible, for those officers to perform the duties imposed upon them by law, without the aid and protection of the civil officers of Pamlico county. I refer to the resistance and assault made upon Gen. W. G. Lewis, State Engineer of Shell Fisheries, and his assistants at Vandemere last Satur-

It is your duty to employ all the powers of your office to protect these officers while they are in the performance of their duties, and I now write to urge that you be diligent in that respect. You can accompany them while they are engaged in their work and may also appoint and detail for their assistance such number of deputies as may be necessary for their protection, and in case of any further resistance or violence you may call out the power of the county to quell it and arrest the offenders.

The energetic exercise of these powers will, it is believed, make it unnecessary for the Executive to resort to employment of the military force of the State.

Yours very truly, THOS. M. HOLT, GOV. Plenty of Money in New York.

Savannah News. The New York banks have plenty of money. There is no doubt about that. At the close of business hours on Saturday they had \$8,722,775 in excess of legal requirements. On the same day of the month last year the amount they held was \$3,306,925 less than the legal requirements. They are therefore more than \$12,-000,000 better off than they were a

And money can be obtained on dren while teething. Are you discall in New York at a very low rate turbed at night and broken of your of interest, but time loans are difficult to get. This condition of affairs explains why there is such stringency in the money market. The loss of confidence caused by is incalculable. It will relieve the poor the Baring Bros.' disaster has not been fully restored. Bankers don't like to let their money go where they cannot get it immediately if they should need it.

They have no particular reason for thinking they will need it, but there is an unexplainable something in the financial situation which makes them extremely conservative. And they could not afford to be caught without sufficient money to meet the demands to which they must respond as soon as made.

A great deal more money could be used with advantage by the banks of this city, but they cannot get it from the New York banks. They are willing to pay the interest demanded on time loans, but they could not safely bind themselves to return the money whenever it might be called for. Their inability to comply with this condition is what prevents them from getting all the money they need.

The financial situation is, how ever, gradually improving. dence is returning, though slowly. Unless some unforeseen disaster occurs in the financial world it will not be long, probably, before money will be as plentiful as it was before the present stringency began.

TORTURE TO WIN A BRIDE.

The Cannibal Butocudos Lover Must Let the Ants Eat His Arm. Philadelphia Press.

On the lower Amazon dwell the cannibal Butocudos, who distort their features with the biggest ornaments of a certain kind known. In babyhood both men and women have their lower lips and the lobes of their ears pierced with holes, in which are thrust pieces of wood. As they grow older these wooden adornments are made bigger and bigger until an adult ordinarily has ear lobes that hang down to the shoulders and a lip that projects six inches or more beyond the nose. One must suffer to be beautiful, as the French say, and such is the inexorable fashion among those anthropophagi. In that country a young man who desires to take a wife must first submit himself to a frightful ordeal. He draws over each arm up to the shoulder a loose armlet woven of palm leaves.

Then, under supervision by his elders, he plunges both arms as far as he can into a nest of fierce devouring ants. The insects at once attack the intruder, of course, and, according to the terms of the trial he must stand without moving for an hour, submitting with absolute stoicism to the bites of the enraged creatures. If he endures the test he is entitled to a bride, otherwise he must walt for a year and then undergo it again. There are still tribes descended from the ancient Incas which bandage the heads of their children so that they assume a conical form. Funnily enough, the brain does not seem to suffer any injury from this

AN ISLAND KING.

Pat O'Keefe twenty years ago was a poor sailor, living at Savannah, Ga., and making a precarious living working on small craft on the neighboring streams. His Majesty, Pat-

rick I, is now the absolute monarch of the island of Nyph, in the South Seas. Pat had trouble in Savannah, and went away to seek his fortune. He prospered, bought an island, peopled it, mostly with Malays, and now spends the most of his time at Hong Kong, China, where he dwells in truly royal style and great opu-

PERSONAL

- Mrs. MacKay is the possessor of a string of flawless diamonds two

yards in length. - Bishop Dwenger, of Fort Wayne who at the time of his ordination in 1872 was the youngest known Bishop, is dying at his home of heart failure.

- Senator Vance and Mrs. Vance of North Carolina, are at Zurich, Switzerland, and Senator Gray and Mrs. Gray, of Delaware have just left Lucerne for Paris.

- On the death of Senator Stanford the University which bears his name, will be enriched to the amount of \$20,000,000, that being the sum he has arranged to devise to it.

- James N. Pidcock, of White House, N. J., former Congressman from that State and prospective candidate for Governor, expects to market over 100,-000 baskets of peaches this year.

- Edward T. Holden, the new Gladstonian member of the House of Commons for Walsall, is the 123d new member who has entered the House since the general election of 1886. The House of Commons consists of 670

- Cardinal Gibbons has made a good suggestion to the heads of the religious order of the Catholic Church. Every ship leaving Spain during the age of discovery carried a priest or friar, who made reports to the superiors. The suggestion is that the archives of the orders be searched for these unpublished reports.

- M. Rouvier, the French Minister of Finance, was a travelling salesman for a Paris bookseller when he was a young man. Having acquired considerable wealth, he went into politics in 1869, and gained the friendship of Gambetta. After the fall of the empire he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies, and since then he has pushed steadily to the front.

Advice to Mothers.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their chilrest by a sick child suffering and with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING

The First Step. Perhaps you are run down, can t eat can't sleep, can't think, can't do any thing to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its norma healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents at ROBERT R. Bellamy's Wholesale and Retail Drug Store.

Have You a Daughter to Educate.

Have you wisely and carefully selected the school she will attend? Her whole future depends upon your choice. Send for a catalogue and twelve elegant photographs of

Norfolk College FOR YOUNG LADIES. NORFOLK. VA.

The Finest Advantages for the Least Money.

Highest collegiate course in the State. \$11,000 expended annually to secure the best teachers. School of Art; School of Elocution and Oratory; Conserva-

Climate Same as Old Point Comfort, Board, furnished room, gas, heat, English tuition, Latin, Greek. Oral French, Class Elecution, Calis-thenics and Drawing, only

\$42.50 PER QUARTER. Write and inform yourself about this, one of the ading educational institutions of the South. J. A. I. CASSEDY,

School for Young Ladies.

MISS HART, Principal,

Assisted by Miss M. B. Brown,

THE NEXT SESSION WILL OPEN Wednesday, the 7th of October.

Parents desirous to enter or re-enter punils make application before the opening of the session. For terms and particulars, apply, after September PRINCIPAL

sep 18 tf su th nac 5 North Third Street.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

CECOND SCHOLASTIC YEAR BEGINS SEPtember 30th, 1891, with full corps of Professors and Teachers in Academic, Collegiate, Music, Art and Medical Departments. Most beautiful grounds and comfortable home in the South. For circular and catalogue apply to the President,

Rev. WM. R. ATKINSON, D. D.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 16. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market

steady at 341/2 cents per gallon. Sales of receipts at quotations. ROSIN.-Market firm at \$1 05 per

bbl. for Strained and \$1 10 for Good

TAR.-Firm at \$1 50 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Distillers quote the market dull at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. PEANUTS-Market steady for Far-

mer's stock at 45 to 56 cents per bushel. COTTON.-Steady at quotations: Ordinary..... 5 3 16 cts # 10 Good Ordinary.... 61/2 Low Middling.... 71/4 Middling..... 7 13-16 " Good Middling..... 8 5-16

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... 99 casks Tar..... Crude Turpentine...... 68

DOMESTIC MARKETE

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial. NEW YORK, September 16-Evening. -Sterling exchange quiet and heavy at 482@484½. Commercial bills 480½ @483½. Money easy at 2½@5 per cent., closing offered at 2 per cent. Govern-ment securities dull but steady; four

per cents 117; four and a half per

cents ---. State securities reported

neglected; North Carolina sixes 1211/2; fours 971/2; Richmond and West Point Terminal 14%; Western Union 8414. Commercial. NEW YORK, September 16-Evening. -Cotton quiet; sales to-day 182 bales; middling uplands 81/2c; middling Orleans 8 15-16c; net receipts at all United States ports 19,591 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,649 bales; exports to France

- bales; to the Continent 520 bales; stock at all United States ports 358,602 bales. Cotton-Net receipts - bales; gross receipts 2,827 bales. Futures closed steady, with sales to-day of 127,200 bales at quotations: September 8.27@ 8.32c: October 8.36@8.37c; November

8.56@8.57c; December 8.73@8.74c: Jan-

uary 8.88@8.89c; February 9.01@9.02c; March 9.13@9.14c; April 9.23@9.24c; May9.33@9.34c; June 9.41@9.42c; July 9.48@9.50c; August 9.55@9.57c, Southern flour quiet and steady. Wheat unsettled and lower, with a fair business; No. 2 red \$1 011/2@1 02 in store and at elevator and \$1 02 1/4 @1 02 3/8 afloat; options declined 1@1%c, largely in sympathy with the West, with foreigners selling on weak cables, reacted %@ %c on an increased export demand and rightened shorts, declined 3/01/2c on lower cables and large receipts at West, and closed barely steady at %@%c under yesterday; No. 2 red, September energy to the whole system. "Mrs. \$1 0214; October \$1 03; December Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children \$1 06%. Corn lower, with free selling and a moderate business; No. 2, 68@ 69c at elevator and 69@70c afloat; options declined 1@1%c on enormous receipts in Western markets, closing weak; September 661/2c; October 61/4c; December 54c. Oats irregular and moderately active, closing easy; options quiet and heavy; September 32½c; October 33½c; No. 2 white October 35%@35½c.

Coffee-options opened irregular and closed steady and unchanged to 25 points down; September \$14 45@14 60; October \$13 25@13 45; November \$12 35@ 12 45; spot Rio quiet and steady; fair cargoes 17 1/2c; No. 7, 15 1/4 @15 1/2c. Sugar-raw quiet and steady; refined firmer and active; granulated 41/2@4%c. Molasses-New Orleans fairly active and firm. Rice firm. with a good demand. Petroleum steady and quiet. Cotton seed oil quiet and steady; new crude 30 @31c; new yellow 36c. Rosin steady and quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet and steady. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Lard-options, October \$7 22; January \$7 43. Freights stronger, with a good

demand; cotton 11-64@3-16d; grain 4d. CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat-No. 2 spring 93%c; No. 2 red 94c. Corn-No. 2, 60. Oats -No. 2, 27c. Mess pork, per bbl., \$10 80. Lard, per 100 lbs., \$6 90@ 6 92½, Short rib sides, \$7 00@7 10. Dry salted shoulders, \$6 62½@6 75; short clear sides \$7 80@7 90. Whiskey \$1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows The leading futures ranged as follows—opening highest and closing: Wheat No. 2, September 93%, 94¼, 93%c; December 96¼@96%, 97½, 97c; May \$1 03¼, 1 04¼, 1 03¾. Corn—No 2, September 61½, 62, 60¼c; October 53¼@54, 54¼, 53½c; May 43@43¼, 43¼, 42%c. Oats—No. 2, October 27%, 27%, 27%c; May 31¼, 31%, 31½c. Mess pork, per bbl—October \$10 45, 10 47%, 10 30; January \$12 97¼. 13 00. 10 47½, 10 30; January \$12 97½, 13 00, 12 80. Lard, per 100 lbs—October \$6 95, 6 95, 6 90; January \$7 15, 7 1714. 7 10. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—October \$7 10, 7 12½, 7 02½; January \$6 85, 6 85,

and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 red easy, spot \$1 0034@1 00%; southern wheat easy; Fultz 93c@\$1 03; Longberry 95c@\$1 03. Corn—southern white firmer at 70@72c; yellow steady at 74@77c. COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

September 16.-Galveston, quiet at 85/c-net receipts 2,702 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8 3-16c-net receipts 980 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8 9-16cnet receipts 7 bales; Boston, quiet and easier at 8 9-16c—net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7 13-16c-net receipts 460 bales; Philadelphia, steady sc—net receipts — bales; Savannah, easy at 8c-net receipts 5,938 bales; New Orleans, easy at 8%c-net receipts 5,892 bales; Mobile, easy at 8%c-net receipts 1,594 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8½c—net receipts 116 bales; Augusta, steady at 8½c—net receipts 659 bales; Charleston,

quiet at 7%c-net receipts 1,456 bales. FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16, noon—Cotton steady, with fair demand. American middling 4%d. Sales to-day 10,000 bales, of which 7,400 were American; for speculation and export 1,000 bales, Receipts 7,000 bales, of which 6,600 were American.

Futures steady—September and October delivery 4 49-64d; October and November delivery 4 50-64, 4 51-64@4 52-64d; November and December delivery 4 54-64, 4 53-64, 4 56-64@4 57-64d; De-

cember and January delivery 4 57-64. 4 58-64@4 59-64d; January and February delivery 4 60-64@4 63-64d; February and March delivery 4 62-64, 4 63-64, 5 @5 1-64d; March and April delivery 5 1-64@52-64d.

Tenders of cotton to-day 400 bales new and 500 old docket.

Rosin-Common 4s 3d. 4 P. M.—September 4 48-64@4 49. 64d; September and October 4 48-64@ 4 49-64d; October 4 51-64d, seller; October and November 4 51-64d, seller; November and December 4 55-64d. seller; December and January 4 58-64d. seller; January and February 4 61-64d, seller; February and March 5d, seller; March and April 4 53-64d, seller, Futures closed barely steady.

One

thing Certain PAIN KILLER KIIS Pain

There are many kinds of Pais. There's only one Pain Miller Peres Davis'). Sald sysrywhers. Buy right now, and be propared

toc & nrm

A Household Kemedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Botanic Blood Balm

It Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT sides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure, if directions are followed.

SENT FREE "Book of Worders." BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta. Co. ************

For Old and Young. Tutt's Liver Fills act as kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old ago, at apon the vigorous man.

sa tu tn

jan 13 1yD&W

Sold Everywhere. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

TURNER'S **Blood Purifying** Compound.

EXTRACT OF ROOTS AND HERBS. cience and years of experience with medicinal plants have produced in Turner's Compound the greatest of all Blood Purifiers, a Remedy of unequaled value in all diseases resulting from Impaired Digestion, Disordered Kidneys and Liver, or Impure Blood. It builds up and vitalizes the general system and brings back the bloom and cheerfulness of health and vigor.

IT REACHES the CAUSE, REMOVES the EVIL and RESTORES TO HEALTH. Price, 50 Cts. WILLIAM H. GREEN & CO., 117 & 802 Market St., Wilmington, N. C. im tu we fr

FOR MEN ONLY For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD,
SIRING HOW SERVING HEAVING MANHOOD,
Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects
of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young,
Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored, How to Enlarge and
Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY
Absolutely unfalling HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day,
men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them,
Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (scaled) free. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (scaled) free: Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO.N. V.

DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT. M. HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC

It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderated rinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEV. ER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with succertainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free. To be had of

JOHN H. HARDIN, Drugiss. oct 17 D&Wly sa tu th Wilmington, N.; C.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL, NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal. C. L. C. MINOR, LL. D., Associate Principal. For Boys The 53d year opens Sept. 30, 1801. Extensive improvements in buildings and accommodations. Catalogues sent. we jy 20 10t

Notice.

CLASSES FOR SHORT HAND AND TYPE-WRITING instruction now forming for the fail and winter term of 1891-'92. All desiring such in-

struction are requested to apply at once to

C. I. COMFORT,

120 Princes street.

Private Lessons given if desired. sep 13 3t